THE
CHRONICLE & GAZETTE,
(The Largest and Cheapest Semi-Weekly Newspaper in British America,)
IS PUBLISHED AT THE OFFICE, CORNER OF KING & BROCK STREETS, KINGSTON, EVERY
WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY,
Terms—Twenty Shillings per Annum, in advance, Half-yearly and Quarterly Subscriptions received on proportionable Terms.
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SINGLE COPIES FOUR PENCE.
JOHN CREIGHTON, Publisher.
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Letter Press Printing.

Chronicle & Gazette

AND KINGSTON COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

Nec Rogo, Nec Populo, Sed Utroque.

VOL. XXIII.] KINGSTON, CANADA, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1841. [NO. 46.

CHRONICLE & GAZETTE
Stationery Warehouse.
CORNER OF KING & BROCK STREET, KINGSTON,
Where is kept constantly on hand an Extensive and well selected Stock of
WRITING PAPERS,
From Super Royal to Note,—and every article the Stationery line.
—ALSO—
BLANK BOOKS, SCHOOL BOOKS, &C.
BOOK BINDING
In all its branches, carried on at the above Establishment. A superior Ruling Machine is in full operation, by which Blank Books can be ruled to any pattern, and in a style inferior to none.
The combination of PRINTING OFFICE, BOOK BINDERY and STATIONERY WAREHOUSE in this Establishment, gives it a decided superiority in point of accommodation and despatch.
Chronicle & Gazette Office, Kingston, April 2, 1841.

MOFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES.—These Medicines are indebted for their name to their manifest and visible action in purifying the springs and launch of life, and conducting them with renewed tone and vigour. In many hundred certified cases which have been made public, and in almost every species of disease to which the human frame is liable, the effects of Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters have been gratefully and publicly acknowledged by the patients benefited, and who were previously unacquainted with the beneficially philosophical principles upon which they are compounded, and upon which they constantly act.
The Life Medicines remove and thus prevent disease of every form and description. Their first operation is to loosen from the coats of the stomach and bowels the various impurities and crudities constantly settling around them, and to remove the hardened feces which collect in the convolutions of the smallest intestines. Other medicines only partially cleanse them, and have such collected masses lodged on to produce habitual costiveness, with all its train of evils, or sudden diarrhœa, with its obvious dangers. This fact is well known to all regular anatomists, who examine the human bowels after death; and hence the prejudice of those well-informed men against quack medicines, or medicines prepared and held secret by the public in ignorant persons. The second effect of the Life Medicines is to cleanse the kidneys and bladder and by this means the liver and the lungs, the healthful action of which entirely depends upon the regularity of the urinary organs. The blood which takes its red colour from the agency of the liver and the lungs before it passes into the heart, being purified by them, and nourished by food coming from a clean stomach, courses freely through the veins, renews every part of the system, and triumphantly mounts the banner of health to the blooming cheek.
Moffat's Vegetable Life Medicines have been thoroughly tested, and pronounced a sovereign remedy for Dyspepsia, Biliousness, palpitation of the Heart, loss of appetite, heartburn and headaches, restlessness, ill temper, anxiety, languor and melancholy, costiveness, diarrhœa, cholera, fevers of all kinds, gravel, worms, asthma and consumption, scurvy, ulcers, inveterate sores, scorbutic eruptions, and bad complexions, salt rheum, erysipelas, common colds, and influenza, and various other complaints which afflict the human frame. In Fevers & Ague, particularly, the Life Medicines have been marvellously successful; so much so, that in the fever and ague districts, physicians almost universally prescribe them. Moffat's Medical Manual, designed as a domestic guide of health. This little pamphlet, edited by W. B. Moffat, 375 Broadway, New York, has been published for the purpose of explaining more fully Mr. Moffat's theory of diseases, and will be found highly interesting to persons seeking health. It treats upon the prevalent diseases and their cures, and may be had gratis—for sale by Mr. Moffat's agents generally.
The above valuable Medicines are sold by N. PALMER, who, in addition to a very General and Extensive Assortment of Drugs and Medicines, keeps a general and extensive assortment of English and American Fancy and Common Stationery, Books, Perfumery, &c. &c. &c.
Kingston, 25th April, 1841.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.—The perfectly safe, uncertain, and successful treatment of almost every species of disease by the use of MOFFAT'S LIFE MEDICINES, is no longer a matter of doubt, as a reference to the experience of upwards of ten thousand patients will satisfactorily prove. During the present month alone, nearly one hundred cures have come to the knowledge of Mr. Moffat, where the patients were so ill after others, effected a permanent cure by the exclusive and judicious use of the Life Medicines—some eight or ten of them had been considered beyond all hope by their medical attendants. Such happy results are a source of great pleasure to Mr. M. and inspire him with new confidence to recommend the use of his medicines to his fellow-creatures.
The LIFE MEDICINES are a purely VEGETABLE preparation, they are mild and pleasant in their operation, and at the same time thorough—acting rapidly on the stomach, bowels, and kidneys, and purifying the blood. For this reason, in aggravated cases of Dyspepsia, the Life Medicines will give relief in a shorter space of time than any other prescription. In Fevers and Ague, Inflammatory Rheumatism, Fevers of every description, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Distress after the head, Pains in the Chest, Flatulence, impaired appetite, and in every disease arising from an impurity of the blood, a disordered state of the stomach, the use of these Medicines has always proved to be beyond doubt, greatly superior to any other mode of treatment.
All Mr. Moffat asks of his patients is to be particular in taking them strictly according to the directions. It is not by a newspaper notice, or by anything that he himself may say or their favor, that he hopes to gain credit. It is alone by the results of a fair trial. In the tender an invalid, and does he wish to know whether the Life Medicines will suit his case? If so, let him call or send to Mr. Moffat's agent in his place, and procure a copy of the Medical Manual, designed as a Domestic Guide to Health, published gratuitously,—He will there find enumerated very many extraordinary cures for cure, and perhaps some results nearer to his own. Moffat's Medical Office in New York, 375 Broadway

MOFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.—The high celebrity which these excellent Medicines have acquired in curing almost every disease to which the human frame is liable, is a matter familiar with almost every intelligent person. They became known by their fruits—their good works have testified for them—they did not thrust by the faith of the credulous.
In cases of Consumption, Dyspepsia, Bilious and Liver Affections, Asthma, Piles, Settled Pains, Rheumatism, Fevers and Ague, Obstinate Headaches, Impure State of the Fluids, Unhealthy appearance of the skin, Nervous Debility, &c. &c. they have proved to be invaluable. They regulate Health, every kind of weakness of the Digestive Organs, and in all general Derangements of Health, these medicines have invariably proved a certain and speedy remedy. They restore vigorous health in the most exhausted constitutions. A single trial will place the Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters beyond the reach of competition, in the estimation of every patient.
☞ The Life Pills are sold in boxes—Price, 25 cents, 50 cents, and $1 each, according to the size; and the Phœnix Bitters in bottles, at $1 or $2 each, with full directions.
Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, at WM. B. MOFFAT'S Medical Office, 375 Broadway, New York.
N. B. None are genuine unless they have the fac simile of John Moffat's signature.
FOR GRATUITOUS DISTRIBUTION—An interesting little pamphlet entitled "Moffat's Medical Manual, designed as a Domestic Guide to Health—containing accurate information concerning the most prevalent diseases, and the most approved remedies—by WM. B. MOFFAT." Apply to the Agents.
Kingston, September 30th, 1840.

FOR SALE AT THE SUBSCRIBERS',
00 BOXES London and Liverpool Soap,
50 50 do do Starch
,000 Cigars consisting of Principes, Regalias, Log Cabin, &c.
10 Boxes Cavendish Tobacco,
30 Kegs Plug do,
20 Hogsheads Muscovado Sugar,
10 do Refined, do.
COLLINS & HAINES.
ingston, Nov. 17, 1841. 40

THE Subscriber will during the season be constantly in the receipt of Drugs, Chemicals, Perfumery, &c. &c., the which, coming from the most respectable English Houses, may be depended upon as genuine. The compounding department will be conducted under the immediate superintendance of the Subscriber, whose object is, by the use of good materials by a careful manipulation, to induce confidence as regards this most important branch of the business.
J. W. BRENT.
Druggist & Apothecary.
King-street, Kingston. 31

For Sale.
30 BARLS. Lake Huron White Fish, this Fall's Catch.
HUGH CALDER.
Kingston, November 6, 1841.

NEWEST PATTERN PARLOUR STOVES
ALSO, a very large variety of COOKING STOVES, at the Auction Rooms of the Subscribers, to be sold at a very small advance, either Wholesale or Retail.
COLLINS & HAINES.
Kingston, Nov. 17, 1841. 40

Grindstones.
10 Tons Best Ohio Grindstones for Sale by the Subscriber.
HUGH CALDER.

FOR Sale by the Subscriber,
4 Tons superior Oakum,
JOSEPH B. HALL.
Kingston, 10th September, 1841.

DOCTOR JAYNE'S FAMILY MEDICINES. These Medicines are recommended and extensively used by the most intelligent persons in the United States, by numerous professors and presidents of Colleges, Physicians of the Army and Navy and on Hospitals and Almshouses, and by more than three hundred Clergymen of various denominations.
They are expressly prepared for family use, and have acquired an unprecedented popularity throughout the United States, and they are admirably calculated to preserve health and cure disease, no family should ever be without them.
The proprietor of these valuable preparations received his education at one of the best Medical Colleges in the United States, and has had fifteen years experience in an extensive and diversified practice, by which he has had ample opportunities of acquiring a practical knowledge of diseases, and of the remedies best calculated to remove them.
These preparations consist of
JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, a valuable remedy for coughs, colds, consumption, asthma, spitting of blood, croup, hooping cough, bronchitis, pleurisy and inflammation of the lungs or throat, difficulty of breathing, and all diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. Price $1.
Also—JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC, for the preservation, growth and beauty of the Hair, and which will positively bring new hair on bald heads, and prevent its falling off or turning grey. Price $1.
JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE, a pleasant, safe and certain preparation for the removal of worms, dyspepsia, sour stomach, fever and ague, want of appetite, and all diseases of debility, especially of the stomach and bowels, and organs of digestion. Price 50 cts.
JAYNE'S SCAR MINATIVE BALSAM, a certain cure for bowel and summer complaints, diarrhœa, dysentery, cholic, cramps, sick headache, sour stomach, cholera morbus, and all derangement of the stomach and bowels, nervous affections, &c. Price 50 cts.
JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS, for female diseases, liver complaints, costiveness, fevers, inflammations, obstructions, diseases of the skin, &c., and in all cases where an appointed Alterative or Purgative medicine is required. Price 25 cts.
Prepared only by Dr. D. JAYNE, No. 20, South 3d street, Philadelphia, and may be had of K. M. LUFF, General agent, Sackets Harbor, and Wm. Mackintosh, Chronicle & Gazette Office, Kingston, Canada.

DR. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.—This invaluable Medicine is daily effecting some of the most astonishing and wonderful cures that have ever been known. All who have ever used it for Asthma, Cough, Spitting of Blood, Hooping Cough, Croup or Hives, Consumption, Chronic, Pleurisy; Hoarseness, pain and soreness of the breast, difficulty of Breathing, and every other disease of the Lungs and Breast, can and do attest to its usefulness. Bronchitis, a disease which is annually sweeping thousands upon thousands to a premature grave, under the mistaken name of consumption, is always cured by it. The usual symptoms of this disease (Bronchitis) are cough, soreness of the lungs or throat, hoarseness, difficulty of breathing, Asthma, Hectic Fever expecting up of Phlegm or matter, and sometimes blood. It is an inflammation of the fine skin which lines the inside of the whole of the wind tubes or air vessels which run through every part of the lungs. This Expectorant immediately suppresses the cough, pain, inflammation, fever, and difficulty of breathing, and produces a free and easy expectoration, and a cure is soon effected.
It always cures Asthma—two or three large doses will cure the Croup or Hives of Children, in from 15 minutes to an hour's time. It immediately subdues the violence of Whooping Cough, and effects a speedy cure. Hundreds who have been given up by their physicians as incurable with "Consumption," have been restored to perfect health by it.
Rev. Jonathan Going, D. D. President of Granville College, Ohio, says—"he was labouring under a severe cold, cough and hoarseness, and that his difficulty of breathing was so great that he felt himself in imminent danger of a speedy consumption, but thanks to God, he was cured by a few bottles of your Expectorant."—Dr. Hamilton, of Newark, N. J. was cured of Asthma, of twenty years standing, by using two bottles of this medicine;——Mrs. Ward, also of Salem, was cured of the same complaint by one bottle,——and a young lady, also of Salem, who was believed by her friends to be far gone with Consumption, was perfectly restored by three bottles.——Dr. Hamilton, of St. James, South Carolina, was greatly affected by a cough, hoarseness, and soreness of the lungs, and on using a bottle of this medicine, found permanent relief.
The following certificate is from a practising Physician, and a much respected clergyman of the Methodist Society, dated Modest Town, Va, August 27, 1838.
Dr. Jayne—Dear Sir—I have been using your Expectorant, extensively, in my practice, for the last three months, and for all attacks of colds, inflammation of the lungs, consumption, asthma, pain, and weakness of the breast, it is decidedly the best medicine I have ever tried.
Very respectfully yours,
R. W. WILLIAMS, M. D.
Numerous other certificates might be added, but the above are considered sufficient evidence of its great usefulness.
Prepared only by D. Jayne, No. 20, South Third Street, Philadelphia. Price $1.
For sale by K. M. LUFF, General Agent, Sackets Harbor, and by WM. MACKINTOSH, Chronicle & Gazette Office, Kingston, Canada.

HOOPING COUGH—To Parents.—JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT is, without exception, the most valuable preparation in use. It converts Hooping Cough into a mild and tractable disease, and shortens its duration more than one half, and produces a certain and speedy recovery. From half to one tea spoonful, will certainly cure Croup in infant and young children in half an hour to an hour—The lives of hundreds of children will be saved annually, by always keeping it in hand ready for every emergency. For sale at No. 20 South 3rd street, Philadelphia, and also by Wm. Mackintosh, Chronicle & Gazette Office, Kingston, Canada.

WORMS, WORMS, WORMS,—To remove these troublesome and dangerous inhabitants of the stomach and bowels, which so often impair the health and destroy the lives of children, use Dr. JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE, a certain and safe preparation for the removal of the various kinds of Worms, Dyspepsia, sour Stomach, want of Appetite, infantile Fever and Ague, and debility of the stomach and bowels and organs of digestion.
For sale by Wm. Mackintosh, Chronicle & Gazette Office, Kingston, Canada.

PERFUMERY.
THE Subscriber has received a supply of Choice English Perfumery, among which are the following:
ESSENCES.
Sweet Brier,
Spring Flowers,
Sweet Pea.
Hedyosmia or Persian Essence,
Eglantine,
Hovenia,
Citronella Rosæ,
Geranium,
Marechalle,
Lavender,
Lily of the Valley,
Honey Suckle,
Royal (Condensed),
Royal Extract of Roses,
" " Flowers,
Circassian Cream,
Queen's Bouquet,
Bouquet d' Arabie,
Eau de Portugal,
" Cologne Veritable.
Esprit de Lavende au Millefleurs,
Ambrosia,
Verbena Perfume and Extract,
Persian Sweet Bags,
Verbena Perfume and Extract,
Esprit de Rose,
Veritable Pomade Divine,
Pomatum,
Gold, Silver, and Bronze Inks,
Amber Preston Smelling Salts.
&c. &c. &c. &c.
J. W. BRENT.
Druggist & Apothecary.
Kingston, 14th October, 1841. 31

PRIVATE BOARDING at Mr. Duffill's, next door to Bryce's Store, King Street, near Store Street. A vacancy for two Gentlemen.
Kingston, 14th July, 1841.

JUST received a large quantity of Naval Lace, 1¼, 1, and 1-2 inch wide.
H. MATHISON,
Merchant Tailor.
Kingston, Nov. 27, 1841. 43x

W. C. KEELE,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Office at Mr. Duffill's, King Street, East of the Market Square, Kingston.

THE NEW WORLD.
EDITED BY PARK BENJAMIN.
THIS well-known journal of Literature, Science, Art, and Intelligence, continues to increase in the favor of the public as its merits become more widely known. The most distinguished literary men of the age, both in America and England, are engaged as contributors to its columns. Beside Donald MacLeod, resident in London, Francis J. Grund, in Bremen, and Brantiz Mayer, in the city of Mexico, it has correspondents of the first order of talents in Constantinople, Africa, and other parts of the world, who will give to the New World an interest and value which no other paper on this continent can possess. Proof sheets and copies of popular works issued from the prolific press of England are received and given to the readers of the New World in advance of their ordinary receipt in this country. All new discoveries and advances in the Sciences and Arts find an early place in its columns. Each number is embellished by one or more
SUPERB ENGRAVINGS ON WOOD,
done in the best style of the art. These arrangements for the gratification of the readers of the New World, which render it without a rival in this or any other country, have been made at a vast additional expense; and the proprietors feel a confidence that they will meet a full reward from the enlightened people of America.
The columns of the New World are uncontaminated by party politics, and its ample pages unsoiled by profane and improper jests, vulgar allusions or irreligious sentiments. Thus the New World is made an unexceptionable Family Newspaper.
CHARLES O'MALLEY
is published in the New World, and all new subscribers who commence with the present or 3d volume, will receive the 1st volume of this inimitable work gratis.
TERMS—THREE DOLLARS for one year, or $5 for two years—payable invariably in advance—for either the Folio or QUARTO Editions.
Postmasters are authorized to remit subscriptions free of expense.
☞ Any individual who will procure five new subscribers, from the commencement of the present volume, shall receive the sixth copy for one year gratis, and to each will be sent a copy of the 1st vol of O'Malley. The remittance must be in New York or New-England funds, post paid or free. Address
J. WINCHESTER, Publisher,
30 Ann-street, New-York.
N. B.—Notes of the Bank of the People, Montreal and Quebec Bank, received from Canada subscribers at par. 42tx

NEWSPAPER AGENCY IN LIVERPOOL.
Charles Willmer,
No. 9 Saint Vincent Street, Liverpool,
BEGS to announce to persons residing in the United States, Canada and Nova Scotia, that he has received from which [illegible] Magazines, Reviews, Newspapers, Pamphlets, Sheets and Books, on much more advantageous terms than they have hitherto been able to procure them.
The establishment of the Cunard line of Steam Ships, running between Liverpool, and Halifax and Boston, has rendered the communication between this and the country so frequent and rapid, that an increased desire for English Newspapers and Magazines has been produced, which has rendered the establishment of a newspaper agency in Liverpool, *devoted entirely to American business*, absolutely necessary.
The very great advantage of persons in America receiving their English Newspapers, Magazines, and Books, from an establishment devoted entirely to their interests, will appear to every one self-evident, the proprietor being enabled to devote his entire attention to that object, instead of having it divided among the five divisions of the globe, and being thereby enabled to avail himself of opportunities not enjoyed by others.
The experience which C. W. has had in the Newspaper business, (particularly in the American trade,) justifies him in assuring the parties who may favor him with their orders, that no exertion on his part shall be wanting to ensure that confidence which it is his ambition to possess.
The arrangements completed by C. W. will enable him to forward the very latest publications of all the London, Liverpool, English Provincial, Scotch, Irish, and Welsh Newspapers, and Price Currents; also Magazines, Pamphlets, Books, &c. &c. &c., by the Halifax line of Steamers, by those from Bristol, or any other British port; and by the New York and Liverpool Packets, or Packet Ships, when there is any probability of their reaching the United States in advance of any Steamer.
American Advertisements received for insertion in any of the Newspapers or Magazines published in England, Ireland, Scotland, or Wales.
Magazines, Pamphlets and Books are all charged at the publication prices.
The London Daily papers are charged at £7 2 6 per annum. The Weekly papers published at 5d, £1 3 10 per annum; those published at 6d, £1 8 2, and so on in the same proportion.
Provincial papers published in England, Ireland, Scotland, or Wales:—Once a week, £1 3 10, twice a week, £2 7 8, thrice a week, £3 11 6 per annum.
Full lists of prices may be had on application at Topliff's News Room, Boston, at Gilpin's Merchants' Exchange, and Hale's News Room, New York, and at Kerfer's Exchange News Room, Halifax, N. S.
N. B. No order will be attended to unless it is accompanied by a remittance, or reference for payment three months in advance, in some Liverpool or London house.

BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN
ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS
of 1,250 tons Burthen, and 440 Horse Power,
Under contract with the Lords of the Admiralty
ACADIA, commanded by E. C. MILLER.
BRITANNIA, " R. B. CLELAND.
CALEDONIA, "
COLUMBIA, " C. H. E. JUDKINS.
Passage Money £25 Sterling, from Halifax to Liverpool.
From Boston to Liverpool, $125.
From Halifax to Boston, $20.
These Ships carry experienced Surgeons.
The "Unicorn" plies between Pictou and Quebec, in connection with Halifax.
S. CUNARD & CO., Halifax.
G. B. SYMES, Quebec.
74z S. S. LEWIS, Boston.

ON HAND at all times, and for sale at the
KINGSTON BREWERY AND DISTILLERY,
ALE,
of a SUPERIOR QUALITY, *at one Shilling per Gallon.* Also—
Whiskey,
rectified through *Copper Stills*, well known by the consumers of the article to be of the *purest* manufacture, there being none other distilled on the same principle in Canada.
High Wines,
proof *one* to *one* which article has received the preference in the Montreal market.
Alcohol,
at all times on hand for sale.
NOTICE.
Regular Ale customers can fully depend on their being supplied *throughout the ensuing summer at One Shilling per Gallon.* The well known keeping quality of the Ale during the past season will serve as a sufficient recommendation for the next.
Orders left at the Store of Mr. Arthur Foster will be punctually attended to.
JAMES MORTON.
Kingston Brewery & Distillery, 22nd October, 1841. 33z

1841.
New Forwarding Line.
Via the River St. Lawrence,
TO AND FROM
MONTREAL, BROCKVILLE, KINGSTON
AND THE INTERMEDIATE PLACES.
ROSS, MATTHIE & Co. at *Montreal*,
EASTON, ROSS & Co. at *Brockville & Kingston*
WITH new and improved Barges, will be prepared in the opening of the Navigation, to give passage to Emigrants, and to transport Property of all descriptions with increased safety and dispatch.
Freight upwards charged for by WEIGHT at rates reduced below the Tariff Prices exacted for years past.
The Subscribers, from the facilities which they possess, and their determination to do the business intrusted to them satisfactorily, trust that they will command and merit a share of Public support.
(Signed,) MATTHIE, EASTON, & Co.
JAMES ROSS,
HENRY EASTON.
January 1, 1841. 53yy

C. KENNEDY & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF DRY GOODS,
BEG to intimate to the Inhabitants of Kingston and its vicinity, that they have now got their FALL STOCK to hand, which will be found large, Fashionable, and Select, in all its departments.
They would respectfully solicit an inspection of the following Goods; which will be found exceedingly cheap.
BROAD, BEAVER, & PILOT CLOTHS
Vestings, Tweeds and Moleskins,
Gentlemen's Stocks, Scarfs & Silk Handk'fs,
A large stock of Gentlemen's Beaver Hats,
Prints, Ginghams and Merinos,
Orleans Cloths, plain and figured,
De-laines, Plaid, Spun and Emb'd Dresses,
Tournament and Plaid Closings,
Hosiery and Gloves,
Black & col'd Gros-de-Naples, plain & fig'd,
Black and col'd Satinette,
[illegible]
and figured,
A large assortment of
THREAD LACES & BLACK LACE VEILS,
Cotton and Linen Shirtings, Quilted and Filled Shawls, Flannels, Blankets, Table Linens, Diapers and Towellings.
A general assortment of Small-Wares.
Kingston, 20th Oct., 1841. 32

THE Subscribers are prepared to receive and execute any orders for Books &c., published either in England or the U. States. Individuals wishing to have books early next Spring, will require to hand their orders before the 25th December next.
RAMSAY ARMOUR & Co.
Kingston, 25th Nov. 1841.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS
WAREHOUSE,
CORNER OF STORE AND QUARRY STREET.
THE Subscriber has received per *Mohawk* from Glasgow, *Blond* from Liverpool, and *Great Britain* from London, a Consignment of DRY GOODS, which will be found worth the notice of the Trade. The Goods were selected by a person long acquainted with this Market, and will be found both in price and style in every way suitable. The Stock consists in part of
Mackinaw, Whitney, Bose and Point Blankets,
Cloths, Cassimeres, Kerseys and Tweeds,
Diamond & plain Beaver & Pilot Cloths,
Scarlet, Crimson, and White Flannel,
Red and white Kersey and Printed Salisburry,
Red and white Serge, Green Baize and Druggets,
Merinos, Orleans and Printed Saxonys,
Carpeting and Hearth Rugs,
Shalloons, Silicias, and Rolled Jaconnets,
Splendid assortment of Printed Calicoes,
Brown and Bleached Cottons,
Regattas and Twilled Stripe Shirtings,
Book, Jaconet and Mull Muslin and Lenos,
Fancy Vesting, Tabinet and Plush,
Moleskin, Velvet and Velveteen,
Quilts, Counterpanes and Horse Blankets,
Thibet Mufflers,
Printed and Bordered Shawls,
Scotch Shawls and Shepherd's Plaids,
Patent Canvas,
Twilled Sacking and Osnaburgh,
Two Blue, Turkey Red, and Shirting Stripe,
10-4, 6-4 and 4-4 Cotton and Linen Sheetings,
India Bandannas and Black Silk H'dk'fs,
Buckskin Mitts, Lambs' wool Gloves and Hose,
Lambs' wool Shirts, Drawers, &c. &c.
The Subscriber's instructions are to sell at low prices, so therefore the Stock will be found to compete with any goods offered this fall.
T. MACKIDER,
Agent.
Kingston, 20th October, 1841. 33z

PORT HOPE WHISKY,—for Sale BY
JOSEPH B. HALL.
Kingston, 8th October, 1841. 29

Lemons,
A Fresh lot, which will keep through the Winter, just received
By D. CHRISTIE,
Market Square.
Nov. 1841. 43z

THE WORLD.
BY ELIZA COOK.

Talk who will of the world as a desert of thrall,
Yet, yet, there is bloom on the waste;
Though the coalice of life hath its acid and gall,
There are honey drops too for the taste.

We murmur and droop should a sorrow-cloud stay,
And note all the shades of our lot;
But the rich scintillations that brighten our way,
Are basked in, enjoyed, and forgot.

Those who look on mortality's ocean aright,
Will not mourn o'er each billow that rolls,
But dwell on the glories, the beauties, the might,
As much as the shipwrecks and shoals.

How thankless is he, who remembers alone,
All the bitter, the drear and the dark;
Though the raven may scare with its wo-boding tone,
Do we ne'er hear the song of the lark?

We utter farewell, 'tis torture to part,
But in meeting the dear one again,
Have we never rejoiced with that mildness of heart
Which out-balances ages of pain?

Who hath not had moments so laden with bliss,
When the soul, in its fullness of love,
Would waver, if bidden, to choose between this,
And the paradise promised above?

Though the eye may be dimm'd with its grief-drop awhile,
And the whiten'd lip sigh forth its fear,
Yet pensive indeed is that face where the smile
Is not oftener seen than the tear.

There are times when the storm gust may rattle around,
There are spots where the poison shrub grows;
Yet are there not hours when nought else can be found
But the south wind, the sunshine and rose?

O hopelessly rare is the portion that's ours,
And strange is the path that we take,
If there spring not beside us a few precious flowers,
To soften the thorn and the brake.

The wail of regret, the rude clashing of strife,
The soul's harmony often may mar;
But I think we must own, in the [illegible]
Earth is not *all* fair, yet it is not *all* gloom,
And the voice of the grateful will tell,
That he who allotted Pain, Death, and the Tomb,
Gave hope, Health, and the Bridal as well.

Should fate do its worst, and my spirit oppressed,
O'er its own shattered happiness pine,
Let me witness the joy in another's glad breast,
And some pleasure must kindle in mine.

Then say not the world is a desert of thrall,
There is bloom, there is light on the waste;
Though the chalice of life hath its acid and gall,
There are honey drops too for the taste.

THE GLENROYS.
BY MRS. WORTHINGTON.
CHAPTER II.
(Continued from last Chronicle.)

The following day Glenroy was in a high fever, and his friend forgot every thing in uneasiness respecting him. He ceased to feel surprise at Mrs. Lindsay's vivid interest in their mutual charge, and only experienced the sincerest pleasure in possessing so useful, and so sympathizing an assistant. Glenroy's impatient disposition rendered him a very refractory invalid; but she was evidently versed in all the trials, as well as all the duties of a nurse. She remembered every thing, she provided for every thing; she seemed endowed with almost supernatural foresight and sagacity; whilst her unwearied patience, gentleness, and sweetness, acquired a complete empire over the impetuous Glenroy, who finally learned to obey her smallest injunction with entire submission. At the end of a week, Mr. Atwood, the young surgeon, pronounced him out of danger, and quitted them. He now began to amend visibly; his bodily sufferings abated, and he grew extremely restless, impatient and uneasy, continually lamenting his inability to write or to arrange business of great importance, awaiting his presence in London.

A few days afterwards, Mrs. Lindsay communicated her opinion to Mordaunt that he had better proceed immediately to England. "I do not wish to enquire into his private affairs," she said, "nor can I judge how far the business he speaks of is really so far urgent in its nature; but this be assured of, tranquillity of mind is essential to his recovery—to his safety, even now. Could you not act for him?—could you not see this Lady Matilda Glenroy, whose image seems to torment him so incessantly?—something, surely, might be done towards arranging the lawsuit he speaks of?"

"Certainly," replied Sir Henry: "I could do much towards calming his perturbed spirit, if I were in England; but am I to suppose you would maintain the post you fill so admirably until he recovers?"

"Undoubtedly. I shall never quit him, be assured, whilst I can be of the least use to him. I will watch over him, as if—as if he were my own son."

"Then I shall feel perfectly easy respecting his welfare. If he consent, I will act out immediately; and a thousand thanks, dearest Mrs. Lindsay, for the kind and excellent suggestion."

Glenroy eagerly accepted the proposition. All day was spent by the two friends, one in dictating, and the other in writing numerous letters; and the following morning Sir Henry Mordaunt set out for England. He received a packet from Mrs. Lindsay to be left at Drummond's, and bade her farewell, very cordially and sincerely expressing his hope they should speedily meet again. She shook her head, saying, in a mournful voice, "I also wish it, Sir Henry, as much as you can possibly do; but I fear it is most probable that years may previously intervene, however, fare you well—health and all happiness attend you!"

It was after this that he took leave of Glenroy. "Before I quit you, my dear friend," he said, "I must say a little more about the extraordinary woman in whose hands I leave you. Of her care, her unremitting and judicious care, I entertain not the slightest doubt; but I really half dread, and I know not why, the powerful influence she possesses over you; neither ought I to conceal that I am convinced that there is something mysterious about her—she is not what she seems, I am sure."

"Mysterious!" cried Glenroy, rather indignantly, "what can you mean? And as to her influence—a fine intellect, exquisite sweetness of temper, and a total forgetfulness of herself, must always command influence over every human mind and heart. Dread it? nonsense, Mordaunt!"

"Well I admit that with any one but so susceptible and eccentric a being as yourself, such an apprehension would be egregious nonsense; for with all your attempts to conceal it, you are susceptible to a great degree—your very horror of a young and handsome woman proves it. In general, to dread female influence over a young man of four-and-twenty, where the lady is nearly fifty, lame, and deformed, and whose eyes he has never seen, would be ridiculous—perhaps it is so now; but you not only delight in her conversation, which is quite natural, but talk of the sweetness of her voice, and the beauty of her hand."

"And is it not exquisitely beautiful!—a model for a sculptor? And her voice is not only most delicious, but reminds me of some one's I have greatly loved—I think it must be my mother's."

After a little further conversation in a similar strain, Mordaunt related the manner in which she had interfered with the banditti, and then added; "Now my friend, a woman who preserves your life at the imminent risk of her own, hangs over you in an agony of grief, talks of '*the last of the Glenroys*,' and yet calls herself a total stranger, is, in my opinion, a mysterious personage."

