

in the most infuriated manner. On the approach of the military the mob fled down St. James' street, the military taking the same direction, headed by their commanding officer, Col. M. About this time the stones again began to fly from the mob in the most dangerous manner, and as that part of the town has been recently macadamized, the mob had a plentiful supply of stones ready at hand, which, we lament to say, they used with dreadful dexterity. Col. M. and several of the other officers and men were struck, the former very severely. Still, the utmost exertions, the most persuading entreaties were used by both Col. Mackintosh, the Magistrates, and those in authority, to prevail on the misguided and infuriated mob to disperse, but to no effect. The stones and other missiles continued to be thrown, and several persons were knocked down before our eyes. At length the fatal word was given—FIRE! and in another moment four persons were lying dead in the streets, and several wounded. One of them a young man not more than 15 or 16 years of age. The mob then fled. The military taking up a position at the head of St. James Street, adjoining the hay market, under a most drenching rain. On our return through St. James Street, we observed the flag ways literally strewn with stones, which had been thrown at the military, as no row had previously taken place in that quarter. What shall we, or what can we add to the above. Were we to give an opinion of our own, we would be charged perhaps as partisans. God knows that we have but little of it in our composition. We dare not give way to our feelings at this moment, but shall probably refer to the subject again. The town, at present, as far as we can learn, is quiet, but the greatest alarm is prevalent; and we believe that the entire of the military, including a portion of the Royal Artillery, are under arms, ready to act at a moment's warning.

No blame can possibly attach to the military; never did men act more calmly. With out-stretched arms, we observed Col. M. and the Magistrates, entreating of the mob to disperse. We would only add our prayer, that this may be the last blood-shed we may have to witness for many years to come on any similar occasion—but really when men of any persuasion will be blinded, and allow their passions to take possession of their reason—awful as may be the example—such examples are sometimes mercies in disguise. The peace must be preserved; and will be; even at such lamentable cost.

We regret to add, that a poor old man, seemingly a Canadian, in no wise concerned—fell a martyr to the improprieties of others. On the heads of such be the blood of these woe.

One O'clock, Friday Morning.—The Troops still under arms, and the Officers riding along the various streets observing any movement that takes place. We cannot but rejoice and be thankful for these precautionary steps, for had they not been attended to, we greatly fear our account this morning would be far more lamentable. The military have suffered very severely, from the quantity of rain which has fallen the most part of yesterday, and during the night.

Seven O'clock.—We have not heard of any further outrages committed during the night.

One of the persons shot, we are informed, was an apprentice to the Printing Business, in the employ of Mr. Tracey!

STATE OF THE POLL.
The state of the poll at the close on Friday was, for Bagg, 676; Tracey, 675—1. Saturday, Tracey, 680; Bagg, 680—0.
On Saturday, in consequence of the inclemency of the weather, (and from the violence manifested) an adjournment of the poll was demanded by Mr. Bagg's friends, according to law, and granted by the Returning Officer. This produced from Mr. Tracey such a tirade of abuse and ill temper as has seldom been equalled in the annals of Billingsgate. The mild and peaceable candidate attacked the character of the Returning Officer, reproached him as partial and unjust, and aspersed the partisans of Mr. Bagg, stigmatizing them as a band of murderers. He concluded this passionate appeal to his audience, by threatening violence to every opponent, and encouraged them to obtain by force that which he said was denied by the Returning Officer and the friends of Mr. Bagg.—*Gazette.*

We are informed, that at the close of the Poll on Monday evening, Mr. Tracey was three in majority.

