[illegible] of the subject may not be out of [illegible]

[illegible] Council, it we rightly recollect, [illegible] shillings and [illegible] shillings additional [illegible] The criminal business at our Assizes of late years has been, and still continues to be, very heavy. But supposing the Crown Officer to clear up in one term the indictments, they will yield him the sum of £100; and should he succeed in securing a dozen convictions, his business at the Assizes altogether will net for him £150. The Court will probably sit a fortnight. His remuneration, therefore, will be at the rate of £50 a week, or, following the House tax method of calculating, $50 for each working day!

When His Excellency forms an administration, it is expected that he will appoint no more than two Law Officers—one for the eastern, the other for the western section of the Province. Whether they will have a seat in the Cabinet or not—and we dare say the country would be glad to see adopted the practice of England in this particular, whereby the Law Officers are excluded from the Imperial Cabinet—it is certain that they will not be able to attend all the Courts of Assize, though without displaying any extraordinary degree of industry, each of them may do the duty at more Assizes than Messrs. Baldwin and Small could jointly manage to attend. A good deal of Crown business will of course devolve upon somebody, and the question arises, who are the persons most likely to discharge the duty in a manner at once efficient and economical? For our part, we have never heard any valid reason assigned why the duties of Prosecuting in all Crown cases should not be attached to the Offices of the Clerks of the Peace of the respective Districts. These Offices are, or at any rate should be, so ably to transact the business as are the gentlemen who write Q. C. after their names; and undoubtedly they would do it at a much less expense to the country.—[Ib.

"Turn About's Fair Play."—The Spring Assizes have furnished the Governor General with an opportunity of administering "equal justice," by availing himself of which His Excellency has, no doubt, given general satisfaction. It will be remembered that after the accession to power of the late ministers, all the Barristers employed by them to conduct the Crown business were of the Baldwin kidney in politics. At the present time, members of the opposite school are employed, and if both parties are admitted by turns to the public crib, neither of them has any right to grumble.—[Ib.

Chronicle & Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1844.

COURT OF GENERAL QUARTER SESSIONS OF THE PEACE.

Yesterday the Court of General Quarter Session of the Peace in and for the Midland District was opened in this place by Stafford Kirkpatrick, Esq., Acting Chairman, in the absence of John S. Cartwright, Esq. The Criminal Calendar, we regret to learn, is unusually heavy. The learned Chairman addressed the Grand Jury to the following effect.

Mr. Foreman and Gentlemen of the Grand Jury,

The cases which will be submitted for your consideration during the present Sessions are chiefly of the ordinary nature of crimes of which this Court takes cognizance. Many, if not all of you have frequently discharged the duties of Grand Jurors—and the clear and lucid manner in which your duties have been frequently explained by the talented individual whose seat I temporarily occupy, render it quite unnecessary for me now to notice them. Next to intemperance, idleness is generally admitted to be one of the most prolific sources of crime. With a view to the employment of the indigent and idle, an act was passed by the Provincial Parliament in the year 1837, to provide for the erection of Houses of Industry in the various Districts in the Province of Upper Canada, and authority was given to the Magistrates in Quarter Sessions to provide for their support from the rates of the District.

Although the subject has frequently been under consideration, the law as yet remains unacted on here. The fiscal business of the District being no longer under the control of the Magistrates, the power which the act I have alluded to gave them has become vested in the District Council, and from the action taken on the matter by that body in February last, it appears that without some new Legislative enactment it is not considered expedient to carry the measure into operation. I trust, however, that at no distant day the law will be amended in such a manner that the Midland District may derive the benefit of a House of Refuge for the indigent, as well as a House of Correction for offenders against the Laws, whose crimes are not though sufficiently heinous to warrant their being sentenced to the Penetentiary. While on the other hand no adequate punishment is provided, as imprisonment in the District Gaol in most instances, and particularly in youthful offenders, being only to render bad worse. I think it proper to mention that the District Council some time since placed at the disposal of the Magistrates the sum of £200, for the purpose of establishing a temporary House of Industry, this sum remains unexpended, and from the enquiries I have made I am satisfied that it would be futile to commence in a temporary manner, an establishment which can only be effective when instituted on a permanent basis.

In the discharge of your duty you will, of course, visit the Gaol and report on the general state of the prisoners confined in it, as well as any particular matter which may be brought under your notice.

The improvement and welfare of the District is occasionally noticed by the Chairman of this Court in his address to the Grand Jury, and I shall, therefore, say a few words on our present prospects. Before this Court again meets, most probably Kingston will have ceased to be the Capital of United Canada. Many persons will at first, no doubt, suffer by the removal of the Seat of Government, but I am by no means one of those who depend on the subject. The Town has become a City, and its natural advantages whether as a Naval and Military station, or as the chief Commercial Town on Lake Ontario must always render it second to none in Western Canada.

