

The Indian finding their wants supplied by American traders, their domestic wars restrained by American policy, will learn to respect the American name.

The name of the Yellow Stone river will hereafter be familiar to the American ear. That a stream of its magnitude should heretofore have been so little known, is a proof of the immensity of our country. How little has it been thought that 1800 miles up the Mississippi, a river was to be found equal in length and breadth to the Ohio? Yet such is the character of the Yellow Stone, or Roche-Jaune, as it was called by the French. One of its branches, the Big Horn issues from a lake near the peaks of the Cordillera on the confines of New-Mexico, and is navigable for many miles. The Yellow Stone itself issues from a lake in Rocky Mountains. It was discovered by Capt. Clark on his return from the Pacific Ocean. He found it deep, rapid, and navigable from the place where he struck it to its mouth, a distance of 870 miles. Below the junction of the Big Horn the width was usually from 500 to 800 yards, and sometimes a mile. Innumerable were the herds of buffaloes, and other game which ranged upon it. This abundance of game is a proof of the richness of the country. In fact the traders speak of the face of the country upon the Yellow Stone, the serenity of the climate, the rapidity and cleanness of the waters, in terms of admiration.

The spirit of Emigration.

Our shore, says the Pittsburgh Gazette of the 29th of September, exhibit one of the most animated scenes of bustling emigration we have ever witnessed. The beach of Monongahela has been for several days completely lined with flat boats destined for the Illinois and other districts below the Falls of Ohio. The great body of emigrants now are of a different kind from those which we have been accustomed to see in this place: it is composed of English, who appear to come full handed, as we do in it. The rage for emigration from the land of our forefathers, appears to pervade the whole kingdom. We have lately conversed with families, speaking all the dialect from Liverpool to London, from the Tweed to the Land's End. We anticipate the most beneficial effects from this kind of population.—The comforts and conveniences which they carry with them, bespeak them of a class who have been useful at home, and their ruddy, healthy complexions, prove the total absence of ardent spirits, that bane of all our new settlement. We suspect that we are indebted to Mr. Birbeck's flattering representation for this increase to our number and standing.—May all their anticipation be realized! May the deep forest of the west possess no gloom for them! and may a few years of intrepid industry enable them to boast of the English yeomanry, roast beef and plum pudding undisturbed.

From Bell's London Messenger, of Aug 9.

The execution of Mr. Arbuthnot, a British subject, may be sufficiently vindicated by a more statement of the fact. Arbuthnot was a subject of a nation at peace with America, but was taken in the actual exercise of hostilities against the American government; that is to say, papers and proclamations were found on his person by which he excited the animosity

of the Indians to hostilities against the American States, and encourages them to a resolute perseverance, till they expel their oppressors.

In the English edition of Esop's Fables, one of the best of them, perhaps, in the original Greek, is omitted. A conquering army in pursuit of the fugitive enemy, overtook a mongst others, a trumpeter, who throwing down his trumpet, implored pardon and quarter, as he had not borne arms, or done any manner of mischief, against them. "That may be true," replied the commander, "but, if you have not fought us with your single sword, who was it that called on the ten thousand who are now lying before us? Cut him down."

From a late London paper.

A curious "love matter."

A tall masculine woman, who gave her name "Judith Macgrath," was brought in custody before the magistrate at Guildhall, on Thursday, and being placed at the bar, the following whimsical conversation took place:

Magistrate—Who complains of this woman? A little fat, smartly dressed man, whose cheeks, leamed with dark brown stripes, made it evident he had lately been in a desperate affray, slipped lightly into the witness' box, and very tritely replied, "I do, of course."

M.—Why of course, sir; pray, who are you?

Prosecutor—Me, sir, I am Mr. Nightingale.

M.—And what are you, Mr. Nightingale? What business are you?

P.—An hair-dresser, of course.

M.—(Smiling)—And you charge the prisoner with an assault?

P.—An assault, of course.

M.—Why do you add, of course; how am I to know all that happened between you?

P.—(Droking his face.)—It's plain enough, I think.

M.—Why true, you bear some marks of violence certainly. Pray, how did it happen?

P.—With her nails, of course.

M.—I don't care whether it was with her nails or not; I want to know why she assaulted you?

P.—Oh, a love matter, of course;—what do women assault men for?

Here the magistrate lost all patience, whilst the persons in the office could scarcely suppress their laughter. Mr. Nightingale, however, nothing moved, either by the anger of the magistrate, or the tittering of the by-standers, stood with his mouth half open, ready for his next reply. At length, the magistrate said, "Is there no person here who will undertake to tell this gentleman's tale for him?" When another dapper-spark took the place of the prosecutor, and announced himself as "Mr. Nightingale's own brother."

M.—Well, sir, and now I hope we shall be able to understand this business. What do you know of this affair?

Witness—Why, sir, I know her to be a very infamous character.

M.—Let her be what she may, she appears to have had to deal with a pair of wise ones. How do you know her to be an infamous character?

W.—Why, sir, of course she can't be a very good one, when she has lived with my brother these eight years! [Laughter, in which every body joined, except the two Mr. Nightingales.]

M.—(rather angrily)—Pray, sir, can you give a direct answer to one simple question?

W.—I'll try my best, sir.

M.—Do you know this woman, the prisoner, live with your brother as his wife, or—

W.—(interrupting)—As his concubine, sir, of course.

M.—Well, then, gentlemen, as this appears to be a matter of course altogether, I shall of course discharge the prisoner. And she was discharged of course.

The Savannah Republican, of the 15th inst. states that there had been 24 cases of the fever in that city, of which

had terminated fatally, eight were in convalescent state, and 12 continued ill. The cases occurred in the skirts of the city, while the centre continued perfectly healthy.

