

valry which has too much existed in this province. By some individuals, a rail road has been opposed, because it would diminish the trade of the Welland the improvement of the St. Lawrence—because it would diminish the trade of the Rideau, and no doubt by the same persons, these grand improvements would be opposed, because it would diminish the traffic on the old lines of communication.

Nothing can be more mistaken than such a mode of thinking, or indeed more ridiculous—it is a feeling which the necessities of society ever have and ever will control. As well may you attempt to stop the current of commercial transactions, as to prevent suitable outlets for them—the enterprise of mankind will invariably command them in spite of all opposition whether political or local; it is by such improvements that the whole country becomes increasingly desirable, and its surface increasingly valuable.

Individuals at the east end of the province have felt and expressed jealousy of the growing importance of the west; and some who ought to have known better from the station they occupied, have opposed all improvements to the latter, from an idea that they were prejudicial to the former. Just as well may the inhabitants of the Upper Lakes attempt to prevent their waters from supplying those of the lower, as to stop the improvements going on in the west. The wise and obvious policy of the inhabitants of the eastern districts, is to render them as desirable as possible, developing all their advantages, and they are not few, and if they can make them more so than the western, it will effectually stop the mighty stream which has set in that direction, but by no other means can they do so. We shall probably again recur to this subject in our next paper.—*Tor. Courier.*

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT.—The River Trent has long been regarded as the channel through which ultimately the products of the North West region must flow to the Atlantic Ocean. Outlet, as it is, to the Bay of Quinte, of an interior chain of navigable lakes, approaching to within a trifling distance of the considerable Lake Simcoe—which it is now contemplated by the enterprising settlers in the neighborhood to connect with Lake Huron, it should now become a desideratum with His Majesty's Government, and with the well wishers to the province to open that new and most evidently fertile source of commerce. The meeting of the inhabitants of the county of Simcoe, marks the fervor that is abroad for improvement, and the prudence and determination with which it is guided. The junction of the Simcoe with the Huron is essential to give value to the improvement of the Trent, and it is most gratifying to learn, that the natural facilities have proved, upon investigation, to be such as to render the expense, compared with as one may say, the thousand and one important objects to be achieved, quite insignificant.

The spirit manifested by the people of Simcoe acting in concert with the Newcastle District, and both aided and fostered by an enlightened government, will, we doubt not, speedily open an interior communication from Ontario to Superior, an achievement which will prove not less magnificent and important in results, than it is splendid in design. But we give fair warning to the Province that if the people fill the Assembly with men imbued with the furious destructive propensities of McKenzie and his silly ferocious adherents, we may bid adieu to all improvements. We hope this most interesting subject will engage the serious attention of the press. The press of Kingston should most especially give a powerful hand to the furtherance of this magnificent object, for Kingston will be a chief gainer by its perfection. Our security from invasion would be ten fold increased by the internal settlements, such a communication would promote. Indeed as we have above said, the objects of interest are a thousand and one.—*Tor. Patriot.*

His Excellency the Governor-in-Chief has been pleased to appoint Robert Armour, Esq. (late Deputy Master) to be Master of the Trinity House of Montreal, vice T. A. Turner, Esq. deceased, and Adam L. Macnider, Esq. (late senior Warden) to be Deputy Master. The vacant Wardenship had not yet been filled up.—*Mon. Gaz.*

The Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Quebec, has left town to prosecute his arduous duty of visiting the different stations of the Episcopal Missionaries in the Upper Province. His Lordship, who, we are happy to learn, enjoys uninterrupted good health, proceeds to Kingston, via the Rideau Canal. As he has to make numerous official visits on the route to the Ottawa, and the line of the Canal, as well as in many of the rear townships, he will be absent from Kingston until the 23d of August, where he will administer the rite of confirmation to such young persons as may present themselves. His Lordship, on leaving Kingston, will visit the towns on the Bay of Quinte, for the purpose of holding confirmation in the several Churches, and after completing his tour of the Province, will take up his winter residence at Toronto, not returning to Quebec before the middle of next summer.—*Id.*

The *Canadian Eagle* arrived yesterday at two o'clock, with about 300 passengers on board. We are sorry to say that there were many cases of Cholera on board, at least twenty five; or more of which terminated in death. We have been informed by a passenger that the disease was on board when she left the port of Quebec. The boat was in a most crowded state, and the spectacle of the dead and dying was truly shocking.

