THE
CHRONICLE & GAZETTE
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AND KINGSTON COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

Nec Rego, Nec Populo Sed Utroque

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CHRONICLE & GAZETTE
Stationery Warehouse.
CORNER OF KING & BROCK STREET, KINGSTON.
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WRITING PAPERS,
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Chronicle & Gazette Office, Kingston, Canada.

J. WINER'S
COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOREHOUND AND ELECAMPANE,
FOR the speedyand effectual cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting of blood, Whooping Cough, Croup or Hives, Consumption, Pleurisy, Hoarseness, Pains and Soreness of the breast and lungs. Bronchitis, a disease that is sweeping hundreds to a premature grave, under the fictitious name of consumption, can be cured by this medicine. The usual symptoms of this disease (Bronchitis) are cough, soreness of the lungs or throat, hoarseness, difficulty of breathing, asthma, hectic fever, a spitting up of phlegm or matter, and sometimes blood. It is nothing more than an inflammation of the fine skin which line the inside of the whole of the wind tubes or air vessels which run thro' every part of the lungs.
The peculiar virtues of this compound have for a long time attracted the attention of the medical profession; and a lively interest has recently been directed to the developement o their active powers and pulmonaric qualities, whichthe proprietor is now able to gratify, and presents this medicine to the public with full confidence of its being the most safe and valuable remedy ever discovered ad adapted to all diseases of the lungs, when any of thefunctions do not perform their natural or healthy action
It is universaly believed that God in his providence has not afflicte his children with pain and disease, without at the same time giving them something in the garden of naturethat will not only mitigate, but in many cases entirely remove them. With these views strongly impressed on our minds, every one should feel a great desire to investiate to the utmost of his power, the great arcana of nature, and to draw from that source that instruction which the wisdom of man has failed to attain.
In presenting its articles to the public, the proprietor was influenced by the hope that a medicine prepared with much care and strict regard to the chemical properties of its s
of thousands
which the coun
The use of such
convince the most
Directions accompany the medicine.
Prepared and sold by the proprietor, without which none are genuine.
Prepared and so wholesale and retail, by J. WINER, Chemist and Apothary, King Street, Hamilton.
For Sale at the Manufacturer's prices, by J. W. Brent, N. Piner and Chas. Heath.
Kingston, Jun 23d, 1843. 103-1yr

DOCTOR JAYNE'S FAMILY MEDICINES. These Medicines are recommended and extensively used by the most intelligent persons in the United States, by physicians, professors, graduates of Colleges, Physic-houses, and by upwards three hundred Clergymen of various denominations.
They are expressl prepared for family use, and have acquired an unprecedented popularity throughout the United States, and by are admirably calculated to preserve health and enlivenat, no family should ever be without them.
The proprietor o the valuable preparations received his education at one the best Medical Colleges in the United States, and had fifteen years experience in an extensive and diversed practice, by which he has had ample opportunities acquiring a practical knowledge of diseases, and at the ame time best calculated to remove them.
These preparationsconsist of
JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, a valuable remedy for coughs, colds, consumption, asthma, spitting of blood, croup, hooping cough,bronchitis, pleurisy and inflammation of the lungs, pain in the side, difficult breathing, and all diseases of the Pulmary Organs. Price $1.
Also—JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC, for the preservation, growth and beauty of Hair, and which will positively bring new hair on ld heads, and prevent its falling off or turning grey. ice $1.
JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE, a pleasant, safe and certain preparation for the removal of worms, dyspepsia, sour stomach,fever and ague, want of appetite, and all diseases of debility, especially of the stomach and bowels, and organic obstruction. Price 50 cts.
JAYNE'S SCALP OINTMENT OR BALSAM, a certain cure for bowel and other complaints, diarrhœa, dysentery, cholic, cramps, headache, sour stomach, cholera morbus, and all disorders of the stomach and bowels, nervous affects, &c. Price 50 cts.
JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS, for female diseases, liver complaints, costiveness, fevers, inflammations, obstructions, diseases of the skin, &c., and in all cases where an opposed Aloetive or Purgative medicine is required. Price 25 c.
Prepared only by Dr. D. JAYNE, No. 20, South 3d street, Philadelphia, may be had of E. M. LUFF, General agent, Sacketsharbor, and Wm. Mackintosh, Chronicle & Gazette Office, Kingston, Canada.

