

strongly resembled, an overt act of treason. Contrary, however, to the reasonable, and very general expectation that a dissolution would be resorted to, this same House of Assembly, this same body of men, who had contemptuously spurned at the exercise of the undoubted prerogative of the Crown, was met, and their unconstitutional pretensions, if not recognized and sanctioned, were at all events effectually submitted to.

Ample room, as there certainly is, for lamentation at this sacrifice of principles, this unlooked for abandonment of the undoubted prerogatives of the Crown, our cause for grief does not rest here. This same House of Assembly were greeted with a most gracious speech from the Throne, in which they were informed that His Majesty's Government earnestly desired to provide effectual remedies for cases of actual grievances—(where are they?) that their constitutional privileges should be respected—(when were they invaded?)—and that every exertion should be made to promote conciliation—(vain attempt!)—and to this was added, that an oblivion of all past jealousies was the first great step to be taken, to give effect to these generous intentions and wishes. And now let us see how this first great step on the part of His Majesty's Government was met.

The Assembly, in their reply, instead of conforming to the usage of Parliament in like cases, instead of showing the slightest respect for the maxims and recommendations of His Excellency, wandered far from the matter of his Speech, and for no other purpose than to discoverable, than to shew that oblivion of past dissensions, was no part of their plan—was in no degree in accordance with their principles or feelings. The truth of this is apparent from the whole matter and contents of the address, but more especially in the assertion that by arbitrary and manifestly illegal acts, the Province had been deprived of the rights of its Legislature during the last year.

Less than this indignity towards the head of the Government was not expected from the Assembly of Lower Canada, by any one who knew any thing of the political creed and principles of that body, but no one—nay, not even one of themselves—could or did believe, that to this sweeping denunciation of his Noble predecessor, this unequivocal denial of the undoubted prerogatives of the Crown, SIR JAMES KEMPT would have replied, that he sincerely thanked them, and that he received their address with high satisfaction!!!

Assuredly it is no part of our disposition or character, to raise captious objections to the measures of Government, or to embarrass the administration of its affairs (sufficiently intricate and difficult as they in themselves are) by unreasonable complaint, or empty clamorous opposition; but we hold that we shall ill discharge the duty we owe the public, that we shall treacherously abandon those political doctrines we have hitherto professed and supported, and upon the maintenance of which, we confidently assert, depends the adherence of these Colonies to the British Crown, were we not to express the entire disapprobation with which we regard this answer—a disapprobation not confined to ourselves, but entertained by every intelligent individual who respects his King, and desires to live under his Laws and Government.

So entirely wrong do we regard the answer in question, that we are almost led to doubt whether the Governor General could have noticed the objectionable paragraph in the address of the Assembly to which we particularly allude. Great as is our cause for suspicion and alarm, we are not prepared to believe, that Sir James Kempt intended to convey to the Assembly his opinion that the Earl of Dalhousie, by arbitrary and manifestly illegal acts, had deprived the Province of the aid of its Legislature during the last year. It may be that for the sake of conciliation he forbore noticing the obnoxious portion of the address, and intended, as he may have hoped it would be understood, that his answer should have reference to such parts of the address as could properly be viewed with satisfaction. Admitting this, however, to have been Sir James Kempt's intention, we are far from considering the explanation as at all satisfactory. Mankind estimate the conduct of public men according to the doctrines and measures they proclaim and pursue; wherefore, following this which is indeed their only guide, how will the generality of persons construe the answer of His Excellency?—assuredly in its literal sense, viz. that the King has not the power to disallow the choice of the House of Assembly of its Speaker—and that the measures of the late Noble Governor General were arbitrary and manifestly illegal. If this construction of His Excellency's words is to be received as the true one, to what conclusion are we brought?—plainly to no other than this—that the hitherto undoubted prerogatives of the Crown have been sacrificed, and the Earl Dalhousie's conduct is not only denounced, but vilified.—And with what view has this fearful—this appalling sacrifice been made—why in the vain hope of conciliating a few factious demagogues who do not themselves desire conciliation—it is the last thing they wish.

The settlement of what is termed the difficulties in Lower Canada, would be ruin to their projects—it is their object to retard any such measure—and it never will be accomplished with their consent. Of the truth of this, Sir James Kempt will be assured before the present Session of the Provincial Legislature is brought to a close. And with this remark we will for the present close our observations.

