

THE BRITISH WHIG,

AND GENERAL ADVERTISER FOR THE MIDLAND DISTRICT.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY,

OFFICE PER ORDEM DICOR.

BY E. J. BARKER, M. D.

VOL. IV.

KINGSTON, U. C. TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1835.

NO. 31

THE BRITISH WHIG,
A SEMI-WEEKLY JOURNAL, devoted to Commercial and Political Information, is published every Tuesday and Friday evenings by Dr. Barker, Editor and Proprietor, at his Office in Bear Street next door to the Commercial Hotel.
TERMS.—For the BRITISH WHIG, seventeen shillings and sixpence per annum if paid in advance, or within three months from the receipt of the first number; and one pound, if collected at the end of the year, exclusive of postage.
No subscription received for less than six months, and no paper discontinued until all arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.
Advertisements.—Six lines and under 2s. 6d. first insertion, and 7d. each subsequent insertion. Ten lines and under 3s. 4d. first insertion, and 10d. each subsequent insertion. Above ten lines, 4d. per line for the first insertion, and 1d. per line for every subsequent insertion.
Advertisements without written directions are inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly. Orders for discontinuing advertisements to be in writing.
Produce of every kind received in payment.
* No letters taken in, except from Agents, unless POST PAID.

Letter Press Printing
Executed with neatness and despatch, upon terms unprecedentedly low in Upper Canada.
* All work to be paid for within three months after execution.
Kingston, Aug. 1835.

Family Grocery & Provision Store.
PATRICK EGAN, offers for sale in the premises in the Market Square, lately occupied by Mr. Scanlan, a well selected assortment of Teas, Groceries, Spices, Tobacco, Stone Ware, Corn Brooms and almost every article in the Provision & Grocery Line, at extremely low prices—having purchased his goods himself, for Cash only, in the Montreal and New York markets.
Market Square, Oct. 20th, 1835. 23

CORN BROOMS & WHISKS.
JUST Received and for sale by the Subscriber, 50 dozen Corn Brooms & Whisks.
PATRICK EGAN.
Market Square, Oct. 20th, 1835. 23

TO FARMERS.
CASH paid for Produce of every description, by PATRICK EGAN.
Market Square, Oct. 20th, 1835. 23

FRESH LEMONS.
A few Boxes just received and for sale by the Subscriber.
PATRICK EGAN.
Market Square, Oct. 20th, 1835. 23

STONE WARE.
FLOWER POTS, Milk Pans, Churns, Cream and Pickling Jars, and every description of Stone Ware for sale by PATRICK EGAN.
Market Square, Oct. 20th, 1835. 23

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.
INDIGO, Logwood, Saff Petre, Pearl Ash, Arra Root, Sal Eratus, Nutmegs and Spices of every kind, ground and whole, kept for sale by PATRICK EGAN.
Market Square, Oct. 20th, 1835. 23

APPLES.
A few barrels of Genesee Pippins, for sale by PATRICK EGAN.
Market Square, Oct. 23rd, 1835. 21

TOBACCO & SNUFF.
FOR Sale by the Subscriber,
Mrs. G. B. Miller's & Lorillard's Fine Cut Tobacco, in 1, 2, & 8 oz. papers.
Do. Moccoboy, Scotch, Rappee and American Snuffs.
PATRICK EGAN.
Market Square, Oct. 23rd, 1835. 24

TO SADDLERS.
WANTED by the Subscriber, three or four Journeyman Saddlers, who can have work either by the piece or month. Also, a steady young lad, from 12 to 14 years of age.
H. HAIGHT.
Kingston, Nov. 10th, 1835. 29

BROOMS.
FOR SALE, at the Subscriber's Leather Store.
50 doz. Flat and round Corn Brooms,
10 doz. Superior Grass & Cradle Sythes,
200 lbs. Salt, fresh from the works,
50 doz. Mackarel,
* Cash paid for Hides, Sheep & Calf Skins.
WILLIAM FORD.
Market Place, Kingston, July 14th, 1835. 47

THE SUBSCRIBER
IS now receiving Puncheons of Molasses, Mackarel, Tin and Cut Nails, Soap and Candles, Mustard, Snuff and Tobacco, with a variety of seasonable goods.
Intending purchasers will find his stock embracing a general assortment of almost every staple article required for a country trade, at uncommonly low prices and liberal terms.
T. MACNIDER.
Kingston, Nov. 9, 1835. 29