DR. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.—This invaluable Medicine is daily doing some of the most astonishing and wonderful cures that have ever been known. All who have ever tested it Asthma, Cough, Spitting of Blood, Hooping Cough Croup or Hives, Consumption, Pleurisy, Hoarseness, Pains and soreness of the breast and lungs, and indeed all diseases of the Lungs and air vessels, can and do attest to its usefulness. Bronchitis disease which is annually sweeping thousands upthousands to a premature grave, under the misnomeof name of consumption, is always cured by it. The usual symptom of this disease (Bronchitis) are cough, soreness of the lungs or throat, hoarseness, difficulty of breathing, Asthma, Hectic Fever, a spitting up of Phlegm matter, and sometimes blood. It is an inflammation of the skin which lines the inside of the whole of the windes or air vessels which run throughevery part of lungs. This Expectorant immediately suppresses cough, pain, inflammation, fever, and difficulty of breathing, and produces a free and easy expectoration, as soon as soon effected.
It always cures Asthma in one or three large doses will cure the Croup or Hives children, in from 15 minutes to an hour's time, immediately subdues the violence of Whooping Cough and effects a speedy cure. Hundreds who have been in up by their physicians as incurable with "Consumption," have been restored to perfect health by it.
Rev. Jonathan Going, D. President of Granville College, Ohio, says—"he labouring under a severe cold, cough and hoarseness and that his difficulty of breathing was so great she felt himself in imminent danger of immediate suffocation, but was perfectly cured by using this expectorant.—Mrs. Dilkes, of Salem, N. J, was cured of Asthma twenty years standing, by using two bottles of thesicine;——Mrs. Ward, also of Salem, was cured of same complaint by one bottle.——A young lady, of Salem, who was believed by her friends to be fast with Consumption, was perfectly restored by thisdiscovery.——Dr. Hamilton, of St. James, South Conn, was greatly affected by a cough, hoarseness, soreness of the lungs, and on using a bottle of this medicine, found permanent relief.
The following certificate from a practising Physician, and a much respected citizen of the Methodist society, dated Medford Town, August 21, 1834.
Dr. Jayne—Dear Sir—I have in using your Expectorant, extensively, in my prac, for the last three months, and for all attacks side, inflammation of the lungs, consumption, asthmam, and weakness of the breast, it is decidedly the besthcine I have ever tried.
Very respectly yours,
R. WILLIAMS, M. D.
Numerous other certificates to be added, but the above are considered sufficient evidence of its great importance.
Prepared only by D. Jayne, 20, South Third street, Philadelphia. Price $1.
For sale by E. M. LUFF, General Agent, Sackets Harbor, and by WM. MACKIOSH, Chronicle & Gazette Office, Kingston, Canada.

WORMS, WORMS, WORMS.—To remove these troublesome and dangerous inhabitants of the stomach and bowels, which so much impair the health and destroy the lives of children use Dr. JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE, a certain safe preparation for the removal of the various kind Worms, Dyspepsia, sour Stomach, want of Appetite, Fever and Ague, and debility of the stomach bowels and organs of digestion.

WINER'S
CANADIAN VERMIFUGE.
Warranted in a cases.
THE best remedy ever yet discovered for worms; it not only destroys them but ipurates the whole system, and carries off the superabundant humor or mucus so prevalent in the stomach, as weeds, especially those in bad health. It is harmless its effects on the system and the health of the patient always improving by its use, even when no wo are discovered. The medicine being palatable, no ld will refuse to take it, or even the most delicate, in and practicable observations upon diseases ceeing from worms, accompanying each bottle. Prepared sold wholesale and retail by J. WINER,
Chemist, Kingston, Hamilton.
N. B.—Arrangements are now made to supply any part of the Province of Canada on reasonable terms.
For Sale at the Manufacturers prices, by J. W. Brent, N. Palmer and Chalfeath.
Kingston, June 23d, 1843. 103-1yr

HOOPING COUGH—To arest JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT is, without exion, the most valuable preparation in use. It conv Hooping Cough into a mild and tractable disease, neither its duration more than one half, and produ certain and speedy recovery. From half to one spoonful, will certainly cure Croup in infant and children in half an hour to an hour—The lives of ds of children will be saved annually, by alwkeeping it on hand ready for every emergency. Fale at No. 20 South 3rd street, Philadelphia, and alr Wm. Mackintosh, Chronicle & Gazette Office, Kingston, Canada.

