

Bellville, 26th December, 1818.

BY Public Notice, a meeting this day was held at the House of Mr. Roswell Leavens, of the town of Bellville, by a number of the respectable Inhabitants of the said town and its vicinity, for the purpose of devising ways and means to erect a commodious Episcopalian Church in the said town—when JAMES McNABB, Esq. M. P. for Hastings and the township of Ameliasburgh, was unanimously called to the Chair. The following Resolutions were passed.

1st. That it is the opinion of this meeting, that it is highly expedient a Memorial be immediately drawn up and forwarded to York, in order to be laid before His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, in Council, praying for the authority and patronage of that Honorable Executive body, to erect a commodious building for an English Episcopalian Church upon the ground reserved by the Executive Government of this Province for such purpose, between Church and Rear Streets, in the town of Bellville.

2d. That Capt. John W. Meyers, Allan Taylor, Esq. Capt. Thomas Cowman, Mr. Roswell Leavens and Mr. Andrew Bayne, be the Trustees to carry into full effect the Resolutions herein contained; and also that Mr. Thomas Parker, of this town, Merchant, be Treasurer, to receive and account for, as the said Trustees, or three of them, shall think proper to direct all subscription monies and donations by him collected, and hereafter to be collected, for the express purpose of building the said Episcopalian Church.

3d. That it is the opinion of this meeting, that the aforesaid Lots so referred for a Church & Burying Ground in Bellville, be prayed for in the aforesaid Memorial, to be granted in trust to the said Trustees herein mentioned and to their successors hereafter to be chosen by a majority of the aforesaid Trustees, in all cases of vacancies in such office, and for the express purpose aforesaid.

4th. That it is the opinion of this meeting, that the Chairman be considered authorized to draft and forward the aforesaid Memorial to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council, in the name and on the behalf of the said Trustees, in order to forward the intention of this meeting, in so serious and desirable an undertaking, without unnecessary delay.

5th. That should it please His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council, favorably to answer the aforesaid Memorial, that a Subscription Paper be immediately opened at York, Kingston and Bellville, for the purpose of raising a fund to enable the aforesaid Trustees to commence, carry on and fully complete, in a perfect manner, the building of a Church, wherein the Divine Service, according to the rules and regulations of the Church of England, may be performed, so soon as it is possible to attain this desirable object.

6th. That a copy of these Resolutions be immediately transmitted to the Editors of the Kingston Chronicle and to the Editor of the Upper Canada Gazette, requesting the insertion thereof in their respective papers for the space of six weeks successively, after the receipt of the same.

7th. That the unanimous thanks of this meeting be presented to the Chairmen, for his attendance, and the encouragement he manifested to promote such a laudable intention of the said inhabitants of Bellville and its vicinity.

TO LET.

FOR one or more years and possession given immediately. That Stone house, situated in Store Street lately occupied by Mr. Medcalf, with Stable Garden and other out-houses.

The situation of the above premises is most advantageous for a Dwelling house. For particulars apply to

FRANCIS X. ROCHELEAU.
Kingston, 15 Jan. 1819.

WHEREAS great quantities of HALFPENCE are now in circulation, which are not of the value for which the same are passed, whereby extensive frauds are committed on the public, we the undersigned, in order to put a stop to such practices, as far as in our power, do promise and agree not to receive in payment of debts, or for merchandize any other than British Half Pence, and such as are lawfully current in the Province of Upper Canada.

Kingston 13th January, 1819.

- Thomas Markland,
- Archibald Richmond,
- Thomas Turpin,
- John Harkes,
- Moxal & Bruce,
- Alexander Asher,
- Samuel Aykroyd,
- Monjeau & St. Germain,
- Robert Tolbert,
- Peter Flett,
- Joseph Cross,
- J. Fisk,
- James Stoughton,
- A. McLeod,
- John Macaulay,
- Lawrence Herkmer,
- W. Donaldson,
- John Kirby,

HUGH C. THOMSON,
OF KINGSTON,
Proposes to Establish
A candid, impartial, independent
NEWS-PAPER.

TO BE ENTITLED

The Upper-Canada Herald:

Which will be published weekly, or soon as the necessary arrangements for the purpose can be made and carried into effect.

The Editor assures his friends and the public, that his Paper shall be loyal and patriotic open to all parties, but under the control of none; and as instructive, entertaining and authentic as his best exertions can make it; and he therefore respectfully solicits a share of their support.

