



GOVERNMENT CONTRACT FOR FIREWOOD.

NOTICE is hereby given that Tenders will be received at this Office until the 9th October next, at noon, from such persons as may be desirous of contracting for the supply of the undermentioned quantities of Firewood, for the use of the Troops in Garrison at Kingston and its dependencies, viz.

350 Cords at Kingston,
400 Do. at Point Henry,
250 Do. at Point Frederick.

The deliveries to commence as soon as the ground admits of sleighing, and to be finally completed by the 20th March, 1821. The wood to be of sound and merchantable quality, consisting of black or yellow Birch, Maple, or white Beech; and to be of the following dimensions, viz. the stick to be cut full four feet long, and the Cord to be eight feet long by four feet four inches in height.

No tender will be received for a less quantity than one hundred Cords, nor unless made in the prescribed form, which, together with the further conditions and particulars, may be known on application at this Office.

Sufficient security will also be required for the due fulfilment of the Contracts entered into; and the parties making proposals, as well as those offering to become security for them, or Agents on their behalf duly authorised, will be required to attend at the time of opening the Tenders, which must be sealed, and endorsed, "Tender for Firewood."

EDWD. PINE COFFIN,
Dep'y. Com. Gen.
Commissariat Office,
Kingston, 30th August, 1820. 35

To Let.

AGRI and SAWMILL, in the Township of Camden, on the Napawee River. For further particulars, apply to JOHN GIBBARD on the premises
Kingston, September 1st 1820. 35tf

NOTICE.

A Charity SERMON will be preached in St. GEORGE'S CHURCH, on Sunday the 2th inst. in aid of the funds of the Kingston Compassionate Society, for the relief of distressed and sick Emigrants.
Kingston, 15th Sept. 1820. 37w2

Pest Office, Kingston, 25th Aug. 1820.

It being in contemplation with the Deputy Post Master General to establish a new line of Post Offices from Bath through the County of Prince Edward to Cranage, I hereby give notice that I will continue to receive proposals for the conveyance of a mail once a week by that route, until the 1st October next.
JOHN MACAULAY, P. M.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late OLIVER THIBODO, deceased, are requested to pay the same without delay, and those to whom the Estate is indebted, will present their accounts duly authenticated for adjustment, to Henry W. Walkinon, one of the Executors, to said Estate.
Kingston, August 30th 1820. 35tf

Public Notice.

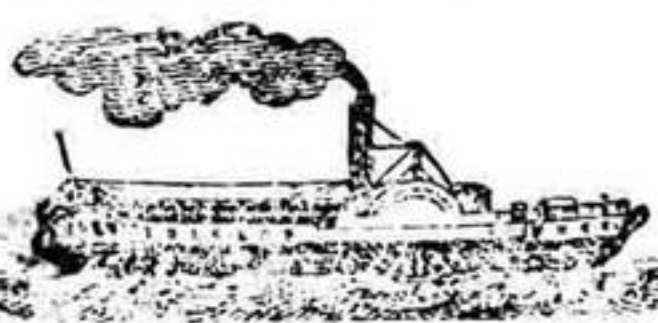
THE Subscriber in the year 1812, received from George Rowfe of the Township of Ernest Town, a NOTE payable with interest, for £221 10s. 5d. Halifax Currency, which note having been placed in the hands of Daniel Washburn, Esquire, cannot now be recovered.

Notice is therefore hereby given, that the said note has been fully paid, and that the said Rowfe holds my acquittance for the same.

AND WHEREAS on various occasions the Subscriber has authorized persons within this province to transact his affairs and to sell and to dispose of his lands. Further notice is hereby given, that all such powers are revoked, and that henceforth no Act will be acknowledged, no Deed ratified by the Subscriber; but such as are executed by or under the direction of Allen McLean Esquire, Smith Bartlett, and Daniel Jones Junior, Esquires, to any of whom, those who are still indebted to me, will confer a particular favor by paying their Accounts.

