ment of the Government, according to people. It is intimated that measures prompt payment of their passages, &c. in favour of Charles have been some time in agitation, and are too well digested and board the first transport at anchor in the cations, as may be necessary or expeditoo pewerfully supported for Ferdinand Orinoco, to Arismendi, the governor of ent for carrying the treaty into effect, in to be able to resist them.

The accounts from St. Petersburgh inform us, that the great demand there for forming the governor of Margarita, that gold and silver bullion is beginning to the ship Perseverance is arrived at Guayana, subject. decrea : the Government is willing to with 200 troops, for the government of take the gold, but having no longer the Venezuela; and we expect in the course of san prising occasion for it as formerly, three days ten or twelve veffels more, will not agree to pay for it before July which will make nearly 4000 troops. next, thus requiring a credit of more than six counths; this condition is an effectual damp to speculations in bullion, which may therefore be expected to go in search of a better market.

LONDON. Dec. 27. The metropolis was on Tuesday enveloped in a fog, the most dense that has be n witnessed for several years. The darkness in the early part of the day was not so very great as to be attended with extraordinary inconvenience; but it gradual'y increased, and about four o'clock it became impossible to discern an object at the distance of a few paces. The carriages and waggons moving along the streets were not discernable from the flag-ways, and the passengers on the latter derived very little aid from the lights in the windows, or in the lamps, as most of the shops, from fear of accidents, were shut, and several of the latter were extinguished by the fog; ever those which did burn afforded but a very feeble twinkling light, not visible until a neur approach. The coachmen alighted from their boxes to lead the horses, and the link-boys were in great numbers to offer their assistance; but with every possible care and precaution the passengers both on foot and in carriages, seldom succeeded in making their way without mistakes, and horses and carriages frequently deviated from the street to the flag-ways, to the imminent danger of the passengers. The noises made by the people in the streets, were frightful; some shricking from terror when surprised by the sudden approach of a horse or a carriage, and others calling out to their fellow-traveliers to warn them of danger, or anxiously inquiring their way. In many cases the company deserted their carriages, which remained stationary, the coachmen not knowing where they were. Various sums, from half a crown to ten shillings, were obtained by a single street. In the theatres, the actors on the stage were scarcely visible to the audience; and even private houses, though closed and well furnished with fires, were filled and darkened by this unwelcome visitor.

Extract of a letter, dated Aux Cayes, Jan. 26.

"General Gregor M'Gregor has just errived here with an armed ship and brig, he expects hourly from Lendon ten other vessels which sailed in company with him -the object of his visit is not known.

" In conversation with one of the orincipal officers this day he told me, he expected there would be from two to four thousand troops on board the shipping and they should immediately, on the arrival of the remainder of the squadron. make an attack on some of the principal towns or cities on the coast of South America."

In relation to the force under the command of Sir Gregor M'Gregor, the Charleston Gazette of the 22d ult. contains the following information:

" A gentleman who arrived from Aux Cayes, on Saturday last, in the schr. May Elower, informs us, that Gen. Sir GREGOR MACGREGOR was at that place on the 31st January, when he sailed He had arrived some time previous from Nassan, and had established his rendezvous at Aux-Cayes, where he had 1000 of the finest troops in the world, part of then encamped on shore .- A sloop of war and a large transport ship were lying at am her. During our informant's stay, a brig arrived with troops, said to be from Greenock. A large ship was also daily expected from the same place, with 300 more. This expedition was waiting for further reinforcements, which when all concentrated, would amount to 5000 men. Their precise destination was not publicly known."

( URACOA, Jan. 30. The English schr i eckles, a rived here on Wednesday aftern on, three days from Margarita, and brings letters to the 24th inft. from which the following are extracts:

" MARGARITA, Jan. 21. "There are little news here. The army has marched to open the campaign; it is one that fully comes up to the expecand, by a Courier yesterday from Augus- tations of the great body of the American tura, we learn of the arrival of col. English, people. with 2500 British treops. " San Juan Griego, Margarita,

January 24.

" A British force has arrived at Guiria, ron 8 veffels, of which he has the fole Monroe. . URACOA Feb. 6.

