THE BRITISH WHIG,
AND
General Advertiser for Canada West,
PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY,
Every Wednesday and Saturday Morning,
BY EDWARD JOHN BARKER & SON,
AT THE ATHENÆUM,
Bagot Street, next door to the Lambton House.

TERMS.—One Pound per Annum, if paid in advance. No paper discontinued until arrearages are paid up, unless at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements.—Six lines and under, 2s. 6d. first insertion, and 7½d. each subsequent insertion; six lines to ten lines, 3s. 4d. first insertion, and 10d. each subsequent insertion; above ten lines, 4d. per line for the first insertion, and 1d. per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements without specific directions, (which ought to be in writing) are inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

The British Whig being a Journal of the largest Canadian Circulation, no discount will be allowed on advertisements on any pretext whatsoever.

All Letters to be post-paid.

JOHN LOVE, PRINTER.

The British Whig,

AND GENERAL ADVERTISER FOR CANADA WEST.

"OPIFER PER ORBEM DICOR."

VOL. XVII. KINGSTON, CANADA, SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 26, 1848. NO. 17.

The Athenæum Book Store
IN BAGOT STREET, NEXT DOOR TO THE [illegible]

AT this well known Establishment [illegible] kinds of *Stationery & Blank Books*, including those of the Irish National Education Society, Bibles, Testaments, Common Prayer, Catholic Books of Prayer, and Meditation, Hymn Books. Also, all kinds of New York Cheap Publications, together with stereotyped English editions of Standard Works; and all Richard Spencer's editions of Ancient and Modern Works on Free Masonry. English Newspaper procured.

BOOK-BINDING & RULING done to order. Deeds and Law Blanks, Court of Requests Blanks, always kept for Sale.

JOB PRINTING.

ALL Descriptions of JOB PRINTING neatly executed at the Athenæum Printing Establishment, with despatch and moderate prices.

Posters, Handbills, Circulars, Bill Heads, Cards, Bills of Lading, Steamboat Bills, Blanks of all kinds, Funeral Cards, &c. &c.

Printing in Colours neatly executed.

☞ The assortment of Job Type is entirely new and of the very best description.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

T. BRADLEY,
(LATE OF DUBLIN AND LONDON,)
HATTER & FURRIER.
PRINCESS STREET, KINGSTON, (C. W.)
Directly opposite McCauiffe's Chequered Store.
ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
Ladies and Gentlemen's Furs
Cleaned and Altered.
GAUNTLETS MADE IN A SUPERIOR STYLE.

J. V. CLARKE,
GROCER,
WINE AND SPIRIT DEALER,
LAMBTON BUILDINGS,
PRINCESS STREET, KINGSTON, CANADA WEST.

VIRGIL & CO'S EXPRESS.
WILLIAM WARE—*Agent*,
KINGSTON.

C. W. P. De L'Amitage, GENERAL GROCER, Princess Street, Kingston, a few doors above Dr. Dickson's. Produce taken in exchange.

George Howe, *Painter, Gilder, and Glazier*, Bagot St. Kingston, (near Mr. Phippen's Candle Factory.)—Sign Painting, Wood and Marble Imitations, and Decorated Work in general. z

John S. Clute, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant, corner of Ontario and Brock Steets. All orders thankfully received and punctually attended to.

Thomas Penney's Wholesale and Retail LEATHER STORE, Princess Street, Kingston, Dealer in Native and spanish Sole Leather, Uppers, Kips and Calf Skins, Moroccos and Linings, Boot Makers' Findings of every description.

Messrs. O'Reilly & Henderson, Barristers, Attorneys at Law, &c &c., Kingston.
JAMES O'REILLY, GEORGE E. HENDERSON. } 69-6m*

James Powell, Ironmonger & Tin Ware Manufacturer, Princess Street, Kingston.

The British American Hotel, [illegible] ston, Canada West. 57-z

J. A. McDowall, Furrier & Hatter Brock Street, Kingston. Furs made up to order on the shortest notice. Furs of every description, Bought and Sold.

Matthew Drummond, Grocer, Wine & Spirit Merchant, Wellington Buildings, (next to Mr. W. Wilson's,) Kingston, C. W.

F. & B. Kayler, Coach Builders, and Carriage Makers, Princess Street, Kingston.

Robert McCormick, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Wines, Spirits, Teas, Groceries, &c., Princess Street, Kingston.

Messrs. Macdonald & Campbell Barristers & Attorneys at Law, Princess Street, Kingston.
JOHN A. MACDONALD, ALEXANDER CAMPBELL }

James McMillan, Teacher of Music. Piano Fortes Tuned. Address Wm. McMillan, Auctioneer.

Thompson & Carey, General Importing and Commission Merchants, 51, Broad Street, New York.