CHARLES SMYTH,
Kingston, 31st August, 1820. 35w8

THE FRONTENAC



Steam Vessel will start from Kingston for York and Niagara on the 1st, 11th, and 21st day's of each month, and from Niagara for Kingston on the 5th, 15th, and 25th day's of each month with as much punctuality as the nature of the Lake Navigation will admit of.
Kingston, May 12th, 1820. 19

Public Notice.

WHEREAS, large quantities of base Copper coin have been lately introduced into the town of Kingston, by several individuals, who have endeavoured to force the same on the public, and still continue to do. We the undersigned, feeling desirous to put a stop to this imposition, have come to a Resolution to receive no other copper coin than the same already described in hand bills, agreeable to a meeting held at Robert Walker's Hotel, on the 14th instant, viz. those denominated, the *old British coppers, American Cents, and Half penny tokens*, according to the description in said hand bills; and as it appears that some persons who may be interested in having this unjust traffic continued, have agreed to keep all such good copper coin out of circulation, as may come into their possession, with a view to enforce and continue the circulation of the bad;—We therefore to defeat such an unfair transaction have thought proper to petition the President and Directors of the Bank of Upper-Canada, to issue Bank Notes, of the following description; three pence, six pence, nine pence and one shilling to the amount of two hundred pounds, for the purpose of small change, until such time as good copper coin can be obtained for that purpose.

Therefore, we the undersigned think it our duty, to give this public notice, to Farmers and all others, to be on their guard against imposition.

We are aware that farmers get a very low price for their produce which they bring to market, and therefore trust they will not suffer themselves to be further imposed upon, by those who have been in the habit of purchasing base copper coin, at six pence per pound weight, by the cake and forcing it on them at seven times its value.

Samuel A. Loring,	Jerry Whitehead,
M. Petrie,	John Gilway,
Benjamin Oleott,	Samuel Merrill,
Rosier Tolbert,	Walter McCumie,
Abraham Traux,	Patrick Quin,
H. L. St. Germain	Henry Cassaday,
Samuel Swan,	John Mair,
A. Richmond,	W. Tackebury,
Peter Plat,	Michael Coyle,
Robert Richardson,	Arch. McDonell,
Edwd. Urquhart,	Wm. B. Lamb,
N. Palmer,	Charles Aikroyd,
Fair & Russell,	Jacob Naylor,
Henry Baker,	John Johnston,
Joseph Murdoch,	John Watkins,
Wm. B. Smith,	Robert Stanton,
Nicholas Morin,	Christopher F. Collins,
Stephen Wood,	A. I. Ferns,
Wm. Evans,	Thomas Turpin,
Robert Boyd,	J. C. Morrill,
L. Norrie,	Robert Walker,
Thomas Smith,	John Butterworth,
Kingston, August 23d, 1820.	34w6

YORK

Land Price-Current Office,
KING STREET.

WANTED, Axemen to contract for clearing Lands in the Township of Lincoln, Niagara Districts and in the Townships of York, Chinguacowey, and Simcoe, in the Home District.

Land will be given in exchange for labour, at a price to be agreed upon.

ALSO.

the use of 35 acres of newly cleared land, situated within one mile and a half from the Town of York, will be given for a year, to any person who may be desirous of *meliorating and cropping* the same upon equitable terms with the Proprietor.

Capitalists wishing to purchase improved Farms, or Wild Lands in Upper-Canada, may be furnished (monthly) with a periodical Price-Current List of Estates, on sale in various Townships, on payment of FOUR DOLLARS per annum—one quarter in advance.

Commissions for buying, letting, leasing, and registering Estates, faithfully executed.

TERMS

For the Registration of Land

For 100 Acres and under	1	3
From 100 and not exceeding 200	2	0
— 200 to	250	2
— 250 to	300	3
— 300 to	500	4
— 500 and upwards	5	0

All letters addressed to MR. ANGELL, Director of this office, must be post paid.