SANDS'S SARSAPARLLA.
For the removal and permanent cure of all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, or habit of the system, namely:
SCROFULA, or King's Evil, Rheumatism, obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples, or Pustules on the face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm Tetter, Scald head, Enlargement and pain of the bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica, or Lumbago, and diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites, or Dropsy, Exposure or imprudence in life. Also, Chronic, Constitutional Disorders will be removed by this preparation.
Improvement in whatever regards the happiness and welfare of our race is constantly on the march to perfection, and with each succeeding day some new problem is solved or some profound secret revealed, having an important and direct bearing over man's highest destinies. If we take a retrospective view over the past twenty years, how is the mind struck with wonder! What rapid strides has science made in every department of civilized life! particularly in that which relates to the knowledge of the human system in health and disease. How valuable and indispensable are the curative means recently discovered through the agency of chemistry! How does the imagination kindle and our admiration glow at the ingenuity, the near approach to the standard of perfection, of the present time!—Through the elaborate investigations of Physiology, or the science of Life, and the Pathology of prevalent disease, much valuable practical knowledge has been gained. In consequence of becoming acquainted with the organization, the elements of the various tissues and structures of the system, remedies have been sought after and discovered exactly adapted to combine with, neutralize and expel morbific matter, the cause of disease, and substitute healthy action in its place. The beautiful simplicity of this [illegible] upon the stomach, acting as an effective [illegible] upon the stomach, operates upon the system. The Sarsaparilla is combined with the most effectual aids, the most salutary productions, the most potent simples of the vegetable kingdom; and its unprecedented success in the restoration to health of those who had long pined under the most distressing chronic maladies, has given it an exalted character, furnishing as it does evidence of its own intrinsic value, and recommending it to the afflicted in terms the afflicted only can know.—It has long been a most important desideratum in the practice of medicines to obtain a remedy similar in this—one that would act on the liver, stomach and bowels with all the precision and potency which [illegible] the [illegible] without Act or Pain. The attention of the reader is respectfully called to the following certificates. However great achievements have heretofore been made by the use of this invaluable medicine, yet daily experience shows results still more remarkable. The proprietors here avail themselves of the opportunity of saying it is a source of constant satisfaction that they are made the means of relieving such an amount of suffering.
WONDERFUL EFFECTS OF SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA IN NORWICH, CONN.
Read the following from Mrs. Wm. Phillips, who has long resided at the Falls. The facts are well known to all the old residents in that part of the city.
Messrs. A. B. Sands & Co.—Sirs: Most gratefully do I embrace this opportunity for stating to you the great relief I obtained from the use of your Sarsaparilla. I shall also be happy, through you, to publish to all who are afflicted, as I lately was, the account of my unexpected, and even for a long while despaired of cure. Mine is a painful story, and trying and sickening as is the narrative of it, for the sake of many who may be so surely relieved, I will briefly yet accurately state it.
Nineteen years ago last April a fit of sickness left me with an Erysipelas eruption. Tropical collections immediately took place over the entire surface of my body, causing such an enlargement that it was necessary to add a half yard to the size of my dresses around the waste. Next followed, upon my limbs, ulcers, painful beyond description. For years, both in summer and winter, the only relief my poor suffering was found in pouring upon those parts cold water. From my limbs the pain extended over my whole body.—There was literally for me no rest by day or night. Upon lying down these pains would shoot through my system, and compel me to arise, and for hours together, walk the house, so that I was almost entirely deprived of sleep. During this time the Erysipelas continued active, and the ulcers enlarged, and so deeply have those eaten, that for two and a half years they have been subject to bleeding. During these almost twenty years I have consulted many physicians. These have called my disease—as it was attended with an obstinate cough and a steady and active pain in my side—a dropsical consumption; and though they have been skilful practitioners, they were only able to afford my case a partial and temporary relief. I had many other difficulties too complicated to describe. I have also used many of the medicines that have been recommended as infallible cures for this disease, yet these all failed, and I was most emphatically groaning within. In this critical condition, given up by friends, and expecting for myself, relief only in death, I thought, why not the timely interposition of a kind Providence, furnished with your, to me, invaluable Sarsaparilla. A single bottle gave me an assurance of health, which for seventy years I had not once felt. Upon taking the second my enlargement diminished, and in twelve days from the 6th of October, when I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, I was able to enjoy sleep and rest by night, as refreshing as any I every enjoyed when in perfect health. Besides, I was, in this short time, relieved from all those excruciating and unalleviated pains that had afflicted my days, as well as robbed me of my night's repose. The ulcers upon my limbs are healed, the Erysipelas cured, and my size reduced nearly to my former measure.
Thus much do I feel it a privilege to testify to the efficacy of your health-restoring Sarsaparilla. A thousand thanks, sirs, from one whose comfort and whose hope of future health are due, under God, to your instrumentality. And may the same Providence that directed me to your aid, make you the happy and honored instruments of blessing others, as diseased and despairing as you found relieved and very grateful friend,
ASENATH M. PHILLIPS.
New London Co. ss. Norwich; Nov. 4, 1842.
Personally appeared, the above-named Asenath M. Phillips, and made oath of the facts contained in the foregoing statement before me.
RUFUS W. MATHEWSON,
Justice of the Peace.
Being personally acquainted with Mrs. Phillips, I certify that the above asserted are facts substantially true.
WILLIAM H. RICHARDS,
Minister of the Gospel at Norwich, Conn.
Prepared and sold by A. B. Sands & Co., Druggists and Chemists, Granite buildings, 273 Broadway, corner of Chambers-street, New York. And for sale by Druggists throughout the U. S. Price $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5.
The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands's Sarsaparilla, that has and is constantly relieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject, and ask for Sands's Sarsaparilla, and take no other.
J. W. Brent, Agent, by special appointment for the proprietors, for Kingston and vicinity.