BRITISH WHIG.

IN THE PRESS, And will be published some time in August, "Observations upon the Rideau Canal" by Edward John Barker, M. D. (inscribed (by permission) to His Excellency Sir John Colborne, K. C. B. &c. &c.) British Whig Office, July 29th, 1834.

KINGSTON, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 12, 1834.

We have papers from England to the 1st of July inclusive. Extracts will be found under the foreign head.

To-morrow, Wednesday 13th inst. is the day appointed by the Board of Health for a day of General Fasting, Humiliation and Prayer.

We have little to say to our readers to-day. The Cholera still remains in the midst of us, and many valuable lives have been lost since our last publication. Mr. and Mrs. D. Vanalstine, Mr. George Collins, Mr. Wm. Marsh, Mrs. J. Williamson, Mr. J. H. Jackson, Mr. W. Wright and many others have "gone the way of all flesh."

In Montreal by the papers received this morning, we observe no improvement in the public health, 40 interments having taken place on Thursday last; in New York the disease has just made its appearance, but hitherto with diminished virulence compared with other cities of the same size; in Toronto sickness exists to an alarming extent, but no reports have yet been published; westward of the metropolis, in Galt, Ancaster, Brantford, Dumfries and other places many deaths have taken place.

While some of the ablest medical men in the country have been almost generally unsuccessful in their treatment of cholera, the veriest quacks have been fortunate in the application of their nostrums—and why? Because the latter have, as far as they have been able, assisted nature in throwing off the disease, whilst the former, relying solely upon art, have combated nature in her simplest operations, and by blood-letting, calomel and opium, encouraged the disease instead of checking it. We repeat again and again, avoid CALOMEL and OPIUM in cholera, as poisons more destructive to life than the disease itself.

The state of the public health in other parts of the province may be ascertained by the following extracts. Kingston Board of Health. August 9th, New cases 13. Deaths 2. Total of cases from commencement, 139. Total of deaths 74.

August 10th, New cases 7. Deaths 2. August 11th, New cases 10. Deaths 5. August 12th, New cases 8. Deaths 7. Total of cases from commencement, 164. Total of deaths from commencement, 88.

H. SMITH, Junr. Secretary.

We regret that we have it not in our power to congratulate our fellow citizens on an improvement of the state of the public health. The following are the interments from cholera since our last. Tuesday, 29. Wednesday, 25. Thursday, 40. [Montreal Vidicator.

Generally, the disease appears to have lost its chief malignity in Lower Canada. The cases are of a milder type, but in the absence of certain information, we have been unable to ascertain whether the number of cases is materially less than last week.—*Mon. Daily Advertiser.*

The deaths in Toronto yesterday and to-day are about 18; but some of the cases have not been reported to the board. In all from the commencement we have heard of 90 cases, several of which may not have been the epidemic cholera. Dr. Lyons once Surgeon to Sir P. Maitland has fallen a victim to the cholera in Quebec, in which city and Montreal its ravages continue unabated.—*Tor. Advocate.*

The Cholera has again appeared in our City and Province in its most malignant form. The cases as yet are, we believe, not so numerous as in 1832, but in general more fatal. Indeed very few who are seized with it recover—it triumphs over the utmost efforts of human skill and experience. There are, however, a few cases of recovery. The Cholera made its first appearance in this city about a fortnight ago; but no certain or satisfactory information was furnished respecting its existence and progress until more recently.—From the best information we have been able to procure, we believe the deaths in the city by Cholera have averaged from 6 to 12 a day, during the past week. During the last two or three days there have been fewer cases than during several days preceding.—*C. Guardian.*

We regret to say that the cholera has proved fatal in several instances, since our last number was printed, and that during yesterday and to-day, some new cases have presented themselves.

