

for the last 15 years has, with one exception, been the most distinguished for the success of its scholars in the University; and from a residence of 10 years in the University of Cambridge and occasionally taking part in classical examinations there, must be allowed perhaps in some measure to be competent to judge on such subjects; and from the proficiency made by some of the present scholars of College since its commencement, he does not think that in any public school in England, a greater progress would have been made in the same time than in this; whilst in addition to the acquirements learned at such Schools the College pupils may be thoroughly and soundly—instructed in English, Writing, Arithmetic, Mathematics, and French.

Highly then as the College is flourishing as a place of classical and liberal education, and appreciated by those who avail themselves of its advantages, the course of instruction will not be found less useful for the general purposes of life on account of its liberal complexion.

It was with deep regret that we heard of the destruction of Mr Paterson's saw mills at the Falls of Montmorency, not only from the extensive nature of the establishment, but principally on account of the loss which the highly respectable owner, as well as others, will sustain by the immense destruction of property. It is conjectured, we are informed, that this fire was caused by an incendiary. If this should prove correct, we hope for his speedy apprehension and conviction. We copy the following particulars from the *Quebec Mercury*:

The Montmorency Mills, the most extensive establishment of the kind in North America, were totally destroyed by fire in the course of Sunday night; the origin of the fire is not ascertained. There were, in the immediate vicinity of the Mills, about 150,000 deals, few of which have been saved. Of these a number, we learn, had been sold to different merchants in town. The Mills, and by far the greater part of the timber, belonged to Peter Patterson, Esq. The insurances are £3000 on the Mills, one half insured at the Quebec Office, and the other half at the Alliance Office; and £3000 on the deals also insured in equal proportions in the same offices. The value of the property lost cannot be much under £20,000.

English Miscellany.

Loss of the steamer *Rothsary Castle*, passengers and crew.—We have received the melancholy intelligence of the total loss of the Steamer *Rothsary Castle*, from hence to Beaumaris. She struck on the Dutchman's Bank, off puffin Island, at twelve o'clock on Wednesday night, in a heavy gale of wind, at N.N.W. Upwards of 150 passengers must have been on board, including the crew, and many female passengers.—Our first account states that nine passengers only, and three of the crew were saved but subsequent communications say 20.

Telegraph Office, Liverpool Aug. 19.
We have just learned that among the sufferers in the above dreadful accident, was a Mr. Tinnie, of the large firm of Sambatch, Tinnie & Co., of Liverpool. The steamer was lost at the entrance of Menai straits, near the suspension bridge. Our correspondent says that upwards of a hundred persons were on board, of which only twelve were saved. No other intelligence than that received by Telegraph, had reached Liverpool on Thursday night. Despatch Office, Saturday Morning.

PRESERVATION OF THE HEALTH OF THE WORKING CLASSES.
The following circular has been lately issued in Manchester:

To the Inhabitants of Manchester. We, the Boroughreeve, Constables, and Churchwardens of Manchester being fully impressed with the necessity which exists at the present juncture, of using every precautionary measure to prevent the spread, in our own neighbourhood, of such contagious disorders as are now raging in foreign nations, and may, by possibility, find their way into our country, do recommend the occupiers of all factories, and other places where labourers are employed, to adopt and require from their work people a strict adherence to the following directions:—That all factories and workshops be white-washed, the floors frequently swept, and that all dirt which may have accumulated therein be carefully removed, and that they be as well ventilated as possible.—That the people employed be required to wash their hands and faces at least twice every day, and that they change their linen frequently; and that they also white-wash their houses and keep them clean and well ventilated.—The attention of the inhabitants generally to the state of the water closets is also particularly recommended; and this

recommendation is given most urgently to the occupiers of factories. It is highly useful that they should be frequently cleansed, and some chloride of lime should be daily thrown into them, which will take away the offensiveness of the smell. Although the recommendations above named are more particularly addressed to the occupiers of large establishments, where considerable numbers of workpeople are congregated together, it is particularly desirable that the owners and occupiers of cottage property, as well as the occupiers of all other houses, should adopt them as far as practicable in their respective tenements or places of abode.—As a general rule, cleanliness in person, and in every part of the house or manufactory, is of the utmost consequence.—The Chloride of lime may be had, if wanted in small quantities, from any respectable druggist.

