on his visit to England, even in the elaboborate public compliment of Mr. Canning; it was the gifted and illustrious author who was hailed and incensed on every side. Intelligences of their endowments and exploits stand out in estimation beyond all adventitious rank or office business---they have a higher existence and more general acceptance: they possess an absorbing distinction and superior meed.

"Letters admit not of a half renown, They give you nothing, or they give a crown. No work e'er gained true fame, or ever can, But what did honor to the name of man."

CHURCH OF ENGLAND .- The following clever and eloquent observations are from the pen of the Rev. G. Croly :- "It may be fearlessly pronounced that the Church last of England has in it her competence to be the great security of England; that, whatever thunder-cloud may gather over the land, it is in the Church must be erected the conductor. Among her twelve thouall the better parts of human intercourse, and the least liable to personal imputation of any clergy in Europe; ueither corrupted, dependent on public life, nor ascetics of the cloister, nor sullen refugees from society; there must be minds capable of leading in any cause that ever tasked the faculties of man. We must look to no other influence than religion for the permanent peace of empires. All the statutes that ever loaded the shelves of legislation, and all the weapous that ever enforced them, could not fabricate a peaceable community out of an irreligious people. The heart is the spring of good and evil; the Scriptures alone can reach it. From the pulpit, in its wise and by which these gentlemen were arrested. It aphonest zeal; in its eloquence, chastened courage, and scriptural integrity, must go forth the spirit that reconciles and heals, and this must be the pulpit of the Established Church. In all our history, there is no fact more thoroughly demonstrable than the vital connection of British prosperity with that Church. The hour that sees her shaken will see more than the taruishing of of judge, jury, and magistrate; and as the legality crosiers and miters. For the encourage- of his warrant was to be argued before the judges ment of the Church, she has only to revert on Tuesday, we hope, before we go to press, for to days, when, though every step was through the ashes of martyrs, she made good her victory, alike for king and people. With the liturgy for her language, the articles for her law, the virtue of her Halls and Latimers for her example, the Scripture for her faith, the good of man for her desire, and God for her dependence; the ton possessed the firmness of Lieut. Col. Macin-Church of England cannot fall. To all taunting questions, what has she done for England? we answer by pointing to the illustrious institutions for education which she has founded; to the countless establishments of charity; to the myriads of the people which she has brought from the the Quebec Mercury, as tending to give an exdepths of ignorance and vice into knowledge and virtue; to the myriads which of a military force in the suppression of riots tomples that she has raised, and is still raiwearied diffusion of the Sacred Scriptures. Evening Packet.

KINGSTON CHRONICLE.

SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1832.

The prevalency of easterly winds for the las fortnight has enabled us to furnish our readers with arrivals by Quebec, later than any that have been received by the New York packets. Cork papers to the 22d of April, and Dublin to the 23d, furnished us with the important political matter with which our columns are supplied. The most interesting feature of this intelligence is marked by the passage of the Reform Bill in the House of Lords by a majority of nine. This great victory to the unwearied and persevering industry of Earl Grey, will, we have no doubt, be fully achieved when the various clauses of the Bill will be tried in the crucible of the committee, where it was ordered on the first day after the recess. But should the Ministry lose any of the clauses contained in the measure, the result will be the creation of a sufficient number of Peers to maintain the original spirit and policy of the act: a hint to that effect having been expressed by the Premier at the close of the debate. The Duke of Wellington, with his accustomed consistency, has, with seventy-four other noble Lords, protested formally against it.

Our torcign intelligence is without interest beyond the fact of the ratification of the Belgian treaty by four of the great powers. Russia still (though we have reason to believe accidentally) withholding her assent to the articles.

The Irish Tythe Bill was read a third time and passed in the House of Commons, by a majority of 52 to 7.

The state of Paris is becoming every day more alarming, from the rapid spread of the cholera The average deaths exceed 300 daily, while the disease is evidently declining in London and those parts of England originally visited by that dreadful malady. Both houses of parliament had adjourned to the 7th of May.