Were a main road opened and improved direct to the settlements North of Kingston an artery would be formed which would soon remove the depression attending on the change I have alluded to. As yet the Midland District has received no direct benefit from the improvements which are rapidly progressing in other parts of the Province, but I trust that in time the attention of the proper authorities will be directed towards its capabilities as well as its wants, and that both will receive that consideration which they so well merit.

Mayor of Kingston.—The annual election of Mayor took place on Monday last, when the Common Council unanimously elected JAMES SAMPSON, Esq. a choice which will, we believe, give general satisfaction. Dr. Sampson was formerly Mayor in the years 1839-40. Mr. Counter, the late Mayor, had become ineligible for re-election by a residence outside of the Corporation limits. This gentleman, who has been our chief-Magistrate for the last three years, has taken a most active part in forwarding the interests of the Town, and though recent events have changed the prospects which the inhabitants generally relied on, and on which the Common Council felt themselves authorized to act, there is no doubt that Mr. Counter throughout his Mayoralty devoted himself to the interests of the Town with a zeal, energy, and forgetfulness of self, worthy of all praise, and which merits the gratitude of the inhabitants. His valuable services will be missed in this present juncture of our public affairs, and it is to be regretted that he could not legally have remained in office until the splendid public building can be finished which has been principally carried on through his disinterested exertions.

Query!—What does the Editor of the *Whig* mean by saying that the new Mayor was elected by the Council almost unanimously, when it is well known Catholics were united in their choice?

ENCOURAGE HOME ENTERPRIZE.

We learn from good authority that Capt. Richardson, intends to place two of his well appointed steamers on the route between Kingston and Niagara, touching at Oswego during the present season—and that the *Chief Justice Robinson* will be in Kingston on the 15th inst., to take her place on the line. It is quite evident that unless Capt. Richardson is heartily supported in this enterprize by the Merchants of this section of the country and the Canadian travelling public generally, he will be unable to compete for any length of time with the American steamboats plying on the same route. It is well known that for many years Capt. R. has confined himself to the navigation of the head of the Lake between Toronto and Lewiston, and that he has spared no expense in building and fitting up his steamers in the most substantial, commodious, and we may say elegant style for the accommodation and comfort of his passengers—and for his enterprize in this respect he has been till last year fairly left to reap the fruits of his praiseworthy exertions. Last season, however, the American steamers plying between Ogdensburgh and Lewiston, ran across the Lake and touched at Toronto on their way up and down, thus not only interfering with Capt. Richardson's route, but also with the *Admiral* and *America* two new steamers built by Mr. Bethune to ply between Toronto, Rochester, Cobourg, &c. And it will be in the recollection of most of our readers that the Custom House Officers at Rochester thought proper to seize both of these steamers on most frivolous grounds, for the purpose of driving them off the route and thereby preventing their interference with American enterprize. To these facts we may add another, and that is that a British steamboat plying between Kingston and Oswego never receives any support from our neighbors which they can conveniently retain for an American vessel. These are incontrovertible facts, and we conscientiously feel that we are actuated by no narrow selfishness in giving utterance to them. We do not complain of the conduct of our friends across the line.—We merely exhort Canadians to follow their example. British boats are the property of British subjects—manned by British seamen—and why should they not be supported by the British Merchant, the British Traveller and the British Emigrant. The steamers on this side of the Lake are unquestionably better sea-boats, and in every way more commodious than the American vessels, and should be preferred even on these grounds, and we hope that in future they will be more liberally dealt with.

The route between Kingston and Queenston, via Oswego, by Capt. Richardson's steamers will be the most direct to New York, Boston, or the Falls of Niagara, Buffalo, &c., as they will not touch at any of the intermediate American ports. Our Merchants here should give their American Agents notice to forward their merchandize by Capt. R.'s steamers from Oswego, and the travelling community will soon find it to their interest and advantage to patronize them. The tourist may leave Kingston in the evening and visit the Falls of Niagara next day. There is a railroad from Queenston to the Falls and Chippewa from which Port the new and fast sailing steamboat *Emerald* (a notice of which see on first page) plys daily to Buffalo, passing Navy Island and the picturesque scenery of the Niagara River. This route is decidedly preferable to that on the American side—where first comes a rough ride of 7 miles from Lewiston to the Falls—thence by railroad to Buffalo, which passes through a dismal, swampy, uncultivated country.

We understand that sufficient funds will shortly be placed at the disposal of the Commissioners of the Kingston and Napanee Turnpike Trust, to complete the unfinished section of 5 or 6 miles of road between Perry's Corner and Napanee. This announcement, we are sure will be very satisfactory to the public, and more particularly to our Napanee friends, who have been obliged hitherto to wade through 5 or 6 miles of mud, two or three feet deep, ere they could avail themselves of the advantages of a road for which they are heavily taxed. The formation of a Macadamized or Plank Road from Montreal to Toronto, would be a matter of very great importance to the Province. We feel satisfied that such an undertaking is practicable, and the subject is well worthy the attention of the Provincial Legislature.