THE UPPER CANADA HERALD will be printed on Paper of good quality and size, with fair legible Types, and delivered to subscribers at One Pound per Annum, (exclusive of postage) payable half yearly in advance.

Kingston, January 4, 1819.

WHEREAS there appears to be a necessity for the circulation of Coppers, for the purposes of common trade and dealing; we, the subscribers, will receive, as a small change, the various species of Coppers, which have heretofore been current here, except those denominated Brock Coppers, and Waterloo Coppers.

Kingston, Jan. 16, 1819.

- Robert Walker,
- John Moore,
- John Hynes,
- Elijah Beach,
- Wm. Taylor,
- W. Mears,
- Thomas Smith,
- John Butterworth,
- Duncan McDonald,
- A. Norton,
- Daniel Brown,
- Rhody Cusack,
- Charles Dawson,
- W. Rennie,
- H. McDonald,
- John Ferguson,
- McDonald & Aykroyd,
- James Meagher,
- Sarah Patrick,
- John Blake,
- Francis Carlisle,
- Benjamin O'cott,
- James Atkinson,
- H. W. Wilkinson,
- Robert Talbert,
- Abraham Snucx,
- P. Wetsel,
- Ebenezer Lander,
- J. Balfour,
- J. Ferguson,
- Edward McCallen
- Henry Cassidy,
- Joseph Scott,
- George Douglass,
- Michael Moran,
- John Daney,
- Samuel Davison,
- John Watkins,
- Edward Jones,
- N. Palmer.

[For the information and guidance of Out Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital, resident in this country, we have been requested to give publicity to the following.]

Copy of the Second Clause of the 57th Geo. III. Cap. lxvii. being an Act for extending the provisions of an Act of the 54th year of His present Majesty, for regulating the payment of Army Prize Money, and for authorizing the Commissioners of Chelsea Hospital to suspend the Pensions of such persons as shall be guilty of frauds in respect of Prize Money or Pensions.

AND whereas no sufficient provision is made for punishing frauds relating to Pensions or Prize Money, and it is expedient that power should be given to the Commissioners of the Royal Hospital for Soldiers at Chelsea to suspend or take away the Pensions of such persons as shall be guilty of frauds or other gross misconduct; be it therefore enacted, that from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the said Royal Hospital at Chelsea, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, upon complaint and proof being made to them of any fraud either with respect to Prize money or Pension, or any other Money in the nature of allowance or Bounty Money, or of other gross misconduct attempted or practised, by any person being a Pensioner of the said Royal Hospital, to suspend or entirely take away the Pension of the person so offending, and to issue to the Pay-Master of Out-Pensions of the said Royal Hospital, a Certificate under the hand of the said Commissioners or three or more of them of any Pension being so suspended or taken away, and upon the said Certificate being issued to the said Pay-Master of Pensions, he shall suspend the payment of the Pension therein mentioned, according to the tenor of the said Certificate; any thing in any other Act contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Certified a true Copy.

THOS. STOTT,
Pay-Master Detachments.
Quebec, 14th Dec. 1818.
P. CORETT, Town Major.
Kingston, January 28, 1819.

FOR SALE.

A VERY valuable FARM, situated near the Village of Brockville, being the rear half of Lot No. one, and the rear half of Lot number two, in the second concession of Elizabethtown, U. C. containing two hundred acres, formerly the property of Reuben Sherwood, Esquire, but now belonging to John Shuter, Esquire, of London. There is a very good dwelling house, with a barn and other out houses on the premises. Also, Lot number nineteen, in the ninth concession, and the west half of Lot number one, in the eighth concession of the same Township. Also, Lot number fifteen, in the first concession, and number fifteen in the second concession, of the Township of Yonge, in the District of Johnstown. These Farms will be disposed of on terms peculiarly easy and advantageous to purchasers.—Apply to

DANIEL JONES, Jun.
Brockville, 15th January, 1819.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE subscribers, trading heretofore under the firm of John Strange & Co. have this day dissolved partnership by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said concern are requested to make immediate payment unto either of the subscribers.

JOHN STRANGE,
THOMAS GRAHAM.
Kingston, 28th Dec. 1818.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber respectfully begs leave to acquaint the public in general, that he keeps an INN, in the red house opposite the upper Barrack Gate, in the Town of Kingston, where travellers, of all descriptions; Farmers, or others, who shall visit this place, can be accommodated, with ease and comfort. He has likewise good stabling for horses, and will thank every one who will favour him with their custom.