It will be seen in another part of our paper, the inhabitants of this city have no reason to conclude, that the visitation of this disease to them is greater or more destructive than elsewhere—when in the little village of Galt from 20 to 30 deaths have occurred—and in some parts of the Western District in a similar proportion.—*Toronto Courier.*

CHOLERA.—It is with heart-felt regret that we have to announce to the public the existence of this disease amongst us, five having fallen victims to it within the last seven or eight days. We trust the Police will exert themselves and see that nuisances are removed without delay. The malady, we all know, is destructive enough in itself without having any stimulus to aid it in its deadly progress.—*Cornwall Observer.*

CHOLERA.—Since certain of the morning papers have announced the occurrence of a few cases of the Asiatic Cholera in this city, we presume it will be proper for us to state what we believe to be the simple truth of the matter. That there have been a few scattering cases of this alarming disease, there can be no doubt. A physician of character showed us on Wednesday last, his written report of three decided cases—but they were all convalescent—and such being the fact, it was not advisable to alarm the community upon the subject. Since that time there have been two or three cases terminating fatally. Still, however, the cases have all been sporadic; and it has not assumed the type of an epidemic—and we trust it will not.—*New York Commercial Advertiser.*

With thanks we acknowledge the receipt from Mr. Stanton of a copy of the Provincial Statutes for the past Session.

The *Montreal Gazette* appears astonished with "an enormous dose of sixty grains of calomel in ten hours." What would it say were it to witness the tea-spoon doses or the Kingston Practitioners?

The state of the crops in the townships back of Kingston is as follows: Wheat is abundant, and Corn is expected to turn out well, as is also Buckwheat. Peas and beans will prove but a very middling crop. Potatoes and oats have entirely failed, owing to the long continued drought. Both these latter articles of consumption will be in good demand.

should we not both of us say that we were loyal subjects, and that we did not belong to any revolutionary party, or any other party who upon the least provocation begins to rave and cast about for some new state of political existence. I say, Mr. Editor, that the honest Whigs are the only truly loyal party, that the Tories and Revolutionists are on a par as to loyalty, the one wishes to upset the present ministry, the other wishes to upset both King and ministers; they are still on a par, because if the Tories find that they cannot maintain their present baneful domination, they will immediately begin to cast about in their minds' eyes, &c. by some revolutionary change.

This good subject, who has the impudence to call Whigs revolutionists, cannot himself be what he pretends, a good subject, unless he can make it appear that the King and his ministers together with a majority of the House of Commons are revolutionists as they profess to be, and are Whigs.

For the British Whig. Mr. Editor,—The mortality which prevails among us here is so dreadful, sixteen deaths having occurred in our small population, that I am induced to ask the reason why a Board of Health has not been appointed, or some persons deputed by the Magistrates to look after the safety of the remaining inhabitants. The interior of the houses is in such a state as to call for some magisterial visitation; the dirty clothes and foul linen being in themselves sufficient to create disease and spread infection.

I cannot help expressing an opinion that the exertions of the only resident gentleman among us, ought to have been directed to the obtaining of what I now ask for.

AN EYE WITNESS. Barriefield, August 10th, 1834. To the Editor of the British Whig. Sir,—Please to inform the public through your paper, what has been done with £65 of the public money due to Portland, February 1832; has the Treasurer detained the same, or has he paid it to any person, or has it been drawing interest for any private person and the Portland roads so much in the need of being repaired? Your answer will much oblige your obedient humble servant.

