

College of Boulogne, by an immense majority. Honor to the department of the Pas de Calais, which has thus taken upon itself to acquit a debt made legitimate by so many circumstances, and which the name of Navarra rendered still more respectable.

**BERLIN, Aug. 24.**—The Petition sent to the Russian Government by the Magistracy of Königsberg, unfortunately exhibits but too faithfully the public feeling. It is said that the Duke Charles of Mecklenburg, Commandant General of the Gardes du Corps, is going to the spot, furnished with unlimited power. It is doubtful, however, whether he will be able to effect any thing more than the temporary dismissal of the President of Schoa. There is a misunderstanding among the Senators Commission. Dr. Rust believes in the contagion, while his adversaries do not adopt it without restriction. People have no doubts but the disorder will soon reach Berlin. It is hoped, however, sufficient time will elapse for the weather to become cooler, when the disorder will, perhaps, only assume the form of a cold fever, as was the case at Danzig, and will cause the Cholera to disappear entirely. The city Breaulu has asked permission to organize a National Guard. A ministerial rescript has just been issued, forbidding political conversations in the College and village schools. It is also forbidden learning to write, to do so from copies containing political maxims.—*Augsburg Gazette.*

**Poland.**—We extract from the Hamburg Papers the Orders of the Day, issued by the commander, General Skrzynecki on relinquishing, and by General Dembinski, on assuming the command of the National Army of Poland. It would be, indeed, most vain to say a word in eulogy of the manner in which the former falls back into the ranks of his comrades. It has, perhaps, no parallel but that which his own history afforded, when we saw old and experienced Commanders give way, and place him over their heads. We cannot, of course, pronounce positively on the wisdom of the new appointment; but it may be that the extraordinary and recent exploits of Dembinski in his retreat from Lithuania had given to the army that confidence in his powers of active warfare so necessary at the hour when their last struggle was about to come on, and it may be that the Diet, appreciating the importance of that confidence, had with the concurrence of Skrzynecki himself, given to Dembinski the chief command of that army, thousands of which owed their lives to the almost miraculous resources of his military skill.

**WARSAW, Aug. 13.**  
(BY WAY OF CRACOW.)  
**ORDER OF THE DAY.**  
"Head-quarters of Bolinow.  
"Soldiers!—Called by the choice of the nation and your confidence, to exercise the command-in-chief over you in the sacred cause of our country, I share at your head in all the glorious privations and dangers to which you have been exposed. Far from all feeling of self love, I never sought the power which was confided to me; I accepted it, I have hitherto exercised it. Though I was sensible that it was accompanied with many and great difficulties, it was not my intention to yield to those difficulties, but I was resolved to be the first to give the example of that perseverance of which we have so much need in our present situation.

A deputation named by the Diet, found it advantageous for the good of the country to confide the chief command of the army to other hands. While I submit with resignation to this interference, I will address you for the last time, to testify to you the entire esteem with which I am filled for your bravery, your devotedness, and zeal. Your country judges by what you have hitherto done, of what may expect from you in future. The commander, whom the representatives of the nation have placed over you, is already known to you by his bravery and his resolution, since by overcoming the greatest difficulties he saved your comrades from that destruction which for a less resolute man, would have been inevitable. Let us surround him with the confidence and affection his merits deserve. Implicit confidence, obedience, the first virtue of a soldier of every rank, will be a powerful support on our side to the new commander; and I, who had the honor to be at your head, may now be allowed to aspire to another, that of fighting in your ranks, and giving you an example of the discipline which I have hitherto required from you, and to which I will with you willingly submit. Soldiers, let us always unite magnanimity and obedience with courage and zeal, and with God's help Poland will still rise from its ruin.—Poland forever.