Fresh Importations,
COMPRISE A GENERAL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS.
THE SUBSCRIBER, begs to inform the public that he has received, by the regular traders from GREAT BRITAIN,
A LARGE AND ELEGANT STOCK OF GOODS
to the above line, which having been carefully selected by himself in the
ENGLISH MARKETS,
for CASH, feels confident, that every article will be of the best in its kind, and the prices found as low as those of any importing house in the trade in Canada.
J. H. GREER.
Kingston, Nov. 10th, 1835. 29-30

BOARDERS.
THREE or FOUR respectable young men can be accommodated with Board, at a respectable family residence, in the most central part of the Town. Apply at this Office.
Kingston, Nov. 13th, 1835. 30-31

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,
BLANK DEEDS AND MEMORIALS.

JUST received, and for sale by the Subscriber, English Mould Candles, Starch, Blue, Liver-pool Soap, White ditto.
20 Brls. North Shore Herrings,
With a variety of seasonable Dry Goods.
T. MACNIDER.
Kingston, Oct. 26th, 1835. 25

NOTICE.
Office of Ordnance,
Kingston, 31st October, 1835. }
TO BE LET for a term of years with the right of resuming the same, (if required for the Public service,) the small Dwelling House lately occupied by the Guard at Prescott, or the same will be let by the year.
Persons willing to enter into an agreement for the same will be required to give security for the due fulfilment of the Lease, when immediate possession might be obtained.
Tenders will be received at this Office addressed to the respective Officers of the Ordnance until the 20th November next. 27

Fresh Arrivals.
JUST landing, by the Subscriber, from the Iroquois and Dolphin Barges, now lying at the Ottawa Company's Wharf—
20 Hhds. bright Muscovado Sugar.
5 " Double refined Loaf do.
30 Chests assorted Twankay, Young Hyson and Bohea Teas,
6 Puncheons fine flavoured Jamaica Rum,
5 Pipes Cognac Brandy, Otard Dupuy & Co's brand.
6 Pipes Holland.
2 " fine old Port Wine,
3 " East India Madeira,
6 Hhds. Brown and Gold Sherry,
2 Pipes L. P. Tenerife,
30 Quarter Casks Bordeaux Vinegar,
6 Barrels Cod Oil,
150 Boxes Liverpool Soap,
100 " Poland Starch,
3 ton New Cod fish,
20 Barrels North Shore Herrings,
20 " Mackarel,
100 Boxes Digby Herrings,
20 Barrels Stockholm Pitch, Tar & Rosin,
150 Coils fresh Liverpool Rope,
26 Assorted Anchors, from 44 lb. to 3 cwt.,
With a general assortment of Ship Chandlery.
GEORGE ARMSTRONG.
Kingston, Oct. 31, 1835. 27

THE SUBSCRIBER
WILL at all times pay CASH for good Merchantable Wheat, at his Mill, Waterloo; and at his Store House (upon the Hon. John Kirby's Wharf,) for any quantity of Pork and Potash.
G. W. YARKER.
Kingston, October 23rd, 1835. 23

FOR SALE AT MONTREAL,
ON terms very favorable, Fourteen Batteaux, capable of carrying 250 barrels of Flour, all in excellent order and condition. Apply (if by letter, post paid,) to
H. F. ESPERANCE.
Griffin Town, Montreal, Nov. 1835. 27-6m

TO BE SOLD,
THE MATERIALS OF THE BLOCK HOUSE AT PRESCOTT.
Ordnance Office,
Kingston, 31st October, 1835. }
TENDERS will be received at this Office, from persons desirous of purchasing the same, addressed to the respective Officers of the Ordnance Kingston, until the 20th November next.

Board & Lodging.
WANTED, in a respectable Family in Kingston, Board and Lodging for two single gentlemen, during the winter. Apply to the Editor.
Kingston, Nov. 10th, 1835. 29

NOTICE.
THE Wine Vaults of the Subscriber are now replenishing with Blackbura's East India Madeira, in pipes, hhd's. and quarter casks.
Also, genuine Old Port in the wood, via Newfoundland.
T. MACNIDER.
Kingston, Nov. 9, 1835. 29

Indian Rubber Shoes.
JUST Received and for Sale,
100 pairs of Indian Rubber Shoes.
J. MURRAY.
Kingston, Nov. 10th, 1835. 29

Cash paid for Hides.
FIVE DOLLARS per 100 lbs. paid for Hides, and the highest price given for Calf & Sheep Skins, by J. MURRAY.
Kingston, Nov. 10th, 1835. 29