William Ware, General Commission Agent, Broker and Auctioneer, Kingston, C. W

Macdonald's Hotel, late Stone's, opposite the City Baths, King Street, Toronto.

Francis V. Carey, M. D., Surgeon, Accoucheur, &c. &c., Newburgh, Camden East.

Edward Stacey, Merchant Tailor, nearly opposite the Montreal Bank, King Street, Kingston.

John Blackiston, Sail-Maker, No. 4, Hardy's Buildings, Ontario Street. z

Walter Eales, Painter, Glazier, and Paper Hanger, Princess Street, Kingston.

E. & A. Chown, Tin Smiths, Copper Smiths, and Tin Plate Workers, Princess Street, Kingston.

T. O. Butler, Cabinet Maker and Upholsterer, Montreal Street, Kingston. A General Assortment of the latest styles of Furniture, constantly on hand, and for sale on liberal terms. 60

NOTICE.

THE NORTH WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY. OF OSWEGO, N. Y

THE Agent of this Company has removed his office to the Exchange Office, in Irons' Hotel, Ontario Street, where he is prepared to grant Insurance against loss or damage to Property, whether from Fire or danger of Inland Navigation.

M. T. HUNTER, *Agent.*

November, 1847.

BLANKS of every description may be had at the Athenæum Book Store.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

MIDLAND DISTRICT, To Wit: } BY virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench, and to me directed, at the suit of JOHN MOWAT and GEORGE LEVACH MOWAT, against the LANDS and TENEMENTS of RICHARD LOGAN, deceased, in the hands of JANE ANN LOGAN, Administratrix of the said Richard Logan. I have Seized and taken in Execution part of the broken front of Lot No. 19, in the First Concession of the Township of Kingston, in the Midland District, aforesaid, which Lot of Land I shall offer for Sale at the Court House, in the City of Kingston, on Saturday the 13th day of March next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

THOMAS A. CORBETT, *Sheriff Midland District.*

Sheriff's Office, Midland District, 14th December, 1847. }

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

MIDLAND DISTRICT, To Wit: } BY virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench, and to me directed, against the LANDS and TENEMENTS which were of JOHN HAESLIP, deceased, at the time of his death, to satisfy JOHN CARRUTHERS, a certain sum in said writ mentioned, which the said JOHN CARRUTHERS had lately recovered against James Williamson and William Ferguson, Executors of the last Will and Testament of JOHN HAESLIP, deceased. I have seized and taken in Execution part of Lot 24, in 1st Concession Township of Kingston, purchased from Hilary Dupuy, Esquire, by the said JOHN HAESLIP, formerly in the occupation of one Thomas Cornet.—Part of Lot 24, in 1st Concession Township of Kingston, conveyed by one Thomas Howe, to the said JOHN HAESLIP. Part of Lot 24, in 1st Concession Township of Kingston, conveyed by one Louis Lapointe, to the said JOHN HAESLIP. West half Lot No. 30, in 2nd Concession of Camden East, 100 Acres. Part Lot No. 46, in 7th Concession of Camden East, 150 Acres.—Part of Lot No. 43, in 9th Concession of Camden East, 80 Acres; and part of the East-half of Lot No. 41, in 1st Concession of Camden East.

All which LANDS and TENEMENTS I shall offer for Sale at the Court House, in the City of Kingston, on SATURDAY, the FOURTH day of MARCH NEXT, at 12 o'clock, noon.

T. A. CORBETT, *Sheriff M. D.*

Sheriff's Office, City of Kingston, Mid. Dist., November 25, 1847. }

Sheriff's Sale.

MIDLAND DISTRICT, To Wit: } BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench, and to me directed, against the LANDS and TENEMENTS of JAMES FRASER, at the suit of HOSEA B. SMITH, I have seized and taken the Northerly half Number 4, and North-Easterly quarter of Number 3, in the 4th Concession of Ernestown; also, the West-half of Number 24, in the 5th Concession Fredericksburgh, Midland District.—All which Lands I will offer for Sale at the Court House, in Kingston, on SATURDAY, the 4th day of MARCH NEXT, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon.

T. A. CORBETT, *Sheriff Midland District.*

Sheriff's Office, City of Kingston, Midland District, November 30, 1847. }

SHERIFF'S SALE.

MIDLAND DISTRICT, To Wit: } ON SATURDAY, the fifteenth day of April next, at Twelve o'clock noon, will be sold at the Court House, in the City of Kingston, the undermentioned Lot of LAND, with the TENEMENTS thereon, Seized by virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued following suit, viz:

WILLIAM C. CLARK, vs. CHARLES JOHNSTON.

Lot number 167, in the City of Kingston.