"The Commander in Chief of the Armed National force.  
"SKRZYNECKI."  
**ORDER OF THE DAY.**  
"HEAD-QUARTERS, BOLINOW, Aug. 12.  
"Soldiers! Called by the will of the Diet from your ranks to your head, I take on me this post full of confidence and hope. The exercise of the chief command is not difficult where all are animated by one feeling—that of sacrificing themselves for the deliverance of the country. Yes, it will certainly find it in your courage, and in the perseverance which is able to conquer every thing. Citizens and Soldiers, I have served among you during this national war; I therefore know the spirit that animates you, and will not exhort you to obedience and order; so much only I will say, that extraordinary efforts are required—only one thought shall direct all our movements that of renouncing every thing that men prize most highly in order to secure our independence. Whatever these movements may be, the zeal which inspires you in battle must not cool during the preparations for it. If my military life hitherto, and bringing back to their families some thousand of your brethren whom you perhaps already gave up as lost, can give me any title to your confidence, I claim it of you in the name of God and our country. I know that I can only be strong through your strength; I know also the demands of the nation and the army, and will not disappoint your expectations. You shall see me every where partake in your hardships and dangers; but I must also be allowed to hope, that when we go altogether to the combat, you will depend on me as I do on the country and on you; deliverance alone guides your steps as

well as mine.—Let us keep away every thing that might weaken the moral strength of the army, and free ourselves, and we shall leave to our posterity a free country.  
"Commander in Chief, ad interim, of the armed national force.  
HENRY DEMBINSKI  
"With respect to the choice of a future Commander-in-Chief, the votes are divided between four persons Pradziński, Uniański, Lubieński, Wladislaw Zamoski.  
"The Deputation of the Diet, sent to the head-quarters, is returned.

**MADAWASKA.**  
It appears by the Portland Gazette, that a Mr. Baker, who was imprisoned by the British authorities, in Frederickton, jail in 1827, and a Mr. Harford, were soliciting protection to enable them to return to their homes, whither they were afraid to repair, fearing that they would be lodged in the same jail, as they would not take the oath of allegiance exacted by his excellency the Governor of New-Brunswick. We extract the following explanation from the Gazette:—

Madawaska was incorporated last winter by the Legislature. Though the question as to territory was unsettled, it was thought best to incorporate the town, so as to give the settlers the power to do certain acts and to enjoy certain privileges, which they could not obtain without an act of incorporation. In pursuance of incorporation, the settlers organized themselves in August last, chose select-men and town clerk, and two constables. The warrant was made out to Walter Powers, a resident on the United States side—adopting the Netherland arbitration—and it may have been carried to him by the Maine Commissioners, Messrs. Deane and Kavanaugh. In the annual election of September the inhabitants of Madawaska met on the United States side of the Netherland arbitration, and chose a representative to represent them in the State Legislature. The inhabitants on the British side came over and voted, but the vote was taken in the Maine Territory. The whole number of ballots was about 36, and a Mr. Lezant or Lehart, was elected representative.—Mr. Baker absolutely declining, though he received at one trial a large portion of the votes.

This organization, and election was noised abroad, and soon reached Frederickton whereupon the Governor of New Brunswick, his attorney General, the Sheriff of York, a Justice, Mac Laughlin and others, filling up about twenty canoes, set out for the Madawaska. Mr. Baker, Mr. Harford, and eight or ten other Yankees, saw the Governors party before their arrival, and knowing what they were after, fled to the woods. Other Yankees also fled to the woods when they learned that the Sheriff was out with the military. Mr. B. thinks he saw another large boat in the rear of the canoes, on board of which was martial music.—This was on Saturday, Sep. 24. The sheriff and his party landed, and among other houses went to the house of Baker and demanded admittance of his wife, who after some parleying, admitted him, and he and his posse searched the cellar and the garret for Baker, but Baker was not to be found, being in the neighbourhood, carefully watching their operations. The Governor and his party assembled and reorganized the local militia—took what prisoners they could from those who were engaged in the town meeting, some of whom we understand are now lodged in Frederickton gaol, awaiting their trial—it may be for treason, if the British authorities deem it advisable to proceed thus far.