The Congress of the United States, met at Washington on the 1st inst. Copious extracts from the President's Message will be found in our preceding columns. From the cursory glance we have had of it, it appears to be a well written document—it gives a very favourable picture of the state of the trade, revenue, and general prosperity of the Republic.

By a proclamation of his Excellency Sir John Colborne, which will be found in another column, our readers will perceive that our Provincial Parliament meets for the despatch of business on the 8th of January.

Our neighbour of the Herald, in noticing the "Lower Canada Watchman," contained in our last number, affects to treat with a sneer this able article of our able correspondent. He speaks of it as "a harmless piece of rant," made up of "dull unmeaning paragraphs." That our brother of the Herald should not admire the sound constitutional views of the Watchman, nor feel quite comfortable that his party should be subject to his vigilance, we are not surprised—but that the style should draw on him the critical ire of the Herald says very little for the taste or ability of that Journal. We guess, as Jonathan would say, that if the Watchman could change his politics, his style would not be in danger of reproach from the same quarter. Indeed he might even have the felicity of having his "dull unmeaning paragraphs" grace the columns of the Herald.

The weather, since the commencement of this month, has been of a peculiarly mild and open character, with the exception of the last day or two, when a strong South-West wind prevailed—so far, a finer month of December has seldom been experienced; the entire of our Steam Vessels have, nevertheless, discontinued their respective voyages. The "George Canning," schooner, Capt. Whitney, arrived here yesterday morning from Niagara, completing her cruise in the unusual short space of twenty-one hours.

Oak Stick is received.—The article is well and pointedly written—but we do not see how the publication of it would benefit the public. Indeed we should be sorry, under any circumstances, wantonly to injure the feelings of an individual—but especially, one smarting under the infliction of recent events, like the person against whom the article in question appears to be directed. Whether the Gentlemen so highly applauded for their conduct during the late fire, had merited so distinguished a notice as they have received through the columns of the Herald, it is not for us to say—nor do we suppose it in either case, to be a matter of much moment to the public.

DIED.—On Tuesday evening the 2nd instant, Jocelyn Waller, Esq. brother of the late Sir Robert Waller, of Newport, Ireland, Bart, and of the present Sir Charles Waller. Mr. Waller was an accomplished scholar, and as Editor of the Canadian Spectator distinguished himself as an able and talented political writer. In private life his amiable and virtuous character endeared him to all who had the advantage of his acquaintance.—Montreal Gazette by Authority.

Government House, York, }
1st. December, 1828. }
His Excellency, the Lieut. Governor has been pleased to appoint Lieut. Mudge, of the Royal Artillery, his Private Secretary.

Executive Council Office, }
York, 4th December, 1828. }
Notice is hereby given, by order of His Excellency the Lieut. Governor, in Council, that in future, the first Thursday in every Month will be the regular Council day, instead of the first Wednesday as heretofore.
JOHN SMALL, C. E. C.

KINGSTON ASSEMBLIES.
THE next Kingston Assembly will be held at Walker's Hotel, on Wednesday Evening the 31st December, instant.
By order,
JA. MACFARLANE, Secretary.

TO BE LET.
TO be let for Pasture, from 1st February next, for a term of 7, 14, or 21 years, subject to be resumed by Government whenever required for public service, the whole or part of the Common, situated around the Fort at Prescott, as may be agreed upon. Tenders specifying the portion required, with the rent in British silver per annum, payable quarterly at this Office, will be received by the respective officers of Ordnance, on or before the 15th January next.

The names of two responsible persons required as security for any contract that may be entered into.
For further particulars and form of Tender apply to Andrew Patton, Esq. Barrack Master at Prescott.
Office of Ordnance,
Kingston, 8th December, 1828.