T. A. CORBETT, *Sheriff M. D.*

Sheriff's Office, Midland District, Kingston January 11, 1848. }

LONDON STEEL PENS.
JUST RECEIVED AT THE
ATHENEUM BOOK STORE,
A LARGE assortment of Steel Pens, by various makers, including Gillot's Celebrated Magnum Bonums; the New York Ladies' Pens, and several other new articles.
*** A Liberal allowance to the Trade.
October 26.

JUST RECEIVED
AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER.
A SUPPLY of "Jules Hanel's" celebrated Depilatory Powder, for removing hair without injury to the skin.
"Patey's" Old Brown Windsor Soap,
"Williams's" fine Almond Soap,
"Ede's" Indelible Ink, for marking Linen, &c.
Hair and Tooth Brushes, &c.,
And a general assortment of English Perfumery. ROBT. BARKER, *Druggist & Apothecary*, Brock Street.
Kingston, Oct. 8, 1847.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agent for the COLUMBUS MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Is now prepared to take Marine Risks of every description, at moderate rates of Premium.

THOMAS BRIGGS, Jun., *Agent.*

Office—Princess Street, Kingston. } 82-tf

Fall Importations.
OF
SUGARS, TEAS, WINES, SPIRITS
AND
Groceries,
BY
ROBERT ALLEN,
BROCK STREET, KINGSTON.

THE Subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform his Town and Country Customers, that he is now receiving his Winter Stock of

SUGARS,
Loaf and Muscovado.

TEAS, GROCERIES, WINES, SPIRITS, &c Carefully selected by personal inspection in the Montreal and New York Markets.

His present Stock comprises among others, the following Articles:—

TEAS:
Gunpowder, Hyson, Young Hyson, Twankay, Hyson Skin, Pekoe, Caper Souchong, Souchong, Congou and Bohea.

SUGARS:
Muscovado, Superior Moist, East India do., Double Refined, Crushed, Molasses.

COFFEE:
Green, Roasted and ground, Plantation, Havana, and Mocha—Cocoa.
CHOCOLATE:—Best Spanish, Plain & Prepared

WINES:
(IN WOOD OR BOTTLE.)
E. J. Madeira, L. Pedro Sherry, Pale and Brown, L. P. Teneriffe, Hunts' Port and Sherry, Benecarlo, Claret, Malaga, superior Old Port.

SPIRITS:
Old Jamaica, Long Island, Cognac Brandy, Bordeaux Brandy, Holland Gin Common Gin, Canada Whiskey, Scotch Whiskey, Schiedam Gin in 1 doz. cases, Cherry, Peppermint, London Porter and Pale Ale in quarts Stonglaton's Elixir, Maraschino, Eau de Vie de Dantzic, Curaco, and other Liqueurs.

GROCERIES:
CHEESE.—Platt's Bay of Quinte, Jefferson County Dairy, Fresh Butter, Fine and Superfine Flour and Oatmeal, Plain Crackers, Pot and Pearl Barley, Best Carolina Rice.
PASTE &c.—Vermicelli, Macaroni, Sago, Arrow Root, Patent Barley and Isinglass.
MUSTARD.—Wix's in 1 lb and ½ lb. bottles, Durham in Jars.
SOAP.—Windsor, Castile, white and yellow
CANDLES.—Wax Sperm, Wax Wicks, Mould.
OILS.—Sperm and Fine Olives.
SALT.—Ground-aye, Liverpool, Fine and Dairy.
Refined and Paste Liquorice,
Brown White and East India Sugar Candy
FRUITS.—Oranges and Lemons,
Best Jordan soft shelled hard shelled and Bitter Almonds, Barcelona, Brazil, Walnut and Hazle Nuts, Malaga, Turkey, Valencia, and Bordeaux Raisins,
Best Zante Currants, Prunes,
Best Turkey Figs, best fresh Plums in Jars,
PRESERVED FRUITS.—Citron, Orange and Lemon Peel, East India Ginger,
BORDEAUX FRUITS.—Damsons, Greengages, And Peaches
PICKLES.—Mixed Onions, Walnuts, Piccalilla, Gherkins, Cauliflowers, Red Cabbage, Cucumbers, Hot Peppers.
SAUCES.—Mushroom Ketchup, Walnut do., Harvey, Universal King Oude, India Soy, Reading, Beef steak, Essence Anchovies, Salad Oil, Capers, Olives, Anchovies, and Curry Powder.
SUNDRIES.—Starch, Blue, Glue, Chalk, Whiting Liquid and Paste Blacking, Twine, Wafers Wrapping and Writing Paper, Shoe Thread, Night lights, Bath Brick, Tobacco and Pipes, Castor Oil, (in quarts and pints.) Window Glass, Cordage, Fishing Lines, Beer and Wine Corks, Hair and Corn Brooms, Inkpowder, Indigo, Copperas, Alum, Saltpetre, Epsom and Glauber Salts, Cream of Tartar, Sulphur, Brimstone Rope Mats, all sizes.