Melancholy Circumstance.—A young man named Knight was unfortunately killed yesterday on the Waterloo road. He was driving a span of horses with a load of brick, and it is supposed that he had gone forward on the tongue of the waggon to fix some portion of the harness, from which he slipped to the ground, thereby starting the horses. The wheels passed over his breast causing instantaneous death.

We are glad to learn from the following address to the Electors of Leeds, that their old friend, WM. BUELL, Esq., Editor and Proprietor of the Brockville Recorder, has determined to come forward as a Candidate for their suffrages, when the proper time arrives. Ogle R. Gowan, Esq., we presume, will be Mr. B.'s opponent:—

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF LEEDS.

GENTLEMEN—In compliance with the solicitations and expressed wishes of many influential Electors of the County, I beg leave to state that I have consented to offer myself as a Candidate for your suffrages at the next General Election. At a future period I shall have the pleasure of addressing you at greater length.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
WILLIAM BUELL.

Brockville, March 28th, 1844.

We have received from Messrs. Ramsay, Armour & Co., Parts 16 and 17 of the elegant cheap edition of Sir W. Scott's Novels.

Westminster Review.—We have received the March number of this highly interesting periodical from Messrs. Ramsay, Armour, & Co. The following are the Contents:—

Shakespearian Criticism—Macbeth.
Progress of Art.
Knight's Ecclesiastical Architecture of Italy.
Stratford, a Tragedy.
The Land Tax.
Etruscan Monuments.
Niebuhr and the Classical Museum.
Practical considerations for the Promotion of Architecture (with Illustrations.)
British Embassy to Shoa.
Earl Spencer and the state of Parties.
Postscript.—Van Landan—the Corporation of London—New Coal Duty, &c. &c.

The elegant Architectural Illustrations in this number are worth twice its cost.

☞See advertisement for the other Magazines for March.

The Weather has been mild and pleasant since Sunday, and although a south wind has drifted a good deal of ice into the harbor, the channel is clear. A Toronto Steamer is expected to-day.

The arrangements for the removal of the Government from Kingston to Montreal are now rapidly drawing to completion.

The residence of his Excellency will be ready for his reception by the first of June. The principal Government offices will be removed from ten to fifteen days before that date.—[Mont. Gazette.

It is said that the great coats, called sacks, have saved millions of dollars to the United States the last year, by covering up old clothes.

The Honourable S. B. Harrison.—We perceive by recent letters, received from Kent, that the return of Mr. Harrison for that County at the next election is beyond doubt.—His numerous friends in the county are fully alive to the important duty they will have to discharge when the proper period arrives; and by cordial co-operation they are sure to succeed. We deem it unnecessary to publish the correspondence that has been sent us on this subject; and the demands on our columns are at present too great to admit our doing so.—[Toronto Colonist.

Appropriation of the Reward for the Recovery of Pomeroy & Co's Trunk.—Judges Kent and Ingraham and Mr. Lambert Suydam, the arbitrators for distributing the $6100 agreed to be paid for the recovery of the lost trunk, have made the following award:—To Hiram W. Felter, second teller of the Merchants' Bank, for detecting the $500 note that was presented to the Bank of New York, $3000; to Munson Clarke, Mayor's first marshal for the arrest of the German Lechner, $1200; Samuel Walker, second teller of the Bank of New York for marking the $500 note with the name of Van Sehl, when he paid it to that Bank, $900; to James E. Kelly, clerk with Drew, Robinson & Co. for giving description of the stolen bills to the several banks of the city of New York, $600; and to James McGrath, police officer, for finding the trunk and money $300.

Dreadful Explosion.—It is our melancholy duty, says the Petersburgh Intelligencer of Saturday to record another of those dreadful calamities against which no human foresight can guard. On Friday morning, a locomotive with a train of 32 burden cars, left the depot of the Petersburgh and Roanoke road at about 9 o'clock. After passing the first curve on the road it was discovered that one of the cars had got off the track, and the engine was of course immediately stopped—the engineer gettting down to see the nature of the difficulty. As soon as the car had been placed on the track, the engineer returned to his post and put the engine in motion. No sooner had he done so, than the boiler burst, tearing the engine to atoms and the engineer literally *into pieces*; at the same time killing a negro man, who was a fireman, and very severely injuring another.

Public Income and Expense of England.—A return has just been laid before Parliament, on the motion of Mr. Baring, of the net public income of the United Kingdom, with an amount of the balances remaining in the Exchequer on the 5th day of January, 1843 and 1844. The total amount of revenue for the year ending January 5, 1844, derived from direct and indirect taxes, was £51,009,978 7s.; and from other receipts, £1,512,839,—making altogether £52,582,817 10s. 2d.