THE PUBLIC. NOTE BY THE EDITOR.—We have given an insertion to the above under the expectation that some person who comprehends its tenor may reply to it.

For the British Whig. TO THE INHABITANTS OF KINGSTON. Kingston, August 11th, 1834. Fellow Townsmen.—I perceive by the documents addressed to the Board of Health, to the several congregations in Kingston, and read in those congregations, by the several Clergymen, that Kingston is likely to take the lead in acknowledging "The Hand of God,"—and in "seeking to the Lord," instead of "to the Physicians." That is to say—I perceive that NEXT WEDNESDAY is appointed as a Day of Fasting and Humiliation.

This is as it should be—the oldest place should set the first and best example.

But in order, that that example should be beneficially operative—in order that our petitions should be heard in the Court of Heaven, permit me to give an example extracted from an ancient author, of no doubtful authority. The records of those times shew, that it was effectual then—and as the same POWER rules among men now, as ruled then, at that (although so distant period—I fearlessly assert, that the same cause (the same conduct in all, essential, respects) will produce the same effect! The following is the extract exhibiting that conduct:

"And Jonah began to enter into the city a day's journey, and he cried and said:— 'Yet forty days and Nineveh shall be overthrown!'"

"So the people of Nineveh BELIEVED GOD, and proclaimed a Fast, and put on sackcloth from the GREATEST of them, even to the least of them.

For word came to the King of Nineveh, and he arose from his Throne, and laid his robe from him, and covered him with sackcloth, and sat in ashes. And he caused it to be proclaimed, and published throughout Nineveh, (by the decree of the King and his Nobles) saying, 'Let neither man nor beast, herd nor flock, taste any thing: neither shall they drink water: But let man and beast be covered with sackcloth, and cry mightily unto God: yea, LET THEM TURN EVERY ONE FROM HIS EVIL WAYS, and from the violence that is in their hands.—Who can tell if God will turn and repent, and turn away from his fierce anger that we perish not?'"

"And God saw their works, THAT THEY TURNED FROM THEIR EVIL WAY: and God repented of the evil, that He had said that He would do unto them, and He did it not."

3 Chap. 4—10. N. B. Let us not wait until Wednesday—Let us "put away the evil of our doings," now, this is such a fast as God has chosen.

DECEASED IN KINGSTON. August 2th. Mr. Duncan Vanalstine, aged 35, years. Mrs. Vanalstine, aged 32. Samuel Bridge, R. A. Mr. Wm. Wiley, aged 46. Mrs. Hutton, William Gibson, child. John Strong, aged 40 years. Mrs. Sealey, aged 34. Ann Craddock, aged 84 years. William Lang, aged 24. Mr. Jonathan Mills, aged 25. Mrs. Elizabeth Pant, aged 24 years. Mr. John Campbell, 45.

On Sunday 10th instead of cholera at his residence in Kingston, Mr. J. H. Jackson, shoemaker, from Dublin, Ireland, and late of Quebec, L. C. He has left a beloved wife very near to her confinement, and an only brother to lament his apparent untimely removal from them. However, they have the unspeakable consolation that he departed this life in the fulness of the blessings of the gospel of peace; having a hope full of immortality, and that confident expectation of the enjoyment of the favor of God, and the blessings of salvation through the merits of Jesus Christ beyond the grave, as enabled him completely to triumph over death and all its concomitant evils, and submissively bear the stroke of his heavenly Father. O may those whom he has now left in this vale of tears to mourn his loss be favored with a similar privilege of thus entering into the unseen world.—*AMES.—Communicated.*