UPPER CANADA.
J. GOLBORNE,
Lieutenant Governor,
GRACE the FOURTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, defender of the Faith, &c. &c.
To our beloved and faithful legislative Councillors of our Province of Upper Canada, and to our Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses of our said Province, to our Provincial Parliament at our Town of York, on the Fourth day of December, next ensuing, to be commenced, held, called, and elected, and to every of you—
GREETING:
WHEREAS by our Proclamation bearing date the Twenty-first day of October last, we thought fit to prorogue our Provincial Parliament to the Fourth day of December next ensuing, at which time at our Town of York you were held and constrained to appear.
Now KNOW YE, that we, taking into our Royal consideration the ease and convenience of our loving subjects, have thought fit, by and with the advice of our Executive Council, to relieve you and each of you of your attendance at the time aforesaid, hereby convoking, and by these presents enjoining you and each of you, that on Thursday the Eighth day of January, next ensuing, you meet us in our Provincial Parliament at our Town of York, FOR THE ACTUAL DESPATCH OF PUBLIC BUSINESS, here to take into consideration the state and welfare of our said Province of Upper Canada, and therein to do as may seem necessary, and herein fail not.
IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said Province to be hereunto affixed—Witness our trusty and well beloved SIR JOHN COLBORNE, K. C. B. Lieutenant Governor of our said Province and Major General Commanding our Forces therein, at York, this Twenty-sixth day of November in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Twenty-eight, and in the Ninth year of our Reign.
J. C.
By command of His Excellency,
JOHN B. ROBINSON, Att'y General.
D. CAMERON, Secretary.

ADVERTISEMENT.
VALUABLE Farm for sale, consisting of 800 acres, in the Township of Darlington, Newcastle District, Upper Canada—comprising Lots No. 30, 31, 32, and 33, in the second concession, 400 acres of which are F. eehold, and 400 acres Reserves—the Leases of which have eleven years unexpired—200 acres are cleared and fenced.
The Buildings consist of a Large Dwelling House, Root House, and Saw Mill, Mill House, and several small Tenements—with enclosed Garden and Orchard.—Every Lot is plentifully watered.
The high road from Kingston to York passes through the premises, being 27 miles from Port Hope, and 38 from York.
It is well suited for a Merchant, Store or Tavern.
The whole will be sold together, or in Lots of 1 or 200 acres, and the payments made easy.
For further particulars apply to R. Fairborne, Esq. Darlington, J. G. Bethune, Esq. Cobourg, John Warren, Esq. Whitby, John Macaulay, Esq. Kingston, the Editor of the Kingston Chronicle, or of the Proprietor, James Black, Esq. St. Catharines, Niagara District.
Dec. 6, 1828.
J. MATHERS,
AGENT to N. G. Filgiano, No. 34, St. Paul Street, Montreal, Merchant Tailor, begs leave to inform the Gentlemen of Fashion, that he has come from the above house, and will take orders to be executed immediately or in the Spring, in the London and Philadelphia Fashions, equal to any made in London or in the Canadas. Those who will favor him with their orders will please call soon, as his stay will be for a few days only. He has a few articles of Clothing for sale. Apply at the Old King's Head.
Dec. 13, 1828.
NOTICE.—The General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the Midland District, will be held by adjournment on Monday the 5th day of January next, at the Court House, in the town of Kingston, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time such persons as are desirous of renewing their Tavern Licences, or obtaining new ones for the ensuing year, must attend for that purpose.
Kingston, Dec. 3d, 1828.
FOR Sale at the Chronicle Office, a few copies of the Atlantic Souvenir, a Christmas & New Year's Gift for 1829. Also "The Token," & Ackerman's "Forget me not."
Deeds and Memorials
For Sale at this Office.