Since writing the above we have been kindly favoured by Mr. J. W. Armstrong with London papers of the 26th and Liverpool of the 27th, brought out in the Packet Ship North America, as also dates to the 1st of May; they furnish nothing more important than the circumstance of public meetings through the kingdom, and addresses going up to London, urging the ministers to adhere to the 10L franchise, and to create Poers suf- in England. This gentleman, we are happy to ficient to establish the passage of the Bill. address from Leeds had 27,000 signatures; En-

somewhat abated in Paris.

The recent electioneering outrages at Montreal, of which we gave in our last a detailed account, have led to the most factious and unjust aspersions on Lieutenant Colonel Macintosh, Captain Temple, and the part of the 15th Regisubduing and dispersing an organized mob, during the riot of the memorable Monday, when were necessarily sacrificed in the effort to suppress that most serious and alarming tumult. the Champ de Mars of the occasion. It is unnecessary for us to say that these aspersions could only proceed from these infamous journals as the Minerve and the Vindicator; in this town has been transmitted by the Attorthe latter the property of Mr. Tracey, and the new General to the Sheriff of the District, and a

ment calculated to inflame the public mind and abuse the constituted authorities of the Country. With what success his perverted statements have novel been adopted by the partizans of his political influence at Montreal, may be gathered from the to the public benefit. The first fair may be ex appalling fact that a Coroner's inquest, which assembled on Tuesday, and continued their pretended investigation to Thursday, were discharged on Monday, unable to agree in their verdict; having prostituted their time to the most infamous of purposes---that of endeavouring to criminate the military officers who commanded the Troops engaged on that service. The partial and illegal course pursued throughout by the Coroner is justly and severely deprecated in the "Gazette;" and his stratagems to enforce a verdict of wilful murder or manslaughter from the Jury, are marked by that detestation which such infamy merits. To such a degree of unparalelled prejudice has this shadow of justice sand clergy, a body the most conversant in reached, that on Saturday, before the jury were discharged, and when NINE only agreed in their verdict-assuming the office of a magistrate and despising all authority of law, he arbitrarily issues his warrant (pendente lite) for the arrest of Lieutenant Colonel Macintosh and Captain

Mr. Papineau, whose officiousness upon this occasion is characteristic of his peculiar political creed, attended before the judges, when these officers were bailed, insisting on their being committed to prison as culprits. Our great surprise is, that the judges should recognise for one moment the authority, under the circumstances, pears to us a proceeding marked by the strangest inconsistency, and if persevered in, might form a precedent for a judge's passing sentence of death on a culprit, because the majority of the jury were supposed (for in this case they could not express any public opinion) to find the prisoner guilty. The coroner seems to have usurped the functions the credit and purity of the trial by jury, to be enabled to apprise our readers that such an effort to tarnish the brightest gem in the British constitution, will be marked by that decision which the justice of the case so loudly and imperatively demands. Had Col. Brereton or Capt. Warring. tosh, during the Bristol riots, the life of the former would still have been spared, and the miliour readers to the lotters which we extract from position of the law, as regards the employment she is still bringing; to the innumerable The former is from the John Bull of the 22d January; the other from a Barrister of Lincoln's Inn. Both are applicable to the case of the troops employed at Montreal, and are undeniable as to the propriety of their conduct upon that

> We do not perceive that any notice has been taken in the Gazette of the modification of the rate of tolls payable on the Rideau Canal, as promised in His Excellency's answer to the address of the people of Kingston on that important subject. We learn that opposition may be expected in a certain quarter to the system of rates recommended, but where the very existence of this navigation depends on the moderation of the charges, we should suppose that such would be viewed in the considerate light that all such re monstrances have been regarded when properly and respectfully submitted to His Excellency.