Irish Yeomanry.—A second edition of the Sun has just reached our office, containing a report of the proceedings, up to the hour of post, in the House of Commons—a very important debate, in which Messrs. O'Connell, Stanley, Brownlow, Newport, Rice, Gordon, Grattan, Hort, Lambert, Blakeney, Bodkin Percival and Wyse, took an animated part. On the presentation of the petition from the city of Waterford, for the disarming the Irish yeomanry by Sir Richard Musgrave.

Mr. Stanley in reply to the hon. bart's observations said he was not prepared to promise that the yeomanry should be disarmed, but that the affair of their conduct at Newtownbarry, was still under the consideration of the Irish government, and that a measure connected with their organization was in course of preparation. He would oppose the printing of the petition.

Mr. O'Connell referred to the speeches made by the Protestant gentlemen of the county, at the Wexford meeting on the subject, and mentioned the case of Captain D'Arcy, who, he said, had not only marched, bearing an orange flag in a procession of Orangemen, on the 15th of July, but had distributed the arms delivered by government, in the yeomanry he commanded, only to the Protestants in the corps, while he refused them to the Catholics. The hon. and learned member also stated the names of the Catholics so refused, and of the witnesses prepared to prove the facts. He called for regular troops whenever an armed force was necessary in Ireland, in preference to the yeomanry, who were an atrocious force. He accused the Marquis of Anglesey's government with re-animating religious bigotry in Ireland.

Mr. Brownlow, while he defended the character of the people in his neighbourhood, from whom the yeomanry force was drawn, deprecated the system of religious exclusion on which they were organized, and condemned the force as unnecessary and injurious to the peace of the country.

Mr. Blakeney said the yeomanry of Carlow, particularly the corps which acted at Newtownbarry, were a most respectable body, many of them being sheep-stealers and pick-pockets.

Mr. Stanley withdrew his opposition to the printing of the petition; and Mr. Lefroy was left speaking.—*Dub. Reg.*
Dreadful Accident.—Loss of Life.—On Tuesday morning the Hon. Captain Brown, High Sheriff of the county Westmeath, with his brother, the Rev. Mr. Brown, Rector of Mullingar, were fishing on the lake of Belvidere, in that county, when by some accident the boat was upset, and both gentlemen were unfortunately drowned. Other accounts state, that Lord Kilmaine had been of the party early in the morning, but had left the boat, after having been out with his brothers a short time. He became alarmed upon hearing nothing of his companions. After a considerable period of time had elapsed servants were dispatched by him in quest of the party, and they discovered that the boat had been upset.—One of the bodies, it is said, has been found.

It is about twelve months since, that the Hon. Mr. Leeson, brother of Lord Miltown, was drowned in the same lake. That lamented gentleman was also out on a fishing party when his death occurred.

[We have reason to believe that the Hon. Captain Brown mentioned in the above article, was quartered in this Town a Subaltern in the 37th Regt.—*Editor.*]

African Discovery.—Another Victim.—Most of our home readers are aware that a deep cloud has hung for years over the fate of our countryman, Dr. Dickson, a native of Annan, and a man of very excellent abilities, who, at the request and suggestion of the indefatigable Clapperton, became a fellow labourer and sufferer in the interesting cause of African discovery. We are at last enabled to clear up the mystery on the authority of a private letter, written by Mr. George Irving, London, to the deceased's brother late Provost of Annan. In substance the letter runs as follows:—"I had a long conversation yesterday with Lander, the African traveller, relative to the fate of poor Dr. Dickson. There is now no doubt that he fell a sacrifice to his own enthusiasm. The villian who was the indirect cause of his death was one De Sousa, a Portuguese, and a great slave proprietor. In an unguarded moment, and when about to proceed into the interior, he mentioned to this man that one main object of his journey was to put an end to the barbarous traffic in human flesh. This was sufficient. Ere long he was desirous to kiss the point of a poisoned spear by the son of some petty king, on which he drew his sword and stabbed him to the heart. Envied with perils—a devoted victim—all he could do was to die the death of the brave, and it need hardly be added that he was attacked instantly by the chief's followers, and literally cut to pieces."—*Dumfries Courier.*