TECUMSEH;
OR THE WARRIOR OF THE WEST.
A Poem, in Four Cantos.
BY AN ENGLISH OFFICER.
(Author of the Canadian Campaign.)
THE name and actions of Tecumseh must be familiar to every inhabitant of Canada: and a desire to see the memory of so distinguished and extraordinary a man perpetuated by any writer, however humble, must be a sentiment co-equal with the admiration so universally excited during his enterprising career, not less among his enemies than among his allies and his friends.
The Author of this Epic Poem, which is illustrated by copious notes, is himself a Canadian, and has often combated at the side of Tecumseh, to whom he was more immediately known. On that memorable day which deprived nature of one of her brightest though rudest gems, and the nearly now exterminated Indian tribes of a leader devoted to their interests and their liberties, he beheld the remains of that glorious Chief, mangled and disfigured even as he has described them. Scarcely an Officer of the division on that untoward occasion failed to pay the just tribute of regret to his memory, and but few there were who did not lose sight of their own personal feelings in the depth and sincerity of their grief for the noble and unfortunate Tecumseh.
The principal and original view of the Author, in composing his Poem, was to rescue the name of this truly great man from the unmerited oblivion to which it had been consigned; but aware of the difficulty under which, as an unknown writer, he labours in giving his work all necessary publicity, he has adopted the suggestions of numerous literary friends, to print the volume by subscription among naval and military men. He trusts moreover that by his own countrymen some encouragement will be afforded, not simply in his character of Poet, the first of his native soil who has adventured on the dangerous shores of verse, but also in that of the Historian, the panegyrist of him who is now no more, but whose name and whose memory there can be few Canadians unwilling to see transmitted to posterity.
The Poem opens with a description of the action on Lake Erie, where the gallant and unfortunate Barclay, after essaying all that human courage and resolutions could attain, was compelled to strike to a superior enemy; and on this leading feature the several other incidents of the Poem are made to hang.
The Third Canto contains the celebrated speech made by Tecumseh in the council of Chiefs convened by General Procter, when, after the capture of the little squadron, he proposed retreating from Amherstburg to the Moravian Village.
Captain Barclay, to whom, in common with the other Officers of the Right Division, the Poem is inscribed, has been pleased to express his entire approbation of the work in terms the most satisfactory and gratifying to the Author. It remains for his own countrymen to decide how far successful he has been in delineating the scenery of the land, and the habits, occupations, and warlike exercises of the natives.
Should any palpable omissions or errors be noticed, it must be recollected, in extenuation, that the Poem has been composed almost wholly from memory, and that fourteen years have elapsed since the Author last beheld the wild scenery of his native clime.
The price of the Poem in boards, printed on the best paper, and with the best type, will be two dollars.
The Subscriber's copies will be forwarded to their respective addresses.
London, March 1st. 1828.

CONTRACT FOR STRAW.
NOTICE is hereby given that sealed Tenders will be received at this Office until 12 o'clock on the morning of Thursday the 8th January next from such persons who may be willing to supply the Barrack Department with
5,000 Bundles of good Straw, the Bundles to average 12 lbs each.
One third to be delivered by the 31st March,
One third " " by the 30th June, and the remainder by the 31st Oct.
The Tenders must state the price per Bundle, in Sterling, and must bear the signatures of two respectable persons as sureties for the undertaking; and the amount will be paid by the Commissariat in British Silver.
JOHN HARE
A. C. G.
Commissariat Office, Kingston,
8th December, 1828.

REMOVAL.—The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the Public, that he has removed from his shop to that one lately occupied by Mr. Kendrick, opposite J. R. Shaw's store, where he will carry on the Tailoring Business in all its various branches.
JAMES BOES,
Kingston Dec. 9th 1828.

LEFT, on McDonnell's wharf, about six weeks ago, a barrel of PORK. The owner is requested to prove his property.
Kingston, Sept. 4, 1828.

