

Colonies, as influenced by law, by law, as it is now, death, destruction, or catastrophe, &c., of the president and vice-president, declaring what office should then be president, and the office so designated, is to be retained until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected, and who is in that case to be elected on the first Wednesday of the ensuing December, if time will admit of it, and if not, then on the same day in the ensuing year.

At Congress on March 1st, 1792, sec. 9, declared, that in case of a vacancy in the office both of president and vice-president, the president of the Senate, pro tempore, and in case there should be no president of the Senate, then the speaker of the House of Representatives, for the time being, should act as President, until the vacancy was supplied.

The reader will remember that previous to the adjournment of the late extra session of the Senate the Vice-President vacated the chair, and Mr. Southard, of New Jersey, was elected President of that body *pro tempore*. It will therefore be seen by the authority above quoted that the Hon. Mr. Southard, of New Jersey, is now Vice-President of the United States. In view of the calamity that has befallen the nation, the selection of Mr. Southard by the Senate for their presiding officer must be fortunate.

From the National Intelligencer.

Washington, April 1, 1841.

The circumstances in which we are placed by the death of the President, render it impossible for us, in the view of Congress, and in the absence of the Vice-President to make arrangements for the Funeral Solemnities. Having consulted with the family and personal friends of the deceased, we have concluded that the funeral be solemnized on Wednesday, the 7th instant, at 12 o'clock. The services to be performed will be according to the usage of the Episcopal Church, in which the deceased most usually worshipped. The body to be taken from the President's House to the Congress burial-ground, accompanied by a military and civil procession, and deposited in the Receiving Tomb.

The military arrangements to be under the direction of Major General Macomb, the General Commanding the Chief of the Army of the United States, and Major General Walter Jones, of the militia of the District of Columbia.

Commodore Morris, the senior Captain in the Navy now in the city, to have the direction of the naval arrangements.

The Marshal of the District to have the direction of the civic procession, assisted by the Mayors of Washington, Georgetown, and Alexandria, the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the United States, and such other citizens as they may see fit to call to their aid.

John Quincy Adams, Ex-President of the United States of Congress, now in the city or its neighborhood, all the members of the Diplomatic body resident in Washington, and all officers of Government, and citizens generally, are invited to attend.

And it is respectfully recommended to the officers of Government that they wear the usual badge of mourning.

DANIEL WEBSTER, Secretary of State, THOMAS FIVING, Secretary of Treasury, J. J. CRITTENDEN, Attorney General, FRANCIS GRANGER, Postmaster General.

REPORT OF THE PHYSICIANS.

Washington, April 1st, 1841.

Dear Sir,—In compliance with the request made to you by yourself and the other gentlemen of the Cabinet, the attending and consulting Physicians have drawn up the abstract of a report on the President's Case, which I enclose to you.

Very respectfully your obedient servant,

THO. MILLER, Attending Physician.

To the Hon. D. Webster, Secretary of State.

On Saturday, March 27, 1841, President Harrison after several days' previous indisposition, was seized with a chill and other symptoms of fever. The next day Pneumonia, with congestion of the liver, and engorgement of the stomach and bowels, was ascertained to exist. The health and delirium of the patient, with the immediate prostration, forbade a resort to general bloodletting. Topical depurative, blisters, and appropriate internal remedies, subduced, in a great measure, the disease of the lungs and liver, but the stomach and intestines did not remain a healthy condition. Finally, on the 3d of April, at 3 o'clock, P.M.—profuse diarrhea came on, under the exciting cause of an emetic, which he took to ease his pain, at ten minutes to 1 o'clock, in the morning of the fourth.

The last words uttered by the President, as heard by Dr. Waddington, were these: "Sir, wish you to understand the true principles of the Government. I wish them explained." I do, including mine.

THO. MILLER, M. D.

Attending Physician.

J. C. HALL, M. D.

ASHTON ALEXANDER, M. D.

Consulting Physicians.

We have much pleasure in laying before our readers a highly important memorial by the North American Colonial Committee, of London, to Lord John Russell, Principal Secretary of State, which will be found below.

We are indebted for this interesting document to John Ray, Esq., the active and efficient Emigrant Agent for the port of Kingston, who we are aware has kept up a constant correspondence with Dr. Ralph, since his departure for England, furnishing him with such local and general information connected with the cause of emigration, as the Dr. has acknowledged to be most useful to him. We are also aware that Mr. Ray has for some time past maintained a regular correspondence with some of the leading Journals in the north of Scotland, affording details of information highly useful to parties intending to emigrate to Canada.

TO THE RIGHTEOUS HONOURABLE LORD JOHN RUSSELL, PRINCIPAL SECRETARY FOR THE COLONIES.

The Memorial of the North-American Colonial Committee, of London,

SHEWETH.—That the North American Colonial Committee, consisting of gentlemen associated for the purpose of promoting the Colonization of the British Provinces in America, have resolved, after mature consideration, to submit to your Lordship the following statement of their views with respect to this important object.

We assume, that in the Highlands and Islands, as well as in some of the manufacturing towns of Scotland, that in particular employing and particular districts of England, many thousands of our fellow-countrymen are not only unable to obtain throughout the year such wages as will afford them those means of comfortable subsistence which every industrious man may fairly expect in exchange for his labour, but are often reduced to the extreme privations of the most afflictive destitution.

We assume further, that in the British Provinces of America there exists a demand for labour which has not yet been fully satisfied; that the industrious labourer can there obtain good wages and the means of comfortable subsistence which every industrious man may fairly expect in exchange for his labour, but are often reduced to the extreme privations of the most afflictive destitution.

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