August 10th Mrs. T. Deacon, aged 34 years. Robert Marshall, infant. Mrs. James Williamson, aged 32 years. Mrs. Mary Gentill, aged 30 years. Hugh Equhart, aged 50. Mrs. Jane Dunning, aged 38 years. Mr. John Kennedy, aged 45. Mrs. Mary Randles, aged 36. Catharine Mead, aged 14. Mr. William Marsh, aged 46. Mr. Stephen Benyon, aged 36. Mr. G. C. Collins, aged 28 years. Mr. Bernhard, aged 38 years. Mrs. Ann McEwen, a 6d 23. Mr. John Craddock, aged 40. August 12th, Patrick Slaver, aged 71 years. Thomas Kelly, aged 36. Mr. Wm. Wright, aged 40 years. Joseph Laporte, aged 45 years. Mr. John McDonald, aged 56. Mr. Adam Burnett, aged 30 years. David Buchanan, aged 37 years. George Barclay, aged 22 years. Mr. William Reynolds.

PORTUGAL AND SPAIN.—From the former kingdom we have nothing so late by a fortnight as was received here on Wednesday, via St. Ubes.

In Spain, a serious encounter took place on the 16th of June at Erice, two leagues from Pampeluna, between the Queen's troops, to the number of 5,000 men, under Generals Lorenzo and Linares, and six battalions of the insurgents of Navarre and Zalava. After an obstinate struggle, the latter quitted the field of battle, leaving a strewn with their dead and dying. Two regiments of the Carlists were completely destroyed, and Quesada entered Pampeluna with the convoy under his guard. The advanced guard of General Rodil's army has arrived at Madrid, on his way to the insurgent provinces.

It was reported in Bayonne that Gen. Quesada had been defeated in an engagement with the insurgents on the 19th, but the silence of our correspondent goes far towards disproving the rumor. Even had Quesada suffered a new reverse, however, it would have done little for the Carlism cause, as the army of Rodil will have arrived in the Basque province by this time. The complete suppression of the insurrection may be, therefore, deemed at hand.

SALE OF CROWN LANDS IN SEYMOUR. NOTICE is hereby given that a portion of the ungranted Lands in the Township of Seymour in the Newcastle District, will be offered for sale by Public Auction in Colborne Cramahe, at Ketchum's Inn, on Friday, the 25th day of August instant, at the upset price of 12s. 6d. currency per acre, on condition of actual settlement and upon the usual terms of payment.

A plan exhibiting the situation of the lots may be seen at the Surveyor General's Office Toronto, or with Major Campbell residing in the Township, from whom further information may be obtained.

PETER ROBINSON. Commissioner of Crown Land's Office. Toronto, 7th August, 1834. Editors will please copy the above.

SALE OF LANDS IN THE WESTERN DISTRICT. THE Public are informed, that the undermentioned Clergy Reserves, and Crown Lands, will be offered for sale by Public Auction,

AT CHATHAM, in the Western District, on Monday, the 25th day of August next, on condition of actual settlement, and upon the usual terms of payment.

Clergy Reserves. TOWNSHIP OF SOMBRRA. At the upset price of 10s. currency per acre. 1st concession, Nos. 20 26

3d " " 3 20 26
4th " " 4 19 25
5th " " 3 10 20 26
6th " " C 4 11 19 25
7th " " 3 20 26
8th " " C 4 11 19 25
9th " " A 3 10 20 26
10th " " 1 4 11 19 25
11th " " 3 10 20 26
12th " " 4 11 19 25
13th " " 3 10 20 26
14th " " 4 11 19 25
15th " " 3 10 20 26

TOWNSHIP OF DAWN. At the upset price of Twelve Shillings & Sixpence currency per acre. 1st concession, Nos. 2 8 25

2d " " 6 20 27
3d " " 2 15 31
4th " " 6
5th " " 8 25 31
6th " " 12 27
7th " " 8 25
8th " " 12 27
9th " " 2 15 31
10th " " 6 12 27
11th " " 8 25 31
12th " " 12 27
13th " " 15 31
14th " " 6 27

TOWNSHIP OF CHATHAM. At the upset price of Fifteen Shillings currency per acre. 4th concession, Nos. 8 9 10