FRESH GOODS,
WHOLESALE AND RETALE.
THE subscriber wishes to inform his friend and the public in general, that he has just received a very extensive supply of Groceries, Wines, Brandy, Gin, Spirits, and a few gallons of very superior Highland Whisky, the whole of which he purposes selling at very reduced prices for cash or approved credit, and to show the public he is determined to reduce his prices, he here gives the prices of a few of his articles, viz:
Cogniac Brandy, - - - 7s per Gal.
Holland Gin, - - - 6s do do
Spirits, - - - 4s6 do do
Muscovado Sugar, 6d and 7d do lb.
D. R. F. Loaf, - - - 11d do do
Table Raisins, - - - 10d do do
Sun Ditto, - - - 7d do do
Currants, - - - 18d do do
Pearl Barley, - - - 6d do do
Scotch Ditto, - - - 4d do do
Black Pepper, - - - 9d do do
Starch, - - - 1s do do
Fig Blue, - - - 1s6 do do
Best Spanish float Indigo, 10s6 do do
Ditto Coffee, - - - 1s2 do do
Second do - - - 1s do do
Cloves, - - - 4d do oz.
Nutmegs, - - - 6d do do
Cinnamon, - - - 3d do do
Lemon and Orange Peel, 3d do do
Isinglass, - - - 1s3 do do
Caraway Seed, - - - 1d do do
Epsom Salts, - - - 8d do lb.
Sulphur, - - - 9d do do
Brimstone, - - - 7d do do
Lampblack, - - - 6d do do
Black Lead, - - - 1s do do
Snuff, - - - 9d do do
Putty, - - - 5d do do
Fine Mustard in jars, - 2s6 do do
Pekoe Tea, - - - 5s9 do do
Gunpowder, do, - - - 8s6 do do
Old Hyson, do, - - - 6s10 do do
Young Hyson, do, - - - 5s3 do do
Souchong, - - - 3s9 do do
Best Twankay, do, - - - 3s9 do do
Bohea, - - - 2s6 do do
Hyson Skin, do, - - - 3s6 do do
And all other articles in proportion; the greater part of his present stock being of this year's importation, and selected by himself, he can warrant them of the best quality. Merchants, in town or country, can be supplied on as reasonable terms as in Montreal, and a liberal credit given.
All orders from town and country thankfully received, and punctually attended to.
All kinds of Country Produce taken, at the market price.
MICHAEL BRENNAN,
Kingston, Dec. 2d, 1828.
N. B.—M. B. has on hand a very extensive supply of DRY GOODS, consisting of Red, White, Blue, Green, and Yellow, Flannels; Snuff, Fine, and Common Black, Blue and Drab Cloths; Drab and Olive Flushings; Grey and Striped Cotton Tartan Plaid, Green Baize, Apron Check, Irish knit Hose; with many articles suitable to the present season, and at very low prices and very liberal credit.

NOTICE is hereby given, that sealed Tenders will be received at this Office till 21st December, for washing the following articles of Barrack and Hospital BEDDING, for a period of twelve months, from 1st January to 31st December, 1829.
Barrack Double.
Round Towels—at
Palliassees—at
Bolsters—at
Blankets—at
Sheets—at
Rugs—at
Barrack Single.
Palliassees—at
Bolsters—at
Blankets—at
Sheets—at
Rugs—at
Hospital.....
Palliassees—at
Bolsters—at
Blankets—at
Sheets—at
Rugs—at
ALSO, for Sweeping Chimnies.
The prices to be stated opposite each article, in Sterling, Dollars at 4s. 4d. Two Securities will be required for the due performance of the Contract.
For further particulars apply to the Barrack Master at Kingston.
The Tenders to be addressed to the respective Officers of the Ordnance, Kingston, Upper Canada.
Ordnance Office, Kingston,
1st December, 1828.

NOTICE.
THE Subscriber being appointed Agent for the Canada Company in this place, is ready to receive offers for the purchase of any of the Company's Lands in this quarter.
He also begs to inform such persons as may intend to settle on the Company's Huron Tract, that, by presenting themselves to Ebenezer Johnston, Esq. of Buffalo, they will be forwarded by him from that place at the Company's expense, to the new settlement of Goderich, at the mouth of the Maitland, heretofore called the Red River. F. A. HARPER.
Kingston, 26th July, 1828.

FOR SALE.
THE Brick House and Lot situate on the Place D'Armes, at present occupied by Assistant Com. Gen. Hare. For terms apply to
THOS. KIRKPATRICK.
Kingston, 15th Sept. 1828.

LANDS FOR SALE.
LOT Letter D. in the Township of Pittsburg fronting the St. Lawrence, containing 200 acres well wooded. Lot No. 26. Fourth Concession Township of Kingston, containing 200 acres on which there is a clearance of about 20 acres, with a log house and Barn.
Lot No. 26. Sixth Concession in same Township containing 200 acres, on which there is a clearance of about 10 acres, with a good fence and now under a crop of Timothy.
For particulars apply to
F. A. HARPER.
Kingston, 12th May, 1828.