The arrival of English thoops at Guayhere with to transmit to you,

Several respectable emigrante have mitted to Congress. At the ratification the Counsels of the wisest Statesmen that already left this place for Guayana and on the part of Spain may be expected to the country affords, and who are most Margarita. A proclamation iffu d by the take place during the recess of Congress, likely to possess the confidence of the independent government, infures the I recommend to their consideration the

Margarita :

I. WHITNEY, JOHN JOHNSTON." N. Y. E. Post.

From the National Intelligencer of Feb. 25

It is feldom that we have so acceptable an office to perform, as that of announcing to our readers the unanimous ratification, by the Senate, of a TREATY OF AMI-TY, SETTLEMENT, AND LIM-ITS, BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND SPAIN, as recently concluded at this place, by Mr. Secretary ADAMS, and Don Luis DE ONIS.

As the treaty, though ratified on our part will not be promulgated officially until it has also been ratified by the fovereign of Spain, we shall state the principal provisions, as distinctly as we have been able to ascertain them, of this important instrument.

By this treaty we understand that Florida, including all the claims of Spain to territory east of the Miffilippi, is CEDED IN FULL lovere gnty to the United States.

That the Western boundary between the territory of the United States and that of Spain, is adjusted as follows: Beginning with the mouth of the Sabine river, and running with the west bank thereof to the north west limit of the state of Louisiana; thence by a direct line north to the Red river thence along the fouth bank of that river to the one hundredth degree of longitude; thence on that meridian to the Arkanfaw; and thence along the Arkanfaw to its fource, in the forty-fecond degree of north latitude; and thence upon that parallel to the Pacific.

A fum, not exceeding five millions of dollars is to be paid by the United States, out of the proceeds of the lale of lands in Florida, or in stock or money, as the Congreis may prescribe to our own citizens, on account of spoliations and other injuries received by them from the government of Spain, or from the government of the colo-

18 liquidate these claims, a board is to be constituted by the government of the United States, of American citizens, to confist of three Commissioners, who are to make their report within three years.

There is a mutual renunciation, on the part of the two governments, of further claims on each other for spoliations, &c.

Spanish citizens are to enjoy, on the principle of the Louisiana treaty, the same privileges as American citizens in the forts of St. Augustine and Penfacola, for the term of twelve years.

These are the effential provisions of the treaty, which is to take effect on the ex change of the ratifications, within fix months of the present date.

It is probable that Mr. Forfyth, our newly appointed minister to Spain, will be the bearer of this treaty, and that the rati fications will be exchanged long before the commencement of the next festion of Congress; in contemplation of which event, it is probable that Congress will, before they adjourn, pals an act authoriting the executive to receive the surrender of the Provinces of Florida from the Spanish authorities, and to establish an independent government therein.

We felicitate the country on this amicable and satisfactory termination of the tedious and hitherto unpleasant negociations with Spain. The attainment of either of the three objects, the cession of Florida, the fettlement of the Western boundary, or the recognition and provision for the adjustment of the claims of our citizens on Spain, would have been confidered as an epoch in the history of our Foreign relations. The union of the three will make this Treaty trebly acceptable to the American people.

It terminates the only existing controverfy with any of the European powers. It rounds off our southern possessions, and for ever precludes foreign emissaries from Airring up Indians to war and Negrees to Louis. rebellion, whilft it gives to the Southern country important outlets to the fea. It adjusts the vast western boundary, acknowledging the United States to be the fovereign, under the hitherto contested Louisiana treaty, over all the territory we ever feriously contended for. In a word, it is a treaty than which the most sanguine have not anticipated one much more favorable;

Washington, Feb. 27. OCCUPATION OF FLORIDA.

The following message under date of confitting of 2500 men. Brion remains in yestesday, was received from the Presi-Pan patar. Jolli has failed with the fquad- dent of the United States, by Mr. J. J.

command. Their destination is unknown." To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

The treaty of amity, settlement, and ara is n w unquestionable, for we have limits, between the United States and here the official communication received at his Catholic Majesty, having been, on Margarita from two officers on Loard the the part of the United States, ratified, first transport, which I have the pleasure by and with the advice and consent of the senate, copies of it are now trans

adoption of such legislative measures con-Copy of a letter from two officers on tingent upon the exchange of the ratifithe interval between the sessions, and "We embrace the opportunity of in. until Congress, at their next session, may ere lit to make further provision on the

JAMES MONROE.