Of the latter sum the money received from China forms the principal item, and amounts to £1,315,209 1s. 6d. The total charge of the funded debt is £28,581,076 4s. 2d.; for the army, £5,997,156; for the navy, £6,606,056; and the ordinance, £1,910,701. The balance in the Exchequer on the 5th day of January, 1843, was £1,390,059, and (thanks to the income tax) at the same period, 1844, it amounted to £3,771,601 1s. 4½d.

BIRTH,

On last Wednesday, 28th March, Mrs. F. W. Smith of a daughter.

On the 20th March, at the Lake of Two Mountains, the Lady of J. G. McPavish, Esq., of the Hon. Hudson's Bay Co.'s Service, of a daughter.

DIED,

In this town, on Monday night, the 1st instant, ANNE FRANCES, daughter of Francis M. Hill, Esq. aged 6 years and 8 months.

At Guilford, on the 20th ult., JAMES GEORGE GERRARD, infant son of the Hon. Peter McGill, of Montreal.

In Toronto, on the 20th ultimo, of consumption, ROBERT, aged 18, only son of Mr. John Elliott, Clerk of the Municipal Council.

In Toronto on the 23rd ultimo, after a short illness, Mr. Cristopher Beaty, aged 33, a native of Dublin.

HOT CROSS BUNNS

WILL be ready on GOOD FRIDAY Morning, at Dumble's Confectionary, Brock Street, at 7 o'clock.

Kingston, March 13, 1844.

BAY OF QUINTE.

THE STEAM BOAT

PRINCE EDWARD,

WILL LEAVE KINGSTON for BELLEVILLE every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings at 9 o'clock, and BELLEVILLE on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings at 8 o'clock.

N. B. Passage free for all Reverend Gentlemen of all denominations.

The Prince Edward will start from Greet's Wharf.

JACOB BONTER,
CAPTAIN.

Kingston, April 3rd, 1844. 80

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT,
Kingston, 30th March, 1844.

It has pleased His Excellency the Governor General to appoint the undermentioned persons Inspectors of Clergy Reserves, viz:—

JAMES KIRKPATRICK, Esquire, of Flamborough West, and JOHN WHITE, Esquire, of Trafalgar, for the Gore District, comprising the Townships of Beverly, Binbrooke, Esquesing, Flamborough East, Flamborough West, Glandford, Nelson, Nassageweya, Puslinch, Puslinch Gore and Trafalgar.

TO LET,

STORAGE for 4,000 Barrels of Flour. Apply to

WM. SIMPSON,
Ontario Street.

Kingston, 30th March, 1844. 80y

Mechanics' Institution, LECTURE.

ON THURSDAY next, the 11th instant, a LECTURE will be delivered in the *Court House* before the Mechanics' Institution, on

The Importance of Combining Moral with Intellectual Culture,

by the REV. MATHEW RITCHEY, M. A. The doors will open at half-past seven o'clock, and the Lecture commence at eight. Tickets

S. D. FOWLER,
Secretary.

Kingston, April 3, 1844.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF CANADA, &c.

I HEREBY intimate to all concerned, that I feel it necessary to decline complying with the request of the Commission of Synod, to call a Special Meeting of the Synod, for the fourth Wednesday of May next, which shall supersede the regular Meeting, appointed to be held on the 3rd day of July next, in as much as I find it to be beyond the powers with which I am invested to call such a Meeting.

JOHN CLUGSTON,
Moderator of Synod.

Quebec, 27th March, 1844. 80y

BRITISH MAGAZINES AND REVIEWS FOR MARCH.

JUST Received by the last Mail-Packet, the March Nos. of the following:

Bentley's Magazine,
United Service Journal,
Colburn's New Monthly Magazine,
Ainsworth's Magazine,
Westminster Review.

RAMSAY, ARMOUR, & Co.

April 3, 1844.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Kingston Post Office, 1st April, 1844.

☞ Persons calling for advertised letters, should be particular to ask for such.

A
Allen, Margaret
Allen, Archibald
Austin, Samuel
Abraham, Edward

B
Bailey, John
Barret, Thomas
Bass, M.
Beaupre, Amable
Beaupre, Edward
Begley, S.
Bell, William
Bennet, Henry
Bendor, James
Berrette, J. C. W.
Brenton, John
Browne, Robert
Bickerdike, Thomas
Bishop, Jeremiah H.
Bourk, M.
Brouer, Wm.
Brook, Thomas
Bugler, Mr.
Burkushaw, George

C
Cassie, L.
Calder, Charles
Cameron, Angus
Cameron, John
Campbell A.
Cargill, James
Caslin, Thomas
Carnegan, John
Carmichael, James
Cavell, Thomas
Chambers, Edward
Chatterton, Joseph
Chichester, Mrs.
Clark, Thomas
Clenaghy, M.
Coar, John
Cook, Catherine
Colburn, Margaret
Colborne, Job
Connor, James
Connell, R.
Conlin, John
Coughlan, Patrick
Craig, Robert
Crawford, Wm.