RIDEAU CANAL.—In a late number of the Herald we announced that this magnificent work would be completed in a few weeks, but we were not prepared, at so early a period, for the interesting scene which took place yesterday. At 8 o'clock in the morning it was understood that a Steamboat and several smaller craft would pass through the Locks at Kingston Mills, and of course a large concourse of our inhabitants hastened to the spot, in order to witness a pleasing event. At thirteen minutes before one o'clock, the Dock Yard Cutter Snake, commanded by Lieutenant Holbrook, and accompanied by Mr. Glover's Barge, and a barge belonging to the officers of the 66th Regiment, entered the first Lock, where they remained eleven minutes—number two was passed in five minutes—number three, in four minutes—they were in the basin three, or four minutes, and entered the broad expanse of water above number four, at thirteen minutes before two o'clock. The delay in the last Lock was occasioned by a small piece of drift wood getting between one of the gates and its sill. Had this not occurred, the time occupied in passing through all the locks would not have exceeded thirty minutes. After three hearty cheers, the Cutter, with the British Ensign flying at the main mast head, spread her sails to the breeze, and was soon hid from our sight by the trees that stud the margin of the serpentine channel leading to Brewer's Mills.

Precisely at 4 o'clock, the Steam-Boat Rideau, having on board Colonel By and his family, and several ladies and gentlemen of Kingston, arrived at the first Lock, and passed through the whole number in fifty minutes exactly. Three cheers for the "Rideau Canal," and the same for Colonel By, Captain Briscoe, and Mr. Drummond, respectively, being given, the Steamboat proceeded on her passage, and the spectators returned to Kingston, highly delighted with their excursion. It is unnecessary to add that the Kingston Mill Locks are constructed in the best possible manner, and that the machinery for opening and closing the ponderous gates is such as to ensure the greatest ease and expedition.—*Herald.*

On Saturday the election for a Master to the John By steamer, took place, when Mr. H. LeCivrie was declared duly elected by a majority

of 56—the numbers being for Mr. LeCivrie 126, and for Mr. McCuaig, 70. Without undervaluing the merits of Mr. McCuaig, we think the choice the Stockholders have made is a good one, as from our personal knowledge of Mr. LeCivrie, we believe him to be well qualified for the trust reposed in him, not only in regard to the safety and good management of the boat, but also as it concerns the comfort of the passengers.—*ib.*

THE KINGSTON CHRONICLE.

SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1832.

By the arrival of a vessel (not a regular packet) from Liverpool, London dates to the 11th have been received. They are in general destitute of that interest which we might naturally have expected, upon the presumption that the Reform Bill would have been read in the House of Lords on the 9th. It appears, however, that it was still undergoing its ordeal, and no definite period has been fixed to allay the tremulous excitement so universally prevailing for the important event. Doubts are entertained, even by the warmest advocates of the measure, for its success: so much so, that it is stated that the Duke of Buckingham has given notice of his intention to introduce another Bill, possessing considerable extension of the elective franchise, and incorporating some of the boroughs, in case Lord John Russell's Bill should be defeated.

The creation of Peers is not alluded to, and we may presume that that stretch of power will not, under any circumstances, be resorted to. We have Paris dates to the 5th ult. They record the ravages of the desolating Scourge in the city, which has swept off 1198 individuals in its unsparring progress, attacking indiscriminately the rich and the poor. In nine days, 1825 cases occurred. Casimir Perier has been attacked, and his case considered hazardous at that period. In London the alarm has subsided, and generally throughout England the disease is evidently retreating.

It is highly satisfactory to us to be assured that in the multitude of arrivals at Quebec, and the unprecedented influx of emigrants since the navigation was opened, that no case exciting any reasonable suspicion of Cholera has been observed. The minutest scrutiny of every case of sickness and death on the voyage has been exercised by the quarantine officers, and we may reasonably hope to be spared from a calamity that is pregnant with the most alarming apprehensions. We still repeat the necessity of every precautionary measure being resorted to in this town, by an inspection of the back premises of the several streets, where pigs are fed and housed; and we have little doubt, were a committee appointed for that purpose, they would find abundant cause to adopt a suggestion which facts justify us in seriously recommending.