Amongst the multitude of Emigrants who have stopped, in transitu, for a few hours at our wharves, we observed many of the most respectable and better orders of society; and it is much to be regretted that no encouragement seems to exist to procure the location of any of these in the neighbourhood of this town. Whether the Canada Company have monopolized them, in or der to make settlements upon their own encouraging territories or not, the cause is extraordi nary. When so many favourable opportunities of location present themselves in every direction we travel---should the tide flow in the same nu merical and physical strength for the remainder of the season as has distinguished this early period---we shall speedily see a population which; from its noble and powerful ascendancy, will be able to subdue the factious spirit that otherwise would have (particularly if not controuled in this way) rendered Canada, in the canting language of a certain party, a "moral waste;" discharging its venom against every individual who rears his head in defence of the King, and in support of the benevolent views of his ministers & representatives in these colonies.

of the shipping arrivals at Quebec, from the length of the communications in our late numbers. We have however commenced the operation this day, and hope to continue it in regular succession, for the information of merchants, till the close of the

The Messrs. Armstrong received on Thursday their first consignment of summer goods, which form a most elegant addition to their fashionable establishment, selected by Mr. J. W. Armstrong say, returned on Thursday evening via NewYork in renewed health, after an absence of two years, gland was perfectly tranquil. The Cholera had during which period he was principally employed in selecting articles from the best manufactories, suited to the Canadian market.

Monday last, being the day appointed for the celebration of our Most Gracious Sovereign's birth day, was observed in the usual manner by the troops in Garrison, as also by His Majesty's ment who were employed by the Magistracy in Dockyard. The Royal Standard was hoisted, and the customary salutes fired by the infantry and artillery. The peculiar fineness of the day three deluded victims of Mr. Tracey's popularity attracted all our fashionables to the parade ground, which for the first time was selected as

A draft of the letters patent for holding Fairs

vehicle through which he conveys every sentieration of the committee appointed at the general meeting, to arrange the affairs of this pected to be held here on the 2d Monday in Oc-

The Great Britain Steam Boat arrived here on Monday evening from York with 60 cabin and by moderate charges, and unwearied 100 deck passengers, and with a cargo in produce equal to 3000 barrels of flour. This is the most extensive freight that any craft has ever conveyed to these wharves, and we understand the voyage was made in the usual time. She returned here on Thursday morning, having upwards of 900 passengers on board. On Wednesday the William IV. brought up about 600 Emigrants; few from either vessel stopped at King-

We received yesterday the first number of new Journal, published by Mr. James Radeliffe, at Cobourg under the imposing cognomen of the Reformer," "established" as his prospectus describes "for the diffusion of political intelligence and advancing agriculture, commerce, and domestic manufactures, religion, and science in general." The political creed of the proprietor is openly expressed in his editorial bow to the public, whom he assures, as one of his reasons of appearing before them, that the disorganized state of the Province prompted the experiment; that his paper is projected for self defence; that the outrages committed at Cobourg, at the public meeting, justifies the speculation; and that the attempt to force an address upon the people not only without their consent, but against their opinion, all conspired to render broke, Sofa, Card, Work, Dressing, him & Champion of Reform "in the various branches of Colonial administration." Mr. Radcliffe's genius is sufficient to construct any machine, from a steam vessel to a newspaper; and though we cannot anticipate much benefit to the public by his present experiment, we are not so selfish as to withhold our wish, that it may at east he beneficial to himself.

Earl Dalhousie has arrived in England from In-The Earl Dundonald, formerly Lord Cochrane, has been restored to his rank in the British Navy, and is now a Rear Admiral of the Blue.

LAUNCH OF A SCHOONER .-- A remarkably handsome schooner, of about 100 tons burthen, which was built at Massassagua Battery, was Utensils of every description: A supetary reputation of the latter existed unsullied by launched yesterday, in beautiful style, in the the result of a general court martial. We refer presence of an immense number of spectators. She is called the "Richard Cartwright," and from her build, promises not to be excelled by any of the sailing craft on the Lake.