JOHN HYNES.
Kingston, 21st January, 1819.

LOST.

LATE in the evening of Friday the 8th instant, on the main road, between Mr. Beach's Tavern, & the road leading to Waterloo, A BUNDLE, containing 6 of Murray's Spelling Books, 2 1-4 yards of superfine black, 3 yards of Cassimere, and 1 1-4 yards drab Cloth and Trimmings, all wrapped and tied into a common Handkerchief.

Any person or persons having found the said Bundle, and will bring it to this office or to Mr. HENRY LASHER'S Store, Ernest Town, shall receive the thanks of the Subscriber, and be rewarded, if necessary.

J. McCUAIG.
Ernest Town, January 8, 1819.

BLANKS.

For the Courts of Request, and various other kinds, for sale at this Office.

FOR SALE,
A PEW, in St. Georges Church,
Kingston.—Apply at this Office.
Jan. 12, 1819.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Private Correspondence.

PARIS, Sept. 30.

The following intelligence concerning Bonaparte is widely circulated at Paris. It proceeds from a respectable individual who has just reached Marseilles. He embarked at Bengal on board an English vessel. On touching at St. Helena to supply the ship with water, orders were despatched for the vessel to quit the anchorage ground, and lie to at cannon shot from the batteries until what was wanted was sent out. Several officers from the island dined on board: from them the particulars I subjoin were collected.

Bonaparte seems in better health since he has resolved to walk out and take occasional exercise in hunting and fishing. To render this latter amusement compatible with his safety, a circuit has been prepared at the mouth of the river, and one end of it barricaded with an iron lattice, in order to close up the passage of boats to the ocean. Four handsome fowling pieces and six pointers have been sent out to him from London. Bonaparte is permitted to carry a sabre, as a defence against dangerous or troublesome animals when he walks in the interior of the island, but he is not allowed to wear a sword. The English Officers amused themselves with relating the abrupt manner in which he pays his court to the women. The persons composing his suite are not permitted to access him with the title of sovereignty when Rangers are present. The prisoner is believed to be more resigned to his fate, since he has the entire conviction of the irrevocable loss of his liberty. His residence is daily improved by the arrival of costly furniture, and every month a frigate, which sails from England, is charged by the care and attachment of some of his partisans with all the precious novelties this kingdom produces.

No human power can imagine a mode of evasion.—The garrison is perpetually on the alert. The service is so active, that the troops are relieved every six weeks, and the period is counted double.

This news, in which implicit confidence is placed, from the respectability of its source, has tranquillized the minds of many persons in this country, who were led to believe that the Ex-emperor was exposed to distressing privations and wanton outrages.

A traveller of rank who has just reached Paris from Rome states, that Lucien Bonaparte has been obliged to limit the expense of his household, from having neglected to regulate his affairs with more order. The consideration in which he was held at Rome, has considerably diminished since his last co-operation with Napoleon.—He does not himself deny the regret he feels for it, but protests his great motive for returning to France was, from his inability to withstand the solicitations of his mother, who urged him to moderate the impetuosity of his brother by his counsel; and again, he had the hope of being useful to the Pope, for whom he expresses both gratitude and admiration. It is confidently affirmed, that Louis Bonaparte has in his possession the life of Buonaparte written by himself, and that no more than two or three persons have copies of the original manuscript.—It is added, that Louis often receives intelligence from his brother, but the channel of this correspondence is a profound secret. T. E. D.

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Aix-la-Chapelle, Nov. 9.—Several couriers have arrived from Paris within these six days, bringing accounts of the extraordinary depreciation of the consolidated French paper, and of the general cause to which the fall is attributed. This subject was immediately taken into consideration by the Ministers of the Allied Courts: and the following documents will explain to you the result of their deliberations—a result which will probably restore the French funds to their former level.

PROTOCOL OF NOV. 3.