HENRY LAVENDER,
[LATE OF LONDON,]
Merchant Tailor,
RESPECTFULLY informs the Gentry of Kingston that he has commenced business in Princess Street, nearly opposite the new Buildings of Henry Smith, Esq. In soliciting the patronage of the gentry of Kingston, H. L. would respectfully observe that he has recently imported, [direct from London,] a very choice assortment of West of England Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c. &c., all of the best quality, and begs to assure those Gentlemen who may favour him with their orders, that the strictest attention being paid to every department of the business, they may rely on having their garments of the best materials, style, and workmanship.
Princess-street, Kingston, December 12, 1843. 48z

TO LET OR SELL.
A SMALL FARM, with a commodious House newly fitted up, having seven Rooms upon the lower floor, together with suitable Sheds and Out-houses, well situated for a private family or Public House—being five miles from Kingston, upon the Macadamized Road, and East of Toll Gate No. 2.
For Sale, also, a quantity of SEASONED LUMBER, consisting of Pine, Oak, Ash and Basswood, at the subscriber's Saw Mill in the 4th Concession Township of Kingston, 1½ miles from the said Road. For particulars enquire of
HORACE YEOMANS.
Waterloo, Nov. 16, 1843. 41ui

Governor Simcoe's Military Journal, during the War of the American Revolution.
BARTLETT & WELFORD, Booksellers and Publishers, No. 7, Astor House, New York, propose publishing by subscription, an important Historical Memoir, entitled "*A Journal of the operations of the Queen's Rangers, from the beginning of the year 1777 to the close of the American War, by Lieut. Colonel Simcoe, Commander of that Corps.*"
This work is a narrative of the military services, during the contest of that period, of Colonel SIMCOE, then an active, chivalrous and daring partizan officer in the British service. His operations were chiefly in New York, where his name yet lingers in the memories of the octogenarian. On Long Island, in New Jersey, the environs of Philadelphia, and Virginia, his corps of Rangers were always among the most conspicuous. No officer in His Majesty's [illegible] more honorable name behind him, [illegible] Col. Simcoe and his memory still [illegible] in those sections of the State of New York, where he was longest stationed.
A short memoir of the Author will accompany the work, together with ten fine military maps, illustrating the various engagements of the Rangers. The work will be printed in the best manner, on fine paper, and will compare with the best London publications in all respects. It will be furnished to Subscribers at $3, 3s, (12s. 6d. Currency,) with the duty added, and will be delivered in Kingston during the month of December, or early in January.
A Subscription List will be left at the Chronicle Book Store, and at Messrs. Ramsay, Armour & Co's.
November 24th, 1843,