WASHINGTON, March 1. It is announced, in the account of Sat-

orday's proceedings in the house of reprefentatives, that the President has officially communicated to congress the treaty with Spain, which has been folemnly ratified on our part, and will no doubt be promptly ratified by the government of Spain. With a view to this event, a bill has been intro duced, and will probably become a law, for authorizing the executive, in that contingency, to receive the territory from the hands of the spanish authorities, and establish a provisional government therein:

The treaty was read in the house of reprefentatives with open doors, but is not to be published in extenso, the usage in such cafes requiring it frould not be premulgated until formally ratified. We have little doubt, however, that a copy of it will shortly find its way to the press. Meanwhile, it is sufficient to state, that the summary we gave of its contents appears to have been pretty correct, with the following additions:

All grants made by Spain, in the ceded territory, anterior to the 1st day of January 1818, are to be respected.

The Islands adjacent to Florida are ce-

ded, with the territory. It is flipulated that the territory shall, having the necessary requisites, be admitted into the union on an equal footing with the original states.

From the National Intelligencer, March 4th. The Congress of the United States adjourned last evening, beyond which their conflitutional term of fervice did not permit them to extend the fession.

The bill authoriting the eflablishment of a Provisional Government for Florida, in the event of the ratification of the Treaty of Cession by Spain, has become a

From the New York Spectator, March 5. From Rio Janeiro .- Capt. Reardon, of the brig Spy who arrived at Baltimore on Sunday evening, stat., that accounts ALTO TOLETTE Green benefit to the programments. that the Spanish expedition some time expected, on making their appearance, the royal flag flying on the fortification in possession of the patriots; they consisted of one 50 gun ship, two sloops of war and seven transports, with a number oftroops, all of whom fell an easy prey to the Patriots. It was understood at ed regions of Upper Canada." Rio, that the whole country surrounding Morte Video, was in possession of General Art gas.

Great Project .- The Legislature of Ohio, has passed a resolution, instructing the Senators and Representatives in Congress from that State, to use their best endeavors with the General Govcrament, to apply to the court at Madrid for the urivilege of examining the ground and opening a canal for the passage of large vessels from the Spanish maine across the continent at Lake Nicaragua, or such other point in that quarter as may be found most practicable.

Connecticut Mirror.

RICHMOND, Feb. 20.

Singular Snow.-Between 1 and 2 o'clock yesterday, we witnessed in this city the most singular flakes of snow which we recollect even to have beheld. They were of astonishing size, and looked like small snow-balls falling from the clouds. Some of them measured an inch and a half in diameter. The substance of them was uncommonly light-their chrystalization, very delicate-exhibiting a collection of the finest needles, lying together in every direction.

New York, March 5. Steam Boat Franklin sunk .- The Louisville (Kentucky) paper of the 11th ult. mentions that the Steam Boat Franklin was sunk on the 24th Jan. near St. Genevieve, in ascending the Mississippil She had a full and valuable cargo of groceries on board, and was bound to St.

From the New York Gazette, of March 4. LATEST EUROPEAN NEWS.

Lord Castlereagh was confined with a severe attack of the gout. Rear-admiral blackwood is appointed to suc-

ceed sir Richard King, as commander in chief in the East Indies. The London Gazette officially notices the appointment of the duke of Wellington, as master-

general of the ordnance. Three individuals perished by walking into the docks during the late dense fog in London.

A contagious fever was still on the increase in Aberdeen, in Scotland. The use of the barrack hospital had been obtained for the sick. Hamburgh accounts of the 15th and 22d December speak of the severe frosts, and obstruc-

tions of the navigation." Liverpool, Jan. 1, 1819 .- Ashes, first , ot, 54 a 55; fine pearls. 58 a 59-again without enquiry, and our quotations almost nominal. The imports this year. 17,014 barrels. The stock on hand,

6000 pot., 1699 pearls. STREET, STREET

For sale on Commission, FEW Barrels of Frime Quandaga JUHN KIRBY.

Kingston, 17th March, 1819.

KINGSTON CHIMINICLE.

FRIDAY, Marcu 19, 1819. Our latest New-York papers inform us that the Congress of the United States was adjourned

on the 3d of March. House of Representatives in talking about Gen. Jackson's conduct in Florida, but as the matter brean, o it ended, in talk.