We refer our readers to a very copious account, taken from the "Canada Record," of a dreadful affray which took place at Montreal, arising out of the long contested election of the West Ward. It appears that after the civil power had been rendered, from the most violent resistance, inefficient to produce tranquility, the military were called out under Lieutenant Colonel Macintosh; and becoming the victims of popular tumult, they were compelled in self defence to fire, when five persons were killed, and several wounded. The officers and men are described as having exhibited the utmost forbearance upon this melancholy occasion. We have to regret the effects which have unfortunately flowed from the clash of political feeling displayed throughout the whole period of this protracted election, but when a tumultuous mob assemble for the avowed purpose of resisting the execution of the laws of the country and the operation of her rights, they must expect to be treated with that violence which the necessity of the case authorizes. One of the persons killed, is said to be an apprentice in the printing establishment of Mr. Tracey.

We have copied from the last "Patriot" a remarkably clever and useful suggestion, conveyed in an editorial article of that journal, on the subject of establishing a sound and wholesome system of brewing in this country. We were unable to give the whole of Mr. Dalton's sensible remarks; but we have published sufficient to prove the advantages to the cause of temperance, which are likely to be expected by the introduction of a beverage which, without entitling the faculties, possesses the power of refreshing and invigorating the constitution. We were ever of opinion that a recourse to ardent spirits amongst the labouring classes of society would in many instances be avoided, did they possess an opportunity of enjoying the healthy and invigorating Ale that has rendered the English farmers proverbial for manly strength and exertion; and the public are indebted to Mr. Dalton for a development of the causes that have operated against the system he so ably advocates.

We have been politely favoured by David Chisholm, Esq., with a copy of his highly valuable work on the "Right of the British Colonies to representation in the Imperial Parliament," printed and published by G. Stobbs, at Three Rivers. We shall enable the public to form their own judgment of the merits of this book, by occasional extracts on the most important features. Our own opinion is, that his arguments and reasons are just, and in many instances expedient. The appendix contains the discussion in the British House of Commons, on the 16th August, 1831, when the question of Colonial Representation was proposed by Mr. Hume. Such a measure we by no means considered insuperable; and there can be but little doubt but in whatever shape the Reform Bill may be adopted, some of its provisions will be extended to the Colonies, and this, perhaps, among the most important and salutary. Mr. Chisholm's work is written with much spirit, and in a very elegant and accomplished style. It may be had at this office for five shillings.

The work is concluded with the following energetic appeal:
"In conclusion, I claim for the British Colonies an acknowledgment of their rights as British subjects. I claim for the British Colonies direct and uncontrolled representation in the Imperial Parliament. I claim for the British Colonies a close, speedy, and permanent union with the mother country. We are the sons of the same

nation. Let us ever continue to be the subjects of the same King. There is but one alternative—IMMEDIATE UNION OR SPEEDY DISSOLUTION."

Monday next is the day appointed for the celebration of His Majesty's birth day. The troops in garrison will fire the usual *Fest de Jote*, and we have only to hope that our Most Gracious Sovereign may live long to enjoy many such anniversaries of an event that has conferred so many blessings upon his loyal and faithful subjects of these Provinces, as well as those of his dominions in general.

RIDEAU CANAL.—We have to regret not having been present at the opening of the Locks at Kingston Mills on Tuesday last, when Col. Br. and a numerous retinue passed through in the Steamboat "Rideau," accompanied by the Dockyard Cutter, "Rattle Snake," and several other Craft. We refer our readers to the encouraging report of the passage of these vessels, which we have copied from the "Herald," and congratulate the country upon the auspicious event that places the utility, safety, and completion of this navigation beyond further question. We understand that Sir JOHN COLBORNE may be expected down in about a fortnight, when the passage will be formally opened by his Excellency, in the "John By," whose state of present forwardness promises her being fully completed by that period.

The party which accompanied Col. By to Jones' Falls returned yesterday morning. They represent the navigation of the Rideau in every respect complete. They passed through the Kingston Mills Locks at night, without any difficulty or obstruction, and describe these Locks, which it will be recollected were built under the superintendence of Capt. Briscoe, as the most solid, serviceable, and substantial piece of masonry that can be found upon any canal on the American continent.

