LAW.

SHERIFF'S COURT, June 11.—Sir E. OWEN, K. B. &c. vs.——Rolfe, for criminal conversation with Lady O Damages laid at £10,000 sterling. The defendant a son of Mr. R. an apothecary at Deal had suffered judgment to go by default; and the Jury were to enquire into, and assess the damages. Mr. Serjeant Best stated the circumstances of the case. The crime was effected while Sir E. was absent on the Lakes in Canada, the defendant having been sent by his father to attend on Lady O. in quality of an apothecary. Soon after the return of the gallant Commodore, her Ladyship finding that an investigation was to take place, eloped from her husband's house with her paramour.—An old servant sent by Sir E. had said to the seducer, "Sir, you had better leave this lady: for Sir E. will soon be here."—"I don't care for Sir Edward," was the reply—"if he comes, I have pistols, and will shoot him." Admirals, Sir G. Young, Lord Keith, Scott, Sir W. Young, and Sir R. Lee, spoke in decided terms of the affectionate attachment which seemed to subsist between Sir Edward and Lady O. Mr. Brougham, on the other side, stated the Lady at between 30 and 40 years of age, and the defendant only 22: and thence inferred, that the seduction, in point of fact, must have been committed by the OLDER party. The Jury retired for 20 minutes, and then returned with a verdict of £1500 damages for the Plaintiff.

PARIS, April 7.

"On the subject of the Lancasterian mode of education, attempted to be introduced into France, the *Moniteur* of the 4th contains the following article.

"By a letter of the 3d of February, the Grand Almoner has acquainted the Prefect of the Seine, that having made known to the King the alarms of the Catholics, on the plan of Bell and Lancaster, his Majesty had charged him to communicate the same to the Prefect, and at the same time to inform him, that without wishing to decide on the new method, his majesty was desirous that it should be laid down as a principle, both for establishments already made, and future ones—1. That the Catholic, Apostolic, and Roman religion, shall be taught in the new schools to the exclusion of every other.—2. That every teacher, who does not profess the catholic faith, shall be excluded from these schools.—3. That regulations for these schools shall be drawn up in concert with the diocesan authority.—4. That the rectors shall be authorised to visit the schools established in their parishes, and take care that the Catholic religion be there carefully taught.—5. In fine, that the establishments of the new schools shall in no respect trench upon those of the brothers of the christian schools: and that in the places or parishes where the latter shall have been already established in sufficient number, new schools shall not be admitted to come into competition with them.

"These articles were sanctioned by his Majesty's signature, and, in consequence of their communication, those of the Clergy of Paris who were members of the Committe of Primary Instruction have no longer refused to act.

London, July 12.

An important caution.—Ladies who are accustomed to wear their dresses extremely low in the back and bosom, or off the shoulders, are particularly requested to beware of a person who has for some time past frequented all places of public amusement, and many private parties. He is an elderly gentleman, of venerable appearance and correct manners; his constant practice, when he observes a lady dressed in the manner above described, is, with an almost imperceptible and apparently accidental pressure of a little instrument which he carries in his hand, to imprint the following words upon her back or shoulders—*Naked, but not ashamed.* The stain is like that produced by lunar caustic; washing will not remove it, and it becomes more visible by exposure to the air, so that nothing but a covering can conceal it. It is said that several ladies were marked last summer at various places of fashionable resort, and that they cannot, even now strip for company, without displaying this indelible badge of disgrace.

LONDON. Aug. 6.

Letters from Mahon, dated June 5, state that the Dutch have cannonaded the town of Algiers for several days.—The Americans have had no engagement there, though such a report was circulated. The damage observed to have been sustained by an American frigate, which arrived dismasted in Sicily, was caused by a violent gale of wind. The truce between the United States and the Barbary powers has expired, and notice has been given to mariners that it may not probably be renewed.

FROM THE YORK GAZETTE.

Order of the Examination

Of the School of the Home District, at York, 7th August, 1816.

PROLOGUE BY JOHN CLAUS.

Catechism.

John Skeldon,.....Beggar's Petition.

First English Reading Class.

Second English Reading Class.

Henry Mosley,.....Man of Ross.
George Skeldon.....Sir Balaam.

Third English Reading Class.

John Doyle,....Barber and Dean Swift.

Fourth English Reading Class.

The DEBATE—Who was the greatest Benefactor of the present age?

Charles Heward,.....Dr. Johnson.
James Myers,.....Mr. Burke.
John Rudout,.....Lord Nelson.
Charles Rudout,.....Mr. Wilberforce.
John FitzGerald,.....Duke of Wellington.
John Mosley,.....Dr. Jenner.

English Grammar.

Salton Givens,.....The Ross.
James Sheehan,.....Maria.

Rudiments.