PRIZE MEDALS.
IT is hereby announced that the NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY of MONTREAL, has resolved to offer FOUR MEDALS for the best ESSAYS presented during this year:—
Medals are offered accordingly,
1st. For the best Essay on the comparative numbers of the ancient and modern aborigines of America, and on the causes, whether moral or physical, of their gradual disappearance.
2d. For the best Essay on the Cateaux of the River and Gulf of St. Lawrence.
3d. For the best Essay on any scientific subject, at the discretion of the writer.
4th. For the best Essay on any subject connected with Literature generally.
The conditions are:—
1st. The Essays shall be presented on or before the 20th of February, 1836.
2d. The Essay may be in French or English.
3d. The names and residences of the Authors must be concealed: to ensure which, each Essay shall have a motto, and shall be accompanied by a sealed note superscribed with the same motto, and containing the name and residence of the Author. This note shall only be opened in the case of the Essay being declared worthy of a prize, otherwise it shall be destroyed.
4th. The successful Essays shall remain the property of the Society.
5th. The Society reserves to itself the right to withhold the Prize, should no one of the Essays on any particular subject appear deserving of it.
The Essays are to be addressed to A. F. Holmes, M. D. Corresponding Secretary of the Society.
ANDREW H. ARMOUR,
Recording Secretary.
Oct. 13, 1835.

EVENING WRITING AND READING CLASSES.
MR. JENNINGS is forming winter classes for instruction in the above branches. As not more than eight pupils will be received in a class, they will have all the benefit of private instruction. Hours: for Ladies, from 5 till 6; for Gentlemen, from 7 till 9. Application may be made at his Academy, next to the Lancasterian School, or at his residence, Point Street.
Kingston, Nov. 10th, 1835. 29-3ts

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE BANK OF THE PEOPLE
AT their first Annual Meeting held at the Banking House, in this city, on Monday the 2nd day of November, instant, proceeded by Ballot, to elect their Directors, when the following gentlemen were chosen, viz:—
JOHN ROLPH, ESQ. HON. M. S. BIDWELL.
JAMES LESLIE, ESQ. T. D. MORRISON, ESQ.
DAVID GIBSON, ESQ. GEORGE BARCLAY,
JAMES BEATTY, JOHN HARPER,
JOHN MONTGOMERY, JOHN DOEL,
THOMAS ELLIOT, JAMES HERVEY PRICE.
The Board met on Wednesday, the 4th instant, when John Rolph, Esq. was unanimously elected President; James Leslie, Esq. Cashier; and the Hon. Marshall Spring Bidwell, Esq. and James Hervey Price, Solicitors.
The Stock Book will remain open until the 31st of December next, and the Agents of the Bank are requested to forward their Lists of Stockholders to the Cashier of the Bank, on or before that day.
(By order of the Board)
J. H. PRICE, Secretary.
Banking House, Toronto, }
4th November, 1835. }

DOCTOR WALKER informs the inhabitants of Kingston and its vicinity, that he has commenced practice in MEDICINE, SURGERY, and MIDWIFERY, in the house lately occupied by Mrs. Butterworth, and opposite to the hardware Store of J. Watkins & Co. Stone Street.
From his length of practice, and thorough knowledge of the various diseases incidental to the human body, and his intention to settle in Kingston, he is induced to offer his Professional Services to the public. Dr. Walker has been eminently successful in cases of Midwifery.
N. B.—Charges for Medicine and attendance, will be moderate.
Dr. WALKER will attend at his Surgery from eleven to one o'clock on the Saturday of each week, to give Advice and Medicine to the poor, gratis.
Kingston, Nov. 10, 1835. 29-2m

New Groceries, &c.
JUST Received and for sale by the Subscriber, at his Stores in Front and Store Streets, the following Goods—viz.
10 Chests Twankay Tea.
4 do Young Hyson,
4 do Hyson Skin,
6 hhd's. Bright Muscovado Sugar,
3 do Refined Sugar,
2 do Cognac Brandy,
2 do Holland Gin,
1 pun. Jamaica Spirit,
1 do Old Rations Rum,
2 do Molasses,
2 casks Brown & Pale Sherry,
2,000 gallons Canadian Whiskey,
1 ton. Prime Cod Fish,
6 bils. Salt Water Herring,
4 do No. 1. Mackarel,
2 casks Warren's Paste & Liquid Blacking
20 do Cut and Wrought Nails,
20 Boxes Window Glass.
10 do Starch,
10 do Bloom & Muscatel Raisins,
8 do English Pipes,
2 Pigs Soft-shelled Almonds,
40 Reams Wrapping Paper,
20,000 Russian Quills,
2,000 lbs. First quality American Cheese.
JAMES WILLIAMSON.
Kingston, September 1, 1835.