BOOKS.
THE Subscribers beg to draw the attention of the public to their present Stock of Books, which from recent additions, now comprises a very complete assortment of Standard Works, in every department of Science, Literature, and the Arts. To Gentlemen, and to Managers of Town, Country, and Regimental Libraries, desirous of adding to their collection, a favourable opportunity is thus afforded of doing so, as many of them will be disposed of at considerably reduced prices. The following Works form part of their Stock:
The Works of Lord Bacon, a new edition with Life of the Author, by Basil Montague, Esq., 3 vols. 8vo.
The History of Napoleon, by George Moir Bussey, Esq., with numerous illustrations on wood, by Vernet; 2 vols. 8vo.
Letters and Notes on the Manners, Customs and Condition of the North American Indians, by Geo. Catlin, with four hundred illustrations, carefully engraved from his original paintings; London, 1841, 2 vols. 8vo.
Paul and Virginia, a splendid copy, illustrated by three hundred and thirty engravings; 1 vol. 8vo.
The Ecclesiastical and Political History of the Popes of Rome, during sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, by Leopold Ranke, Professor, University, Berlin; 2 vols. 8vo.
The Principles of Population, and their connexion with human happiness, by Arch Alison. 2 vols. 8vo., Edinburgh.
The Prose Works of Chas. Lamb, Esq.; 1 vol. 8vo.
The Works of Lawrence Sterne, with Life of himself; 1 vol. 8vo.
Stewart's Philosophy of the Human Mind in two parts, new edition; 1 vol. 8vo.
Life of Sir Walter Scott, by his Literary Executor, J. G. Lockhart, Esq., with Portraits; 1 vol. Royal, 8vo.
A Summer and Winter in the Pyrnees, by Mrs. Ellis; 1 vol. 12mo.
The Sporting Sketch Book, a series of Characteristic Papers, by the most distinguished sporting writers of the day, Edited by J. W. Carleton, Esq.; 1 vol. 8vo., beautifully illustrated.
2 vols. 12mo.
RAMSAY, ARMOUR, & Co.

ADVERTISEMENT.
BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
THE Court of Directors hereby give Notice that a half yearly dividend of 20s. per share, will become payable to the Proprietors of shares registered in the Colonies, on and after the fifth day of March, 1844, during the usual hours of business, at the several Branch Banks as announced by Circular to the respective parties.
The dividend is declared payable in Sterling money, and will be payable at the rate of Exchange current, on the 5th day of March, 1844, to be fixed by the Local Boards.
No Transfer can be made between the 18th February and the 5th March, 1844, as the Books must be closed during that period.
G. DE B. ATTWOOD,
Secretary.
December 18, 1844. 48ti

TO LET,
A TWO Story Stone Dwelling HOUSE with Outbuildings and other conveniences, situated at the head of Princess Street, being a respectable residence. For particulars, apply to the Subscriber at his Lumber Yard, Ontario Street.
JOHN BURLEY.
Kingston, Dec. 4, 1843. 46

H. M. BOWKER,
SURGEON DENTIST.
OFFICE OVER MR. BRENT'S DRUGGIST SHOP.
Mr. B. respectfully begs to refer to Dr. Sampson, Dr. Baker, and Rev. J. Machet.

Important Literary Announcement
ENGLISH REVIEWS,
AND
MAGAZINES.
THE Subscribers having made arrangements with the leading English publishers for the regular transmission of the REVIEWS and MAGAZINES, will receive their first supply by the mail steamer which is to leave Liverpool on the 4th of January, and they are gratified at being enabled to state that the prices which have been fixed on are fully lower than those formerly charged for the now prohibited United States reprints. For the
London Quarterly, the Edinburg, the Foreign, and Westminster Reviews,
the price per annum will be 22s. 6d. each, delivered to Subscribers free of all charges, and for
Blackwood's Magazine,
the sum of [illegible] each, when delivered in the same way, or [illegible] Toronto and Hamilton, and parties resident in other parts of the Province may be supplied on application to the Agents in any of the above Towns. As the expenses of transport, duties, &c., are very heavy, the undersigned will require subscribers in all cases to pay at least half a year in advance on receipt of the first number.
It is proposed to add other periodicals to the list, should their Publishers enable the Subscribers to supply them at the same rates as those which [illegible]
ARMOUR & RAMSAY, *Montreal.*
AGENTS.
T. CAREY & Co., *Quebec.*
RAMSAY, ARMOUR & Co., *Kingston.*
HUGH SCOTT, H. & W. ROWSELL, } *Toronto.*
A. H. ARMOUR & Co., *Hamilton.*