The Committee of the Senate, it would appear, were employed from the 18th Dec. to the 24th Teb. in drawing up their report on the Seminole war, and it must be acknowledged (setting aside a little gasconading about "unfurling the star spangled banners on the walls of Quebec" which by the bye "is a good one") is much to the purpose. But what then-it only proves that the Committee were capable of examining the documents and o her evidence brought before themand of offering a spirited opinion upon the subinct.-We cannot, however, suppose that, the Committee intended that the report should be acted upon by the whole Senate, when it is been that they deferred making it until the 24th Feb. only a few days previous to the adjournment of Congress. They must have been aware that the very territory which General Jackson had invaded, contrary to all the common wages of levying and carrying on war, was on the point of being bartered to the United States by the weak

Ferdinand. Our readers will see by the President's Message, inserted in a preceding column, that the Preaty for the Cession of the Floridas, is actually ratified on the part of the United States, and an act passed praviding for the Government of the Country upon the final ratification of the treaty by Spain .- From an impartial view of the whole subject, we think it may be fairly inferred that, notwithstanding all that has been said about General Jackson's violation of the laws of nations, and his contempt for the constituted authorities of his country, he will escape with impunity .- The Committee of the Senate have in fact done nothing more than show that his offences have been enormous, but that his country is unwilling, because perhaps she is afraid, to punish him.

A parallel case from an old MSS.

Once on a time a turdy variet (velept Jonathan) who was possessed of a large farm, covered tion) and adverting to the earnest wishes which an adjoining field, which belonged to an old all men at their dying moments, had shown to be Gentleman who lived in a distant country. He reconciled to their enemies and to die in peace, said within himself, 'could I but obtain it,' how he concluded his sensible and impressive discourse nicely would my farm be then "rounded off." with the words of St. Paul, " As much as in thee He first tried to drive an hard bargain with the lies live peaceably with all men." old Gent, but not succeeding, he attempted . After this Sermon, Dr. Spark went to a Funeto pursuade his neighbours that he sustained loss ral, and, on his way to Church in the afternoon, from the old Gent's, pigs (said old Gent, he fell down in an apoplectic fit, and almost innot keeping his fences in repair):-it was, stantly expired. however, more than once suspected that his own . He was in the 65th year of his age, and 36th oxen were the trespassers. Be that as it might, of his ministry, and we may say, beyond the reach he so violently coveted the possession, that having of contradiction, that he was not meanly skilled watched his opportunity, and hearing that the in letters; and in life and manners he observed old Gent, was laid up with the gout, and a simplicity and innocence beyond what are seen was at the same time greatly perplexed with an in most men, nor has any one died more univerunruly family, he sent a score or two of his hinds to seize the property, and drive out the old Gent's, servants. As soon as the old Gent. heard of the violence and wrong committed against him, he set up an large shout, and shook his crutch-upon which the neighbours pricked up their ears; and more especially did the outcry arouse the attention of four or five stout fellows, who were just then signing an agreement in the defence of the injured and oppressed,-Joseph hereupon got slarmed and immediately recalled his my familions, directing them to give up the hags of wheat and the fat carcases they had purloined. It was rumoured at the time, that he threatened to hang the leader of the gang, were decoyed into the port by keeping for having unanthorised, committed murder; but as the threat was never executed, people imagined it was given for the take of appearances.

Query Who frightened Jonathan from his purpose? Perhaps some one of the literati of Hartford or wise zeres of Baltimore may be able to guess, and by so doing enlighten the "betright-

COMMUNICATION.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, having been graciously pleased, to grant in trust to T. Markland, A. Mac-Lean, Esquires, and to the Rev. G. O. Stuart, certain lots of ground in the Town of Kingston, for the purpose of erecting an Hospital thereon; together with cerproposed to open a Subscription in shares of £2 10 each, in order to raise a fund for erecting the necessary Buildings .-As soom as 200 shares are taken up, the Buildings will be commenced .- Subscriptions will be received by the abovementioned Trustees, and the Rev. R. G. Curtois, J. Wilson, and A. Marshall, Esq.

Shares already taken up.

T. Markland, three P. Smith, three Compaffionate Society, four, R. G. Curtois, CVVO N. MacLeed, three G. O. Stuart, three J. Wilfon, one G. H. Markland, two Emerson Burley, one Lt. Col. Macl herfon, two T. Cartwright, two A. Pringile, one Micajah Purdy, OWS Robert Tolbert, one A. Denike, One G. Oliver, one James Bird, S. Merril R. Richardson, two S. Shaw, Duncan McDoneil, OWS J. Macaulay, D Grant, two. A. Marshall, one E. Tenney, (in carpenters work) one John Kirby, John Tuttle, two William Powley, D. Washburn, two W. J. McKay, Wm. Stennett, one H. W. Wilkinson, one S Aykroyde, three A Richmond, two F. Carlifle, one John Harkes, one John Moore, one Waiter McCuniffe, one John Watkins, one John Blake, one John Darley, one

John M. Ballour,

We have to inform our readers that the Ec-

AN ERROR CORRECTED.

counts of the passing the Lachine Canal Bill, as noticed in our Herald of the week before last, was premature. We feel pleasure in acknowledging our mistake in this instance; as a hope still remains that should this Bill obtain the assent of the Legislature, more regard will be had to public utility, than would have been the case, Much time has certainly been spent by the had it joined the St. Lawrence at the wind Mills, where the benefit to the Country must be very limited, whatever advantages private individuals might reap from its passing in that direction. Montreal Herald.