Henry Heward,.....My Name is Norval.
Allan McDonell,.....The Good Child.
William Allan,.....Do not mock the old &c.
John Borden,.....Ant and Grasshopper.
William Myers,.....On Cleanliness.
James Bigelow,..... Do.
William Baldwin,.....Child and Looking Glass.
St. George Baldwin,....Humanity.

Corderius.

Kenneth DeKavey,.....The Female Exile.

Cornelius Nepos.

John Knot,.....Pleasant Pitt.

Arithmetic.

James Givens,.....Soldier's Dream.

Book-Keeping.

Horace Ricom,.....The Patriot.

Euclid.

William Lancaster, { Contest between Eyes and Nose.

Geography.

Natural History.

Civil History.

James Strachan,.....Eulogy on Pitt.

Religion.

A Parliamentary Debate, 1740, *Geo 2d. On a Bill for preventing Merchants from raising the wages of Seamen in time of war, and thereby inducing them to a-[illegible] his Majesty's Service.*

Sir Charles Wager,.....William Lancaster.
Mr. Fox,.....David M'Nabb.
Sir Robert Walpole's 1st Speech, } John Harraway.
Sir John Pennal's 1st Speech, } James McGill Strachan.
Sir Robert Walpole's 2d & 3d Speeches, } Robert Baldwin.
Mr. Hobson,.....Henry Nelles.
Sir John Bernard's 2d Sp. Ch. } Hiram Pilcot.
Mr. Fox's 2d Speeches,...John Claus.
Sir John Bernard,.....William Claus.
Mr. Horace Walpole,....David Snow.
Mr. Winnington,.....David Murray.
Mr. Hobson,.....James Green.

EPILOGUE BY ROBERT BALDWIN.

PROLOGUE.

The noble fire which patric Britons foes,
In kind affection on her Children glows,
Her gen'rous hand their various wants supplies,
Tho' far remov'd to cold or burning skies;
Lo! in the East, where Britons guilty pow'r
And Mecca's Lord with thick'ning darkness low'r,
Where tyrant custom cloth'd in terror reigns,
And Superstition forges bancful chains,
Where hope itself to Genius is denied,
And darkness and oblivion cast o'er mind,
Great Albion smiles, the beam of empire rise
To cheer the Soul benath these Oriental skies,
Her mighty Viceroy's point the glorious sway
Or radiant truth to gain imperial way,
The Arts and Sciences [illegible] lost,
Fixed at their call resist [illegible] court;
Peace, liberty and justice hand in hand
That wait on knowledge thro' this rich domain,
Dark Superstition trembles at the sight,
Malice not shrinks and dumb the hated light.
Nor on the Eastern shore does Britain smile,
Her strong affection warms the Western soil,
For Science rising in the gloomy woods
Begins to dissipate the lowring clouds
And many peaceably in her service glow
As here we hope by add'd proof to show.
To day you find her radiant course begun,
Yet much remains for some aspiring son,
Whose lib'ral soul from that desire to crown
Which gains for Wellesley a lasting crown,
Some gen'ral structure in these wilds to rear
Where every art and science may appear.
O happy Cure! this proud distinction woo
Thy quick acceptance, back'd by every Muse,
Those feelings too which joyful fancy knew
When learning's gems first open'd to thy view,
Bid you to thousands smooth the thorny road
Which leads to gracious Sciences' sweet abode
O think what honour pure shall bless thy name
Beyond the fleeting voice of vulgar fame,
When Kings and haughty Victors cease to raise
The secret murmur or the venal praise,
Perhaps that name, when Europe's glories fade
Shall often charm this Academic shade,
And hard exclaim on rough Ontario's shore
We found a WELLESLEY and JONES in *Gore.*

Lieutenant Governor's Office, York, 1st August, 1816.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned Gentlemen to be Members of the Board of Education for the Midland District, under the Act passed the last session of the Legislature for the establishment of Common Schools.

Rev. George O'Kill Stuart,
Allan MacLean,
Peter Smith,
Alexander Fisher, and
James McNabb.

By order,
EDWARD MacMAHON,
Acting Secretary.

KINGSTON, SEPTEMBER 28, 1816.

FOR THE KINGSTON GAZETTE.