The visitation of the Governor and his suite, above referred to, took place on the 23d September, and it appears from a later account that he was accompanied by two Lieutenants two Ensigns and a body of militia. On the 25th and 26th they made prisoners of David Savage, one of the select men, Jesse Wheelock, Town Clerk, Barnabas Hunawell, Moderator of the meeting, and Mr. D. Bean. It also appears that they were treated with every humane attention by the Sheriff at Frederickton; but having been taken from their homes in the middle of harvest, some of their families were left in a destitute situation. The militia are said to have penetrated the forest to St. Francois, and compelled the inhabitants to fly to the woods, as Baker had done, unless they wished to be made prisoners. There is, as might naturally be expected, much asperity on both sides, in the tone of the Maine and provincial papers, in reference to this transaction.

**VARIETIES.**  
*The late amiable ruler of the Poles.*—When the Grand Duke Constantine was travelling in Germany, he on one occasion, weary of the slow progress he made, ordered the post-boy repeatedly to drive faster, but to no purpose; he threatened to shoot him if he did not quicken his pace; the postillion persisted in jogging on at his own rate, which so provoked the grand duke, that he drew a pistol and shot him dead upon the spot.—*Lumsden's Journey Life of a Gentleman.* He gets up leisurely, Breakfasts comfortably, reads the paper regularly, and dresses fashionably, lounges tediously, eats a tart gravely, talks insipidly, dines considerably, drinks superfluously, kills time indifferently, sups elegantly, goes to bed studidly, and lives uselessly.—*French paper.*  
*Polish Enthusiasm.*—A German physician at Warsaw gives the following singular instance of the enthusiasm of the Poles in the cause of their unhappy country. He states, that on the day following the last proclamation addressed to the army, having gone to the hospital, at which it was his duty to attend about thirty soldiers, he was astonished to find the hospital quite empty. The attendants told him that the patients, on hearing of the proclamations, had repaired to the appointed rendezvous. The physician went in search of his half dead patients, whom he very shortly found, and whom on seeing him declared they were perfectly cured; at the same time requesting him to interpose in their favour, that they might be restored to their respective corps. Although a great many of these brave fellows were sick with Typhus, and the remainder in a very feeble state, enthusiasm had so strengthened them for the mo-

ment that the physician could scarcely believe his own eyes. The effect, however, did not long continue, and he succeeded in getting his patients back to the hospital, though not without the assistance of some attendants and others on the spot; for the greater part soon became so exhausted that they could not return without assistance.  
*The Poles.*—To a deep reflective cast of mind, where liberty or politics are concerned, the Poles join a romance of character which is quite peculiar to themselves.—The Cossacks of the Ukraine, (Polish Cossacks,) whom Napoleon, betraying the cause of liberty while he effected to encourage it, led to waste their blood in fighting against the independence of Spain, carried about with them bits of their native earth, with which they wished to die, and that even in the grave they might not be separated. At the time of the partition of Poland, the regalia were secretly conveyed away from Craeow by the Poles, and are now known to be buried in an obscure province, never to reappear till Poland has a king of her own. On raising the great tumultuous which records the glories of Kosciuszko, the scenes of his battles were resorted to for earth appropriate to the monument.  
*Extract.*—She's beautiful, amiable, witty, refined, full of music, poetry and feeling; but she's married. Talking to such a being is like owing a ticket in a Lottery already drawn.  
*Novel Mode of "going to War."*—The vehicle in which the Duke of Orleans and Nemous took their departure from Paris to the field of battle was of a very uncouth construction, and certainly not much like the equipage which English Dukes Royal would have put their bodies and baggages into though, probably, far more appropriate. It is an immense machine, something like an omnibus, and was drawn by six horses three abreast. It is divided into three compartments; the first of which was occupied by the Dukes and their Aides-de-Camp; the second formed the bed-room and a third was a kitchen, which contained a servant of all work, and a very modest set of culinary apparatus.  
Silver money was lately so scarce at Jamaica, that a £5 check has been given in one or more instances for £4 in change!  
*A Pulpit Pun.*—A clergyman preaching a sermon on intemperance, chose for his text the 9th verse of the 18th chapter of Job: And the gin shall take him by the heel.