On the 1st day of September next, will be published a MONTHLY Land Price-Current list of Estates on Sale in Upper Canada, to be circulated hereafter in England, Ireland, and Scotland, and Wales.
34tf.

THE subscriber having rented that commodious Stone House, the property of Peter Grant, Esq. and lately occupied by Mr. Daniel Brown, proposes keeping a house of

Public Entertainment,
(Sign of the Black Horse)

for the accommodation of Strangers, and others who may have the goodness to favour him with a call. Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of customers, and the smallest favour gratefully acknowledged by the Public's

Humble Servant,
SAMUEL MERRILL.
Kingston, 5th May, 1820. 19

F. B. SPILSBURY,
SURGEON, R. N.

Late Surgeon of H. M. S. Prince Regent, on Lake Ontario,

Intends practising in the various branches of his profession, at his residence, next door to John McLean, Esq. Sheriff.
Kingston, Oct. 6th, 1819. 41

THE subscriber begs leave respectfully to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has established a

PAINT SHOP

a few rods south of Mrs. Patrick's Tavern, where will be kept constantly all kinds of PAINTS, prepared ready for the brush.

Likewise all kinds of House, Sign, Waggon, Sleigh, and Ornamental Painting,

done at the shortest notice, together with raw and boiled Oil, which will be disposed of as cheap as can be procured in this town, for Cash only.

THEODORE BROCKETT,
Kingston 6th April, 1820. 14tf

THE subscribers being duly nominated Executors to the last Will and Testament of the late *Lawrence Herchmer*, Esquire, Merchants request all persons indebted to his estate to make immediate payment, and those having demands against the said estate to bring them forward without delay.

JOHN KIRBY,
GEO. H. MARKLAND.
Kingston, 9th Nov. 1819. 46

Kingston Branch of the Montreal Bank.

ANY sum required may be obtained at the Office for good Bills, on Monday, Quebec, Bills of Exchange on London, or for Specie.—Notes also will be discounted at three, sixty, and ninety days.
THOMAS MARKLAND,
Agent.
Kingston, 3d Nov. 1818. 23

NOTICE.

Books of Subscription for the Bank of Kingston,

will be opened at the Director's Room in the Bank of Upper Canada, on the 24th August next, and kept open each day from the hour of ten till three o'clock, until further notice.
Kingston, 27th July, 1819. 31

York Land Price-Current Office.

MR. ANGELL respectfully informs the public, and Emigrants who may be desirous of forming a settlement in this Province, and to purchase improved Farms, that he has on the Register, for sale or exchange, an extensive variety; together with many thousand acres of uncleared land producing the valuable timber peculiar to the most fertile soils, which he is directed to dispose of in quantities at from half a dollar to 100 dollars per acre.

These Estates are advantageously situated in the desirable parts of well selected Townships, within the Province of Upper Canada, and watered by navigable rivers, creeks, and most brilliant springs.

The capitalist may at all time find an opportunity of investing money at this office, secured upon FEE SIMPLE ESTATE, which will afford to him an ample Interest. Non-resident Landholders may depend upon the most faithful and active attention being paid to any Agency entrusted to the care of the Director.

Terms of Registering Lands, either to be sold, leased, exchanged, or for the performance of settling duties:

100 acres and under	0	1	3
100 to 200	0	2	0
200 to 250	0	2	6
250 to 300	0	3	0
300 to 500	0	4	0
500 and upwards	0	5	0

N. B. These rates include the charge for insertion in the General Land Price Current which will be revised and published monthly, and hereafter circulated throughout Great Britain, Ireland, and the West India Islands.

All letters addressed to Mr. Angell, Director of this office, must be post paid.
York, near the Crown Office, } 35tf
22d August, 1820.