5th " " 8 9 10 11 12
6th " " 8 9 10 11 12
7th " " 8 9 10 11 12
8th " " 8 9 10 11 12
9th " " 8 9 10 11 12
10th " " 8 9 10 11 12
11th " " 8 9 10 11 12
12th " " 8 9 10 11 12
13th " " 14 15 16 17 18

TOWNSHIP OF HARWICH. At the upset price of Fifteen Shillings currency per acre. 7th concession, Nos. 14

8th " " 13 14 15 16 17 18
9th " " 13 14 15 16 17 18
10th " " 13 14 15 16 17 18
11th " " 13 14 15 16 17 18
12th " " 15 16 17 18
13th " " 14 15 16 17 18

TOWNSHIP OF ZONE. At the upset price of Twelve Shillings and six pence currency per acre. 1st concession, Nos. 31

2d " " 20 27
5th " " 25 W 31
6th " " 20 27
7th " " 25 31
8th " " 20 27
9th " " 25 31
10th " " 20 27
11th " " 25 31

TOWNSHIP OF DOVER. At the upset price of Ten Shillings currency per acre. 5th concession, Nos. 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

6th " " 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
7th " " 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
8th " " 6 8 9 10 11 12
9th " " 6 8 9 10 11 12
10th " " 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
11th " " 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

TOWNSHIP OF PLYMPTON. At the upset price of Ten Shillings currency per acre. Front concession, No. 46

Crown Lands. TOWNSHIP OF ENNISKILLEN. At the upset price of Ten Shillings currency per acre. 1st concession, Nos. 3 10 20 26

2d " " 7 15 22 28
3rd " " 3 10 20 26
4th " " 7 15 22 28
5th " " 3 10 20 26
6th " " 3 10 20 26
7th " " 3 10 20 26
8th " " 7 15 22 28
9th " " 3 10 20 26
10th " " 7 15 22 28
11th " " 3 10 20 26
12th " " 7 15 22 28
13th " " 3 10 20 26
14th " " 7 15 22 28

TOWNSHIP OF BROOKE. At the upset price of Ten Shillings currency per acre. 2nd concession, Nos. 3 5 9

3rd " " 8 15 21
4th " " 3 5 9
5th " " 8 15
6th " " 3 5 9 28
7th " " 8 15 21
8th " " 3 5 9 28
9th " " 8 15 21 23
10th " " 3 5 9 28
11th " " 8 15 21 23
12th " " 3 5 9 28
13th " " 8 15 21 23
14th " " 3 5 9 28

TOWNSHIP OF MOORE. At the upset price of twenty five Shillings currency per acre. Front concession. Nos. 13 14 20 23 58 59 64.

SALE OF CROWN LANDS IN THE HOME DISTRICT. NOTICE is hereby given, that the undermentioned Clergy Reserves and Crown Lands in the Home District will be offered for sale by public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Toronto, on Friday, the 29th day of August instant, at 12 o'clock noon, on condition of actual settlement, and upon the usual terms of payment.

Also, a portion of the ungranted lands in the Townships of Collingwood, St. Vincent, Nottawassa, and Sunnidale at the upset price of five shillings currency per Acre.

At the same time and place will be again put up to Auction (in consequence of the person who bid it off at the sale of the 15th May last, having failed to pay the first instalment) a valuable Mill-site, with about 400 Acres of land attached to it, situated in the 14th Concession of the above named Township of Nottawassa, which will be put up at five shilling currency per Acre, subject to the condition of building a Saw-Mill thereon within one year from the date of the purchase, and the other lots bid off on the same day, upon which the first instalments have not been paid.

Plans exhibiting the situation of these Lots may be seen at the Surveyor General's Office Toronto, or with Mr. Richey, in the Township of Sunnidale.

CLERGY RESERVES. TOWNSHIP OF BROCK. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 2nd concession, East 1 10

10th " North 1 10
TOWNSHIP OF UXBRIDGE. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 2nd concession, No. 15.