LOWER CANADA.
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.
The House in Committee on the Draught of an Address in answer to the Speech of His Excellency at the opening of the present Session, reported the following, which was concurred in, and Messengers, appointed to wait upon His Excellency to know his pleasure when he will receive the House with its ADDRESS:
To His Excellency, the Right Honorable Archibald Earl of Gosford, Baron Wurlingham of Beccles, in the County of Suffolk, Captain General and Governor in Chief, in and over the Provinces of Lower and Upper Canada, Vice Admiral of the same, and one of His Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, &c. &c. &c.
May it please your Excellency,
1.—We, His Majesty's faithful and loyal subjects the Commons of Lower Canada in Provincial Parliament assembled, humbly thank your Excellency for your Speech at the opening of the present Session.
2.—We congratulate your Excellency on His Majesty's determination to call to the head of the Government of this Province in the person of your Excellency, a distinguished individual, whose habits and former station, have, independently of his other qualifications, rendered him more able to accomplish this important charge. We congratulate your Excellency in like manner on your safe arrival among us.
3.—It is indeed under no ordinary circumstances that your Excellency has assumed the reins of administration. The Government has not for some time past, sufficiently possessed the confidence of this House and of the people, to fulfil the purposes of its institution. In this state of things, it was in conformity to the ancient custom of Parliament, and in the spirit of constitution itself, as well as for the advantage of His Majesty's subjects and of the Government of this Province, that this House adopted constitutional means for obtaining the redress of grievances and abuses. We shall see with pleasure that His Majesty's Government has acquired that practical and local knowledge of the Province which is necessary for the discernment of the most appropriate remedies. It is therefore with feelings of hope that we contemplate the extensive powers, attributions and circumstances with which your Excellency has commenced the fulfilment of your high Mission.