MR. PRINTER,

I was glad to see in your Gazette of Sept. 21st a number of Police Regulations for the town of Kingston, lately adopted by the Magistrates; and I heartily recommend to all my fellow-townsmen, to observe those salutary regulations, and to aid the commissioners in carrying them into effectual execution. So far, certainly, the Magistrates have deserved well. The tendency of these their measures will be to improve the town, and to remove and prevent common nuisances. There is, however, one other nuisance, more disgraceful and demoralizing than bad roads, slaughter-houses, swine running at large, or timber and stone lying in the streets. I mean the fracas and boxing matches, which so frequently assemble a rabble in the streets, to see a couple of quarreling blackguards, or perhaps of ill-bred boys, fighting and breaking the peace, amidst the clamors, and sometimes the plaudits of the spectators. Travellers, who have visited this town, in the course of their travels, have spoken of these vulgar exhibitions, as more common here, than in most other places. The enquiry often made by them, is a pertinent one;—could not the magistrates and peace officers, by a spirited exertion of their authority, abate and prevent these as well as other nuisances? By doing so, they would essentially subserve the interest of the town, and indeed of the whole country. They have power enough to effect it. The laws on the subject are sufficient, if duly enforced; and well disposed inhabitants will aid and support any magistrate, in carrying those laws for the preservation of the peace into execution. A degree of vigilance, and perhaps even of rigor, in this respect, would be peculiarly seasonable, at the present time, when efforts are made to introduce new regulations of Police, for the comfort quiet and improvement of the town. Whenever such an affray, then, takes place hereafter, let any person who happens to be present make a regular complaint to some Magistrate; and let the offender be bound over to the proper court and suffer such punishment as shall be found sufficient to suppress the wicked, vulgar practice.

CAMDEN.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 18.

Four days later from London.—By the arrival of the British Packet, with the August mail, we have received London papers to the 13th of August, and the *General Shipping and Commercial List* to the 5th inclusive.

The London Gazette announces the appointment of Lieutenant General Earl of DALHOUSIE G. C. B. as Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Nova Scotia.

CROFTON UNIACKE Esq. is appointed Judge of the Vice Admiralty Court in Nova Scotia, in the room of the Hon A. Croke, resigned.

The Rev. the Bishop of Nova-Scotia was to leave London about the middle of August, in the ship Jane, for Halifax.

According to the latest advices from Sweden, the King remained dangerously ill.

JEROME BONAPARTE has received from his Father-in-law the King of Wurtemberg, the title of *Duke of Montfort;* and the Emperor of Austria has consented, that he and his wife shall reside, in future, at Brunn in Moravia.

New-York Spectator.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 20.

News from St. Domingo.—By the arrival this morning of the schooner *General Jackson*, Capt. Gilder, in 29 days from Jacmel, St. Domingo, we learn that hostilities had recommenced between the two rival Chiefs of that Island. Christophe had attacked and destroyed a town opposite Port au Prince, and both armies were preparing for a general engagement. It was the prevailing opinion at Jacmel, that the army of Petion would prove victorious.

A MISER.

Account of Michael Baird.

Mr. Baird was of German extraction—His father left him a valuable farm of 500 acres in the vicinity of York (Pa) with some farming and household articles. He kept a tavern for a number of years, married a wife, and raised four children. He accumulated an immense estate which he preserved so tenaciously that he afforded not a dollar for the education of his family. He was never known to lay out one dollar in cash for any article he might be in want of; he would do without it, or find some person who would baater with him for something he could not sell for cash. He farmed largely, and kept a large distillery, which he supplied entirely with his own grain—He kept a team for the conveyance of his whiskey and flour to Baltimore, which, when he could not sell for the money at a price to suit him, he bartered for necessaries for his family and tavern—In this way he amassed an estate of d400,000.—Such was his attachment to money that he was never known to lend to or credit a single dollar to any man. Upon the best mortgage or other security that could be given he would not lend a cent—He never invested one dollar in any of the public funds; neither would he keep the notes of any bank longer than till he could get them changed. He deposited his specie in a large iron chest until it would hold no more—He then provided a strong iron hooped barrel, which he also filled. After his death his strong boxes "from whose bourne no traveller had e'er returned," yielded 230,000 dollars in gold and silver.

The cause of his death was as remarkable as the course of his life—A gentleman from Verginia offered him 12 dollars per bushel for 100 bushels of clover seed: but he would not sell it for less than 13 dollars, and they did not agree. The seed was afterwards sent to Philadelphia where it was sold for 7 dollars per bushel, and brought in the whole, 550 dollars less than the Virginian offered for it. On receiving an account of the sale, he walked through his farm, went to his distillery, and gave various directions to his people. He then went to his waggon house and HANGED HIMSELF!

From the Boston Centinel.

Rural.—An agriculturist in Peterboro, N. H. mentions that he has this season raised sixty-nine bushels and a peck of barley, on one acre. It is what is commonly called the six row'd barley; & weighs 52½ pounds to the bushel. The ground was not particularly prepared, and it grew in a lot where corn had been raised the last season, and which received but two ploughings this spring, and no manure spread. Three bushels of seed were sown on an acre.

In all parts of the country the crops of rye, barley, oats, &c. have been unusually found, heavy and abundant.

In many places, we observe, that the apple and pear trees are shored, to prevent the limbs breaking under the weight of their fruit.