**At a meeting of the Ladies, Directresses and managers of the Female Benevolent Society, held at the house of the Reverend Archdeacon of Kingston, on Saturday the 22d of October—it was Resolved.**  
That in consequence of the small size of the Hospital, (there being but two rooms) they are obliged to confine their relief to such persons as are living in the Town of Kingston, Points Henry and Frederick.  
By order of the Directresses,  
M. DOBBS,  
Secretary.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be received at this Office until the 1st December next, at 12 o'clock noon, from any persons wishing to purchase the whole or part of the undermentioned metal in charge of the Storekeeper at this station, the tenders to specify the price per ton in sterling, which are to be addressed to the respective Officers of the Department; the purchasers to be at the expense of the removal, and the trunions for the guns will be knocked off previous to the sale.  
*Kingston Artillery Square.*  
Cwt. Qr. Lbs.  
2 pieces Brass Ordnance, weighing 19 1 11  
2 " Iron " " 127 3 23  
Ordnance Yard, Point Henry.  
4 " Brass " " 116 3 21  
29 " Iron " " 758 3 10  
Dock Yard, Point Frederick.  
3 " Iron " " 48 0 12  
N.B.—The Tenders to be endorsed "Tenders for Gun Metal."  
Office of Ordnance, Kingston,  
13th October, 1831.

**RESOLVED**—That to prevent surprise, and to afford time for proper investigation in matters that may affect the private rights of individuals, it is expedient to make it a standing order of the Legislative Council, that no petition for a private Bill, which can affect the vested right, interest or convenience of any person or persons other than the Petitioner or Petitioners, shall be received after the twenty-eighth day of the session, and that no private bill of the nature above described which may come up from the Assembly, after the thirtieth day of the Session, shall be proceeded upon in the Legislative Council.  
Truly extracted,  
G. POWELL,  
Clerk Legislative Council.  
Journal Legislative Council,  
Upper Canada, 6th March, 1830.  
Editors of Papers throughout the Province will give the foregoing three insertions, and forward their accounts for payment to the Gazette Office, York, 19th Oct. 1831.

**NOTICE**—The subscriber is about Publishing in Pamphlet form, a revised selection of the Letters of "One of the People" which recently appeared in the columns of the Kingston Chronicle. Persons wishing for copies will please leave their names at this office as soon as convenient.  
JAMES MACFARLANE.  
Kingston, 15th October 1831.  
**NOTICE**—A third dividend will be payable at the office of John Kirby, Esq. in Kingston, on Wednesday, the 15th day of June next, to the creditors of the late Allan Taylor, Esq. and to the late firm of Taylor and Parker.  
JOHN KIRBY,  
A. O. PETRIE,  
T. PARKER.  
Trustees.  
Kingston, 9th May, 1831.

**POSTSCRIPT**  
Just as our paper was going to press we received the New York Courier and Enquirer which furnishes intelligence from Liverpool to the 10th. There is not a syllable of Foreign news—the extracts being confined to the voluminous details of the Coronation of their Majesties, which took place on the 8th, and the various rumours that prevailed in Town on the absence of the Princess Victoria and her Mother the Duchess of Kent upon this occasion. The Ceremony occupied nearly four hours, and the preparations for the illumination in the evening were of the most splendid description. Their Majesties were cordially greeted by the populace, and appeared in excellent health.  
Prince Talleyrand attracted considerable attention. The members of the house of commons are described as resembling a military body, so great was the proportion of those who wore the military costume. There is no allusion whatsoever to any naval or military brevet, and even parliamentary intelligence has been excluded to make way for the details of the ceremony which are far too copious for our present attention.

**BIRTH**—On Thursday, the 27th inst. at Point Henry, the Lady of John B. Smith, Esq. Ordinance storekeeper, of a son.

**WANTED**, Drafts on London and British Silver, for which the highest rate of Premium will be given by  
F. A. HARPER.  
Kingston, 22d Oct. 1831.

**GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS.**  
**NOTICE** is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be received at this Office until 12 o'clock of the morning of Monday the 21st November proximo, from such persons, who may be willing to undertake the furnishing of the following supplies, for the use of the Troops and Departments at Kingston, and its Dependencies, from the 1st January next to the 31st December 1832 viz: Tender No. 1. Fresh Beef—best quality per lb. do. 2. Bread, Biscuit and Flour do. do. 3. Salt Pork Mess - - - do. do. 4. Forage Rations - - - per Ration. do. 5. Charcoal - - - per Bushel.  
The whole of the articles must be of the best quality and the Forage Rations delivered by the contractor from his magazines, which must be situated conveniently for the Garrison.  
Payments will be made Monthly, either in British Silver, or other current Coin, at the rate of 4s. 4d. Sterling per Dollar, or in Bills of Exchange on his Majesty's Treasury, at the rate of £100 for every £101 10s. Sterling due upon the Contracts.  
A supply of Biscuit, Flour, Pork, Forage Rations and Charcoal, will be required to be kept in store, by the several Contractors, to answer such demands as may be made upon them, from time to time, agreeably to the exigencies of the Public Service.  
Each Tender must state the price in Sterling and nominate two respectable persons as sureties for the faithful performance of the Contracts, the Terms and Conditions of which can be fully ascertained, on applying at this Office.  
JNO. HARE, A. C. G.  
Commissariat Office  
Kingston, 13th Oct. 1831.

**MR. KIBBEE, Professor of Penmanship**, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Kingston, that he will be happy to give instructions, either in Plain or Ornamental Writing, at Myers' Hotel. His first class having completed their course of instruction, he offers, should sufficient encouragement be given, to commence a second course; and from his undoubted knowledge and experience of the Art, trusts to merit that patronage he has hitherto met with in the various places he has attended.  
Persons desirous of seeing his or his Pupils writing, are requested to call upon him at the Kingston Hotel.  
Kingston, Oct. 22d. 1831.

**PAINTING**  
THE Subscribers beg leave to return thanks to their friends and the Public of Kingston and Vicinity, for the encouragement they have separately received during their residence amongst them.  
They also wish to inform them that they have opened an Establishment in Quarry Street, opposite Mr. D. Prentiss' Dry Good Store, under the firm of **KERR & HEATHERS, Ornamental, Sign, Carriage & House Painters, Glaziers, Paper-hangers, &c. &c.** From their well known abilities and practice in Kingston, with a determination to be punctual, they hope to meet still with a share of patronage from a discerning and generous public.  
JAS. KERR,  
JOSEPH HEATHERS.  
Kingston, May 4th, 1831.

**NOTICE**—Steam-boat *Queenston*.  
The Public are respectfully informed, that the Steam-Boat *Queenston*, CAPT. MENNELLY, with Mr. T. W. Corning, Sailing Master, has commenced her regular trips, and, during the Season, will leave Niagara for Prescott every Wednesday night at 12 o'clock, touching at Kingston and Brockville, and arrive at Prescott every Friday afternoon where, as usual, Stages will be in attendance to convey passengers to Montreal.  
Will leave Prescott every Sunday morning, at 6 o'clock, touching at Brockville, Kingston, Cobourg, Port Hope, York, Burlington Bay and Niagara.  
The rates of passage and freight the same as are charged by other steam-boats.  
May, 1831.

**PROCLAMATION.**  
UPPER CANADA.  
J. COLBURN, Lieutenant Governor.  
WILLIAM the FOURTH, by the Grace of GOD of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King defender of the Faith, &c. &c. &c.  
To our beloved and faithful Legislative Councils of our Province of Upper Canada, and to our Knights, Citizens and Burgesses of our said Province: to our Provincial Parliament at our Town of York, on the 14th day of October, instant, to be commenced, held, called and elected, and to every of you—

**WHEREAS** by our Proclamation bearing date the tenth day of September last, we thought fit to prorogue our Provincial Parliament to the fourth day of October instant, at which time we were to appear—now know ye, that we taking into our Royal consideration the ease and convenience of our loving Subjects, have thought fit, by and with the advice of our Executive Council, to relieve you and each of you of our Kingdom, and by these Presents enjoining you and each of you, that on Thursday, the Seventeenth day of October next ensuing, you meet in our Provincial Parliament at our Town of York, FOR THE ACTUAL DISPATCH OF PUBLIC BUSINESS, there to take into consideration the state and welfare of our said Province of Upper Canada, and there to do as may seem necessary, and therein set out.  
IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said Province to be hereunto affixed—Witness our trusty and well beloved Sir JOHN COLBURN, K. C. B., Lieutenant Governor of our said Province, and Major General commanding our Forces therein at York, this twelfth day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-one, and the second year of our Reign. J. C.  
HENRY J. BOULTON, Atty's Gen'l.  
D. CAMERON, Secretary.