Enfeebled by bodily illness, and fatigued by dictating important documents, Glenroy was less impressed by Mordaunt's narration than would otherwise have been the case. Perhaps it increased the perfect confidence with which he reposed on Mrs. Lindsay's care, which was now even greater than before he was consigned to her sole guardianship. She redoubled her efforts to relieve the tedium of confinement, for which her varied mental qualifications admirably fitted her. She read to him; she conversed with him; she lectured him on his various faults; and he seemed to like her lectures better than anything else. She hired a guitar, and played and sung to him. "I cannot look at a musical instrument," she said, "but I can remember the old things I used to sing in my youth." The voice he so much admired was not less sweet in warbling the plaintive melodies of Scotland than in speaking, and Glenroy spent many hours of positive happiness in listening to her; his vexed spirit was soothed, his heart was softened, and visions of days long gone by floated around his sick bed. He longed to open his whole soul to this gentle friend, to communicate all his difficulties and distresses, ask her advice, and enjoy the consolation of her sympathy; but considerations respecting others for a time restrained him.

At length a packet of letters arrived from England, and Mrs. Lindsay was shocked by the agitation they produced in her charge. Before evening he was in a high fever; and, in the course of the night, Jarvis called Mrs. Lindsay up in great alarm, to endeavour to calm him, she sent for an old medico, in the same street, who administered a powerful sedative. The next morning Glenroy sent for her as soon as he awoke. She found him calm, but profoundly dejected; he held out his hand to her with a melancholy smile, saying, "Come, my dear and invaluable friend—come and administer some of your soothing philosophy to your *protege*. You have taught me how to live; now I firmly believe you must extend your lesson, and teach me—how to die!"

"Good heavens!" she cried, "what has happened?—it is impossible!"

"I know not whether it is really so, but I feel as if my end was approaching; and last night I was certainly delirious—or mad—or something like it. Listen:—you took those letters from me, and bade me sleep; I did at last, but soon awake, struggling with a dreadful feeling,—all the dead were round me—my father, with his bleeding breast—my mother, expiring, with Theodosia in her arms—my uncle frowning—and—well, I will not tell you all I saw—you cannot bear it. I know not how long this lasted; but suddenly an angel form glided through the crowd of spectres, and clasped me to her bosom; her loose sleeves fell back from those alabaster arms; long tresses of raven hair swept cool and fragrant over my forehead; a lovely face, long, long unseen, but never to be forgotten, was laid by mine——"

"Whose—whose was it?" cried Mrs. Lindsay, eagerly.

"The face of my cousin—of Matilda Glenroy; she, who in my boyhood I loved, I idolized!—whom I never ceased to—but tell me, dear friend, am I not dying?—do not hesitate; believe me, I shall meet my last hour calmly. It is a short and stormy day that will close, and the last of a proud, fiery, and misguided race will expire in me; faults born in my blood—the burning blood of a Glenroy—will be mercifully pardoned, perhaps, and Matilda will then——"

"My dear Lord Glenroy," interrupted Mrs. Lindsay, "you must really behave better, or I shall resort to very desperate measures. Banish those illusions; *you are not dying*—so far, at least, as one mortal can venture to say so of another. You wrought yourself into a fever of agitation yesterday morning, and were very properly punished by being extremely ill last night. A narcotic was administered to you, and, under its influence, you doubtless conjured up all these strange forms. Come, come, compose yourself; you will survive to give me much trouble yet; but, at the same time, I must say, your friends in England ought not to send you such inconsiderate letters."

"No, no, they are not to blame; but those letters must be answered, and to-day; and you, my kind, my maternal friend, must consent to be my secretary;—if I am dying, the last acts of my life shall not be selfish. But before you begin your task, deign to counsel me, to consider my situation, to listen to my history. You already know much that I would say; but I feel a desire to entrust you with the particulars of my past life—I can resist no longer; sit down, therefore, beloved friend, and listen."

"Not now—pray do not now when you are feeble and dejected, enter on a narrative that must be an agitating one. Alas! you need not tell me of storms; I can read their traces in every premature furrow on this brow, which ought to be still smooth. Besides, you should weigh more maturely what you are about to communicate. I suspect there are delicate family circumstances connected with your anxieties, and these I had rather not to hear; you may hereafter regret your avowals. Remember," and she smiled, "how little you really know of Marion Lindsay. In our first interview, you admired my ready trust in you; it is now my turn to reproach yours in me."

"Ah!" said Glenroy, pressing her hand, "many have deceived me; but you—no—my confidence in your rectitude, your perfect integrity, nothing can shake; hear me then with patience and indulgence."

Finding that opposition, only distressed and irritated him, Mrs. Lindsay yielded; seated herself, as usual, in as much obscurity as she could command, and Glenroy began his narrative:—

"My father was the younger brother of the late Earl of Glenroy, and possessed the haughty unconvertable character, common to our race, in a strong degree. He married my mother early in life, and she survived only a few years; so that I have scarcely the faintest recollection of her. Some have said—heaven knows how truly—that she was of too soft a nature to contend with a Glenroy. He married again, and to my second mother—the only one, in fact, I ever knew as such—I was fondly attached. I was eight years old at this period, and was just beginning to feel that desol