The Duke of Richelieu represented at the Conference, that the terms for the payment of the 165 millions to be furnished by France, according to the convention of the 9th of October, having been fixed at very near periods, a too rapid exportation of specie has been occasioned, which tends to produce a depreciation in the value of the inscriptions, equally injurious to the interests of all the contracting parties. To remedy this evil the Duke of Richelieu proposes—

1. That the 165 millions which France was to discharge by monthly instalments, from the 6th of January to the 6th of September, be discharged in twelve months, by monthly payments from the 6th of January to the 6th of December, inclusive: the interest for the delay of three months being made good at the rate of 9 per cent.
2. That the 100 millions in inscriptions, for which the different Governments have treated with MM. Baring and Hope, shall be realized by payments made at the

same epoch, with the same bonus of interest, in proportion to the delay of three months.

3. That arrangements shall be adopted with the above mentioned houses, in order that the bills drawn upon them, conformably to Article 6, may be paid in assets at the different places which may suit the convenience of the Governments interested, by avoiding the removal of too great a mass of specie.

MM. the Ministers Plenipotentiary of Austria, Great-Britain, Prussia, and Russia, were unanimously of opinion to admit the proposition of the Duke of Richelieu, favoring the entering, with respect to article 3, into particular arrangements with Messrs. Baring and Hope, to fix the terms at which the effects in foreign funds should be accepted; and also that, in order to facilitate these arrangements, Mr. Baring should be requested to come to Aix-la-Chapelle to take measures for that purpose, in concert with the persons charged with this business. Prince Hardenberg, besides, presented to the protocol the subjoined observations in reserve, relative to the arrangement with the Prussian Government entered into with Mr. Baring for the part of the payments stipulated by the convention of October 9, which accure to the said Government.

(Signed)

METTERNICH, HARDENBERG,
RICHELIEU, BERNSTOFF,
CASTLEREAGH, NESSELRODE,
WELLINGTON, CAPO D'ISTRIA.

If the Prussian Government consent to the modification proposed in the pecuniary stipulations of the convention of the 9th of October, it is under the threefold supposition—

1. That the particular arrangement of the Prussian government with Messrs. Hope and Company, and Baring, Brothers, remain untouched, with the exception of such modifications the said Government may hereafter agree to with these Houses.

2. That the loss which may result from the proposed payment in effects in foreign funds shall be made good to the foreign powers.

3. That the guarantee required by the payments agreed upon, shall be extended to the more remote periods now claimed.

AIX-LA-CHAPELLE, NOV. 5.

To Messrs. the Special Commissioners of the Courts of Austria, Great Britain, Prussia and Russia, at Paris.

Gentlemen,
The French Government having, for the reasons stated in the protocol of November 3, desired that the payments stipulated in the Convention of October 9, be, as well for the 165 millions as for 100 millions to be discharged in inscriptions of rents, regulated by 12 instalments, the last being on the 6th of December, 1819, instead of nine, the last of which was to have been the 6th of September; under the condition nevertheless of making good this delay of three months by the payment of interest at the rate of 5 per cent; the four Courts have unanimously admitted these propositions, in order to avoid depreciation in the value of the inscriptions of rents, which would be equally injurious to all the contracting parties. We therefore lose no time in transmitting this resolution, as signed in the annexed Protocol, to you, to take its contents as your information and direction. We have received, in reply to our despatch of the 15th of October, the note which you have done us the honor to address to us, under the date of the 8th of October.

The Protocol of distribution, signed at Paris on the 20th of October, 1815, having, in article 13, determined that the recovery of the sums to be paid by France as well as their final repartition, should be accomplished through your intervention, we cannot do otherwise than assign to you the task of regulating with equity the mode of the repartition of the payments, in respect to the general interest.

With respect to the note which the Sieur Dumond requested you would reproduce to us, we have to inform you that the British Government will transmit its directions to him.

(Signed)
METTERNICH, BERNSTOFF,
CASTLEREAGH, NESSELRODE,
WELLINGTON, CAPO D'ISTRIA,
HARDENBERG.

Private Correspondence.

VALENCIENNES, OCT. 25.

The Emperor of Russia left Aix-la-Chapelle at 9 o'clock on the morning of Tuesday, the 20th instant, and in an hour after he was followed by the King of Prussia. When the Emperor arrived at Leige, he stopped a short time at the post house there, in order to partake of some refreshment, which had been previously prepared for him. While his Majesty was seated at the table, he observed the great assiduity and attention of the fair and well-dressed hostess of the post house, who waited upon him. With his usual frankness, he expressed to her his satisfaction with the views she had prepared, and asked her several questions about her family and circumstances. The hostess, flattered by the notice of the Emperor, and exercising the