The Subscriber assures the Public that the whole of the above Articles are of the very best quality, and will be sold for Cash or prompt pay, on the lowest possible terms.

ROBERT ALLEN.

Kingston, November, 1847.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

THE attention of the public is respectfully requested to the large stock of *WINES AND LIQUORS.* Recently imported direct, and for sale at the Store of

WILLIAM J. MARTIN,
Corner of Market Square, Kingston.

They consist in part as follows, and are genuine and free from adulteration:—
Fine old Pale Port,
Hunt's Sandiman's and other Port,
Blackburns, Leven, and Welsh's Madeiras,
Fine Pale and Gold Sherries,
D. G. and B. Pale and Brown Sherries,
Medium "three grade" Sherry,
St. Julian, } Clarets,
Chateau de Beycherville, }
Chateau Margeaux,
Champagne of various brands,
Martell, Otard, and Hennessy's Brandy,
Superior Old Brandy, in Bottle,
Fine Pale Brandy,
Geneva and Hollands Gin,
Genuine Scotch Whiskey,
Jamaica and Leward Rum,
Canadian Whiskey, &c.
Kingston, Nov. 20, 1847.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber has commenced the GROCERY BUSINESS, where he now resides, next door to Mr. Harkes' Crockery Store, King Street, Kingston, where he hopes by strict attention to business and moderate prices, to meet a share of public patronage.

JOHN FOSTER.

July 20, 1847.

FOR SALE,

BY the Subscriber, at his Ship Chandlery Store, No. 1, Hardy's Buildings, **Tar, Pitch, Rosin, Tarred Rope, Manilla**, and everything in the Ship Chandlery Line.

WM. DONALDSON.

Oct. 23, 1847. 57.

CALEDONIA WATER.

THE Subscriber has received a consignment of the above excellent Water, which he will sell in quantities to suit purchasers.

M. T. HUNTER, *Exchange and Insurance Office.* Ontario Street.

COW IN POSSESSION.

CAME into the premises of the Subscriber, near Waterloo, about the 20th of November, a middle sized RED COW. The owner is requested to remove the animal, and pay charges.

W. G. MACLEAN.

Kingston, Dec. 31, 1848. tf.

JOHN HORSY,
BRAZIER, COPPERSMITH, IRON AND TIN PLATE WORKER, Wire Worker, &c. &c.,

BEGS respectfully to inform his Friends and the Public in general that he has opened an Establishment in the above line, in

BAGOT STREET,
Opposite the Athenæum Book Store,

Where he has on hand a large assortment of Copper, Block Tin, Japanned Sheet Iron, and Plain Tin Wares.

—ALSO,—

COOKING AND BOX STOVES.
DUMB STOVES.

Which he will sell at exceedingly low prices.

All kinds of BATHS, such as Shower, Slipper, Hip, and Foot Baths, &c.

GARDEN ENGINES, of different patterns.

CHIMNEY TOPS of various descriptions, &c., &c.

All orders in the above line, thankfully received and punctually attended to.

P. S.—From J. H's long experience in Business in several of the principal Manufacturing Towns in England, he flatters himself that by good workmanship and moderate charges, he cannot fail to give satisfaction to those who may favor him with their orders.

Kingston, Dec. 15, 1847.

SAMUEL MORLEY & Co.
GENERAL IMPORTERS
OF ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
Hardware,

WOULD intimate to their Friends and the Public, that they have received an Extensive and well Assorted Stock of *Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Fancy Goods, &c. &c.,*

COMPRISING PARTLY,
English Banks, Swedes & Iowmoor Bar Iron, Hoop and Band Iron,
Coal, Spring and Blister Steel,
Canada Plates, Sheet Iron and Tin,
Blacksmiths' Anvils, Vices, and Bellows,
Deck Spikes, Wrought and Cut Nails,
Coil, Logging, and Trace Chains,
Sheet Brass, Copper, Lead and Zinc,
Window Glass, Paints and Oils,
Hair Seating and Curled Hair,
Ship Carpenters', Joiners', and Coopers' Tools,
Double and Single Fowling Pieces.
An Elegant Assortment of Silver Plated And Britannia Metal Ware, Fine Cutlery, &c.
Hot Water Dishes and Plates, and Dish Covers,
COOKING, BOX, AND FANCY STOVES,
Fenders, Fire Irons, Fire Dogs, &c. &c.
Sign of the Crossed Saw, Princess Street.
Kingston, Nov. 5, 1847.