E. R.
SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.
Midland District, To Wit. } ON SATURDAY the 17th day of February, 1844, will be sold at the Court House, in the Town of Kingston at 12 o'clock noon, the following lands seized by virtue of Executions to me directed out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench, viz.,
William Walker, et al
vs.
Archibald McNeill,
West half of Lot No 22, 7th concession Township Fredericksburgh, Town Lot No. 5, East side of John Street, village of Napanee. North half of Lot No. 19, 2nd concession 3rd Range Township of Richmond. Lot No. 12, 7th con. Township of Richmond. Western boundary and Lot No. 13, 7th con. of said Township.
James Bell Forsyth, et al.
vs.
James Mathewson.
Delino D. Calvin, et al.
vs.
James Mathewson.
Lot No 1, in the 9th con. of Pittsburgh. West half of Lot No. 2, 9th con. of Pittsburgh. Lot No. 1 in the 10th con. of Pittsburgh.
Any person or persons having claims on the above property, are requested to make them known to me on or before the day of Sale.
THOMAS A. CORBETT,
Sheriff, M.
DISTRICT COURT.
John Tuttle,
vs.
James Thusey,
All that certain tract or parcel of Land situated lying and being in Johnsonville late in the Township of Kingston but now in the Town of Kingston, in the Midland District and Province of Canada, being part of a tract of land purchased by the late Charles Stuart from the late Magdalen Ferguson, and may be otherwise known as follows, that is to say: commencing at a post or stone boundary planted on the Montreal Road, on the Western side of Charles Street at a point or corner where Charles street strikes or meets the Montreal Road, thence in a straight line along the said street to a post or stone boundary planted at a distance of One hundred and thirty-two feet, neither more nor less, marked B, thence in a straight line parallel with the Montreal Road sixty-six feet, neither more nor less, to a post or stone boundary marked D, thence in a straight line parallel with Charles Street distance of one hundred and thirty-two feet neither more nor less, to a stone boundary marked F, thence along the Montreal Road a distance of sixty-six feet, neither more nor less, to the place of beginning, containing by admeasurement one-fifth of an acre.
Any person or persons having claims on any of the above described properties; are requested to make the same known to me, on or before the day of Sale.
THOMAS A. CORBETT,
Sheriff, M. D.
Sheriff's Office, Kingston, 15th Nov., 1843. } 41

A. P. SHERRIFF,
Botanic Physician,
WOULD respectfully inform the Inhabitants of Kingston, and its vicinity, that he has taken the South half of the new stone Building belonging to Mr. John Holmes, in Rideau Street, near the British Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, where he will be ready at all times to attend to those who may please to favour him with a call. From his long experience and general good success in treating the sick, on the Thomsonian Botanic System of Medical Practice, and particularly those who have been given up as incurable from every other source, he hopes to share the patronage of the sick and afflicted. Patients from a distance can be accommodated with Board and attendance at his residence. Respectable personal references can at all times be given.
A large assortment of Botanic Medicines constantly on hand, wholesale and retail.
Kingston, December 6, 1843. 46

The Mysteries of Paris,
A few copies have been received and for Sale at the CHRONICLE & GAZETTE OFFICE.

RUSTIC HOSPITALITY.

BY EPES SARGENT.

From Godey's Lady's Book for December.

"And will you promise, Ruth, not to yield to your father's importunities—promise that neither threats of punishment nor offers of reward shall induce you to listen to Mr. Sewall's proposals?"

The question, as the reader will readily suppose, came from a young man. His garb was plain, and somewhat the worse for wear; and it would have been difficult to infer from it what his profession might be. One person might have taken him for a farmer, another for an apothecary's clerk, and another for an usher in some not very prosperous academy. But Alfred Stanwood was in fact the son of a poor curate in one of the country towns of England. His father wished to educate him for the Church, [illegible] the delighted to be out of doors—in the free, free air—beneath the unobstructed arch of the heavens, and with the unpaved turf under his feet. He had a passion for all manly sports—was an excellent shot, and an adroit angler; and the end and aim of his hopes was to become an independent farmer—an intelligent, practical agriculturist. Better would it be for the world, if such tastes were more prevalent in civilized communities.

And what said Ruth—poor Ruth—to the interrogatory we have quoted? She lifted her small, finely formed head; and, with a look which was a confirmation more convincing than bond and seal could have rendered, she replied:

"Come what may, Alfred, do not fear, that I will ever consent to be another's. Circumstances *may* compel me to refuse to unite my fortunes with yours; but never, never will I call any man but you my husband."

It was the old story—the obstructions in the way of the "course of true love." Farmer Bradshaw was of the higher order of English tenantry; and held a beautiful farm belonging to the estate of Lord Broadmeadow. But times grew hard—misfortunes entered the farmer's family—and he was in arrears for a large amount of rent. He began to feel that he should have to abandon the old homestead. One day Lord Broadmeadow, fatigued with hunting, called for refreshments at his house; and Ruth was summoned to serve him with ale and bread. His lordship seemed so much charmed with his fair attendant, that he detained her in conversation for upwards of an hour; and on his way home could think of nothing but her beautiful face and her graceful ways.