8th " 37.
TOWNSHIP OF VESPREA. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 11th concession, No. 16.

TOWNSHIP OF TECUMSETH. At the upset price of Twelve Shillings & Sixpence currency per Acre. 14th concession, Nos. 10, 22.

TOWNSHIP OF ADJALA. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 1st concession, Nos. 15, 31.

TOWNSHIP OF CALEDON. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 5th concession west of centre road W 1/2 S, 6th " east of centre road No. 20.

TOWNSHIP OF SCARBOROUGH. At the upset price of Fifteen Shillings currency per Acre. 2nd concession, No. 12.

TOWNSHIP OF WEST GWILLIAMBURY. At the upset price of Twelve Shilling & Sixpence currency per Acre. 2nd concession, Nos. 9, 16, (old survey)

TOWNSHIP OF MULMUR. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 8th concession, No. 2. 1st concession, West Hurontario St. No. 25.

TOWNSHIP OF INNISFIL. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 2nd concession, No. 22. 10th " 17.

8th " 3.
TOWNSHIP OF ESSA. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 6th concession, No. 6. 9th " 15.

TOWNSHIP OF MONO. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 3d concession, West 1/2 No. 8.

TOWNSHIP OF PICKERIN. At the upset price of Fifteen Shillings currency per Acre. 7th concession, Nos. 15, 31.

TOWNSHIP OF TAY. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 12th concession, No. 6.

TOWNSHIP OF ALBION. At the upset price of Twelve Shillings & Sixpence currency per Acre. 5th concession, No. 8. 10th " 27.

TOWNSHIP OF ORO. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 5th concession, No. 9.

TOWNSHIP OF COLLINGWOOD. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 6th concession, No. 16. 7th " 19, 20.

TOWNSHIP OF WHITCHURCH. At the upset price of Fifteen Shillings currency per Acre. 6th concession, No. 16.

TOWNSHIP OF ETOBICOKE. At the upset price of Fifteen Shilling currency per Acre. Concession A. No. 38.

TOWNSHIP OF SCOTT. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 5th concession, No. 2.

TOWNSHIP OF KING. At the upset price of Fifteen Shillings currency per Acre. 9th concession, Nos. 17, 18.

CROWN LANDS. TOWNSHIP OF TAY. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 6th concession E. part, No. 13. 12th " W. part, " 13. 7th " W. part, " 6.

TOWNSHIP OF MULMUR. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 4th concession East of Hurontario St. No. 22. 5th " W 1/2 21 W 1/2 22. 1st " West of Hurontario St. No. 17.

TOWNSHIP OF ESSA. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 11th concession, broken lot, No. 1.

TOWNSHIP OF ALBION. At the upset price of Twelve Shillings & Sixpence currency per Acre. 7th concession, No. 1.

TOWNSHIP OF TORONTO. At the upset price of Fifteen Shillings currency per Acre. 2nd concession, South of Dundas St. No. 2.

TOWNSHIP OF EAST GWILLIAMBURY. At the upset price of Twelve Shillings & Sixpence currency per Acre. 9th concession, No. 5.

TOWNSHIP OF SCOTT. At the upset price of 10s. currency per Acre. 8th concession broken lot, No. 4.

PETER ROBINSON. Commissioner of Crown Lands Office, Toronto, 6th August, 1834. Editors will please copy the above.

ST LAWRENCE CANAL. THE plans and specifications for the Lock Gates of the St. Lawrence Canal, will be ready for examination on the 5th of September at the Office of the resident Engineer, Moulins. As also the plans and specifications for several large and small Culverts, on the said Canal.

Tenders will be received for execution of the above work till the 10th September next.

By order, JAMES HUME, secy. Brockville, 5th August, 1834.

PRINTED Mullins and Calicoes, and a general assortment of DRY GOODS suitable for the season, for sale by JOHN G. PARKER.