ALEXANDER ASHER,
Merchant Taylor,

HAS received from Montreal a most choice and excellent assortment of the best West of England superfine Cloths and Cassimeres, with Trimmings, and every thing complete.

A. ASHER informs his friends and the public that he is now working up these cloths, &c. at his old stand, where orders will be thankfully received, and executed on the shortest notice, and on the lowest terms for Cash, or short approved credit.
Kingston, Sept. 10, 1819. 37tf

Window Glass.

THE subscribers have on hand a consignment of WINDOW GLASS—of 7 1-2 by 8 1-2, 9 by 9, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, of excellent quality, and warranted to open in good order, for sale at very low prices for cash or short approved credit.
THOS. S. WHITAKER & Co.
May 17. 20

To Clothiers.

For sale, a quantity of PRESS-PAPERS.
Tho. S. Whitaker & Co.
August 19, 1819. 34

TO BE SOLD, and immediate possession given, the following Lots of Land, in the 6th Concession of the Township of Elmsley, viz. 19, 20, 22, 24, 29, 30, most eligibly situated on the North side of the Rideau Lake, which forms their southern boundary; the great road to the Perth Settlement, leading through one of the Lots. They abound in excellent Timber, which from its being contiguous to water communication may be rafted to Montreal at a trifling expence. The quality of the soil and other advantages are such as to render this a desirable purchase to Farmers or persons engaged in the Lumber Trade. For terms of payment and other particulars apply to William Marshall, Esq. Perth Settlement, John Kirby Esq. Kingston, or the subscriber, in Woodhouse, London District
ROBERT NICHOL.
November 18, 1819. 47tf

NOTICE.

THE Land Board, for the Midland District, for the ensuing six months, will meet on Wednesday in each week, at the Court House in the Town of Kingston, at the hour of 12 o'clock at noon, for the purpose of receiving applications for lands, from the undermentioned description of persons, viz.

Emigrants, and others coming to the Province and bringing due Certificates of being British born subjects.

All able settlers that have resided in the District previous to the late war, and produce Certificates of having done their duty in its defence.

The terms of the grants are the performance of the settling duties within Eighteen Months from the date of the location, and the payment of the following fees; established by an order in Council of 14th December, 1819.

On Grants of 50 acres to Indigent Emigrants no fees.

On Grants of 100 acres, £12 Sterling.

On Grants of 200 do. 30

Payable in three equal instalments, viz. The first on the receipt of the Location ticket; the second on Certificate filled of settlement; the third on the receipt of the Fiat for the patent.

No petition can be entertained unless accompanied by a written character, or a satisfactory reason shown for such not being produced.

By order of the Board,
JAMES NICKALLS, Junr.
Clerk.

Kingston, Feb. 14th, 1820. 8

N. B. To prevent disappointments to persons applying for lands: it is necessary to state that the Board has no power to grant Lands to the Children of U. E. Loyalists; Militia men who served in the Flank companies during the war; Naval or Military claimants, all such must make application to York.

WATCHES and CLOCKS

Repaired in the best manner, by
S. O. TAZEWELL,

[North side of the Market Place, Kingston.]

WHO most respectfully informs the Inhabitants of Kingston and its vicinity, that he has commenced the above business, and hopes, by paying strict attention to business, to give the utmost satisfaction to all those who may please to favour him with their employ.

Having had many years experience in London, is perfectly acquainted with the patent Lever, Horizontal and Duplex Scapements, Repeaters, &c. &c.
Kingston, May 13th, 1820. 20t

PERSONS having Books belonging to the Kingston Library are requested to send them to the subscriber, at his house, adjoining the Town of Kingston, and with as little delay as possible.
JOHN FERGUSON.
12th April, 1819. 24

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted either by Note or Book Account, to the estate of the late Richard Robison, Esq. deceased, are requested to pay the same without delay; and those to whom the estate is indebted will present their accounts duly authenticated for adjustment, to Allan MacLean Esquire, one of the Executors to said estate.
Kingston, June 5, 1820. 16tf

Just published, and for Sale at this Office,

S. BARROW'S

500 Questions on the New Testament.

FOR SALE, A QUANTITY OF RED CEDAR PICKETS, from 7 to 8 feet in length.—Apply to Mr. JOHN DAWSON, Tailor.