His lordship was a widower, with two or three daughters, and as many sons. He was in politics a tory, and in religion a staunch churchman. He reverenced the opinion of the world, and would not have done an indiscreet or immoral thing for a dukedom—that is, if there was any probability of its being found out. In his steward, Sewall, he had a most congenial and convenient ally; one who agreed with him fully in the sentiment that vice was not vice so it was kept veiled from observation, or wore the vizor of decorum. Sewall had a son named Wellington, who, with a handsome exterior, possessed hardly brains enough to keep his body from decomposing. In vain had the father labored to teach him the multiplication table. Wellington could not master anything so complicate. For no nameable employment did he seem to have an aptitude. Nay, I do him injustice. Brumwell himself could not have tied a cravat more unexceptionably,—Wellington was great at tying cravats.

A day or two after Lord Broadmeadow's accidental visit, Mr. Sewall junior, managed to become acquainted with farmer Bradshaw and his pretty daughter; and a week had not passed before he made the latter an offer of marriage. Ruth rejected him and his offer with most unhesitating frankness; but, when the proposition, in all its bearings, was laid before her father, he did not so unceremoniously dismiss the young man's pretensions. By the proffered marriage it was made apparent that not only would the farmer's arrears of debt be cancelled; but that his house would be repaired, his grounds improved, and the rent of the whole farm reduced one half. Furthermore, Ruth would have a suite of handsome apartments appropriated to her use at the castle; and be in a position to render many services to her father and his family.

Bradshaw was not, perhaps, a more selfish man than his neighbors; but he could not be blind to the advantages of this arrangement. He did not for a moment suspect the origin of the scheme; for, though willing to marry his daughter to a man whom she did not love, he could not but have shrunk from lending his countenance to any plan by which she would have been dishonored in the eye of the laws of society. There are some people who will strain at a gnat and swallow a camel.

But an unexpected obstacle now presented itself to the accomplishment of a father's wishes. Ruth, who had always been so tractable and compliant,—who had been swayed by the lightest wishes of her parents—opposed an iron will to the proposition that she should marry the steward's son.—To his amazement, the farmer discovered that he could neither terrify nor coax her into compliance.

"Ruth! will you not save me from ruin?" he exclaimed, falling upon his knees before her, and clasping his hands in a paroxysm of excitement.

"No human power, my father," she replied, "can make me take this step. Ah! what do you call *ruin?* Loss of property—debt—imprisonment—disease—death? Do you mean any of these disasters? For your sake I will cheerfully submit to any one or all of them. Surely they are easier to bear than the loss of one's self-respect and peace of mind—the serene smile of one's own conscience. No man can be ruined while he has that; and without that—life has nothing worth the taking."

Bradshaw started to his feet, and angrily asked,

"Where the deuce did you pick up all this sentimental nonsense, girl? I wish you to be honourably and comfortably married; and, to judge from your tone, one would [illegible] this morning we [illegible] and be married. Nay, do not tremble. Is marriage such a terrible thing? The moment I can call you my own, we will procure from my sister the few clothes that will be necessary for our purpose, and start for London."

"And in London, Alfred,—what will you do there?"

"The few shillings I have with me will be by that time nearly exhausted. I will straightway find out the captain of some ship that is to sail for New York; engage with him to do sailor's duty the whole voyage, on condition that he gives us our passage free; and when we reach the United States——"

"Ay, then, Alfred,—what will you do then?"

"We will do the best we can, and trust to Providence. Will you venture, Ruth?"

"Yes, my dear Alfred!" she exclaimed heartily, placing her hand in his, and stepping on with alacrity.

Alfred had not been extravagant in his expectations, and they did not prove illusory. His plans were all successfully carried into effect. With Ruth for his wife he quitted England, and after a few months of hardship and disappointment in the great commercial metropolis of America, succeeded in making an arrangement with a private land company, by which, with very limited pecuniary means, he was enabled to remove to Iowa. Here, in the course of two years, he found himself the proprietor of a noble and extensive domain, upon which he had erected a small but comfortable cottage, after an English model. Prosperity attended all his labours. Applying his practical and scientific intelligence upon agricultural subjects to the cultivation and improvement of his grounds, he soon made the wilderness around him to blossom like the rose. Game was so abundant, that it required but little skill to supply himself with enough for his wants. With health and contentment for his guests, he eped on undarkened by the ills which beset the paths of the majority of mankind.

Nor was Ruth's lot a less happy one, although her temper was naturally less buoyant and bright. Two daughters and a son had appeared to bless the emigrant couple; and how welcome to their parents had they been! Little anxiety had Alfred experienced how he should provide for them. As many more, and as many more again might come, and still they would be hailed as heaven's choicest gifts.