TO BE SOLD,
THAT valuable Tavern stand in the Town of Kingston, known as the Kingston Hotel, comprising a substantial Stone House, with stable & other appurtenances, situated on Lot, No. 88, & 63, fronting the Court House, and containing two-fifths of an acre.—This property is too well known to need repetition. If not disposed of by private sale before the 15th October next, the same will, on that day, at noon, on the premises, be put up at Public Auction, and sold without reserve. The title is indisputable. Conditions to be made known at the time of sale.
Apply to the Proprietor on the premises, or to
M. MORAN, Auctioneer.
Kingston, 2d August, 1828.
N. B.—Mr. Walker would inform his friends that he, in the meantime, will conduct the business of the House as usual, and takes this opportunity of returning his thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal support which he has always experienced from them.

TO RENT, for a term of years, & immediate possession given, the property at present in the occupation of John Grant, in Barriefield, consisting of a good Dwelling House, Bake House, Barn, and other Out Houses, with the land attached. The property will be leased for a term of years on advantageous terms. Apply to the Editor of the Kingston Chronicle.
Kingston, 5th May, 1826.

NOTICE TO EMIGRANTS.
PERSONS desirous of Settling in Upper Canada, may procure LANDS, on the Island of Tanti, situated in Lake Ontario, 9 miles above Kingston. There are several thousand Acres yet unoccupied, which will be either Sold or Leased upon reasonable terms. The situation is pleasant, and the soil generally of an excellent quality. Further information may be obtained by application to Rich'd Hichins, Esquire, residing on the Island, or to A. K. Johnson, Esq. at Prescott.
Montreal, June 2, 1828.
N. B. A steam-boat passes the Islands three a time a week.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
GOOD STONE CUTTERS will find employment in the Royal Engineer Department at this Post. Application to be made at the Royal Engineer Office.
JOHN HARE,
Assist' Com. Gen.
Commissariat, Kingston,
18th Aug. 1828.

NOTICE.—The Subscribers will pay the following Prices for Pork and Flour, in cash, on delivery at their establishment at Jones's Falls, South Crosby, Rideau Canal, as undermentioned, viz:
For Pork in the Hog, weight from 150 to 200 lbs. 21s. 6d.
Ditto. do. from 2 to 300 lbs. 22s. 6d.
For Flour in the barrel, (fine) 21s. 3d.
Do. do. (middling) 18s. 9d.
Do. in the bag pr. cwt. 10s. 6d.
MACKAY & REDPATH.
Jones's Falls, Rideau Canal, Dec 27, 1827.

THE STEAM BOAT TORONTO,
JAMES SINCLAIR, MASTER.
WILL leave Kingston every Monday morning at 8 o'clock, for Bath, Adolphstown, Hallowell, Sophiasburgh, Belleville, the Carrying Place, and River Trent.
Leave the Trent at 10 o'clock, A. M. on Tuesdays, and arrive at Kingston in the evening, touching at the intermediate places.
Leave Kingston every Wednesday at 8 o'clock in the morning, for Prescott, and return the following day, touching at Gananoque and Brockville.
Leave Kingston every Friday morning at 8 o'clock, for Belleville. Leave Belleville on Saturdays, at 8 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Kingston in the evening, touching at the intermediate places.
The Toronto is neatly fitted up, and every attention will be paid to the accommodation and comfort of passengers. A stage will meet the boat at the Trent on Tuesdays. Fare as usual.
For passage or freight application may be made to the master on board.
Kingston, 6th May, 1828.

LAMP BLACK.
THE Subscriber offers for sale half a ton of Lamp Black in barrels, from 90 to 100 lbs. each. It is of a superior quality, not caked or mildewed, and will be sold very low for Cash.
GEO. F. CORBETT.
Sept. 5, 1828.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I will expose to sale, by public auction, at Point Nepean, in the District of Bathurst, on Saturday, the 30th day of August next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. at Forth's Inn, licences to cut timber on the waste or ungranted lands of the Crown in Upper Canada, on the tract of land bordering on the Grand or Ottawa River, above the Chaudiere Falls.
P. ROBINSON.
York, 20th July 1828.

SHOES & COTTON GOODS.
JUST received, and for sale at the Store of the Subscriber, at Cape Vincent a few Bales of 3-4 and 4-4 shirting and Sheering. Also, a quantity of coarse and fine shoes, which will be sold low to Country Merchants for cash or Furs.
HENRY S. PHINNY.
Kingston, Nov. 1st, 1828.