W. L. STEWART,
PROPRIETOR OF
Head Quarters,
SAINT DENIS STREET,
OPPOSITE DONEGANA'S HOTEL,
MONTREAL,

BEGS leave to intimate to the Public, that with a view to Comfort, and with a total disregarp of Expense, he has FITTED UP his ESTABLISHMENT in the most LUXURIOUS STYLE. His extensive travel and experience in the business has enabled him to judge of every thing that can add to the comfort of his friends, and no exertion will be spared to secure them every luxury.

The Proprietor also begs leave to add that he has attached to the above Establishment

A LADIES' SALOON,

For the accommodation of PRIVATE PARTIES.

November, 1847. 93-3m.

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Farmers, and others resorting to Kingston Market, and the Public generally, that he has just received a Prime assortment of

GOOD TEAS, COFFEES,
SUGARS, FRUITS, &c.,
AT HIS
GENERAL GROCERY
AND PROVISION STORE
IN PRINCESS STREET,
A few doors above Dr. Dickson's, and next door to Forsyth's Blacksmith Shop.

He would earnestly draw the attention of those wanting a good, sound, well-flavored article of TEA, and a delicious COFFEE, to his present Stock; and would request them to call and examine for themselves, and if, after trial, they do not find he can give them a better article, at a cheaper price, than they have hitherto been accustomed to get, he will let them have the Goods for nothing. This is not what people call *flummery*, but downright *fact*, which any one calling will be able to find out. All articles in the Grocery Line will be sold as low as possible.

Produce of every description will be taken in exchange at *Cash* prices.

One call is solicited.

C. W. P. DE L'AMITAGE.

Kingston, Dec. 29, 1847. 3m*.

VALUABLE MILL SITES
AT GANANOQUE.

THE Undersigned offer for sale the unemployed Water Power at Gananoque, and will afford every facility for the erection of Flour Mills, or any other kind of Machinery.

The situation is too well known to require particular description.

For terms, which will be liberal, and any further information, apply at Montreal, to Messrs. Anderson, Ashley, Evans & Co., to Messrs. Perrin, Bockus & Co., and upon the premises to

C. & J. McDONALD & Co.

Gananoque, 1st December, 1847.

Fire! Fire! Fire!
OREGON SALOON,
KING STREET,
Opposite Mrs. Millard's Hardware Store.

THE Subscriber would most respectfully return his sincere thanks to the Public generally, for the liberal support he has received from them since his commencement in Business, and would beg leave to solicit a continuance thereof, which he hopes will be merited by strict attention on his part, to all who may favor him with a call.

JAMES ELDER.

Kingston, February 2, 1848.

J. E would beg leave to return his sincere thanks to the Military, Firemen, and Public, for their vigorous exertions in saving a part of his property from the late Fire.

Also, to those philanthropic individuals for the liberal and disinterested manner in which they contributed sufficient funds to enable him to commence the Business again. J. E.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!
ST. LAWRENCE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE,
Office at Ogdensburgh, N. Y.

THIS old, well established, and popular Company, continues to ensure against loss or damage by fire at its usual cheap rates, and presents to the people of Canada the following synopsis of plans and reasons for their patronage.

1. EXCLUDES all extra hazardous property from its Insurance, such as "Cotton Factories, Blacksmith shops, Furnaces, Forges, Asheries, Ball Alleys, Powder Mills, Livery Stables, Buildings in Rocks, Breweries, Bakeries, Distilleries, &c., or buildings which might burn by them, by which, and the economy of conducting its affairs is able to ensure isolated, and farm property FOR FIVE YEARS ON A PREMIUM NOTE *of One and Three Quarters per Cent.*, in the amount ensured. *Example.* A Farmer insures $600, by which he gives his note to the Company for *ten dollars and a half*; two dollars and ten cents of which he pays down, and receives Policy for five years. This may emphatically be called the

FARMERS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

By the Policies, the insured is entitled to the FULL SUM INSURED in case of loss, if it do not exceed the cash value of the property; and they do contain a

TWO THIRDS CLAUSE,

as the Policies of many companies, by which the insured gets but two-thirds of the value of his property, even if he paid insurance upon its full value.

The Office is on Ogdensburgh on the St. Lawrence River, opposite Prescott, C. W., and can be reached from any port of Lakes Ontario, or Erie in a few hours, and is more conveniently situated for a large country, than any other office in New York or Canada, while its arrangements with the Canadian Post Office at Prescott, ensure regularity, safety, and despatch to Canadian members.

Losses are paid in money, Current in the Provinces or States, where the loss occurs; and with promptness. The following are gratuitous testimonials addressed to the Secretary from a large number in the office, to wit:—

"Having lost a large property insured by this company, it was met and paid without delay, and some two months before it became due; and I cheerfully recommend the institution to the farmers of Canada who desire a cheap and safe insurance against fire."