Gas Lights from Water.—A highly interesting discovery is about to come before the public, resulting from the experiments of Professor Donovan, and Mr. Dove, of Brick-lane Gas Works. Letters patent have been obtained for the invention; and the subject is very much talked of, and the question generally asked is, how is the gas made? At present no satisfactory information respecting the process can be given, but we understand the hydrogen gas obtained by the decomposition of water is charged with an illuminating principle by

passing through some liquid procured during the distillation of pit-coal, in the ordinary process of gas making.—The requisite apparatus is much more simple than that used at present. The new gas is very superior in illuminating power, and may be obtained at a much lower price. If such be the nature of the process, and if no serious difficulties arise when tried on a large scale, it is evident the invention will be considered almost as invaluable.—*Birmingham Paper.*

Court of Chancery.—On the 20th of August the last appeal in the list for Trinity Term was on the paper and disposed of. Lord Brougham has thus accomplished what no Chancellor has been able to effect since the day of Sir Thomas More. No Chancellor ever yet despatched in the two best years of his Chancellorship, so much business as Lord Brougham has got through since the beginning of the last December; and it may fairly be presumed that his judgments have met with the approbation of the suitors and the profession, as not more than one has been appealed from, which would hardly have been the case had his decisions not given satisfaction. In truth, there are now wanting Law Lords in the House of Peers who would be glad enough to have an opportunity of reversing an enormous decree of Lord Brougham.—*London Sun.*

St. Andrew's.—Dr. Bell has now executed a trust-deed in favour of the gentlemen in whose names he originally invested the £120,000. Three per Cent Stock, giving £50,000 for the erection and endowment of Schools in St. Andrew's, and £10,000 for the incorporation of the general improvement of the city; the remaining £60,000 to await future directions. Although this arrangement may be looked upon as somewhat unbecomingly the original grant, yet, when viewed in its proper light, it must be considered a most magnificent boon to St. Andrew's.—*Scotsman.*

Composition to destroy Slugs, Caterpillars and other Insects.—(From the Journal des Connaissances Usuelles.)—Put in an iron pot a pound of quick lime, and a pound of sulphur. Stir them about quickly; and whilst doing so, put in six pounds of water, which is to boil. Sulphur will immediately leave any place watered with this composition; and if trees are watered with it, any caterpillars upon them will die instantly.

First Performance of Mozart's Don Giovanni.—England.—A German acquaintance had brought over with him a score of the *Don Giovanni*. Mozart's operas were, at a new, almost unknown, in this country; a party of us united to copy out the orchestral parts, in the distribution of which, either real horns, or tenor trombones, or some equally important instrument, fell to my share. An amateur, whose name shall be rescued from oblivion if these lines can do it.—Mr. Hayward—lent us his floor-cloth manufactory to perform in; and, with the exception of the *Clemenza di Tito*, brought out by Mrs. Billington for her benefit in 1806, the first opera of Mozart's ever heard in this country was got up by a party of amateurs, and performed, oratorio-fashion, without action, amidst the mingled effluvia of canvass, oil and turpentine.—*Harmonicon for June.*

City Bank Robbery.—We are credibly informed, says the *New York Journal of Commerce*, that a compromise has been made by the City Bank with Parkinson, by virtue of which he was relieved from the custody of the Police on Monday evening. The terms of the arrangement are understood to have been, that the prosecution should be abandoned, and the sum of three thousand dollars, together with his stock in trade, left in his possession, on condition of his restoring all the stolen property in his hands and making a full and free disclosure of the mode and manner by which the robbery was effected. The amount accounted for by Parkinson, is upwards of thirty-seven thousand dollars.

Immediately on his discharge from criminal process he was taken into the custody of the Sheriff, at the suit of S. & M. Allen, in the sum of ten thousand dollars, and being unable to procure bond, was committed to the debtors' prison. The object of the Messrs. Allen undoubtedly is, to compel him to make restitution to them out of the bonus given by the Bank, and his other property, for the undiscovered remainder of their money.

The Cabinet Cyclopaedia.—Two more volumes of this highly interesting publication, containing a portion of the History of France have just issued from the Press of Messrs. Cary & Lea. The uniform neatness of these volumes, their very moderate price, and the quantity of information which they contain, derived from the best and most attractive sources, have given them deserved celebrity, and no one who desires to possess such information should hesitate a moment in adding them to his library.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

THE Subscribers have to announce to the Merchants of Kingston and its Vicinity that they have now received a part of their Goods, among which are the following articles viz:
Old Jamaica Spirits, Loaf Sugar, Olive Oil in boxes of one doz., Tobacco Pipes, Window Glass in half boxes 7x9, and a General Assortment of Dry Goods adapted to the Season, which shall be sold uncommonly low for Cash or short approved Credit.
They daily expect a large quantity of Fresh Tea, and also Champagne and other Wines, with a general assortment of other articles.
McKENZIE, GEDDES & Co.
Kingston, 8th October, 1831.