D
Davison, Wm.
Davis, Thomas
Darling Ira
Daly, Edward
Dalon, Mrs.
Deacon, Walter
Dickenson, Mr.
Donaghue, John
Dorland, Mrs. T.
Downie, Wm. M.
Dodd, Miss Eleanor
Driscoll, Timothy
Drury, Michael
Duamille, Charles
Dubonage, Antoine
Duncan, Mary

E
Edward, White
Elderbeck, Miss Sarah
Elliot, Isaiah

F
Faring, Thomas
Farrell, Wm.
Fenny, Peter
Ferris, Cory
Fitch, Prentiss G.
Fleet, Mrs.
Foset, Alex.
Frazer, Mary M.
Furrian, Charles

G
Galagher, Daniel
Gardner, Andrew
Gautin, Peodule
Gee, P.
Geffery, George
Giddy, Wm.
Gibson, John
Gilchrist, J.
Glennie, A.
Granger, Sam.
Graham, Wm.
Grahams, G.
Grant, Peter
Grass, Peter
Griffith, Edward
Gunn, John

H
Hackett, F.
Hall, Wm.
Hammond, W. W.
Hammond, J. P.
Hargan, John
Hartborden, Geo.
Healy, S.
Henderson, John
Henry, John
Herraughty, Margaret
Hicks, Robt.
Higgins, Nicholas
Hogg, R.
Holden, John
Hooper, H.
Howells, Thomas B.
Hughes, James
Huson, John
Hungerford, J. A.
Hunter, Hugh
Hunter, James
Hunter, D.

J
Jackson, William
Jackes, A.
Jackes, William
Jancs, Richard
Jenkins, C. W.
Jemison, R.
Johnson, J.
Johnson, Thomas
Jones, J.

K
Kavannah, Frederick
Kennedy, David
Kennedy, Michael
Keeler, William
Kelly, Patrick
Kelsey, William
Keenan, Mary
Kidd, Mrs.
Kelhoran, Luke
Kilpatrick, A.
Kilpatrick, James
King, Michael
Kirkpatrick, Ellen
Kirkpatrick, James
Kilpatrick, Hugh

Rated with United States Postage.

A
Anderson, Revd. Mr.

B
Bennett, Augustus
Brandburn, Edward
Brown, James
Brown, Mr.
Braiten, Daniel
Bunce, Thomas

C
Campbell, J.
Calaghan, George
Caisen, James
Carter, Rev. Mr.
Clapp, Richard
Conway, Mrs.
Correl, James
Craig, A. U.

D
Dawson, John
De Long, Jeremiah
Densley, Edward
Donohue, D. J.
Doyle, Michael

E
Ebbins, George
Elliot, W.

F
Faravell, F.

H
Harris, Capt. J.
Hamilton, J. W.
Herring, Sarah Ann
Hughes, Mary

J
Jacks, Peter
Joy, John
Johnston, Robt.
Jubien, Monsieur

I.
Lowery, Mrs.
Lannon, Thomas
2 Lahee, David
Lamberti, G. C.
Lee, Miss Eliza
Leggatt, John
Lester, Daniel
Letterey, William
Livingston, Charles
L'Neuveu, Louis
Livingston, Elizabeth
Logan, William
Logan, E.
Loggan, John

Mc
McArthur, John
McClure, George
McCracken, Isabella
McCurdy, Daniel
McDonald, Donald
McDonald, John
McDonnell, John
McDonnell, Mr.
McDonald, Alexander
McDonald, Angus
McDonald, J.
McDonnell, R. R.
McGuinn, Anthony
McGorman, Margaret
McGrath, John 2
2 McGavey, James
2 McIntyre, Archibald 2
McIntyre, Hugh
McKay, Ann
McKenzie, Walter
McLeoon, Robert
McMahon, Alexander
McNeely, George
McQueid, John
McRae, Miss Jesse
McLaren, Robert

M
Manness, Eliza
Marsden, Rev. J. J.
Marshall, William 2
Marshall, John
Maxwell, Thomas
Marshall, Capt.
Matheson, John
Mercer, L.
Miller, W. F.
Milne, Mrs. Mary
Mitchell, Alexander
Moon, Thomas
Montgomery, John
Morin, Ellen
Morrison, A.
Morrison, William
Moxley, Joseph
Moore, William

N
Nobes, John
Noble, James

O
Osborne, Thomas
Orser, Samuel
Orser, Gilbert
Osburn, Mary Ann
O'Meaty Peter
O'Donell, Mary
O'Dell, Amos
O'Brian, Lucius

P
Price, Joseph
Powell, Mrs. Matilda
Pool, Samuel
Playter, Susan
Penny, Mrs. A.
Phelps, Sarah

Q
Quigley, James

R
Rock, Louis
Ryan, John
Ross, Mr. James
Rorke, John
Rodinac, Eliza
Rielly, Elinor
Ranton, James