We have published a most useful table of distances from Quebec to Hamilton, and from Hamilton to Goderich, circulated by the Canada Company for the information of emigrants settling upon their Lands. The distances of the respective Settlements are described so accurately, that every emigrant should, upon application to Mr. Dawe, of this town, be supplied with a copy. We have no doubt that his office, when in operation, will materially benefit the travellers, who otherwise will be dependent for information on the defective knowledge of those to whom they may apply for instruction.

We would beg leave to direct the attention of the public to the advertisement of Mr. White, the Ventriloquist, who for the last two evenings has highly gratified a crowded audience. Those who have not listened to him, will no doubt hasten to obtain the last opportunity of observing his wonderful and mysterious faculty.

The extensive collection of wild animals, styled the "American Menagerie," will be open for the last time to-day. This is certainly an amusing and highly instructive exhibition, and worthy of public patronage.

The Montreal Herald of the 23rd, received this morning, without reference to the authority from whence their information is derived, states in an Editorial that the Reform Bill passed the House of Lords by a majority of nine. We have Liverpool dates to the 12th, when the Bill was still under discussion.

To the Editor of the Kingston Chronicle.
Sir—I beg to propose, and require of those who are competent:
Extract the Square Root of 3, and give the exact vulgar Fraction, instead of the usual Decimal. I am, Sir, your and Public's obedient servant,
PHILOMATH.
May 23rd, 1832.

The following table of Distances may prove interesting and useful to persons arriving from the mother country, and who contemplate proceeding to the upper part of this Province.—*Her.*

From	Miles.
Quebec to Montreal	180
Montreal to Kingston	189
Kingston to Hamilton, Gore Dist.	211
From Dundas to Guelph, through Puslinch, 23; or by Beverly and Waterloo, 38 miles.	
HAMILTON TO GODERICH.	
From	Miles.
Hamilton to Dundas	5
To Cornwall's, [Beverly]	8
To Babcock's, do.	6
To Thomas's, [Waterloo]	6
To Stauffer's, [over new bridge on Grand River]	5
To Latsban's,	7
To Hobson's, [Wilmot]	8
To Martin's, [first tavern on the Goderich Road]	6
To Frylogies,	3
To the Avon River,	9
To Runs Thalers,	3
To Sebace's,	4
To the Thames River,	5
To Carrow Brook,	5
To Ross,	10
To Taadburgh's,	5
To Hick's,	3
To Goderich,	10
	110

MARRIED.—At Belleville, on the 18th inst. by the Rev. James Ketchan, Mr. William A. Welles, Publisher of the Phoenix, to Miss Lucinda Tenny.

MR. WOOD, DENTIST, is about leaving town, and to be absent till fall or winter. Those who are wishing to avail themselves of his present visit, are invited to call soon.
Kingston, 23d May, 1832.

NEW GOODS.
WALTER McCUNIFFE respectfully informs the public that he has received by late importations, via New York, and offers for sale, a splendid assortment of FASHIONABLE GOODS. Likewise, Sole Leather, manufactured from Spanish hides, Waxed Galf Skins, Waxed Upper Leather, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots, Pumps, and Slippers, with a number of other articles, well adapted to the season, rather numerous to insert.
Also, on hand, Teas, Sugar, Coffee, Brandy, Spirits, Gin, Wine, Peppermint, Shrub, and Molasses.
Kingston, 21st May, 1832.

VENTRILQUIISM.
At the hall of Myers' Hotel.

M. WHITE has the honor of informing the Ladies and Gentlemen of Kingston, that, having been requested to give a SELECT Exhibition of his extraordinary powers of Ventriloquism only; he will this evening, Saturday, May 26, again have the pleasure of appearing before them, when he will go through his usual performances.
Price of admission, 2s, 6d. a single ticket, or 6s. 3d. a family ticket for four.
During the evening, Mr. Littlewood will sing a song and play 2 solos on the Violin.
Kingston, May 26, 1832.