IF this Notice should meet the eye of William McAdoo, who left the Isthmus, Rideau Canal, in the month of May last, and is supposed to have gone to Albany, N.Y. he is earnestly requested by his distressed wife and family, who have come out this season from Scotland, and are now residing in Bytown, U.C. to inform them of his place of residence.
Editors of Newspapers in the State of New York will be doing the cause of humanity a service by giving the above an insertion.
Kingston, 29th September, 1831.

THE BUDGET OF FUN, A Weekly Paper, devoted exclusively to Fun, Fashion, Flash, and all that's pleasant, by George Siegfried, No. 106, Beekman Street, New York. Each number embellished with a number of exquisitely humorous engravings, from the best American designs, and the inexhaustible stock of London; and a glorious collection of Nerve Working, Side-cracking, Care-destroying Songs, Anecdotes and Comic Stories, designed for the votaries of Momus, gleaned from the most tormenting and Laughing-Aggravating Heroes of the present day.

Our plan is such that the most rigid moralist cannot condemn. Our pages will ever be unswayed by a sentiment, which would call up a blush into the cheek of Female loveliness—neither shall we sneer at sacred things, or by dabbling in the politics of the day, stain those columns which are intended to be given to Wit and Laughter, for "Cheerfulness makes every dish a feast And 'tis that crowns a welcome."

The SECOND VOLUME will commence early in November, when it is contemplated to enlarge and considerably improve it—and our zeal for improving our Humorous embellishments and matter shall keep pace with public patronage. The first vol. will contain upwards of 400 cuts, and the second will contain still more.
TERMS.—Published every Saturday morning at \$3 per annum in advance. The uncommon expense of Wood Cuts, and the determination of the Publisher to do a cash business, renders advance payment necessary.
New York, Oct. 1831.

TO LET, the House near the Scotch Church, at present occupied by Lieut. Cameron, 79th Highlanders.—Apply to
THOS. KIRKPATRICK.

FOR SALE.—Lot No. 17, in the Ninth Concession of the Township of Loughboro. For particulars enquire at this Office.
Kingston, 9th August, 1828.

FOR SALE.—Lot No. 358, in Grave Street, Kingston.
Apply to the Editor of this paper.

NOTICE.—The Share Holders in the Rideau Canal Steam Boat "John By," are hereby required to pay into my hands on or before the 1st day of November next, a 5th instalment of Two Pounds Ten Shillings, currency, on each of their respective shares.
By order of the Committee,
D. J. SMITH, Treasurer.
Kingston, 1st October, 1831.

STRAY COW.—Came into the enclosure of the Subscriber on or about the 1st September instant; small RED COW. The owner, by proving the same, and paying expenses, can take her away.
DANIEL WALKER.
Glenburnie, 27th Sept. 1831.

TO LET, and possession given immediately, the Fulling Mill at Napane. For terms apply to
A. MACPHERSON.
Napane, 25th Aug. 1831.

NOTICE is hereby given that tenders will be received by the Subscriber until Monday the 10th of October next for the building of a wharf and removal and erection of the Store House on Water Lot No. 26 in the Town of Kingston.—The Plan may be seen and other particulars known on application to
JOHN S. CARTWRIGHT.
Kingston, 16th Sept. 1831.

NOTICE.—Subscribers to the Midland District Agricultural Society can each receive a copy of the proceedings of the Institution, from the period of its commencement to the Quarterly meeting held in April last, inclusive, on applying to the Secretary.
H. C. THOMSON,
Secretary.
Kingston, July 20th 1831.

TO LET, and possession given immediately, Lots No. 13 and 14 in the 5th concession of Pittsburg, on the leading road to Perth and 12 miles from Kingston, containing 250 Acres, with 100 Acres of cleared Land. On the premises is a superior two story Log House, with the other Houses necessary to complete a Farm: it is also in an excellent situation for a Tavern.
The Farming Stock, together with the present large crop, can be given by approved security.
The Term of Lease is such that it can be taken from one to ten years.
Further particulars can be obtained from Mr Joseph Bruce, Merchant, Kingston, or to the Proprietor on the premises,
JOHN LAVERY,
Pittsburg, September 7th, 1831.