> We have to acknowledge the Critique of A. B, and admit the justice of some of his remarks; but we cannot spare a whole column to an article that we are persuaded will be altogether uninteresting to the great majority of our readers.

> MARRIED-On Tuesday the 16th Inst. by the Rev. Official Stuart, Mr. Frederick Kellar, to Miss Nancy Millar.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

QUEBEC, MARCHILL. Dien-Suddenly, on Sunday the 7th inst. Dr. ALEX. SPARK, Minister of the Gospel, and Prescher in St. Andrew's Church, of this city. The circumstances of the death of this most ex-

cellent, and much regretted man, are peculiarly striking and impressive. He preached in the foremon on that part of the 24th verse of the 45th chapter of Genesis, in which Joseph gave this advice to his brethren; "See that ye fall not out by the way;" and no subject could be treated in a way more suited to excite piety and devotion. He took an extended view of the whole human race, and observed that mankind were united in the bonds of common wants and affections, by patriotism, by affinity, consanguinity, and, above all, by the enlightened and benevolent precepts and doctrines of the Christian religion. Yet he observed that this bond of union was too often dissolved by malignant or selfish passions; by erroneous views in politics, and by mistaken zeal and intolerance in matters of religion. That not recollecting the glad tidings of our Saviour's birth, aunouncing "on earth peace, good-will to-t, ards men." mankind had perverted these wise purposes of the author of our boly religion, and had too often spread discord and war throughout the world. He conjured his parishioners to reconect that their journey through life was short, (as it he had a presentiment of his own approaching dissolu-

sally and more sincerely lamented. 

Williams' Menest.

R. Williams respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Kingstor, that his benefit is fixed for MONDAY Deemings Marcel 222 188 by when will be presented the much admired Grand Dramatie Melo Drama, Written by William Diamond, Efq. author of Adrian and Orilla,-Hero of the North,-Doubtful

Son, &c. &c. called the FOUNDLING of the FOREST,

OR, The Unknown Female.

To which will be added the comic Opera of the

Poor Soldier.

Master Brown's Benefit.

MASTER Brown respectfully informs IVILthe Ladies and Gentlemen of Kingston and its vicinity, that his Benefit is tain other lots, (amounting in the whole fixed for THURSDAY Evening, March to about seven acres) to be let or leased 25, 1819, when will be prefented Dr. for the support of said Hospital; it is Holmes' celebrated Tragedy in 5 Acts called

DOUGLAS, THE NOBLE SHEPHERD.

The part of young Norval, 7 by MASTER BROWN. Lady Randolph, Mrs. WILLIAMS. Between the Play and Farce, Comic Song called the BEADLE OF THE PARISH,

by Mr. HUNTLEY. A Sailors hernpipe (in character) by ? MRS. THORNTON.

Recitation, Alonzo the Brave and the fair. Imogine, by Mr. Russell.

To which will be added, the much admired Laughable Farce, in 2 Acts, called

Barnaby Brittle,

A Wife at her Wit's End. (For Obaracters see Bills.)

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Subscribers beg leave respectfully to inform their friends and the public, that they have just received from Montreal, a very extensive and general affortment of GOODS (.oo numerous to specify) which will enable them to ferve those who may be pleased to call at their store, on more reasonable terms, than the usual mode of doing business in the country eftablishments. This system they are determined to persevere in, and humbly hope it will meet with that approbation and fupport which it may merit.

FOWKE WEBSTER & Co. Smith's Creek, 15th March, 1819 8w-12

NOTICE.

THE underfigned request all persons indebted to the estate of the late NICHOLAS HAGERMAN, Efquire, to make immediate payment, and fuch as

have accounts against the estate, are requested to present them for adjustment. Ch. Alex Hagerman,

Daniel Hagerman,

Executors.

Eingston, 15th March, 1819.,