NIAGARA HARBOUR & DOCK COMPANY,

NOTICE is hereby given that Tenders will be received until the 1st day of July next, by the Directors of the Niagara Harbour and Dock Company, for the Loan of a Sum of THREE THOUSAND POUNDS, Currency, payable in Three Years—the Interest to be paid semi-annually—and the smallest sum tendered as Loan, not to be less than £100.

Further particulars, and the nature of the Security to be afforded by the Company, can be ascertained by making application to ROBERT DICKSON, Esq. President.

THOS. M'CORMICK, Sec'y & Treasurer.

Dated May 9, 1832.
N. B.—The Editors of the Montreal Herald & Gazette, the York Courier, the Kingston Chronicle, and the Buffalo Journal, are requested to insert the above 4 times, and send their accounts to the Secretary.

NEW FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS.

The Subscriber has received by the late arrivals, a choice and extensive assortment of FANCY and STAPLE GOODS, adapted to the Spring and Summer business. Prices unusually low, for cash or short credit.

ROBERT ARMOUR, No. 25, Notre Dame Street. Montreal, May 21, 1832. 8w

Commissionariat, Kingston, 19th May, 1832.

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS.

SEALED TENDERS, will be received at this Office until Saturday, the 2d day of June next, at one o'clock P. M. for the following services in the Ordnance Department at this Station, viz:

For erecting a Stone Building within the Tete du Pont, of 120 feet long and 40 feet broad.

A plan of the building and specification of the work, may be seen, with a form of tender and every other information required, obtained, at the Commanding Royal Engineer Office.

For supplying the Ordnance Department with 400 lengths of Stove Pipe, 50 Elbows, and 24 Stove Pans.

Patterns and description of which, can be obtained at the Barrack Office, Kingston.

Security will be required for such Contracts as may be entered into, and payment will be made by an Ordnance Draft, on the Military Chest, to be paid either in British Silver or Bills of Exchange on the Treasury, at the option of the Senior Commissariat Officer, at the rate of £100 for each £101 10s. Sterling.

CHARLES A. CLARKE, Aest. Commissary General.

ART OF DANCING.

MONSIEUR PIERRE THOMAS, late Professor in the U. S. Military Academy at West Point, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Kingston, that he intends commencing teaching the above accomplishment, in all its various branches, on Tuesday the 15th instant, at Myers' Hotel.

The hours for Ladies' Instruction will be from 2 to 4 p. m. The Gentlemen's class from 7 until 9. Days of tuition, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. The most modern Steps and Quadrilles will be taught, together with Waltzing. Twenty-four Lessons will constitute the Term, from the beginning of the School. Terms: For each scholar, £2 10s. payable when the Lessons are half out.

FENCING.

Mons'r T. will also make up a class in FENCING, (small sword,) where this elegant, healthy and gentlemanly exercise will be taught in the most approved style of the best academies of France. Days of Tuition, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from 9 in the morning until 4 in the afternoon. The Pupils can take their lessons at any time within these hours: each lesson takes about half an hour's time. Terms for the course, £3, payable when the term is half out. Masks and foils found gratis.

Those who may be desirous to attend to Mons'r T.'s instruction will please apply soon, as his stay will depend on the patronage that he may receive. Private Families or Seminoaries attended, if required. Monsieur has taught in different parts of Upper Canada—Niagara, Brockville, Perth, the last summer and winter in York, and received in all those different places the patronage of the most respectable Families and Seminoaries.

Monsieur can be seen at Myers' Hotel at any time of the day.
Kingston, May 12, 1832.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, either by Note or Book account, are requested to call and settle the same immediately; and those to whom he is indebted are requested to present their claims.

THEODORE BROCKETT. Kingston, March 3d, 1832.

NEW BOOKS,
FOR sale at the Chronicle Office.