Five years had passed since Ruth stood an outcast from her home on the little stone bridge.—How had it fared with former Bradshaw during that time? Some six months after Ruth's departure, Mr. Wellington Sewall had, in a state of inebriety, communicated to the former certain facts in regard to the motives which led him to seek an alliance with his daughter, which were neither very honourable to himself nor to his employer, Lord Broadmeadow. On receiving the intelligence Bradshaw naturally felt deep at his treatment of Ruth, and experienced a thrill of satisfaction that she had resisted his attempts to unite her to a man who proved to be so utterly unworthy and contemptible. From that moment, it became the paramount object of his existence to relieve himself of his liabilities in England, and seek out his daughter in America, that he might receive her forgiveness ere he died. He had written many letters, which had never reached their destination. He had no clue to the discovery of Stanwood, who had not been long settled in his forest home when he sent for his father and sisters, and had them comfortably settled in his neighbourhood.

At length the moment arrived when Bradshaw found himself free to quit the land of his fathers. He converted his whole property into gold and silver, and embarked for New York. Here he advertised in several of the daily papers but was unable to procure positive information in regard to his son-in-law's family. He finally resolved to travel on foot through some of the newly settled states and territories, and make the most exact inquiries.

On a beautiful day in June, he came in sight of a cottage in one of the most fertile and picturesque parts of Iowa. He had been walking several hours and was faint, with fatigue and thirst. The continued failure of his search had affected his spirits and he had begun to despond, and to fear that he should never again see his only child. He seated himself on a log in front of the cottage and leaning his weather-beaten cheek upon his hand, gave up his thoughts to the bitterest retrospections.

"Am I not homeless?" she replied.—"And even were it not so—were all the luxuries mine, which wealth could collect, would I not forsake them to live with you in a wilderness!"

"I believe you, Ruth! And now, let me consider, I have a sister living about nine miles from this place, who, though poor, is devotedly attached to me. Have you strength, think you, to walk that distance to-night?"

"Yes, Alfred, I was faint, for the first time in my life, a short time since, but I am strong now. But what would you do?—Would you leave your father's house? Ah! he has not treated you as mine has me."

"Nevertheless, he will strenuously oppose the step I am about to take."

"And what is that?"

"In the first place I will conduct you to my sister's, where you shall rest [illegible] night [illegible] Ay, but [illegible] Ruth.

"How!" returned Bradshaw. "Degrading! Is not Wellington Sewall as respectably born and bred as your father's daughter? Does he not offer you a comfortable maintenance, wealth, and influential friends, while the only dowry you bring him is your face and person?"

"True, most true!" said Ruth. "Could I bring him a free soul and a devoted heart, it would be all well."

"What childish flummery!" interrupted the father. "You will tell me, I suppose, that you fancy some one else—that young vagabond Stanwood, most probably—with his fishing rods and artificial flies, and without a copper in his pocket to jingle on a tombstone. A pretty match for you that would be, truly! Come, Ruth, my dear daughter, act like a girl of sense, and let me tell young Sewall that you are ready to be his wife."

"Never! Do not urge it. Never, never will I consent! Not to save the universe and all its inhabitants from devouring flames would I consent!" exclaimed Ruth.

For a moment, Bradshaw was startled and silenced by the energy with which she spoke. At length, with constrained calmness, he said—"A parent's curse is not the most encouraging legacy with which to be sent forth into the world. Beware Ruth, beware how you tempt me to curse you!"

"A parent's curse," she replied, "is a terrible thing, but, if unmerited, terrible only to him who utters it. My dear father, do not be cast down, because fortune frowns a little. We may be driven from our comfortable home, but He who feeds the sparrows will provide us shelter and food and raiment."

"Pahaw! It is all very well to quote scripture," said the farmer, "but I never could get my waggon out of the mud by calling upon Jupiter."

"But, if we obey his laws—if we are active and vigilant—if we put our own shoulders to the wheel—we shall easily get out of our troubles. Did not the preacher tell us last Sunday, that God helps those who help themselves?"

"I never knew you so obstinate," said farmer Bradshaw; and, as if he half relented in his importunities, he put on his hat and quitted the room. But he was not allowed to remain long unmolested by those who held him in their toils. That very day the elder Sewall threatened him with an ejectment: and the young man renewed his proposals, with promises of additional advantages. Bradshaw resolved to make one final appeal to his daughter. It was unsuccessful, and, in a storm of rage and despair, he turned her out of doors, commanding her, if she wished to escape his curse, not to see him again, unless she was ready to comply with his reasonable request.

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