GIDEON LEEBY.

Kitley, Johnstown District C. W., Nov. 3, 1847.

"The prompt and handsome manner by which accidents by fire have been met by the Company give great satisfaction and confidence here."

B. TETT.

Newboro, C. W., Oct. 21, 1847.

"On the 15th of February I became a member of the Company, on the 26th of March, five days since, I lost my building and property within it, and having made my proofs this first day of April, beg to bear testimony to the prompt and liberal manner in which my loss has been settled and paid."

LEWIS JOHNSTON.

Farmersville, C. W., April 1, 1847.

Brockville, Dec. 11, 1847.—We the undersigned hereby certify that we have been insured by the St. Lawrence Mutual Insurance Co. since about the time of its first operations in Canada; and that we have never been assessed on our premium notes, and can confidently recommend the Institution, to others as being in our opinion, the cheapest and one of the safest Insurance companies within our knowledge.—J. L. Schofield, John Bacon, Chaffey & Brother, G. W. Arnold, Jno Weatherhead.

Testimonials might be given from the following towns: James Bryan of Bellamyville, C. W., John Easton, and Michael Kelly of Morrisville, C. W.; and from numerous others, both in New York and Canada. Business.—The soundness, health, and activity of the company may be known from the fact that its insurances are nearly

$200,000 Monthly,

and closed the year with upwards of three thousand dollars in favor of the Company: added during the same time, about forty thousand dollars to its capital of premium notes; and that it has nearly or quite a million and a half of dollars ensured in Canada within the last two years, on which an assessment has never been laid. N. B.—Agents have Written certificates of authority, which all applicants will please to inspect, and they will likewise take receipts for all moneys paid. The extent of the company, and the names of its Directors, render other references necessary.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.

AMOS BACON, President. IRA WHEELOCK, Vice President.
Daniel Judson, Samuel Partridge,
David Crichton, Potsdam, N. Y.
Egbert N. Fairchild, Gustavus W. Kruger,
Walter Wilson, Hon. J. G. Hopkins,
Waddington, N. Y. John V. Kent,
Royal Vibe, Morristown, N. Y.
Erastus Vibe, Hon. S. S. Brown,
Benjamin Phillips, of St. Albans.
Massena, N. Y.

Franklin Co. Vt., Chester Roberts, Esq., Henri Des Ruisseaux, Esq. and Zebulon Counell, Esq. of Missisquoi, Co., Thomas Barton, Esq of the Seigniory of Argenteuil, Charles Beauchet Esq. of St. Andrews, C. E., Hon. Philip Van Koughnet, Cornwall, Elnathan Hubbell, M. D., Osmond Jones, Esq., Brockville, Aaron Merrick, Esq., Merrickville, C. W., Archibald Henderson, Esq., Godmanchester, Thomas Cantwell, Esq., Norton Creek, and Edward March, Esq., La Coil, C. E.

CHARLES JOHNSTON,
J. A. FRENCH,
Agents for the Midland District.
HENRY G. FOOTE,
Secretary.

Ogdensburgh, Dec. 11, 1847.

CURRIERS' OIL
FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS
—ALSO,—
CURRIERS' Knives and Steels,
" Stones,
" Scouring Brushes, &c.
S. MORLEY & Co.,
General Hardware Merchants,
Princess Street.
Kingston, 1st January, 1848

THE OTTAWA LUMBER TRADE.

A meeting of merchants and others interested in the Lumber Trade, was held on the 9th instant, at Bedard's Hotel, Bytown, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of petitioning the Provincial Government for a reduction of the Timber duties. Joseph Aumond, Esq., in the chair, and J. Atkinson, Esq., acting as Secretary. Among the Gentlemen present were the Hon. H. Pinhey, G. Sherwood, M. P. P., John Egan, M. P. P., E. Malloch, M. P. P., and John Scott, M. P. P., who addressed the meeting at some length. A committee appointed to prepare a Memorial, and consisting of Messrs. E. Malloch, W. Stewart, John Scott, and John Porter, brought in the following which was adopted:—

MEMORIAL

To His Excellency the Right Honorable the Earl of Elgin and Kinkardine, Governor General of British North America, &c. &c.,

IN COUNCIL.

The Petition of the Undersigned Lumber Merchants, and others connected with the Timber Trade on the Ottawa River, most respectfully beg leave to represent—

That since the year 1842, the period when an Imperial Legislation, the protective duty in favor of the timber of this Colony was almost entirely removed, the lumber trade in this province, with the exception of the year 1846, has been in a languishing, depressed, and even in a ruinous state; brought about and experienced from the fact that the manufacturers and shippers in this Province, cannot compete with those in the Northern Ports of Europe.