**OYSTERS!**  
THE Subscriber begs to acquaint the lovers of good Oysters that he has just received a quantity of a rich and delicious favor direct from Albany.  
JAMES McDONALD.  
October 22d, 1831.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, at very low rates for cash, or short approved credit.  
50 Tubs and 250 Barrels of Muscovado Sugar.  
51 pucheons and 30 Hds. of highly flavoured and strong proof Jamaica Rum  
100 Bbls. of best quality Jamaica Coffee.  
20 Bags of Pimento.  
2 Pipes of best Holland Gin.  
2 Pipes Charant Brandy.  
He has also on hand 20 Cooking Stoves of a new and highly admired pattern well furnished with tin utensils, 100 Boxes of Sheet Iron.  
30 Boxes of T D Pipes 10 groce each.  
10 Bands of best English Glue, 1 cwt. each.  
He is daily expecting a large supply of superior Wines of different descriptions, with an assortment of elegant Stoves single and double, of Potash and sugar kettles and hollow ware—all of which will be disposed of at the Montreal prices the transport from thence simply added.

A. MANAHAN-  
Kingston Oct. 18, 1831.  
**JEWELRY, PLATE & PLATED WARE.**  
R. JACKSON—Begs Leave to acquaint the Ladies and Gentlemen of Kingston and its vicinity, that he has received by the *Canadian* from Liverpool, a cask and a few cases of Jewelry, Plate & Plated Ware, Fancy Goods, &c. &c. Which he will open for inspection on Monday the 10th instant. His Assortment having been selected by experienced hands, and in the best and cheapest market, he requests the public to call and examine for themselves, as he will sell at the lowest possible prices.  
R. J. being now disengaged from the Military, he tenders his services to the above line, at the house formerly occupied by Mr. Stennet and Mr. Tazewell successively, adjoining the Hardware Store of John Watkins, Esq. where he hopes from the quality and prices of his Goods, and unremitting attention to his customers to merit the public patronage.  
Kingston, October 8th, 1831.  
N. B. Guns, Fishing and Shooting Tackle, kept constantly on hand.

THE Shareholders of the Rideau Canal Steamboat "John By," are requested to pay into my hands on or before the 23d day of November next, a sixth instalment of two pounds ten shillings currency on each of their respective shares.  
DAVID JOHN SMITH,  
Treasurer.  
Kingston, 22d Oct. 1831.

**VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE**  
on reasonable terms. That beautiful Farm on the road leading to Bath, and 2 1/2 miles from Kingston, the property of, and lately occupied by the Subscriber, consisting of about 100 acres of excellent Land, the most of which is in a high state of cultivation. There is built on the premises a large and commodious Dwelling House, almost new, with extensive sheds and other out-houses, altogether forming a most comfortable establishment for a respectable family. The whole front of the Lot is fenced with a substantial Stone Wall 5 1/2 feet high. There are two living springs of excellent water on the premises, and several bearing fruit trees.  
For further particulars apply either at this office or to the Subscriber in Store Street, Kingston.  
DUNCAN VANALSTINE.  
Kingston, 21st Oct. 1831.