The Life of Sir Isaac Newton, by Dr. Brewster.
De Vere; or the Man of Independence, by the author of "Tremaine."
Eugene Aram, by the author of "Pelham."
The Club Book, edited by the author of the "Dominie's Legacy."
The Smuggler, a Tale, by the author of the "O'Hara Family." And
Count Robert of Paris, by the author of "Waverly."
"Review of the Proceedings of the Legislature of Lower Canada, in the Session of 1831; with an appendix, containing some important Documents, now first given to the Public."
May 19, 1832.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received at this Office until Wednesday the 6th day of June next, for the conveyance of the Mail twice a week on a post route about to be established, leading from this office to Macgregor's Mills, Simmons' Mills, and Clark's Mills. The Contract will commence on the 6th July next and continue for three years. Two sufficient Sureties will be required for the performance of the contract.
JOHN MACAULAY, P. M. Post Office, Kingston, } 10th May, 1832. }

COMMERCIAL BANK OF THE MIDLAND DISTRICT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Stockholders held this day, according to the Act of Incorporation, it was

Resolved, that an instalment of ten per cent. on the Capital Stock subscribed, be called in, payable on or before the fifteenth day of June next, at this office.

F. A. HARPER, Cashier. Kingston, April 3, 1832.

BANK OF UPPER CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Election of Stockholders will be held at the Bank on Monday the 4th June next, at 11 o'clock A. M. to choose Directors for the ensuing year.

THOMAS G. RIDOUT, Cashier.

N. B. The editors of the several papers in the province, will be pleased to insert the above as usual, and transmit their accounts for payment to the Bank.

TO LET,

AND POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY, THE Fulling Mill, at the Stone Mills, Marysburgh. This is a new frame building, 36 feet by 24, two and a half stories high, having a water wheel 15 feet in diameter, and the fulling apparatus ready for use. The lower story is sufficiently large for fulling, dyeing, and dressing of cloth, and the second will answer for a carding house, &c. To propel the whole there is a constant supply of water. The above will be let at a very moderate rent. Apply to the subscriber, on the premises.

H. MACDONALD. Marysburgh, 23d April, 1832. tf

MANSION-HOUSE HOTEL.

The Subscriber continues to occupy this extensive and well known establishment, for the accommodation of the public.

The Mansion House is pleasantly situated on Store Street, being the principal and most central street in Kingston; and no establishment of the kind in the province can surpass it in the excellence and comfort of its apartments, in regard both to parlours and bed rooms; all of which are furnished in the very best style.

The Subscriber having kept Tavern for several years, has acquired experience in that line; and he trusts that with unremitting attention to the comforts of his guests, he will merit a share of the public patronage.

In the rear of the Mansion House is a large yard—in which there is an extensive and commodious range of stables—and where a Livery Stable is constantly kept.

S. CARMINO. Kingston, May 9, 1832.

Office of Ordnance, Kingston, 26th April, 1832.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Sealed Tenders will be received at this Office, until the 1st June next, at 12 o'clock noon, from any persons wishing to purchase the whole or part of the undermentioned METAL, in charge of the Storekeeper at this station. The Tenders to specify the price per ton, in Sterling, which are to be addressed to the respective officers of the Ordnance. The purchasers to be at the expense of the removal, and the trunnions of the Guns will be knocked off previous to the sale.

KINGSTON ARTILLERY SQUARE.

	Cwt.	lbs.
2 pieces Brass Ordnance, weight	19	1 11
2 " " " "	127	3 23
ORDNANCE TARD, POINT HENRY.		
4 pieces Brass Ordnance, weight	116	3 21
9 " " " "	367	3 4

N. B. The Tenders to be endorsed, "Tenders for Gun Metal."

J. B. SMITH, Ordnance Storekeeper.

ALLIANCE OFFICE.

The Office of the Alliance Company for Kingston and the Midland District, is held at the place of business of the Subscriber in Front-Street, where property will be insured as heretofore.

JAS. MACFARLANE, Agent. Kingston, 7th January, 1832.