S
2 Swettenham, E. F.
Sutton, Martin
Sutton, William
Sullivan Patrick
Sughra, John
2 Strachan Mr.
Stuart, Jan
Stephenson, George
Steele, R.
Searle, John
Stanton, Martin
Smith, Elizabeth
Smith, G. W. L.
Smith, John
Smyth, Terence
Somerville, John
Simard, William
2 Sinclair A.
do Messrs. J.
Simard, William
Sicker, Whitney
Shannon, Mr.
Seymon, Benjamin
Scott, Abraham
do William
Scott, Ester

T
Taylor, Mrs. Mary
Thomas, Richard
Thompson, William
do George
do Mrs. D.
Thornton, Michael
Tomer, William
Tourrin, Joseph
Totten, Mary

V
2 Vair, George
Vanluvan, Charlotte
Vandusen, Revd.
Vaughan, John W.
Vincent, Edward
do Edwin

W
2 Wyatt, Caroline
Wright, Mrs. Mary
Wilcox, B. J.
Wilson, Christopher
Wilmot, John
Williamson, Adam
Whittan, James
White, Mr. J.
Wheatly, John
Wheeler, William
Webster, Thomas
Warren, T. D.
Ward, Catharine
Wagganer, S.

Kaine, Terrence
Keep, Henry
Keyes, Ann
Kennedy, David
King, James

L
La Low, Rev. S. P.

M
McCormic, Dennis
McGuinn, Anthony
McMahon, A.
McNicholas, E.
Mattis, Peter
Merril, Abirah
Members of Parliament,
Miller, D. G.
Moore, Miss Rebecca
2 Murphy, T.

N
Norton, John
Nolan, Samuel
Nugent, John

O
Oden, John
O'Connor, P.

P
Powley, John
Pullen, T.

Q
Quam, Sarah

R
2 Rudd, Mrs. Louise
Shepherd, G.
Sherry, James
Smithers, Wm. H.
Smith, Wm.
Spense, Wm.
Warwick, C.
Watson, T.

Such of the above letters as are not retired within six weeks, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Quebec.

ROBT. DEACON, P. M.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Midland District, } TO WIT: } ON Thursday the 29th day of February, 1844. will be sold at the Court House, in the Town of Kingston, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following land, seized by virtue of several Executions to me directed, out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench.

John Patton,
vs.
Thomas Smith and Randolph Pearsons.
James Dougall and William Keild Barrie,
vs.
Thomas Smith,

Town Lot No. 202 in the Town of Kingston.

Any person or persons having claims on any of the above described property, are requested to make the same known to me, on or before the day of sale.

THOMAS A. CORBETT,
Sheriff, M. D.

Sheriff's Office, Kingston, Nov. 29, 1844.

The Sale of the above Land is Postponed until the 1st day of April next, at the same time and place.

T. A. CORBETT,
Sheriff M. D.

Sheriff's Office, March 13th, 1844.

THE Sale of THOMAS SMITH'S LANDS, at the suit of John Patton, is POSTPONED until Saturday the 6th day of April inst.

T. A. CORBETT,
Sheriff M.D.

Kingston, April 3, 1844.

NOTICE.

INSTRUCTIONS given in the *German Language* by L. RITTER, late of the Military School of the Grand Duchy of Oldenburgh.—Unexceptionable References can be given. Apply at the Office of this paper.

Kingston, 27th March, 1844.

TAVERN STAND.

TO LET (with Spirit License for the present year) that well established Tavern Stand in Place d'Armes Street, Sign of the Royal Oak, near the Barrack Gate, for particulars apply on the premises, or to

SAMUEL McGOWAN.

Kingston, 13th March, 1844. 79z

THE Subscriber gives NOTICE, that having admitted his Son, George L. Mowat, into partnership, the business heretofore carried on by him at the corner of Princess and Bagot Streets, will after this date be continued under the firm of J. Mowat & Son.

JOHN MOWAT.

Kingston, 30th March, 1844. 79ii

TO LET,

THE OLD TAVERN STAND in Johnson Street, formerly occupied by Mr. Florence Donoghue, close to Mr. J. H. Greer's Wharf. Possession to be given on the 9th day of April next. For particulars enquire of the Subscriber on the premises.

ROBERT McGILL.

Kingston, 29th March, 1844. 79ni

REMOVAL.

T. BILTON has removed his Tailoring Establishment to Brock-street, 3 doors from Wellington-street. Having decided upon permanently establishing himself in Kingston, his arrangements are such as will enable him at all times to furnish any article in his line on reasonable terms.

Kingston, March 28th, 1844. 79z

TO LET.