**FOR SALE**—Lot No. 358, in Grave Street, Kingston.  
Apply to the Editor of this paper.

**TO CONTRACTORS.**  
THE undersigned Commissioners, appointed to superintend the erection of a Gaol and Court House in the Town of Cornwall, will receive, at the Sheriff's office in this place, proposals for the same, until 10 o'clock A. M. on the 21st day of November next.—Such proposals to contain the names of two good and sufficient securities for the due fulfillment of the contract, when at the same place said proposals will be opened and the lowest accepted (provided the same be approved of by a majority of the Commissioners).—For a Plan and Specification of the Building apply to either of the undersigned.  
DONALD McDONELL,  
NOAH DICKINS,  
GUY C. WOOD,  
GEORGE S. JARVIS,  
PHILIP VANROUGNETT.  
Cornwall, 20th Sept. 1831.

**NOTICE**—The Subscriber having resumed business in Kingston as a General Commission Merchant, begs to inform the Merchants of Upper Canada that he has received a part of his Fall Supply of West India Produce, consisting of Brown, Fair, and very Fair Muscovado Sugars, Leward Island and Jamaica Rum. Plantation Coffee, Pimento, Hollands Gin, and Cogniac and other Brandy, all of superior quality.—Also, a large supply of Cooking and Double and Single Stoves of different patterns; the Cooking Stoves superiorly furnished with Tins; Pot Ash Kettles, Sheet Iron, English Glue, &c.  
He also daily expects a large and general assortment of Dry Goods, Crockery, Hardware, and such goods as will enable him to supply many of the Merchants usually resorting to Montreal; and the whole will be sold on terms so advantageous, as to dispose many of them to get supplied from him, and preclude the inconvenience, risk and expense attending the purchase of Goods in the Lower Province.  
Upon the arrival of the expected supply, the subscriber intends to detail the advantages which his establishment here will afford to the Upper Canada merchants, which the printed list afforded by the publication of the Chronicle today precludes his doing now.  
A. MANAHAN.  
Kingston, October 15th, 1831.

**REVISED STATUTES.**  
THE LAST SHEET of the Statutes will be put to Press on the 29th instant, and in about ten days afterwards the work will be ready for delivery. Persons who have not subscribed, and are desirous to obtain a complete Edition of the Provincial Statutes from 1791 to 1831 inclusive, will please forward their names without delay.  
The Editors of all the Newspapers in the Province will please give the above one insertion & send in their accounts for payment.  
H. C. THOMSON.  
JAS. MACFARLANE.  
Kingston, Oct. 12th, 1831.

**FARM TO SELL.**  
TO BE SOLD, the west half of corner lot No. 19, in the fifth Concession of Pittsburg, containing 100 Acres of Land, 14 of which are cleared and well seeded down with Clover and Tymothy. On the Farm is a small Log House, and a never failing stream of excellent water running past its front.  
The Farm is in a very desirable situation for either a Tavern or Pot Ash work, lying on the direct road to Perth, and in the centre of a thickly settled country.  
Should the above property not sell to suit the wishes of the Proprietor the Farm can be Let. For further particulars apply to  
P. MCNINCH.  
Kingston, Oct. 15th, 1831.

**TO LET, and possession**  
given immediately, Lots No. 13 and 14 in the 5th concession of Pittsburg, on the leading road to Perth and 12 miles from Kingston, containing 350 Acres, with 100 Acres of cleared Land. On the premises is a superior two story Log House, with the other Houses necessary to complete a Farm: it is also in an excellent situation for a Tavern.  
The Farming Stock, together with the present large crop, can be given by approved security.  
The Term of Lease is such that it can be taken from one to ten years.  
Further particulars can be obtained from Mr. Joseph Bruce, Merchant, Kingston, or to the Proprietor on the premises, JOHN LAVERY,  
Pittsburg, September 7th, 1831.

**OSWEGO CANAL PACKET BOAT LINE.**  
A Boat will leave Oswego and Syracuse every morning (Sundays excepted) throughout the season. One of the Boats is constructed on Bromwell's spring deck patent. Her days of leaving are as follows: Oswego—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays; and Syracuse, Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays. The other boat will leave each place on the intervening days.  
Passengers taking this line will meet with every attention, and no delay, as it runs in connection with the Erie packet line to and from Schenectady and Buffalo, and the Lake Ontario steam-boats.  
Oswego, July 1st, 1831.