TO SELL or TO LET, and immediate possession given, The Loughboro Distillery, situated within a mile and a half of Mr. McGregor's Mill, with 4 acres of Land, Dwelling House &c. &c.—There is also an excellent Garden and a promising young Orchard attached to the premises. The Distillery is supplied from an excellent head of water by means of Pipes, and has never been known to fail.—For further particulars apply to Joseph Bruce, Kingston, or on the premises to
JOHN COCHRAN.
Sept. 23, 1831.

PAINTING
THE Subscribers beg leave to return thanks to their friends and the Public of Kingston and Vicinity, for the encouragement they have separately received during their residence amongst them.
They also wish to inform them that they have opened an Establishment in Quarry Street, opposite Mr. D. Prentiss' Dry Good Store, under the firm of
KERR & HEATHERS,
Ornamental, Sign, Carriage & House Painters, Glaziers, Paper-hangers, &c. &c.
From their well known abilities and practice in Kingston, with a determination to be punctual, they hope to meet still with a share of patronage from a discerning and generous public.
JAS. KERR,
JOSEPH HEATHERS.
Kingston, May 4th, 1831.

THE co-partnership between the undersigned, under the firm of John McPherson & Co., is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved; the subscribers are severally authorised to settle the affairs of the late co-partnership, all persons having demands are requested to present them at their office at Prescott.
Signed, JOHN MCPHERSON,
ALEX. McMILLAN,
SAMUEL CRANE.
Prescott, 12th January, 1831.

NEW FORWARDING ESTABLISHMENT.
THE subscribers beg leave to inform the Merchants of Upper Canada and the public in general, that they have entered into co-partnership under the firms of McMillan McDonel & Co., at Prescott and Ogdensburg, and that of McMillan Link & Co., at Montreal. They will be prepared on the opening of the navigation with good Durham boats and Bateau's, manned with experienced masters and conductors, to transport any produce or merchandise that they may be favored with on as favorable terms as that of any respectable House in Upper Canada. The business at Prescott and Ogdensburg, formerly occupied by the late firm of John McPherson & Co.
ALEX. McMILLAN,
ANGUS McDONEL,
MATTHIAS LINK.

OSWEGO CANAL PACKET BOAT LINE.
A Boat will leave Oswego and Syracuse every morning (Sundays excepted) throughout the season. One of the Boats is constructed on Bromwell's spring deck patent. Her days of leaving are as follows: Oswego—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays; and Syracuse, Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays. The other boat will leave each place on the intervening days.
Passengers taking this line will meet with every attention, and no delay, as it runs in connection with the Erie packet line to and from Schenectady and Buffalo, and the Lake Ontario steam-boats.
The elegant British Steamer *Great Britain*, Capt. Whitney, touches at Oswego on her trips from Prescott and Kingston to York and Niagara; and touches also on her return from those places to Kingston and Prescott.
Oswego, July 1st, 1831.

THE NEW STEAM-BOAT.
CHARLES CARROLL,
Calvin Case, Master
Will leave Kingston for Sackets Harbour, every Tuesday, Thursday, & Saturday, at 7 o'clock, A. M.
Cabin passage 5s.
Steerage ~ ~ 3s. 6d.

NOTICE.—Steam-boat *Queenston.* The Public are respectfully informed, that the Steam-Boat *Queenston*, CAPT. MENILLEY, with Mr. T. W. Corning, Sailing Master, has commenced her regular trips, and, during the Season,
Will leave Niagara for Prescott every Wednesday night at 12 o'clock, touching at Kingston and Brockville, and arrive at Prescott every Friday afternoon where, as usual, Stages will be in attendance to convey passengers to Montreal.
Will leave Prescott every Sunday morning, at 6 o'clock, touching at Brockville, Kingston, Cobourg, Port Hope, York, Burlington Bay and Niagara.
The rates of passage and freight the same as are charged by other steam-boats.
May, 1831.

Wholesale Establishment IN KINGSTON.
THE Subscribers beg leave to inform the Merchants of Kingston and its vicinity, that they will in a few days open a Wholesale Store in a part of the premises owned by Mrs. McLeod, in Front Street.—They will constantly have on hand a large and well selected assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &c. &c. which they will sell on the lowest possible terms for Cash or short approved credit.
As they will confine themselves entirely to selling by Wholesale and at Montreal prices, they rely confidently on the support of the Mercantile portion of the Public.—
Further particulars on the arrival of the goods, which are expected daily.—
MACKENZIE, GEDDES & Co.
Kingston, 17th Sept. 1831.