AN Excellent Dwelling HOUSE on Johnston-street, consisting of Parlor, Dining and Drawing Room, five Bed Rooms, good Kitchen and Cellar; a large yard with Outbuildings complete. Possession given on the first of May. Enquire as above. 79z

SALE
Of Teas, and other Groceries,

AT THE CORNER COMMERCIAL MART BUILDINGS,

ON THURSDAY, the 11th April, will be sold without Reserve,

10 Boxes Twankay Tea,
12 do Young Hyson,
8 do Gunpowder,
4 do Imperial,
6 Bags Fine Green Coffee,
6 Bbls. Roasted do
10 Kegs Saleratus,
20 Bbls. Muscovado Sugar,
6 Qr. Casks Brandy,
6 do do White Wine,
10 Bbls. Vinegar,
5 Bbls. Turpentine,
Cavendish and Plug Tobacco, Cigars, Room Paper, Cut Tumblers, and Wine Glasses, and
30 Doz. Bottled Ale,
10 " " Porter,
6 " Brown Sherry.

Sale at 11 o'clock.

WILLIAM WARE,
Auctioneer & Agent.

Kingston, 29th March, 1844. 79

AUCTION SALE OF
TEAS, SUGARS, TOBACCOS, WINES, &C.

ON THURSDAY, April 4th, at the Subscriber's Auction Rooms, King Street, will be sold without reserve, to close consignments,

10 Chests Young Hyson Tea,
10 Boxes Twankay,
2 " Gunpowder,
3 " and 5 Caddies Souchong,
5 Hhds. bright Muscovado Sugar,
12 Kegs Plug Tobacco,
6 Ladies' Twist,
100 Boxes Cigars,
10 Jars Maccaboy Snuff,
1 Hogshead Molasses,
1 Hogshead Sherry Wine.

—ALSO—

A small quantity of Port, Sherry, and Madeira, in wood, and a quantity of bottled, with various other articles.

TERMS—Under £25 cash, over £25 approved endorsed Notes at 3 months.

Sale at 10 o'clock punctually.

THOMAS GREER,
Auctioneer.

Kingston, 29th March, 1844. 79

Midland District } TO WIT: } BY virtue of a writ of attachment issued out of the District Court of the Mid. District and to me directed against the Estate real and personal of Joseph Daly, Plasterer, an absconding or concealed debtor, at the Suit of David Buckus, for the sum of twenty two pounds eight shillings and ten pence, I have seized all the Estate, real as well as personal, of the said Joseph Daly, and unless the said Joseph Daly return within the jurisdiction of said Court and put in Bail to the action within three calender months or cause the said claim to be discharged, all the real and personal Estate of the said Joseph Daly, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, will be held liable for the payment, benefit and satisfaction of the said claim.

T. A. CORBETT, *Sheriff, M. D.*
Sheriff's Office, Midland District.

26th March 1844. 79-12i

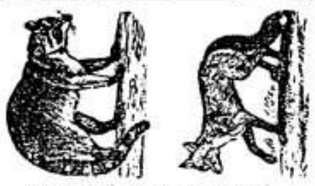
MIDLAND DISTRICT AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Midland District Agricultural Society, will be holden at Clark's Hotel, in the Village of Waterloo, on Tuesday the 16th April, 1844; for the purpose of appointing Officers for the ensuing year, Auditing the Annual accounts, and making other necessary arrangements, and also for taking into consideration the plan that will be submitted to the meeting for establishing an Agricultural Society in each Township.

Chair to be taken at one o'clock, P. M.

THOMAS GLASSUP,
Sec'y & Treas. M. D. A. S.

Kingston, 3rd March, 1844. 79bi



FURS WANTED

AT THE

KINGSTON FUR STORE:

400,000 Muskrat Skins,
20,000 Mink Skins,
15,000 Martin Skins,
10,000 Fisher do.
250,000 Raccoon do.
1,000 Bear do.
5,000 Otter do.

For which New York prices will be paid, deducting the amount of Exchange and Transportation.

J. A. MACDOWALL.

Brock Street, Kingston, March 29, 1844. 79-16i

CHRONICLE & GAZETTE
Stationery Warehouse
SELLING OFF

AT 25 per cent. below the usual prices previously to procuring their Spring supply. A general assortment of STATIONERY, JEWELRY, &c. &c., among which are the following Classical and other BOOKS:

Boyd's Anthon's Horace,
Negris Herodotus,
Adam's Roman Antiquities,
Potter's Grecian do.
Gradus ad Parnassum,
Thucydides,
Xenophon Anabasis,
Crombie's Gymnasium,
Homer's Iliad,
Hymnich's Cæsar,
Valpy's Virgil,
" Greek Delectus,
Dunbar's Greek Lexicon,
" " Exercises,
Latin Delectus,
Rudiments of Latin,
Eton Latin Grammar,
Adam's English and Latin Grammar,
Latin Exercises,
Dymock's Sallust,
Ovid's Metamorphoses,
Cornelius Nepos,
Tacitus,
Allen's Latin Delectus,
Elegantiæ Latinæ,
Riddle's Latin Dictionary,
Greek Gradus,
" Extracts,
" Exercises,
Demosthenes de Corona,
Outlines of Geography,
Nelson's Classical Atlas,
Mair's Latin Syntax,
Colloquiorum,
Phaedrus,
Plane Geometry,
Bonnycastle's Algebra,
Davidson's Mathematics,
LaFontaine's Fables,
Histoire de Charles XII.
Mangnall's Questions,
Histoire de France,
" of England,
" of Scotland and India,
Davidson's Arithmetic,
Morrison's do.
Thompson's do.
Walkingame's Tutor's Assistant,
Keys to do.
Grammars, Spelling Books, Readers,
Dictionaries,
Landman's and Brooke's Gazetteers,
Lowe's Agriculture,
Lives of Eminent Naturalists,
Moore's Works, } Splendid Edition.
Heman's " }
Burns' "
Milton's "
Pinnock's Catechisms,
Tales of the Borders,
Toy and Song Books, &c.
A great variety of Bibles, Prayer, Psalm and Hymn Books, Testaments, Catechisms, &c. &c.
CLARKE'S COMMENTARIES, London Edition.

Blank Books of every description, including Ledgers, Journals, Day and Bill Books, Poll Books, Scrap Books, &c., with a few elegant

Albums and Portfolios.

ALSO,

A lot of JEWELRY, among which are a great variety of EARRINGS, Brooches, Rings, Seals, Clasps, Mosaic Chains, and Pearl and Coral Necklaces.

Embossed Drawing Boards,
Chessmen and Dominoes,
Backgammon and Draught Boards,
Drawing Paper and Pencils,
Water Colors, in Boxes, &c.
Drawing Books, in great variety,
Pocket and Sheet Maps,
Card and Cigar Cases,
Plain and Colored Prints and Engravings,
Flutes and Violins, Violin Strings, and Racket Gut,
Playing, Conversation, & Visiting Cards,
Initial and Motto Fancy Wafers,
Hat, Tooth, Nail, Hair & Shoe Brushes,
Penknives of all kinds,
Pocketbooks and Tablets,
Mathematical Instruments,
A general assortment of FISHING TACKLE, as Flies, Rods, Reels, Lines, Baskets, Floats, &c.

ALSO,

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS,

Blank Deeds and Memorials, Warrants, Bail Bonds, Summonses, Mortgages, &c.

N. B. Books of every description made to order, and BINDING done on the most reasonable terms. Also, all kinds of

LETTER PESS PRNTNG

Executed in the best style and on the most moderate terms.

Chronicle & Gazette Office, Kingston, 30th March, 1844.

Something Attractive.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF

Books, Stationery and Household FURNITURE.

TO be Sold, by Public Auction, without reserve, in lots to suit purchasers, on Monday, the 8th day of April next, on the premises, Princess Street,

THE KINGSTON CIRCULATING LIBRARY,
Containing 2000 Volumes.

Sale to commence each evening at 6 o'clock, and to continue until the whole is disposed of. And on Friday, the 12th of April, as *the Proprietor is leaving Kingston*, the whole of the Household Furniture, &c.

The Kingston Circulating Library contains the works of the following celebrated authors. Scott, Bulwer, Marryatt, James, Dickens, Smollet, Cooper, Irving, Edgeworth, Porter, Gore, Trollop, Martineau, Pickering, Countess of Blessington, and others. Many works in History, Travels, Discoveries, Memoirs, Scientific and other subjects; and in addition to the above, about

250 *Volumes of French Works, by celebrated Authors.*

After the Sale of the above, a large assortment of New Books, Stationery, Quills, Pens, Ink, Drawing Pencils, Bibles, Testaments, School Books, and a variety of Miscellaneous Stock too numerous to detail.

The Sale of Household Furniture will commence at 10 o'clock on Friday morning, and consists of

Tables, Chairs, Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding—a very handsome Cooking Stove, nearly new, and other Stoves, Carpets, Cupboards, Pictures, and a capital Rifle, with Powder-horn, Bullet Mould, and a complete and large quantity of Kitchen utensils, &c.

THOMAS A. HAINES,
Auctioneer.

Kingston, March 27, 1844.

CORD WOOD.

TENDERS will be received at the office of the PROVINCIAL PENITENTIARY, until MONDAY, the 15th day of April next, from such persons as may be willing to furnish, for the service of the said Institution,

600 Cords Fire Wood,

Consisting of equal quantities of Hard Maple, Beech, Birch, Hickory, and Iron Wood, to be delivered on the Penitentiary Wharf, in the following proportion, viz:—

50 Cords on or before the 30th of April next.
100 Cords in each of the months of May, June, July, and August next.
150 Cords by the 31st day of October next.

The whole of the wood to be sound and to measure 4 feet from point to scarp.

Two Responsible securities will be required to be bound with the Contractor in the sum of Three Hundred Pounds for the due performance of such agreement as may be entered into, the expense of drawing up which is to be borne by them.

H. SMITH,
WARDEN.

Provincial Penitentiary, 23d March, 1844. 78

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS will