2 Days Later from Europe.

The packet ship Liverpool, Captain Holdrige, from Liverpool, 6th ult., arrived at N. Y. to the short passage of thirty days.

Lord Morpeth has been returned to Parliament.

The report of the latest Liverpool Cotton Market is favorable.

The report of Gen. Bertrand's death is confirmed.

THE OREGON TERRITORY.

House of Commons, Feb. 5.—In answer to Sir C. Napier, relative to instructions given to our slave cruisers to search suspected American slavers, and also with reference to the intentions of the American government as to the occupation of the Oregon territory,

Sir R. Peel expressed his desire that intimation of such questions should be given to him previously to their being put to him. He should answer the question with respect to the slave instructions to-morrow; with regard to the other part of the gallant commodore's question he knew nothing more of it than could be gathered from the ordinary sources fo information.

In reply to a question by Lord John Russel,

Sir Robert Peel said that the British Government had originated a communication with the government of the United States, with regard to the extreme advantage which would result from the settlement of the Oregon Territory question in an amicable manner, and had received a reply which did justify the hope that before this time some progress would have been made. A minister had, however, gone to Washington with full instructions on the subject, and he trusted that the negotiation would be brought to a speedy and satisfactory termination. (Hear.)

IRELAND.

THE STATE TRIALS.

Advices from Dublin are to the evening of the 5th ult. On that day O'Connell made his great speech.

On Saturday, 3d ult., the judges took their seats on the bench at ten o'clock in the morning. After the names of the traversers and the jury were called over, and answering,

Mr. O'Connell rose and said—I wish to state to the Court that the line to be taken by me will not be precisely that taken by the other counsel; and as I know that the materials which Mr. M'Donough means to use will occupy the Court the greater part of this day, if it will not interfere with the course of the trial, I would ask your Lordships not to call upon me this day. I promise the Court what I have to say shall not occupy much time, and I shall be enabled still further to condense my observations if I am not called upon until Monday.

The Chief Justice—Certainly, Mr. O'Connell.—Does Mr. Steele mean to address the jury.

Mr. O'Connell—No, my Lord.

Mr. M'Donough rose and resumed his address.

Mr. Holmes applied on the part of the junior bar, for liberty to occupy the gallery on Monday, during the delivery of Mr. O'Connell's speech, which excites so much interest.

The Chief Justice said the Court could not interfere with the excellent arrangements made by the sheriff.

The Court adjourned soon after to Monday.

Bank of England.—The usual average return, under the old act, of the liabilities and assets of the Bank of England, embracing the period from the 4th of November, 1843, to the 27th of January, 1844, both inclusive, which appeared in last night's Gazette, gives the following results, viz:

That the average of the 13 weeks ending the 27th January, 1844, as compared with the average of the 13 weeks ending the 4th of November, 1843, shows

An increase in the circulation of	£297,000
An increase in the deposits of	2,192,000
And an increase in the stock of bullion of	1,835,000

Wherefore it appears that the increase in the liabilities is £2,489,000; and this represents the increase in the total quantity of money in the 13 weeks ending the 27th of January, 1844, as compared with the 13 weeks ending the 4 h of November, 1843, in so far as regards the administration of the currency by the Bank of England.

The yearly comparison is as follows:—The average of the 13 weeks ending the 27th of January, 1844, as compared with the average of the 13 weeks ending the 28th of January, 1843, shows,

An increase in the circulation of	£269,000
An increase in the deposits of	2,755,000
An increase in the stock of bullion of	3,288,000

Wherefore, it appears that the increase in the liabilities is £3,024,000; and this represents the increase in the total quantity of money in the 13 weeks ending the 27th Jan. 1844, as compared with the 13 weeks ending the 28th Jan. 1843, in as far as regards the administration of the currency by the Bank of England.

Spain was in a transition state, in consequence of the death of the Infanta Charlotte. It was looked upon as a sort of an Irish *deo-dand*.

France was pretty much as usual.

No news from India.

All parts of Europe are quiet.

Upwards of £7000 has been collected in Scotland in aid of the £100,000 Great League Fund.

A colossal statue of the Queen has just been placed on the top of the Royal Institution, Edinburgh. It represents Her Majesty in a sitting posture, with the crown on her head, and the sceptre in her right hand, and leaning on the globe with her left. The likeness is as good as the size and character of the work would admit.

REPLY

Of His Excellency Sir Charles Theophilus Metcalfe, Bart., Governor General of Canada, to the Electors of the Second Riding of the County of York.

I receive, Gentlemen, with the highest degree of satisfaction the assurance of your devotion to our most gracious Sovereign, and of your approval of the conduct which it has been my duty to pursue, in order to preserve in allegiance to the Crown, this portion of the vast Empire over which her Majesty reigns with the love and admiration of her people.

I acknowledge with heartfelt thankfulness the sentiments of personal feeling towards myself, which you have expressed with a warmth and generosity that demand my cordial gratitude.

I came to Canada in order to devote myself to its welfare. I found a fine country, rich in natural resources, capable of great prosperity. Seeing or conceiving that dissention was the great bane of the Province, it became my anxious desire to unite all parties in the bonds of peace, conciliation, and brotherly love. A counteracting spirit prevailed in the quarter in which I ought to have been most zealously aided. I could not consent to conduct the administration of the Government on exclusive party principles—on principles of proscription, which precluded equal justice to all, and instead of conciliating, could not fail to irritate a large portion of Her Majesty's subjects, and to perpetuate animosities and party strife.

Neither could I consent to the degradation of the office of Representative of Her Majesty to the condition of a mere tool in the hands of a party, with a view to those party purposes which could not otherwise be accomplished.

Hence a cry has been raised, accusing me of hostility to Responsible Government, although responsibility to the people has influenced me in every act; and, notwithstanding that I had pursued and was pursuing to a degree unknown in any other Colony in the world, the mode of Responsible Government which I had found but recently established here. If any proofs were wanting of my anxiety to carry on the Government according to the system of Responsibility, it would be found in the delay which has taken place in the completion of the Executive Council, owing solely to my desire to form such a council as possessing my confidence, would also be likely to obtain that of the representatives of the people.

The unfounded cry raised against me, has partially accomplished its purposes, with the party disposed to uphold those from whom my duty compelled me to differ; and not only have I been unscrupulously charged with denying that which I have affirmed, but what is an infinitely greater evil, the good of the country has been sacrificed to party purposes, and measures have been crushed by party power, which were declared to be necessary for the welfare of the Province, by the same party that first introduced and then destroyed them.

Every effort has been, and is being made to embitter the people against me personally, to persuade them that I am opposed to their rights and liberties, and thereby to obstruct Her Majesty's government; to substitute collision in lieu of co-operation; and, consequently, to impede the progress of prosperity in the Colony, and endanger our connection with the mother country.

I trust that these attempts will fail, and that the good sense of the great majority of the people will perceive, that there is in reality no question at issue which could warrant opposition to her Majesty's Government, or the withholding of that support which all loyal subjects are bound to afford, when there is no just cause for the contrary.

It has been most gratifying to me, to receive from numerous quarters, addresses similar in spirit to the one which you have presented, all assuring me that my honest intentions for the welfare of the Province, and the administration of the Government, are appreciated and approved; and that I shall be supported in my endeavours to promote equal justice to all classes and creeds, the extinction of party feuds, the establishment of harmony and mutual good will, the reward of meritorious service to the State, the oblivion of political offences, economy in the public expenditure, the advancement of useful works, and the adoption of every just and liberal measure tending to the prosperity and happiness of Canada, in connection with the British Empire, and with equal regard to the prerogative of the Crown and the rights of the People; which, instead of being at variance, are maintained in unison for the general good.

HIS EXCELLENCY'S REPLY

To the Inhabitants of Chambly, Subscribers to the Address from that place.

I thank you, gentlemen, cordially for your loyal Address, and for the kind sentiments which you express towards me.

It is my duty to promote the welfare of Canada, and to maintain unimpaired our connection with the British Empire. In resisting the late attempt to induce me to surrender the Prerogative of the Crown into the hands of a party, I was acting strictly in discharge of that duty; for uncontrolled and unmitigated party government would both injure the welfare of the Province, and destroy its connection with the United Kingdom.

There is a class of men in this Province in a very pitiable plight, and whose case, His Excellency the Governor General should forthwith take into consideration. We allude to the Teachers of the Common Schools, whose services for the year 1843 are still unrecompenced. The money raised by taxation on the people is in the hands of the several District Treasurers, but the money voted by Parliament is not forthcoming, and consequently the poor teachers are unable to draw their hardly-earned stipends. This is a most preposterous proceeding. If the State interferes in Education at all, its interference should be efficient and prompt. But what sort of promptness or efficiency is that which requires teachers, generally speaking not men in very affluent circumstances, to serve the public for 14 or 15 months, without receiving remuneration for their services? What would the late occupants of the "treasury benches" have said, had their salaries not been as punctually forthcoming as quarter day itself? And have not the Common School Teachers infinitely greater reason to complain?

The fact is that the Teachers ought to be paid half-yearly. It is as long as in their circumstances, they can afford to wait; and if His Excellency will put the Government grant on that footing, the several District Councils will no doubt follow the example with regard to the funds raised by their authority. In the mean time, however, the Teachers should be immediately paid what is due to them for their last year's services.—[Niagara Chronicle.

Welland Canal.—We understand that the labourers have all struck for an advance of wages.

Last Friday there was a manifestation of "destructiveness" at Allanburg. Several barrows belonging to one of the Contractors were destroyed, and the windows of Mr. Swayze's Tavern and Mr. Falconbridges' store were all smashed in. Some of the parties implicated have been lodged in gaol.

We learn that Mr. Power, the engineer of the Board of Works, has suspended one of the Contracts in consequence of complaints that the Contractor gave short weight in the commodities purchased at his store by the laborers, and otherwise treated them with injustice. It is to be hoped that this will be a lesson to the laborers. If when they have unjust treatment to complain of, instead of wreaking vengeance with their own hands, they will endeavor to obtain redress by authenticating their complaints to the Engineer, to Mr. Thorburn, or to the Magistrates on the line of the canal, their interests will be far more efficiently promoted. The authorities we are sure will, at any rate as far as their power extends, see justice done to them.

We have heard complaints that "short weights," are not restricted to the portion of the Canal upon which the contract has been suspended, and that laborers are compelled to purchase provisions at the stores of contractors. Now there is an Inspector of Weights and Measures in this District, and persons using such as do not bear his mark are liable to be fined on complaint being made to a magistrate. And if Contractors carry on the truck system, they violate a leading condition of their contracts, the remedy for which rests with the Board of Works.—[Ib.

A man named De Witt, charged with being concerned in the destruction of the mill of Gilbert McMicking, Esq., of Chippewa, has been once more safely lodged in our gaol, having been brought over and surrendered by the Buffalo authorities. It will be remembered that he was once before imprisoned on the same charge; singularly enough, he was on that occasion admitted to bail, and immediately absconded to the States. Of late he has been attempting to institute an action against the Buffalo magistrates for some alleged unlawful proceedings connected with his former capture. The result of the contest with the authorities is the surrender to justice of himself. He made a vigorous attempt to escape on the Common, but the constables were too many for him.—[Ib.

Fredericton, Feb. 28.—The standing order of the House was moved on Saturday last by Col. Allen; the cause of this is understood to have been the appearance of some remarks in the Loyalist, reflecting upon the characters of several members of the House, in connection with their conduct during the late discussion on the address to the Governor General. On Monday the House met under the same order, and the Sergeant-at-Arms was commanded to bring the Editors of the paper in question before the bar of the House, when having admitted the writing and publishing of the objectionable statement, they were ordered to be imprisoned during the pleasure of the House.—[Head Quarters.

To Our Subscribers.—Some irregularity will unavoidably take place in the publication of the Loyalist, in consequence of the incarceration of its publishers, and as we suffer in our attempts to carry out great principles, we have no doubt but proper allowance will be made. To those who have subscribed for the debates alone, we assure them that if we are not released in a day or two by a writ of *Habeas Corpus*, we shall procure a competent person to report in our stead; and any numbers they may fall short of shall be made up to them in a Legislative Review, which we intend to publish after the close of the session—[Loyalist.

BIRTHS,

Yesterday morning, the lady of T. Bouthillier, Esq., Acting Commissioner of Crown Lands, of a Son.

In this City, on the 12th instant, Mrs. A. W. Laird, of a Daughter.

At Montreal, on the 5th instant, the lady of J. W. Duncomb, of a Daughter.

MARRIED,

At Watertown, on Wednesday the 6th instant, by the Rev. Isaac Brayton, Mr. A. B. Hawke, Junr., eldest son of A. B. Hawke, Esq., Chief Emigrant Agent, to Jane, second daughter of Joseph Bruce, Esq., all of Kingston, Canada.

At Bath, on the 25th February, by the Rev. Mr. Harper, Mr. Lewis McCoy, of Kingston, to Miss Deborah Mullett, of Picton.

DIED,

Yesterday morning, at the Mineral Wells, George Davis, infant son of Mr. James Bone.

At Milford, on the 3d instant, Dr. John Keogh, Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Dublin.

On the 24th December last, at the residence of her daughter, in Spittal, near Newcastle-on-Tyne, Elizabeth Collingwood, aged 65 years, wife of the late Mr. John Shother, of Wooler, Northumberland, England.

At Montreal, on the 8th inst., of inflamation in the brain, Mrs. Shea, widow of the late Luke Shea, so long known here as Master Ship Builder for the Marine Railway Company.

SALE THIS EVENING.

ON WEDNESDAY Evening next, 13th instant, will be Sold at the Subscriber's Auction Room, to close consignments, a quantity of German Silver Pencils, Fish Slices, Spoons, Thimbles, &c.; SILVER WATCHES, a quantity of Music for the Piano, Violin, Fluto, &c. A lot of BOOKS, Flutes, &c.

Sale at 7 o'clock.

J. LINTON,
A. B. & C. M.

Kingston, March 9, 1844. 73

HOT CROSS BUNNS

WILL be ready on Good Friday Morning, at Dumble's Confectionary, Brock Street, at 7 o'clock.

Kingston, March 13, 1844.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

MAILS for ENGLAND will be closed at this Office on the following days, viz:

Via HALIFAX, on Monday the 18th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M.

Via BOSTON, on Wednesday the 27th instant, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

ROB'T DEACON, P. M.

Post Office, Kingston, 13th March, 1844. 74

LOOK HERE!

THOSE Subscribers to the Mechanics' Institution who are withholding their books from the Library, are solicited to return them on the evenings of Mondays or Thursdays without further delay.

THOMAS SHAND,
Librarian.

March 13, 1844. 74

TAVERN STAND

TO LET (with Spirit License for the present year,) that well established Tavern Stand in Place d' Armes Street, Sign of the Royal Oak, near the Barrack Gate, for particulars apply on the premises, or to

SAMUEL McGOWAN,

Kingston, 13th March, 1844. 74bi

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Midland District, to wit: } ON Thursday the 29th day of February, 1844, will be sold at the Court House, in the Town of Kingston, at 11 o'clock, noon, the following land, seized by virtue of several Executions to me directed, out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench.

John Patton,
vs.
Thomas Smith and Randolph Pearsons.

James Dougall and William Keild Barrie,
vs.
Thomas Smith,

Town Lot No. 202 in the Town of Kingston.

Any person or persons having claims on any of the above described property, are requested to make the same known to me, on or before the day of sale.

THOMAS A. CORBETT,
Sheriff, M. D.

Sheriff's Office, Kingston, Nov. 29, 1844.

The Sale of the above Land is Postponed until the 1st day of April next, at the same time and place.

T. A. CORBETT,
Sheriff M. D.

Sheriff's Office, March 13th, 1844.

ADVERTISEMENT.

"To this Complexion we must come at last!!!"

☞A Prophetic Quotation in 1837.☜

IN the midst of universal panic in 1837 and 1838, when the Banks throughout the Union suspended Specie payments, when ruin and bankruptcy had prostrated not oblest merchants, and when at last even several of our States became delinquent and were unable to satisfy their public creditors, and all was a chaos of confusion—SYLVESTER then prophetically proclaimed, "*To this complexion we must come at last!!*" He then asserted, and he now repeats, that Young America might for a season suffer in the estimation of claimants at home and abroad, but for a *season only*—the vast resources of the country—the enterprise of the people, and their national pride—would ultimately again place her first and foremost in her financial pretensions; but that to ensure this "devoutly to be wished for" consummation, a Tax, direct or indirect, must be submitted to. Our Legislative bodies are at length rousing from their apathy, and *Old Pennsylvania* has already framed a law to levy taxes in order to pay the interest of her debt; and if the wiseacres there will follow the example of Maryland, and authorise a State Lottery weekly, they might, without any difficulty, soon be in a situation to pay their dividends regularly as they become due. This enlightened age should at once dismiss all narrow-minded views on the subject of Lotteries, and admit similar schemes to be drawn; when *Pennsylvania*, and all *other defaulting States*, might easily pay every cent. Let them institute the Magnificent List prepared by SYLVESTER for APRIL, and "out-Herod Herod."—Remark is superfluous—There will be FOUR SCHEMES drawn in Alexandria, when the Capitals alone will amount to near TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS! besides several other brilliant and favorable Lotteries, *legally authorized* by the several States, and the Prizes guaranteed to the public. All therefore that remains, is to make your selection without delay, and forward your orders to the oblest and luckiest and most regular office in the world!—Address—

S. J. SYLVESTER,
130 Broadway, and 22 Wall-st. New York.

THERE never was a better Scheme than the following, which combines every possible advantage of magnitude, diversity, and favorable arrangement. Tickets in this Lottery will all be speedily sold, and it is recommended that early application be made to secure a chance.

$50,000, $20,000, $10,000,

50 Prizes of $1,000 are $50,000!

ALEXENDRIA LOTTERY,

(By authority of Congress,)

Class Easter 1844. To be drawn at Alexandria, (D. C.) on Saturday, April 20, 1844, (under the superintendance of Commissioners appointed by the Mayor and Common Council.) 78 No. Lottery—13 drawn Ballots. J. G. Gregory & Co., Managers.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.

1	Grand Prize of 50,000 Dollars is		$50,000
1	do.	of 20,000 Dollars is	20,000
1	do.	of 10,000 Dollars is	100,00
1		of 6,000 do.	6,000
1		of 5,000 do.	5,000
1		of 2,915 do.	2,915
50		of 1,000 do.	50,000
50		of 500 do.	25,000
50		of 250 do.	12,500
130		of 200 do.	26,000
65		of 100 do.	6,500
65		of 80 do.	5,200
65		of 50 do.	3,250
65		of 40 do.	2,600
130		of 30 do.	3,900
4,680		of 24 do.	112,320
27,040		of 12 do.	324,480
32,396 PRIZES,		Amounting to	$665,665

Tickets, $12. A certificate of a Package of 26 Tickets will be sent for $160. Shares in proportion.

$30,000.

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, Class 13, for 1844; to be drawn at Alexandria, (D. C.) Saturday the 6th day of April, 1844. 75 Numbers—12 Drawn Ballots.

GRAND CAPITALS.

$30,000! 10,000! 6,000! 3,140! 2,000! 2,500! 2,000! 50 Prizes of $1,000 each! 20 of 500, 20 of 300, 123 of 200, 126 of 100, &c. &c. &c.

Tickets Ten Dollars.

A Certificate of a Package of 25 whole Tickets will be sent for $130. Shares in proportion.

DELAWARE STATE LOTTERY, Class K, for 1844; to be drawn at Wilmington, (Del.) on Wednesday 10th April, 1844. 78 Numbers—12 Drawn Ballots.

GRAND SCHEME.

$30,000! 10,000! 5,690! 4,000! 3,000! 5 of 1,500! 10 prizes of 1,200 dollars each, 100 of 1,000 dollars each, 100 of 400 dollars, 66 of 100 dollars.

Tickets only Ten Dollars.

A Certificate of a Package of 26 Tickets will be sent for $140. Shares in proportion.

$30,000.

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, Class 14, for 1844; to be drawn at Alexandria, (D. C.) on Saturday, 13th of April, 1744. 75 Numbers—13 Drawn Ballots.

GRAND CAPITALS.

$30,000! 10,000! 6,000! 5,000! 4,000! 2,500! 2,000! $1,747! 25 prizes of 1,000 dollars each! 25 of 500 dollars, 26 of 300 dollars, 200 of 200 dollars, 62 of 300 dollars, 55 of 250 dollars, 110 of 200 dollars.

Tickets Ten Dollars.

A Certificate of a Package of 25 Tickets will be sent for 130. Shares in proportion.

DELAWARE STATE LOTTERY, Class M, for 1844; to be drawn at Wilmington, Del., on Wednesday April 24, 1844. 78 Numbers—12 Ballots.

GRAND SCHEME.

$30,000! 10,000! 5,690! 4,000! 3,000! 5 of 1,500, 10 prizes of $1,300 each, 100 prizes of $1,000 each, 100 of 400, 66 of $100.

Tickets Ten Dollars!

A Certificate of a Package of 26 Tickets will be sent for $140. Shares in proportion.

$30,000.

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, Class 15, for 1844; to be drawn at Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday 27th of April, 1844. 60 Numbers—12 Drawn Ballots.

GRAMD SCHEME.

$30,000! 10,000! 4,000! 3,000! 2,000! 10 Prizes of $1,500 each! 10 of $500, 10 of $400, 10 of $300, 10 of $250, 65 of 240, $110 of $200, &c. &c. &c.

Tickets Ten Dollars—Shares in proportion.

A Certificate of a Package of 22 Tickets will be sent for $110. Shares in proportion.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Midland District, to wit: } ON Saturday the 9th day of March, 1844, will be Sold at the Court House in the Town of Kingston, the following property belonging to John McLean, seized by virtue of two Executions issued out of the Court of Queen's Bench at the suit of the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Upper Canada, and one issued out of the Midland District Court, at the suit of James Fraser, all the right, title and interest of the above named defendant, John McLean, in Lots No. 225, 226, 227, 91, 102, 103, 114, 115, and 276 in the Town of Kingston, Lot No. 22 or Gore in the Township of Pittsburgh, Lots 1, 2, and 3, with Belles Island, and broken front, and part of Lot Nos. 5, and 6, on West side of great River Cataraqui in the Township of Kingston, and South East quarter of Lot No. 9 in the 4th Concession of Kingston.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, noon.

THOMAS A. CORBETT,
Sheriff, M D.

Sheriff's Office, Kingston, 5th Dec., 1843.

Any person having claims on the above property, will please make them known to me on or before the day of Sale.

T. A. CORBETT.

The above Sale is POSTPONED until the 24th day of April next, at the same time and place.

T. A. CORBETT,
Sheriff, M D.

Sheriff's Office, Kingston, 9th March, 1844. 74

PUBLIC NOTICE.

WHEREAS certain Lands, Town Lots No. 226, 227, 91, 102, 103, 18, 115 and 276 in the Town of Kingston; Lot No. 22 or Gore in the Township of Pittsburgh; Lots 1, 2 and 3 with Belles Island, and broken front on the West side of great River Cataraqui, in the Township of Kingston, and South East quarter of Lot No. 9 in the 4th Concession of Kingston, have been advertised by the Sheriff of the Midland District to be sold to satisfy certain executions against John McLean; and the undersigned having Titles in fee simple or for a term of years to different parts of the above Lots (which parts may be ascertained by reference to the Registry Office for the County of Frontenac or the Subscribers) the Public are hereby Cautioned against purchasing those parts in which the undersigned have any Title.

Allan McLean, Jane McLeod, John Seale, Thomas Kelly, Robert Hughes, Thomas Hamilton, Thomas Paul, Anthony Manahan, Alex. Macdonald, Wm. Wilkinson, Pat'k C. Murdock, Richard Hughes, William Bruce, Chas. Hobrough.

Kingston, 9th March, 1844. 74z

WINES, WINES!

THE Subscriber has received, and is now offering for sale, about 150 Doz. superior Table Wines, consisting of OLD PORT and SHERRY, having been in bottles upwards of *Eighteen Years*. Families wishing a supply will do well to call soon, as the whole will soon be disposed of.

J. LINTON, A. B. & C.M.

Kingston, March 8, 1844. 73ii

SALE OF FREEHOLD PROPERTY.

WILL be sold on Wednesday, 20th inst., on the premises West end of Bagot Street, and nearly opposite the Catholic Church, a BRICK BUILDING of 31 feet front, by 27 deep, and 20 feet yard, well adapted for 2 small families, having 4 large rooms and Cellar to each, and presently let for £60 per annum. The present offers a favourable opportunity for a profitable investment.

TERMS at Sale. Sale at TEN o'clock.

J. LINTON,
A. B. & C. M.

Kingston, March 9, 1844. 73ii

TO LET.

THE Cottage adjoining the residence of James Hutton Esq., Wellington Street, of which immediate possession can be given. This dwelling is very convenient and pleasantly situated, and will be let at a reasonable rent to suit the times.

J. LINTON.

Kingston, Feb. 28, 1844. 70z

BAY OF QUINTE.

THE STEAM BOAT

PRINCE EDWARD,

WILL on the opening of the Navigation commence her route on the Bay of Quinte, between Kingston and Belleville, making four weekly trips during the season.

THOMAS GREER,
Agent.

Kingston, 9th March, 1844.

TO BE LET,

A 3 STORY STONE HOUSE, situate in Wellington Street, opposite Mr. Cottages, at present occupied by Mrs. Hill as a boarding-house. The house is new, having been built last spring, and contains eight spacious Bed-rooms, one Dining-room, two Parlors, a large Kitchen and Servants' Apartments, &c.; also, a good Well in the basement story, with a constant supply of pure water. Attached to the house there is a good Yard and Stabling for three or four horses.

Terms made known by the Subscriber, or at Capt. Hunter's Marine Store, Ontario Street.

LUKE CORMIER.

Wellington St., Kingston, 9th March, 1844. 73gi

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice that he will be responsible for no debts contracted without his written order.

JAMES MORGAN.

Kingston, March 6, 1844. 73ii

STEAMBOAT BY AUCTION.

WILL be Sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Office of the Subscribers, on THURSDAY, the 21st March instant, the STEAMBOAT

LORD STANLEY,

Now lying at Lachine, with Anchors, Chains, Tackle, and Furniture. This Boat is nearly new, having only run altogether about six months during the seasons of 1842 and '43. The Hull was built by Mr. Merritt, at the foot of the Current, of the best materials; the Engine made by Ward & Brush, Low Pressure, 27 inch cylinder, 8 feet stroke, and works up to about 30 horse power; wrought iron Shafts, brought from New York.

The Lord Stanley is, without exception, the best tow-boat of her power on the river, and at little expense could enlarge her present means of carrying freight and passengers.

For further particulars, Inventory of Furniture, &c., apply to the undersigned.

Terms of payment will be liberal, and made known at time of Sale.

BAGG & CAMPBELL,
Custom House Square.

Montreal, March 5, 1844. 73ii

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in Napanee Post Office, 1st March, 1844.

A.
Anderson, George
Alyea, Isaac
Anderson, Henry

B.
Bruton, Mr.
Bogert, John
Briscoe, Isaac
Barnhart, A. J.
Bradshaw, Wm.
Bowen, George
Baker James
Ballance, Wm.

C.
Craus, John G.
Cade, Robert
Carscallan, Francis
Chambers, Timothy
Cole, Isaac
Chapman, Timothy
Chamberlain, James
Cook, Silvester
Crankshaw, Isaac
Chamberlain, Jacob B.
Caton, Miles
Clapp, George L.