> The Gentlemen Barbers of this town, with a most praiseworthy desire to observe the Sabbath inviolate, have bound themselves under a heavy penalty not 16 perform any professional labour after the 12th of June next on Sundays, unless when called whon to exercise their functions upon steam-boat travellers, or upon the dead. This laudable determination cannot possibly inconvenience the public, as their respective establishments will remain open until a late hour on Saturday nights, to enable them to become divested of their superfluous physiognomial excrescences, without committing any breach of Sabbatical

Among the passengers which arrived at New York in the packet ship North America, we notice Lt. Col. D. McDougall, 79th Highlanders.

For the last fortnight the season had all the appearance of March: cold winds and rain generally prevailed, and vegetation was partially suspended. The last day or two has been more genial, but still possessing a sting that renders the fire-side any thing but oppressive.

To CORRESPONDENTS .- The "Recluse" shall appear next week. "An Enquirer" may have his curiosity on the subject of his communication gratified by the fact, that we considered we were conferring a favor on the public by affording them a purer and more eloquent style of poetry in the late numbers of the Chronicle, than the "host of ephemeral authors" of Kingston could possibly produce. "Nautiles" shall be attended to next week.

"Is there a steamboat on the Lake called 'the Peer ?" inquired one of our quidnuncs the other day. "Not to my knowledge," replied his neigh-"but why do you ask ?" "Because," said he, "I am told that the William the Fourth lately ran against the Peerl" The fact was, that in approaching the wharf at Brockville, on her last trip, that Beautiful steamer (the William IV.)

dle wheels Actually ran over the outermost pier. May not this occurrence be ominous of the al exercise 8f the Royal Prerogative, threatened | Thousand Pounds, Currency, payable running down of the Peers by the unconstitution-We were disabled earlier from giving a detail by the present Ministry, in order to carry their in Three Years—the Interest to be paid favourite measure of Reform. I fear, however, semi-annually-and the smallest sum that in thus "swamping the Peers," the vessel of the state may not itself escape wreck. Would she not be instantly swallowed by the wild waves £100. of a tumultybus and raging democracy?--Com.

> Quebec, from Greenock, 12th April, Mrs. John plication to Robert Dickson. Esq. Mair, of Kiligston, U. C. Dr. and Mrs. Macmillan and child, of Glasgow, Miss M. Ross, of Inverness, the Rev. Henry Wilkes, of Glasgow, Mr. James McGregor, of Napance, U. C., Mr. James Mair, of Kingston, U. C. Mr. Wm. John McNeill, of Edinburgh, Mr. Daniel Stewart, of Athol, Mr. Wm. Bell, of Berwick, and Mr. Jas.

Hope, of da In the Sophia, 23d May, at Quebec, from Greenock, 10th April, Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm McNeil, of Gatloichly and four children, Mr. Simon A. Munro, of Kingston, U. C., Mr. John S. Cormack, of do. Mr. William K. Baird, of Quebec, Mr. and Miss M. Jacke, Dr. and Mrs. Arnoldi, of Montreal.

At the Annual Meeting of the Midland District Society, held at the School House on Mouday the 14th day of May, 1832, the following sentlemen were appointed office bearers for the ensuing year.

Thomas Markland, Esq., President.

Hugh C. Thomson, Esq., Treasurer.

" Benjamin Olcott,

Alexander Pringle, Esq., Secretary. The Ven. Archdeacon Stuart, Allao McLean, Esq. James Geddes, Esq. Trustees. Dr. John Whitelaw, Mr. William Stoughton,

A CARD.

OCTOR EVANS, Licentiate of the Edinburgh University and and useful institution. We understand Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, respectfully informs the the same immediately; and those to inhabitants of Kingston and its neighhourhood, that he intends permanently present their claims. residing in this town. He is at present to be found at Myers' Hotel, and hopes attention to the duties of his profession, to merit a share of their patronage and

Kingston, 1st June, 1832.

EMIGRATION SOCIETY. TOTICE.—All persons who may have lands for sale or lease in the Midland District, are requested to transmit a statement of the same (post paid) to Mr. Dawe, the Register of the Emigrant Society of the Midland District. And all persons desirous of employing mechanics, labourers, or servants, are requested to apply at the office of the Register.