A carrot was raised this season, in Acton, which weighs forty-four ounces, exclusive of the top.

New York September 11.—Yesterday, as the British Consul was about to drive from his door in town, to his country seat, a revenue officer stept up to his gigg and ordered him to stop; to open the box, and produce a certain bag that had just been put publicly into it; for he suspected it contained smuggled goods. This affair seems to have been conducted by the officer with peculiar and unprecedented delicacy. If any other individual had been suspected of smuggling in a similar manner, I presume, the ordinary step would have been to have waited upon him, in his office, or counting house, told him of the suspicions entertained, and, if circumstances demanded a search, to have made it before leaving the room. But here was an oppoatunity too good to be lost; a chance to detect the accredited agent of his Britannic majesty in a dishonorable act, attempting to cheat the revenue, and it could not be too public. It was resolved, therefore to detect him in the open street, and in presence of numerous witnesses. The Consul obeyed, opened the bag, and permitted the officer to search it, when, to his great disappointment and mortification, he discovered neither more nor less than a fine sirloin of beef.

Important.—We understand the commanding officer in the Mediterranean fleet has been authorized to notify the Dey of Algiers, that he must acknowledge the treaty, or expect an immediate war. His refusal, we are informed, will amount to a declaration of hostilities. *Nat. Reg.*

MONTREAL, SEPTEMBER 21.

The partners of the North West Company, which was mentioned in this paper of the 7th inst. as having been arrested at Fort William by Lord Selkirk, arrived in town last Saturday. They came as prisoners, and are now under bail for thrir appearance at Court when called upon.

Extraordinary Circumstance.

A young woman who keeps the turnpike near Henley upon Thames, Oxfordshire, and who has been married 4 years, has now nine children, who are all living and well. At her first lying-in she had three children; at her second three; at her third two; and at her fourth and last, one. The circumstance has astonished the whole neighbourhood, and is supposed to be without a parallel in any age or country.—*London paper.*

Cure for Corns.

Take a wild turnip, and cut it into slices, and boil it in sweet milk and make a poultice. Apply the poultice for three or four successive evenings, and it will eradicate the corn by the roots.

Government Sale.

WILL be sold by public auction, at the Commissariat Stores at Kingston, on

TUESDAY, the 8th Oct. 1816,

Large quantities of

Blankets, Clothing, and Field Equipment,

And amongst which the following are more particularly described.

Soldiers Great Coats,
Do. Trowsers,
Blankets,
Haversacks,
Camp Kettles,
Tents, different descriptions,
Pistols,
Bill Hooks,
Axes,
Shovels,
Spades,
Oil Cloths,
Sheeting,
Knapsacks,
Canadian Mocasins.

The sale to begin at 11 o'clock on each day, and to continue until the whole will be disposed of.

Payment to be made on the delivery of the articles from the King's Stores.

Kingston, 20th Sept. 1816. 16

By Auction.

400 acres of Land, in one tract, in the township of Landsdown, in the 6th concession, No 6 & 7.

To be sold at 3 o'clock, P. M. on Monday next, the 30th inst. at Mr. D. Brown's Inn, Market place.

JOHN DARLEY, *Auctioneer.*

sept. 28, 1816. 17

Mrs. Lambie,

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Kingston and its vicinity, that she has imported from London, and is now selling at Mr. Barnetts Store, adjoining the White Bear tavern, a variety of Fancy Goods, suitable for the season, which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

Kingston, 26th Sept. 1816. 17tf

Caution.

ALL persons are cautioned against purchasing a Note of hand of 36½ dollars, against the subscriber, as the said note has been once paid. It was given to Ancil Mitchel.

Henry Brass.

Kingston, Sept. 26, 1816. 17w3

Midland District, to wit: } THE Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for this District, will be holden at the Court House in the town of Kingston, on Tuesday the 8th day of October, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon: Therefore, all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Constables, and all other Peace officers, as well as those that have any business to transact at said Court, are hereby required to take notice and give their attendance accordingly.

CHARLES STUART, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Sept. 20, 1816. 16

Strayed,

FROM near Kingston, on the 9th inst a dark bay Mare, about fourteen hands high, a white stripe down her forehead, quite narrow on her nose, her upper lip almost all white, some white spots on her off side just below the saddle, very square built and well set. Whoever will bring her to Mr. Mathias Badgly, shall be well paid for their trouble.

Kingston, Sept. 27, 1816. 17w3

CAME into the inclosure of the subscriber, sometime since, a Mare colt, two years old. The owner can have her by proving property and paying charges. *THOMAS GRAHAM.*

kingston, sept. 23, 1816.—17

Blank Summonses, Subpœnas and Executions, for the Court of Requests, for Sale at this Office.