That on the approaching month of April, a further reduction of the small remaining protection in Britain, is to take effect to the extent of five shillings Sterling per load of 50 Cubic feet, nearly equal to 12d, per foot Currency, on Red pine.

That [about the year 1827,] the period when the Provincial Government under an order in Council, commenced to exact a payment for cutting timber on the waste lands of the crown, a duty of one penny per foot has been paid for Red Pine, average measurement taken at 38 feet per Log, and on White Pine, at the rate of one half penny per foot, average measurement taken at 70 feet per log, and so in proportion for other timber.

That while your Petitioners were able to and tributaries, within a reasonable distance to the Market, and at comparatively small cost, and while the protection in Britain, has been continued, and the price obtained was about equal to the cost of production, your Petitioners willingly submitted to the exaction and payment of the rates alluded to. But now that the country is denuded of Marketable timber within a reasonable distance, and that they are obliged to go far into the interior, and on small streams requiring immense outlay for slides, Piers, Booms, Roads, Surveys, &c. &c., and while the amount of duty exacted by the Government, is equal to about one eighth of the entire value of the article at the shipping port of Quebec, combined with the decline of prices in England from the circumstances referred to, together with the general loss, ruin and Bankruptcy which has overtaken the trade, Your Petitioners most humbly conceive, that they are, in reason, justice, and sound policy, entitled to a reduction of about one half of the rates heretofore collected.

Your Petitioners beg further to state, that the standard of average measurement is too high (a fact which is in the power of Government to ascertain,) and that about 55 feet of red pine, and 60 for white pine, would now be a just standard for Ottawa Timber. And that due allowance should be made for small timber specially manufactured for railroad purposes.

Your Petitioners very respectfully avail themselves of this occasion, also to state, that in their opinion, an improved system of granting Licenses, occupancy of limits, and collection of rates might be introduced and pursued under a proper enactment, which would prevent disputes and trespass between parties, give security, protection and legal recourse to occupants, while it would better secure the payment of duties to the government—improve the revenue by preventing fraud and evasion of payment,—simplify the mode of transacting business, and reduce the expenses of management. Wherefore your Petitioners most humbly but earnestly pray that your Excellency will be pleased to give their Petition your serious and favorable consideration, and afford them such relief as your Excellency in your wisdom may deem just and expedient.

And as in duty bound your Petitioners will ever pray.

A numerous committee was appointed to circulate the memorial and procure signatures to the same, as was also a deputation, composed of the following gentlemen to wait upon His Excellency the Governor General with it:—Honorable Thomas McKay, B. Holmes, Esq., Malcolm Cameron, Esq., John Young, Honble. Peter McGill, H. L. Routh, Allan Gilmour, E. Malloch, G. Sherwood, John Scott, John Egan, Ruggles Wright, Honble. H. Pinhey, George Hamilton, Joseph Aumond G. B. Lyon, T. H. Johnston, R. Bell.—Carried.

Mr. Stewart then read the following letter:

I. G. O. CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, Montreal, June, 26th, 1847.

Adverting to my letter of the 19th inst, I am directed by the Inspector General to inform you, that it is considered a further reduction in the Slide dues at this late period in the season would discourage the whole year's business, nor will it be until the present season shall have passed, that the effect of the reduction already made can be seen, and the probable expense of repairs, maintenance and attendance, can be estimated. When, however, these facts shall have been ascertained, the subject of a further reduction in the tariff of Slide Dues, in time for the commencement of the ensuing season, will be considered with a view of meeting the wishes of the Petitioners, if practicable.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
W. DENKIN.

W. Stuart, Esq., M. P. P.

Moved by John Thompson, seconded by D. McLachlin—

That a memorial be drafted to the people on a reduction of the slide dues.—Carried.

THE CATHOLICS IN THE UNITED STATES.

From the New York Herald, Feb. 10.

We give in our columns to-day, a very curious and remarkable article, exhibiting some of the features of the church government as it now exists among the Catholics of the United States. Its revelations are surprising. We had no idea of such a state of facts as this article represents, and, no doubt, represents correctly, for it comes from a highly distinguished clergyman of that eminent church. The existence of such a tyranny and violation of canonical rights, on the priests of the Catholic church in the United States, as is now revealed, will awaken the attention of the laity, and every other sect of religionists.

The Catholics of this country, according to the most authentic statements, exceeded a million of church members a few years ago, and probably at this time, they reach a million and a half. There are no other sects that exceed them, except they be the Methodists and the Baptists; but both of these sects having been divided by dissentions, the Catholics are now the most numerous, compact, and most influential sect in this country. This immense number of Catholics employ 919 priests, 24 bishops, and three archbishops; but the Church government, as it is now exercised by these bishops and archbishops, is an entire violation of the canons of the holy Catholic church, a violation and a tyranny which we shall not fail to represent to the *propaganda* at Rome, and to his Holiness the Pope, in order to have it remedied as soon as possible.