WILLIAM YEREX,
Kingston, July 17, 1819. 30

SPEECH of JOSEPH MARRYAT, Esq. IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

[Concluded.]

An evil of great magnitude that would arise from the loss of the trade with the British colonies, is the discouragement of emigration. Nothing can be of more importance to a country, having a redundant population, without adequate means of employment at home, than to send her surplus numbers abroad to situations where their labours will still contribute to her advantage. With this view, we voted last Session of Parliament, £50,000, to assist individuals emigrating to the Cape of Good Hope; and this sum, I understand, has not only been expended, but exceeded, without providing means of conveyance for more than a small proportion of those who wished to embark for that destination. Within these few years, not less than fifty thousand individuals are said to have emigrated to Canada, at their own expense, and more are constantly embarking. On this point I speak from actual knowledge; several families having gone, some time ago, from the place which I have the honor to represent, and from my having been employed within these few weeks, to engage a passage for others, who have been induced by their representations to follow their example. I understand, too, that the tide of population, which ever follows encouragement, has set in very strongly to our colonies, from the frontiers of the United States, where the trade in this timber trade; and I truly believe, that, whether we shall establish in Canada a numerous, flourishing, and well-affected population, able and willing to serve as an effectual barrier against the future ambition of the government of the United States, or whether we shall have a thin, distressed, and disaffected population, ready to submit to the first invader, depends upon the decision we shall come to on the present subject.

The House ought to know, that the existing duties on timber, so far from depriving the northern powers of Europe of a fair participation in this trade, and operating as prohibitory duties, actually give them a greater share of it than is enjoyed by our own colonies. I have moved for papers which will give full information on this head; but, in the mean time, I am enabled to state the comparative imports into the port of London, for the last year, which were as follows:

Pieces of timber from our American colonies,	52,312
Doitto from the Baltic and Norway	53,994
Deals from the former,	812,899
Doitto from the latter,	1,622,440
Staves from our Am. colonies	1,238,695
Doitto from foreign powers,	1,397,902

From this comparison the House may judge of the probable import into the other ports of the United Kingdom; and the conclusion to which it leads is, that nothing can be more unreasonable than the complaints of foreign powers, of those existing duties, which place them at least on an equal footing with our colonies. The complaint would come with more justice from the other parties, that we do not give them that full protection in our home market, which, according to our colonial system, is the return to which they are entitled, for that double monopoly we impose upon them, of taking every thing from, and sending every thing to, the mother country, in British ships; thus making them markets for the consumption of her manufactures, and the foundation of her naval power. Even the most strenuous advocates for free trade, have applauded this system. Dr. Adam Smith, speaking of our Navigation Law, says, "It is not impossible that some of the regulations of this famous act may have proceeded from national animosity; they are as wise, however, as if they had all been dictated by the most deliberate wisdom." In a subsequent passage he observes, "The Act of Navigation is not favourable to foreign commerce, or to the growth of that opulence that can arise from it;" and, after explaining this point, he concludes thus: "As defence, however, is of much more importance than opulence, the Act of Navigation is, perhaps, the wisest of all the commercial regulations of England." This testimony is the more valuable, as coming from the mouth of an unwilling witness, one of the greatest opposers of all commercial restrictions; who, however, acknowledges, that every other consideration ought to give way to the paramount object of maintaining our naval supremacy.

Some foreign writers of considerable eminence, have urged the same system that is now contended for by many of our own countrymen; the taking off all commercial restrictions, and throwing trade entirely open. One of them, a man whose views of commercial and colonial policy are equally acute and profound, I mean the Abbé de Pradt,

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