D.
Demorest, John
Dennison, Sarah A.
Deline, Jacob
Dennison, William
Drader, George
Dunham, E. F.
Dickens, Edwin

E.
Edgar, Alex'r
Ewing, William

F.
Fennil, John

G.
Grooms, Zepheniah
Green, Isaac
Gates, Robert
Gould, Andrew
Grundy, Andrew
Gould, James
Gould, Daniel

H.
Holcomb, Wm.
Hawley, Mrs. Cloe

J.
Janes, Rachel

K.
Kendal, William
Kellog, Wm. Joseph

L.
Lamphier, William
LaDaw, Sarah
Lamphier, John
Loft, William
Lears, Larry

M.
McLafland, John
McDonell, Arch'd
Mahood, John
McCleanen, Daniel
Miller, Garret
Maguire, John
McNeal, A.
McGuire, Patrick
McDonell, Allen
McLiver, Donald
McCormick, Hugh
McGuin, Robert

N.
Nelson, Robert
Nibble, James

O.
Oliver, Cornelius
O'Brien, Richard
O'Lone, John
Oatwater, Belyat
O'Hare, Stephen
Oliver, T. A.

P.
Phillips,
Phelan, Patrick
Pringle, D.
Pringle, Richard
Price, Timothy
Phipps, Miss
Post, John
Pringle, John D.

R.
Ross, William
Roblin, David
Roblin, John

S.
Shaw, J.
Scott, Mary
Stinson, John
Sedore, Alex'r
Smith, Robert
Sedore, Isaac
Solmes, G. D.
Sixsmith, Simon L.
Smith, Nicholas
Shirley, Thomas
Shewman, William

T.
Thompson, Joseph

V.
Vanalstine, Lambert

W.
Wheeler, Seth
Wright, Mr.
Williamson, James
Waller, John R.

Y.
2 Young, Daniel
Young, Magdalene

ALLAN MACPHERSON, P. M.

Kingston & Utica Express

Via WATERTOWN,

In connexion with Pomeroy & Co.'s New York, Albany, and Buffalo EXPRESS.

THE Subscribers will run an Express as above WEEKLY, for the transmission of Packages of all descriptions, collection of Drafts, Notes, &c. All business East and West of Utica, will be done by Pomeroy & Co., and returns made through us in the shortest possible time.

We offer as references,

Messrs. N. M. WOODRUFF,
President Jeff. Co. Bank.
O. V. BRAINARD,
Cashier.
SAML. BUCKLEY,
Pres. Bank Watertown.
WM. ST. ANGEL,
Cashier.

For further particulars enquire of J. H. GREER, Pomeroy & Co.'s Agent for Kingston.

SHERMAN & BUREANK.

Kingston, March 6th, 1844. 72z

LOST,

IN Brock Street, near the Market Place, a Lady's Red Coral EAR-RING. It has been ascertained that it was found by a woman, (name unknown:)—she is requested to take it to Mr. Arthur Foster's, where she will be suitably rewarded.

Kingston, 4th March, 1844. 72

SALE OF

Household Furniture,

FARMING STOCK,

Implements of Husbandry,

&c. &c.

To be sold by Auction, *at the* Rectory, Amherst Island, *the Residence of the* Rev. W. A. Adamson, *on Wednesday, the 20th March next*, 1844,

A QUANTITY of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of a set of Black Walnut Dining Tables, Parlour and Hall Chairs, Side Tables, Hall Tables and Forms, Hall Lamps, Black Walnut Curtain Poles and Curtains, Two sets Curled Maple Chairs and Arm Chairs, Sofa, Sofa Tables, Work Tables, Book Cases, and Book Stands, a set of Curled hair Cushions, Black Walnut Dressing Tables, Painted do., Chests of Drawers, two large Wardrobes, Wash-hand Stands, Stretchers, Clothes Horses and Chairs, Fenders and Fire Irons, Dog Irons, Seven Stoves, consisting of Parlour, Drawing-room, Bed-room, Hall and Cooking Stove with apparatus complete, Kitchen and Cooking Utensils, a quantity of Delph and Glassware, a set of Block Tin Dish Covers, Churns, Milk Pails and Pans, Meat Barrels, &c.

FARMING STOCK AND IMPLEMENTS,

Consisting of a pair of excellent well matched Grey Horses, sixteen hands high, seven years old, well fitted for Carriage or farm work,

A very handsome grey Mare, quiet in harness, an excellent roadster, and well adapted to carry a Lady.

A strong Bay Mare, steady in draught, and accustomed to farm labour.

Nine Milch Cows well bred,

Two 2 year old Heifers,

Three yearling do.

Fifty good Breeding Ewes,

Two imported Leicester Rams,

Five Pigs in Young,

100 good Laying Hens,

A quantity of Hay and Straw,

200 Bushels of excellent Pinkeye and Cup Potatoes.

Several Barrels of Flour,

1 Farm Waggon, a Farm Sleigh and Harness,

1 Wood shod Sleigh and Water Barrel,

1 Double Cutter,

1 Single do., with robes to each,

1 Double set of Harness,

2 English Saddles and Bridles,

Ploughs, Harrows, Wheelbarrows, Scythes, Pitchforks, Shovels, Rakes, Spades, Pickaxes, Hotbed Frames and Glasses, Watering Pots.