By order of the Committe, J. S. CARTWRIGHT, S. KIRKPATRICK, Secretaries.

Kingston, 1st June, 1532.

EXTENSIVE AUCTION.

WITHOUT RESERVE. O be sold on Monday, the 11th of June next, at the residence of John R. Glover, Esq., the whole of his form of tender and every other inforvaluable Household Furniture, &c. consisting of Mahogany Dining, Pemand Loo Tables, Mahogany Hair bottomed, Rush bottomed, and Windsor Chairs, Sofas and Cauches, Mahogany bows, and 24 Stove Pans. Side Boards, Clothes Presses, Wardrobes, Book Cases, Stands, and Chests of Drawers, Bedsteads and curtains, Feather Beds, best curled hair Mattresses, and Bedding, Window Curtains and Blinds, Brass Window Poles, Carpets and Hearth Rugs, Stair Carpets and Rods, Mats, &c. Tea Trays, Cellaretts, either in British Silver or Bills of Ex-Chimney Ornaments, Pictures in frames, change on the Treasury, at the option taken the spacious and convenient building Books, an Excellent Clock, Lamps, Looking Glasses, Wash Stands, Basins and Ewers, Foot Bath, China, Crockery, and Glass Ware, with Kitchen rior Cooking Stove, Franklin and Bedroom do., a large Mangle, two excellent Horses, Wagon, Cart and Marness, Sad-

is in the first rate order. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. until the whole is disposed of.

MICHAEL MORAN, A. & B. Kingston, May 29, 1832.

WILLIAM DAVIS, BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER, MARKET SQUARE, KINGSTON. June, 1832.

MR. WOOD, ENTIST, is about leaving town, to be absent till fall or winter. Those who are wishing to avail themselves of his present visit, are invited to call soon.

Kingston, 23d May, 1832.

NEW GOODS. TALTER McCUNIFFE respectfully informs the public that he has received by late importations, via New York, and offers for sale, a splendid assortment of FASHIONABLE Goods. Likewise, Sole Leather, manufactured from Spanish bides, Waxed Galf Skins, Waxed Upper Leather, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots, Pumps, and Slippers, with a number of other articles, well adapted to the season, rather numerous to insert.

Also, on hand, Teas, Sugar, Coffee, Brandy, Spirits, Gin, Wine, Peppermint, Shrub, and Molasses.

Kingston, 21st May, 1832.

NIAGARA HARBOUR & DOCK COMPANY.

NTOTICE is hereby given that Tenders will be received until the 1st approached too closely, and that one of her pad- day of July next, by the Directors of the Niagara Harbour and Dock Company, for the Loan of a Sum of THREE tendered as Loan, not to be less than

> Further particulars, and the nature of the Security to be afforded by the Complication to ROBERT DICKSON, Esq. President.

THOS. M'CORMICK, Sec'y & Treasurer

Datéd May 9, 1832.

N. B .-- The Editors of the Montreal Heraka Gazette, the York Courier, the Kingston Chronicle, and the Buffalo Journal, are requested to insert the above 4 times, and send their accounts to the Secretary.

PAINTING.

THE Subscriber respectfully in.

that he will continue his business of PAINTING, in all its various branches, as usual, at his shop in the Market Square. He will have workmen of the best abilities, and will keep on hand a new and well assorted stock of Paper Hangings, Paints, Oils, and other articles in his line. He returns his sincere thanks for the

liberal support he has received, and hopes still to merit a share of public patronage

THEODORE BROCKETT. Kingston, March 24, 1832.

NOTICE.

LL persons indebted to the sub-Ascriber, either by Note or Book account, are requested to call and settle whom he is indebted are requested to

THEODORE BROCKETT. Kingston, March 3d, 1832.

NEW FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS.

HE Subscriber has received by the late arrivals, a choice and extensive assortment of FANCY and STA-PLE Goods, adapted to the Spring and Summer business. Prices unusually low, for cash or short credit.

ROBERT ARMOUR, No. 25, Notre Dame Street. Montreal, May 21, 1832.