At no time in this country has any distinguished individual arisen from the Catholics, with talent sufficient to control, to influence, or to guide this remarkable sect of Christians, such as is now presented by the Catholics.—The Catholics and the Catholic church possess, perhaps, from their compactness and their unity, a greater amount of influence than any other sect in this country. Of recent years, Bishop Hughes, who possesses talent of a certain kind, has indicated on some occasions an idea of the importance of wielding or attempting to wield, such an immense influence as that of the Catholic church, but his isolated efforts and agitations have brought him frequently in bitter conflict with other religionists of the country. This policy may arise as much from the peculiar inaptness of Bishop Hughes, as from any other cause.—He has great talent, but seems to lose the power to use it with the greatest energy and effect.

Of late, however, a distinguished individual of immense intellectual power, has gone over "bag and baggage," from the Protestant to the Catholic church—one who may yet create a great noise in this country provided he reach a bishoprick. We allude to Mr. Brownson, whom we already designate in advance as Bishop Brownson, that is to be, must be acknowledged to be a man of great talent, of great power of eloquence, of remarkable energy, and with all he would be decidedly in favor, in the Catholic church government, of giving the priests their full rights, and in that respect be something of a democrat in the church. We have great hopes, therefore, looking from this point of view, and the materials of the Catholic church, that some man of signal genius, like Mr. Brownson, will yet arise, if Bishop Hughes do not assume the attitude to give canonical rights to the priests, and introduce other reforms among the clergy and laity, so as to keep pace with the march of intelligence of the present age, and not remain stagnant and brooding over maxims that were promulgated five or six centuries ago, among the semi-savages of Europe. We are about to add to the Catholic church of this country, by the annexation of Mexico, four or five millions of Catholics, with a clergy probably the richest in the world; and hereafter the Catholic church, the government of the Catholics, on this great continent, and their sayings and doings, will have more effect than all the other religious sects put together.

If Bishop Hughes understood his position he would now ally himself to every great movement: but we doubt whether he understands it, or has courage sufficient to meet the crisis.

OSWEGO & ST. LAWRENCE ROUTES COMPARED.

The Montreal Board of Trade published a Report last summer, in which the expenses on a barrel of flour exported from Lake Ontario to Liverpool by the Oswego and St. Lawrence routes were compared. The following is their comparison, changing the figures from Halifax to Federal Currency:—

Average freights from Ontario to N. York	50 cts
Average from N. York to Liverpool.....	48 "
Insurance from Ontario to Liverpool.....	19 "
	$1.68
Average freights fm Ontario to Montreal	25 cts.
Average from Montreal to Liverpool	1.00 "
Insurance from Ontario to Liverpool	21 "
	$1.69

This shows a difference in favor of the Oswego over the St. Lawrence route, of 61 cents on a barrel of flour going from Lake Ontario to Liverpool. The rates of insurance are calculated upon the sum of $6, as the assumed average value of a barrel of flour. This difference is proposed to be overcome by the free navigation of the St. Lawrence, and the completion of the improvements on the river, now nearly done, with a reduction in the rates of tolls, the repeal of all the differential duties, and by the adoption of a liberal and unrestricted commercial policy by both the Imperial and Colonial Governments.—When vessels take in cargoes at the Upper Lake ports for Liverpool, and pass through the St. Lawrence without transhipment, the difference may be nearly overcome, and it will then become the interest and duty of the State of New York to see if some further reduction cannot be made on the cheapest route.—The high rates of freights between Montreal and the Europ an ports is owing mostly to the monopoly hitherto secured to British vessels by confining the whole trade of the St. Lawrence to British bottoms. The free navigation of the river will break up this monopoly and introduce active competition, which cannot fail to greatly reduce the present rates.—*Oswego Times.*

CHOLERA.—As a great degree of painful attention has of late been aroused on this side of the Atlantic, with regard to the spread of that dreadful scourge of the human race, the Cholera, the accompanying article, referring to that epidemic, we think, will be acceptable, and appropriate to the question:

A correspondent of the Times, who signs himself G. M., and dates from No. 8, Argyle Place, transmits the following statement of the manner in which several successful cures were effected in the south of Spain, at a time when all human efforts had apparently failed to attempt to devise any remedy, or any means of arresting the progress of the fatal disease:—

"In 1832 the Cholera made fearful havoc in Saville; several thousands, of both sexes and all ages, were its victims; and trade, and even intercourse between the inhabitants, seemed likely to cease. The streets became deserted, and houses were shut up, all the tenants of some had died or fled the place, while others barricaded their abodes in the vain hope of avoiding contagion by shunning contact with their fellow cit