Five Window Sashes, 7 feet by 3 ft. 4 in.; a Seine Net and Gill Net; Fishing Rods and Tackle; a large Duck Gun;

A large Sailing Boat,

with Sails and Oars complete; a SKIFF and Oars, a MANGLE, a twenty gallon Iron Boiler, Wash Tubs, Smoothing Irons, about 600 feet of well seasoned Oak Timber, and 8 acres of Growing Wheat.

Terms—Under £10 Cash. Over £10, approved Endorsed Notes at three months.

Sale at 10 o'clock, precisely.

THOMAS GREER,
Auctioneer.

Kingston, 6th March, 1844.

EXTENSIVE SALE

OF

Teas, Sugars, Wines, Tobaccos, &c.,

BY AUCTION.

AT the Ware rooms of the Subscriber, Commercial Mart Buildings, on

Thursday, the 14th March,

will be sold by order of Consignees, positively without reserve, to close various consignments:

TEAS.

15 Boxes superior Twankay,
18 do Young Hyson,
5 do Gunpowder,
5 do Old Hyson,
5 do Souchong,

TOBACCOS.

15 Boxes Cavendish,
10 Kegs Plug,
20 Jars Snuff,
10 Bladders Scotch do,
10,000 Cigars.

COFFEES.

10 Boxes Ground Coffee,
15 Bags Green do,
5 Bbls. Roasted.

SUGARS.

20 Bbls. Bright Muscovado Sugar.

SUNDRIES.

20 Boxes Soap,
15 do Candles,
10 Bbls. Rice,
15 Kegs Currants,
5 Bags Alspice,
8 do Pepper,
50 doz Table Salt,
5 Bales Candle Wick,
20 Gross Matches,
25 doz. Pails,
100 doz Corn Brooms,
20 Boxes Raisins,
10 Boxes Starch,
50 Boxes Window Glass, 7 × 9,

Port, Madeira, Teneriffe and Claret Wines, in Bottles, with 5 Qr Casks (10 gallons) very fine brown Sherry, (Hunt's,) with various other articles.

Sale at One o'clock, P. M. punctually.

D. MACDONALD.

Kingston, March 6, 1844.

Schooner for Sale.

TO be Sold at Auction on the 2nd of April next, (if not previously disposed of at private Sale,) the fast sailing Schooner "*Prince Edward*," with Anchors, Rigging and Sails complete,—now lying at the Commercial Wharf. Burthen about 60 tons. Any person wishing to purchase the said Vessel by private bargain, will apply at the Steam Boat Office on said Wharf.—Terms liberal, on giving approved Security.

Kingston, 5th March, 1844. 72gi

NEW GOODS

Imported Expressly for the Early

SPRING TRADE,

CONSISTING of a Large Assortment of Chintz Printed Cambrics and Long Cloths of the

NEWEST STYLES AND FAST COLORS,

Mousselines-de-Laine, Balzorines, & other light material in Fancy Dresses.

Ladies' Fashionable Riding Hats.

A few choice specimens of French and British Shawls.

Gentlemen's London Beaver and Silk Hats.

Drab and Felt Do.

Men's and Boys' Cloth Caps.

The Count-de-Paris Hat, a beautiful article for little boys. All of which is now unpacking at

Deykes & Company's,

who adhere to the principle of making but ONE PRICE, and of selling every article they import, for the smallest profit, for READY MONEY.

N. B.—Straw Goods off Broadway, Dunstable, and Fancy Straw Bonnets, will be opened out on the 1st of April.

Wholesale and Retail Stores, Corner of King and Princess Sts., Kingston.

H. M. BOWKER,

SURGEON DENTIST,

OFFICE OVER MR. ERENT'S DRUGGIST SHOP.

Mr. B. respectfully begs to refer to Dr. Sampson, Dr. Baker, and Rev. J. Machar.

Seat of Government.

THOSE Gentlemen in various sections of the Province who were kind enough to take charge of the Petitions for Signature, to Her Majesty and both Houses of Parliament, will please remember, that the last sets will be despatched to the Delegates in England for presentation by the next Halifax Mail. From the numbers that are daily arriving, it is expected that to the very large amount of Signatures forwarded by the last two Mails, ten thousand more will be added when the returns are completed.

The Petitions may be addressed to the Chairman *pro. tem.* of the Corresponding Committee.

JOHN COUNTER, Esq.,
Kingston.

Kingston, March 5, 1844. 73

Bay of Quinte, 1844.

THE STEAM BOAT

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. CHARLES B. CRYSLER,

WILL, on the opening of the Navigation, commence her destined route on the Bay of Quinte, leaving the different Ports as follows:

LEAVES KINGSTON FOR BELLEVILLE

Every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at 6 o'clock.

LEAVES BELLEVILLE FOR KINGSTON

Every Tuesday, Friday, and Sunday Evenings, at 6 o'clock,