Commissariat,

Kingston, 19th May, 1832. GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS. EALED TENDERS, will be received at this Office until Saturday, the 2d day of June next, at one o'clock P. M. for the following services in the Ordnance Department at this Station,

For crecting a Stone Building within the Tete du Pont, of 120 feet long and 40 feet broad.

A plan of the building and specification of the work, may be seen, with a mation required, obtained, at the Commanding Royal Engineer Office.

For supplying the Ordnance Department with

400 lengths of Stove Pipe, 50 El

Patterns and description of which, can be obtained at the Barrack Office. Kingston.

Security will be required for such Contracts as may be entered into, and payment will be made by an Ordnance Draft, on the Military Chest, to be paid of the Senior Commissariat Officer, at in the city of Albany, known as the Albany the rate of £100 for each £101 10s. Sterling.

CHARLES A. CLARKE. Asst. Commissary General

REMOVAL.

TOHN WATKINS has removed his hardware establishment to a dlery, Sleighs, a Cow, Glass Frames, very extensive premises in Store Street, Flower Stands, and Garden Utensils, nearly opposite to Mr. Jno. Blake's Tawith many other articles, too numerous vern, where he is now opening, in addition to his former stock, fifty casks & ca-The above property, as is well known, ses of Hardware, Cutlery, &c. which were selected by himself in Birmingham, Sheffield, and other manufacturing Towns in ferto the following gentlemen: Utica:-Spen-M., and to continue from day to day England. J. Watkins returns his thanks to his friends, Country Merchants, and the public generally, for the liberal support he has met with for many years past, begs to inform them that the arrangement he has made in England, and from his occasional visits personally, no bouse in the Canadas can supply them on better terms.

Kingston, Dec. 10th, 1831.

PUBLIC NOTICE. ENDERS will be received at this Office until Wednesday the 6th day of June next, for the conveyance of the Mail twice a week on a post route about to be established, leading from this office to Macgregor's Mills, Simmons' Mills, and Clark's Mills. The Contract will commence on the 6th July next and continue for three years. Two sufficient Sureties will be required for the performance of the contract.

JOHN MACAULAY, P. M. Post Office, Kingston, 10th May, 1832.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF THE MIDLAND DISTRICT.

TOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Stockholders held this day, according to the Act of for parties, and all the necessary conveni-Incomposition, it was

Resolved, that an instalment of ten per cent, on the Capital Stock subscribed, be called in, payable on or before the fifteenth day of June next, at this

F. A. HARPER, Cashier. Kingston, April 3, 1832.

BANK OF UPPER CANADA. TOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Election of Stockholders will be held at the Bank on sustain him in his enterprise. Monday the 4th June next, at 11 o'clock A. M. to choose Directors for the ensuing year.

THOMAS G. RIDOUT, Cashier. N. B. The editors of the several papers in the province, will be pleased to insert the above as usual, and transmit their accounts for payment to the Bank. T. G. R.

BANK OF UPPER CANADA. NOTICE is hereby given, that Books will be opened on the first day of August next, (as there is a restrictive clause in the late Charter, to prohibit its being done till six months after the passing of the act,) for subscrip- cellence and comfort of its apartments, tions to the increased Capital of this in regard both to parlours and bed Bank, at the following places, to wit: rooms; all of which are furnished in the forms his friends and the public In the towns of Kingston, Niagara, York, Brockville, Perth, Sandwich, Amherstburg, London, Cobourg, Cornwall, and Hamilton, in the district of Gore, under the direction of persons hereafter to be named.

> THOS. G. RIDOUT, Cashier. Bank of Upper Canada, York, 24th Feb. 1832.

yearly dividend, a bonus of not less than | bles-and where a Livery Stable is eight, per cent is intended to be paid to constantly kept. the Stockholders.

T. G. R.

STEAM BOAT NOTICE



The Splendid New Steam Boat GREAT BRITAIN.