4.—Bearing in mind the distinction pointed out, your Excellency, with regard to the application of the remedies in question, we are firmly convinced of your Excellency's just and liberal intentions in the administration of the executive power. In those cases where your Excellency may be called upon to act jointly with the Provincial Legislature, or with this House in particular, we shall always be disposed to co-operate in every measure which may tend to the welfare of this province. With regard to the Bills which may require to be passed or sanctioned by the authorities of England, we have already on more than one occasion made known our desires and wishes to His Majesty's Government. We are firmly persuaded that the result of the attention which has lately been given to the desires and repeated claims of this House and of the people, will be an entire conviction of their justice, and that they will be granted to their fullest extent.
5.—We ought not at this moment, to fail to declare most respectfully to your Excellency, that the great body of the people of this Province, without distinction, consider the extension of the Elective principle, and its application to the Constitution of the Legislative Council in particular—the repeal of the Acts passed in Great Britain on matters concerning the internal Government of the Province, and fully within the jurisdiction of the Provincial Parliament, as well as of the privileges conferred by such acts—and the full and unrestrained enjoyment on the part of the Provincial Legislature and of this House of their legislative and constitutional rights—as being essential to the prosperity, welfare and happiness of His Majesty's faithful Canadian subjects, and as being necessary to ensure their confidence in His Government, and their future welfare and contentment under it, and to remove the causes which have been obstacles hereto. And we also most respectfully pray your Excellency, that in those future communications to which you have alluded between your Excellency and His Most Gracious Majesty or His Government on the subject of the great interests of this Province, your Excellency will be pleased not to lose sight of this firm conviction on the part of the people which we feel in common with them.
6.—The desire manifested by your Excellency to obtain the good will of the Canadians of all ranks and classes, and the confidence and respect of the Representatives of the people, is our warranty of your Excellency's intention to do all in your power for the welfare of the country. We thank your Excellency for your declaration that as the head of the Provincial Legislature, you will co-operate with us in the redress of every evil which it may be necessary to correct.
7.—His Majesty's Government must have been long convinced that the circumstances mentioned by your Excellency as being of a nature for some time practically to exclude the majority of the inhabitants of this province from a due participation in the powers and advantages of office, rested on an incorrect appreciation of their sentiments. The people have defended the country in time of war. They refused to accede to the appeal made to them by the former British Colonies on this continent at the period which preceded the independence of those Colonies: they preserved their confidence in His Majesty's Government in times of difficulty, and under Administrations which trampled on their dearest rights. They have, by their Representatives, labored to ensure to all classes of their fellow subject without distinction, a participation in all the political and natural advantages of the country; and firmly to establish in this province the Constitutional and Parliamentary Law of Great Britain, and such other portions of its institutions as appeared to the people to be salutary and protecting, and consonant to their wants. It is therefore with satisfaction that we have heard your Excellency disclaim on the part of His Majesty and of the British people the motives to which the practice heretofore followed has been necessarily attributed. We welcome with a like feeling your Excellency's declaration that your instructions enjoin upon you the utmost impartiality, and an entire disregard of unjust distinctions.
8.—We thank your Excellency for the frank and open avowal of the salutary principle, that in every country, to be acceptable to the great body of the people is one of the most essential elements of fitness for public station. We shall rejoice to hear that arrangements have been adopted to lay before the competent authorities a more particular account than heretofore of the exercise of the Royal Authority in the appointments to Public Office in this Province. We perfectly appreciate the motives by which His Majesty is actuated. Yet we cannot but feel some anxiety lest the too frequent appeal to His Majesty should in certain cases have an effect contrary to His gracious intentions.
9.—It will be of the greatest advantage that the emulation of incompatible offices in the same person should be completely remedied. Your Excellency cannot fail to remember that the particular cases to which you have been pleased to declare that your attention has been already given, were, among others provided against by a bill passed by the two Houses of the provincial parliament, and subsequently taken into consideration by His Majesty's Government. This circumstance, and the complaints which have uniformly been made on this subject would have led us to hope that your Excellency would have been invested with the powers necessary to enable your Excellency forthwith to carry into effect your determination on the subject of the salutary separation of the principal component parts of the Government. We should be happy to see established that responsibility on the part of the Executive power in this province to the Legislature thereof and to the House in particular, which is happily established in the United Kingdom, and imparts strength and security in its institutions.—We moreover confidently hope that the arrangements your Excellency has been pleased to mention will be speedily carried into effect. Your Excellency has also been pleased to declare to us, that your views are not confined to these cases and that no union of incompatible or incongruous offices will be willingly acquiesced in by your Excellency.
10.—The intentions announced by your Excellency with regard to the communication to this House by the Executive, of all despatches, accounts, papers and information of which in the course of our deliberations we may have need, are of a nature to call for our particular acknowledgements we duly appreciate the fears of His Majesty's Government that we may have been exposed to some inconvenience arising from this source. We expect the greatest advantage from the unreserved assistance which your Excellency has been pleased to promise us, with regard, particularly, to every thing connected with the Revenue and Finance; and we hope