STEAM BOAT NOTICE,



The Splendid New Steam Boat GREAT BRITAIN, CAPT. JOS. WHITNEY, Horse Power Each.

THE Public are respectfully informed that the following arrangements have been made for the months of April, May, and June: Will leave Prescott every Wednesday morning, commencing on the

18th April, 25th April, 2d May, 9th May, 16th May, 23d May, 30th May, 6th June, 13th June, 20th June, 27th June, touching at Brockville, Kingston, Cobourg, Port Hope, York, and arrive at Niagara early on Friday morning.—Will leave Niagara every Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock, commencing on 21st April, 28th April, 5th May, 12th May, 19th May, 26th May, 2d June, 9th June, 16th June, 23d June, 30th June, calling at Oswego every Sunday morning after 5th May next, also at Kingston and Brockville, and arrive at Prescott on Sunday afternoon.

The Ladies' and Gentlemen's Cabins on board the Great Britain are finished in the same manner as the New York and Liverpool packet ships, with state rooms, and no expense has been spared in finishing and furnishing the Boat in the most comfortable manner. Every endeavour will be used to accommodate passengers and ensure the greatest regularity.

Prescott, U. C. 9th April, 1832.

N. B. Notice will be given of the arrangements for the months of July, August, and September.

PAINTING.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he will continue his business of PAINTING, in all its various branches, as usual, at his shop in the Market Square. He will have workmen of the best abilities, and will keep on hand a new and well assorted stock of Paper Hangings, Paints, Oils, and other articles in his line.

He returns his sincere thanks for the liberal support he has received, and hopes still to merit a share of public patronage.

THEODORE BROCKETT. Kingston, March 24, 1832.

WANTED,

BY the Subscriber, about 100,000 feet of LUMBER, consisting of Plank, Board, and Scantling; part to be delivered at Kingston, and part at Hallowell. Cash will be paid upon delivery.
JOHN McLEOD. Kingston, 22d March, 1832.

REMOVAL.

JOHN WATKINS has removed his hardware establishment to a very extensive premises in Store Street, nearly opposite to Mr. Jno. Blake's Tavern, where he is now opening, in addition to his former stock, fifty casks & cases of Hardware, Cutlery, &c. which were selected by himself in Birmingham, Sheffield, and other manufacturing Towns in England. J. Watkins returns his thanks to his friends, Country Merchants, and the public generally, for the liberal support he has met with for many years past, begs to inform them that the arrangement he has made in England, and from his occasional visits personally, no house in the Canadas can supply them on better terms.
Kingston, Dec. 10th, 1831.

BANK OF UPPER CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Books will be opened on the first day of August next, (as there is a restrictive clause in the late Charter, to prohibit its being done till six months after the passing of the act,) for subscriptions to the increased Capital of this Bank, at the following places, to wit: In the towns of Kingston, Niagara, York, Brockville, Perth, Sandwich, Amherstburg, London, Cobourg, Cornwall, and Hamilton, in the district of Gore, under the direction of persons hereafter to be named.

THOS. G. RIDOUT, Cashier, Bank of Upper Canada, } York, 24th Feb. 1832. }

N. B. In addition to the current half yearly dividend, a bonus of not less than eight per cent is intended to be paid to the Stockholders.

T. G. R.

ONTARIO HOUSE,

AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE, Corner of Main and Broad Sts., Sackets Harbour.

JAMES A. SMITH respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that since he leased the above house, it has been fitted up in superior style, and that no exertions shall be wanting on his part to entitle him to public patronage. Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of travellers.

Private parties or families can be accommodated at all times with separate apartments furnished in good style. The table will be well supplied, and the Bar furnished with choice Wines and Liquors. Good Stabling and secure yards; and baggage conveyed to and from the Boats, free of expense.

Stages leave Ontario House every evening for Watertown, Champion, Denmark, Lowville, Leyden, Boonville, Remsen, Trenton, Utica, Belleville, Sandy-Creek, Pulaski, Oswego, and Syracuse.
May 12, 1832. 2m