GOVERNMENT CONTRACT.
Notice is hereby given, that sealed Tenders bearing the names of Sureties, will be received at the Commissariat Office until 12 o'clock on Monday the 17th day of October next, from such persons as may be capable of supplying for the use of the Barrack Department at this station.
8000 Bundles of the best oaten or wheaten Straw, each weighing 12lbs. and to be delivered as follows viz.
2000 Bundles by the 31st. March 1832
2000 do. - - do. 30th June do.
2000 do. - - do. 31st October do.
2000 do. - - do. 31st Dec. do.
A Contract will have to be entered into and the payments for the Straw will be made by the Commissariat in British Silver or in other Current Coin at the rate of 4s. 4. Sterling per Dollar, upon producing Certificates and Receipts Signed by the Barrack Master.
JNO. HARE, A. C. G.
Commissariat,
Kingston, 14th Sept. 1831.

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE
The business of the College will recommence on Friday the 30th September, instant.
The dues for instruction are £2 per College Quarter for Scholars in the College; and £1 5s. for Scholars in the Preparatory school; with an additional payment in each case of five shillings per quarter for the contingent expenses of pens, ink, fuel, &c.
The necessary books are furnished by the College, at the expense the scholars. The College Quarters are ordered as follows:
First Quarter—Begins immediately after the Christmas vacation, and ends on the 20th March.
Second Quarter—Begins on the 20th March, and ends on the 10th June.
Third Quarter—Begins on the 10th June, and ends at the commencement of the summer vacation.
Fourth Quarter—Begins immediately after the summer vacation, and ends at the commencement of the Christmas vacation.
The Vacations will be the following:
At Christmas—From the Saturday preceding Christmas day, to the Monday fortnight following.
At Whitsuntide—A week—(instead of Easter Week, as hitherto.)
In the Summer—From the Saturday nearest the sixteenth of August (before or after) to the Friday six weeks following.
It is intended after Christmas to make instruction by the Drawing Master in the principles of *Mensuration* and *Perspective*, a part of the ordinary course. And Scholars, who have not been less than two years pursuing the regular College course, or who shall have passed thro' the Fourth Form, may, on the notification of a wish to that effect by the Parents to the Principal, and on condition of previous good conduct, have the option of discontinuing the general course, and confining their attendance to the Departments of the *Mathematical, Drawing, and French* Masters.
JOS. H. HARRIS, D. D.

Principal,
N. B.—The Trustees and Directors are desirous of giving notice, that a *Boarding House* has been erected on the College Premises, with the view of affording facilities to those who live at a distance from York, and would wish to avail themselves of the advantages of the College, but to whom it may not be convenient to incur the expense of Boarding with any of the Masters.
The annual expense of the Boarding House, including all charges of Board and Education, except Books, will be £25 Currency, payable quarterly.
The Boarders will be under the constant charge of a gentleman residing in the house, and the arrangement and discipline of the establishment subject to the superintendance of the Principal and Vice-Principal.

The House will be ready to receive Boarders on the 1st October, and it is expected that they will furnish themselves with Bedding.
Two insertions of the foregoing to be given by the Editors of those newspapers who have been before directed to insert the College advertisements.
CONTRACT for ENGINEERWORK.
NOTICE is hereby given, that sealed Tenders, with the names of Sureties, will be received at the Commissariat Office at this Post, until 12 o'clock, on the 10th proximo, from such persons who will undertake to perform the undermentioned services for the Royal Engineer Department, viz:
To re-Shingle the Roof of Officer's Barrack at Point Frederick.
Do. of the Quarter occupied by the Officer commanding Royal Artillery, Kingston.
Do. of the old Hospital in Kingston,
and to Paint the exterior wood work of the Quarter occupied by the Officer Commanding Artillery—the Commandant's House in Kingston—the Non Hospital at Point Henry—and the Officer's Barrack within the Tete du Pont at Kingston.
All particulars will be made known on enquiry at the Office of the Royal Engineers.
The several sums will be paid in British Silver, after the rate of 4s. 4d. sterling, per Dollar, upon Drafts drawn by the Ordnance Storekeeper—and the Tenders must express the Rates in sterling money.
JNO. HARE, A. C. G.
Commissariat Kingston,
28th September, 1831.