From the N. Y. Spectator.

ENGLISH NEWS.

The Queen of England had experienced a return of her disease in its most distressing form—and at the latest date was rapidly sinking. It was not expected that she could survive many days.

Lord CASTLEBROUGH and his lady & suite, took their departure on the 2d of September for Brussels, on their way to Aix-la-Chapelle.—Among his Lordship's suite are the Earl of CLANWILLIAM, Lord CONYNGHAM, and Lord ANSON.

Sir JAMES LUCAS YEO, who commanded the British forces on Lake Ontario during the late war, died lately on board the Frigate Semiramis, on her passage from Havana to England. His disease was an affection of the liver, which he contracted on the coast of Africa. His corpse was landed at Portsmouth early in September.

It is stated, that the revenue of England for the last quarter, exceeded that of the corresponding quarter, of last year, by more than one and a half million sterling.

The town of Manchester continues in a state of disorder and alarm.

It is stated in one of the London papers "on the highest authority," that it is "the declared purpose of the Emperor Alexander, the moment the Congress commences its sitting at Aix-la-Chapelle, to insist on Bonaparte's being allowed to return to Europe, and either to live in England as a prisoner of war, on his parole; or should our government refuse its assent to the proposition, at all events to insist upon his removal forthwith from the barren rock upon which he is at present confined."

From the New-York Gazette.

IMPORTANT.

We have it from authority which we deem next to official, that our differences with the court of Madrid ARE SETTLED. The Floridas are OURS, and our government is to pay the American claims against Spain.

Reports say that the Earl of Mulgrave is to be the first Lord of the Admiralty, and the Duke of Wellington Master-General of the Ordnance.

Mr. Justice Abbot is spoken of as likely to succeed Lord Ellenborough, on the retirement of his Lordship from the Court of King's Bench.

MARRIED.—On Wednesday the 21st October, by the Rev. R. McDowall, Mr. CALVIN FERR, Hatter, of Marysburgh, to Miss LYDIA HILL, of Hallowell.

Notice.

WILL be sold by Auction, on Saturday the 7th November instant, at 12 o'clock, a Fifteen years LEASE, of a part of the Lot attached to the Lancasterian School House, say 51 by 60 feet.
Kingston, 3d November, 1818. 23

To be Let,

AND possession given immediately, the dwelling house, garden &c. lately occupied by Edward J. Henderson, in the town of Kingston. For the terms apply at the Office of Daniel Washburn Esq.
Kingston, Oct. 30th, 1818. 23f

Notice.

THE Partnership that has for three months past, existed between the Subscribers under the firm of Ketchum & Smith is this day dissolved by mutual Consent.

Lewis Ketchum.
Richard Smith.

Sophiasburgh, Nov. 3d, 1818. 1p

JUST received and for sale at this Office, price 7 1/2d. the
MONTREAL
ALMANACK,

For the Year of our Lord
1819.

Bible & C. Prayer Book Society.

ANOTHER supply of Books having arrived, notice is hereby given that subscribers may have their respective portions of the said Books on demand, of the Secretary, at any time within the space of one month from this date; and that after that period the remainder will be distributed at the discretion of the Committee.

By order,
JOHN WILSON,
Secretary.

Will be sold by Public Auction,

AT Mr. C. Dawson's auction room, opposite the market place, on Saturday the 7th inst. at 11 o'clock viz. Several pieces coarse and fine Cloaths, different colours. Calico dressed and undressed Irish linen, Shawls, Shoes, Counterpanes, black Paint.

ALSO,

a quantity of ready made Clothes, amongst which are 100 pair of Pantaloon of various colours, a Horse, Saddle and Bridle, Hard ware, and Jewellery, which will be sold positively without reserve.

CHAR. DAWSON,
Auctioneer.

Kingston, Nov. 3d, 1818. 23

Kingston Branch of the Montreal Bank.

Any sum required may be obtained at the Office for gold Bills, on Montreal, Quebec, Bills of Exchange on London or for Specie.—Notes also will be discounted at thirty, sixty, and ninety days.
THOMAS MARKLAND,
Agent.

Kingston, 3d Nov. 1818. 23

Valuable Lands for Sale in the TOWNSHIP of HAMILTON.

Lots No 6 and 12 in the 3d Concession,..... 400
Do do 11 and 15 in the 4th Concession,..... 450
Do do 10 in the 6 Concession,..... 200

Acres, 1050

THE above Lands are all lying in the Township of Hamilton, new called District, and will be sold on the most liberal terms. For further information, enquire of Elias Jones Esq. Hamilton, or the Printer. 23f

THE Subscribers to the Bank of Upper Canada, are requested to meet at Moore's Coffee-House, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of November next, at 6 o'clock in the Evening, for the purpose of electing Directors to said Bank.

Kingston, 17th Oct. 1818. 22

For Sale,

BY the subscriber, (2 doors North of John Cummings Esq.) CHERRY Boards and Plank, 18 inch Shingles, and Cord Wood.

JOHN TUTTLE.

Kingston, 30th May, 1818. 1

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has received a new supply of

GOODS,

From Montreal, well adapted to the season.

Those who may favour him with their custom may rely upon it, shall have them on the most reasonable terms, either at private sale or public Auction, for Cash.

MICHAEL MORAN.

Kingston, July 21, 1818. 8

To Let,

AND possession given the first of May next, a number of rooms in the line Barracks. Enquire of
H. EARL.

March 13.

TO LET,

THE Commodious dwelling House and premises, the property of W. Ross Esq. lately in the possession of Mr. Woolf, for terms application to be made to

Wm. MITCHELL.

Kingston, Oct. 12th, 1818. 20