CAPT. JOS. WHITNEY, Propelled by two Low-Pressure Engines of Ninety Horse Power Each

THE Public are respectfully informed that the following arrangements have been made for the months of April, May, and June: Will leave Prescott every Wednesday morning, commencing

18th April, 25th April, 2d May, 9th May, 16th May, 23d May, 30th May, 6th June, 13th June, 20th June, 27th June,

touching at Brockville, Kingston, Cobourg, Port Hope, York, and arrive at Niagara early on Friday morning .--Will leave Niagara every Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock, commencing on

21st April, 28th April, 5th May, 12th May, 19th May, 26th May, 2d June, 9th June, 16th June, 23d June, 30th June,

calling at Oswego every Sunday morning after 5th May next, also at Kingston and Brockville, and arrive at Prescott on Sunday afternoon.

The Ladies' and Gentlemen's Cabins on board the Great Britain are finished in the same manner as the New York and Liverpool packet ships, with state rooms, and no expense has been spared in finishing and furnishing the Boat in the most comfortable manner. Every endeavour will be used to accommodate passengers and ensure the greatest regu-

Prescott, U. C. 9th April, 1832. N. B. Notice will be given of the arrangements for the months of July, August, and September.

ALBANY TEMPERANCE HOUSE. SAFFORD, late of the Oneida Temperance House, Utica, has emperance House, and belonging to E. C. Delavan, Esq. It is cituated on the corner of North Market and Steuben stredts, a short distance north of the Post Office. The house will continue to be conducted on the principles of that great reformation which is blessing our land; and the friends of these principles are requested to patrouise the house, so long as its accommodations are such as to entitle it to their pa-

For evidences of his fitness to take charge of an establishment which has such an liftportant connexion with the interest cause of temperance, he is permitted to recer Kellogg, William Clarke, A. B. Jehnson, Samuel Stocking, William H. Maynard, Nicholas Devereux. Peterboro':-Gerrit Smith. Rochester :- Ashley Samson, Evarard Peck. J. K. Livingston. Albany :- Willard & Hurlbert, Smith &

N. B. Mr. Safford would inform the public that his successor in the Oneida Temperance House, is Capt. J. M. Ropes, a gentleman every way qualified to sustain the character and extend the respectability of the establishment.

Albany, April 23, 1832.

ONEIDA TEMPERANCE HOUSE. HE subscriber respectfully informs the travelling public that he has taken, for a term of years, the spacious and pleasant massion, in the CITY or UTICA, known by the above name, and heretofore occupied by Mr. N. Safford, who has re-

moved to the Albany Temperance House. The location of the Oneida Temperance House is in all respects convenient and pleasant, situated No. 53, Genesee street, opposite the Ontario Branch Bank, at the centre of business, a few rods from the packet boat landing on the canal, sufficiently removed to be free from the poise and not incommoded by the distance. The house is large, embracing suits of rooms and private parlors, appropriately furnished વ્યાવક સામાં પોલકુતાલાંકક.

The house will continue to be kept upon the strict principles of temperance, all ardent spirits being expelled from it, and no efforts will be spared to maintain for it the excellent reputation which it has acquired under the superintendance of the former proprietor. The table will always be furnished in the first order, and attentive servants will always be in employ. The present proprietor, sensible that his main dependence must be upon the friends of temperance; confidently appeals to them to

A porter will be kept in waiting for the arrival of the packets, and baggage willibe carried to and from the canal free of ex-J. M. ROPES. Utica, April 23, 1832.

MANSION-HOUSE HOTEL. HE Subscriber continues to occupy this extensive and well known

establishment, for the accommodation of the public. THE MANSION HOUSE is pleasantly situated on Store Street; being the principal and most central street in Kingston; and no establishment of the kind in the province can surpass it in the ex-

very best style. The Subscriber having kept Tavern for several years, has acquired experience in that line; and he trusts that with unremitting attention to the comforts of his guests, he will merit a share

of the public patronage. In the rear of the Mansion House is a large yard-in which there is an ex-N. B. In addition to the current half tensive and commodious range of sta-

S. CARMINO.

Kingston, May 9, 1832.