that with your Excellency's aid the enquiries which this House will continue and institute will have a happy effect on the legislation and on the future welfare of the country. We venture to hope that those enquiries, in conjunction with those which this House has already made, will furnish extensive information on the statistics of the Province, and may aid your Excellency in collecting the information and forming the opinions, which your Excellency has announced your intention of transmitting to His Majesty's Government.
11.—By abandoning the too frequent practice of reserving bills for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure, and that of delaying the communications of the Royal pleasure, as well with regard to such Bills as to the Addresses of this House, the Executive authorities will concur in consolidating in the Province itself, an effective and regular Government adapted to provide in the best manner for the wants of its inhabitants. This amelioration of the practice on this subject may also be especially favorable to the establishment of Colleges and schools for the advancement of christian knowledge and of sound learning, unattended by those delays which your Excellency believes that under a contrary system would be insufficient to obviate. The deep and personal interest which His Majesty designs to take in the affairs of this Province, have happily suggested to him a measure which we cannot but applaud.
12.—His Majesty's displeasure announced beforehand by your Excellency, at any conduct on the part of the Government liable to the imputation of giving to the English an undue preference over the French language; of calling upon the Judges for extra-judicial opinions on questions which may subsequently come before them for decision, or of order and security, and we are persuaded that your Excellency can have no motive for not giving the fullest effect to his Majesty's injunctions on this head.
13.—With respect to the idea of my undue partiality to the English language over that which makes part of the laws and institutions guaranteed in the most solemn manner to his Majesty's Canadian subjects; we learn with pleasure that his Majesty disapproves, and is desirous to prevent the adoption of any practice which would deprive either class of his subjects of the use of the language with which early habits and education have rendered them most familiar. We flatter ourselves that the due consideration which your Excellency will doubtless bestow with regard to the fitness of the persons who may compose the tribunals and fill the several public offices, will suffice for the future to ensure respect for the incontestible rights of all classes of the inhabitants of this country.
14.—We shall give our earnest attention to the subject of the fees demanded by divers public functionaries, with a view to revise and regulate the same by the supreme authority of the law his Majesty may be assured that we shall be guided in this behalf by the nature of the services to be remunerated, the state and circumstances of the Province, and the various considerations due to the interests of all portions of the public weal, and to the advancement of the moral condition and of the industry of the people.
15.—We shall accept with pleasure your Excellency's co-operation with this house, in an enquiry into the practice and proceedings of the superior tribunals, with a view to ensure their conformity to the law, and to render them more prompt and methodical as well as less expensive. We hope that the same good understanding will continue to exist between your Excellency and this house if any Bills on this subject should be brought before the Provincial Parliament.
16.—On the subject of the Clergy Reserves we regret that we have to state to your Excellency notwithstanding the benevolent intentions of His Majesty's Government, of which your Excellency is pleased to assure us, our apprehensions have been justified by the disposal of a considerable portion of the waste lands in the manner which we had foreseen. As we have already, expressed our opinion to His Majesty's Government on this head, we shall enter zealously into the examination of the whole question with the hope of being able to agree to the views of His Majesty's Government, at the same time that we shall respect the right of all parties, and maintain the common or individual interests of the inhabitants of this Province.
17.—We thank your Excellency for having recognized the constitutional privileges of this house with regard to its contingent expenses.
18.—The declaration of his most gracious Majesty, whereby we are led to hope that the legitimate control of the representatives of the people will be exercised over all public monies payable to His Majesty or to his officers in the province, whether arising from taxes or from any other Canadian source, carries with it the admission of an incontestible and essential principle, calculated to ensure that efficiency and responsibility which are so much to be desired in the government, and to maintain that constitutional control which the people have a right to exercise, by their representatives, over every branch of the executive government. On this head, which embraces a vast number of matters of detail, we shall receive with respect, and will take into our most serious consideration, every communication from His Majesty's government, or from your Excellency, which you may be pleased to make to us; and we trust that they will tend to facilitate at an early period the conclusive and satisfactory settlement of all financial difficulties. Our labors on this subject will be conducted with the same unceasing diligence which your Excellency is pleased to promise to bestow on it.
19.—We shall receive in the same spirit the accounts necessary to shew the financial state of the province, with such estimates and explanation as your Excellency may be pleased to lay before us.
20.—All matters of this nature are so essentially connected with the interests of our constituents and the peculiar privileges of this house, that we cannot fail to be guided in our determination respecting them by what we believe to be the constitutional privileges of this branch of the Legislature, and for the welfare of the province.
21.—The request made by your Excellency in consequence of measures heretofore adopted by the Executive power, and with regard to which we have already humbly expressed our opinions to His Majesty's government, is so intimately connected with the same rights and privileges that it will be our duty to take it into consideration with the same views and sentiments.
22.—We ought, however, to express to your Excellency our conviction that the future application of any sums of money subject to the control of this house, without the consent of the representatives of

that with your Excellency's aid the enquiries which this House will continue and institute will have a happy effect on the legislation and on the future welfare of the country. We venture to hope that those enquiries, in conjunction with those which this House has already made, will furnish extensive information on the statistics of the Province, and may aid your Excellency in collecting the information and forming the opinions, which your Excellency has announced your intention of transmitting to His Majesty's Government.
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19.—We shall receive in the same spirit the accounts necessary to shew the financial state of the province, with such estimates and explanation as your Excellency may be pleased to lay before us.
20.—All matters of this nature are so essentially connected with the interests of our constituents and the peculiar privileges of this house, that we cannot fail to be guided in our determination respecting them by what we believe to be the constitutional privileges of this branch of the Legislature, and for the welfare of the province.
21.—The request made by your Excellency in consequence of measures heretofore adopted by the Executive power, and with regard to which we have already humbly expressed our opinions to His Majesty's government, is so intimately connected with the same rights and privileges that it will be our duty to take it into consideration with the same views and sentiments.
22.—We ought, however, to express to your Excellency our conviction that the future application of any sums of money subject to the control of this house, without the consent of the representatives of