

A LESSON.

A friend of Dean Swift one day sent him a turbot as a present, by a servant who had frequently been on his errands, but had never yet received the most trifling mark of the dean's generosity. Having gained a million, he opened the door of the study, and abruptly putting down the fish, cried very rudely, "Waller has sent you a turbot." "Hey-da! young man," says the dean, rising from his easy chair, "is this the way you deliver your message? Get me such you better manners: sit down in my chair, we will change situations, and I will show you how to behave in future." The boy sat down, and the dean going to the door, came up to the table with a respectful pace, and making a low bow, said, "Sir, my master presents his kind compliments, hopes your reverence is well, and begs your acceptance of a turbot."—"Does he?" replied the boy; "here John, (singing) take this honest lad down to the kitchen, and give him as much as he can eat and drink; then lend him up to me, and I will give him half a crown."

Lord Falkland, the author of the play called the Marriage Night, was chosen very young to sit in Parliament; and when he was first elected, some of the members opposed his admission, urging, that he had not loved all his wild oats; "then" replied he "it will be the best way to sow them in the House where there are so many geese to pick them up."

Lord North at the close of life was afflicted with the total loss of sight.—At Bath he met Col. Barre, who had been his warm opponent in the House of Commons, and who was also blind. On being introduced to each other, Lord North said, "Colonel, you and I have been often at variance; but I believe there are no two people in the world, who, after all, would be more glad to see each other."

A good name better than Riches.

A countryman carrying his son to be baptised, the parson asked what was to be his name. "Peter, my own name, and please your reverence." "Peter! that is a bad name; Peter denied his Master." "What then would your reverence advise?"—"Why not take my name, Joseph?" "Joseph! ah! he denied his master!"

MARRIED, In Hamilton, (District of New Castle) on the 26th ult. Mr. Henry Rattan, merchant of Haldimand, to Miss Mary Jones, eldest daughter of Elias Jones Esq. of the former place.

In this town on Thursday last, by the Reverend official Stuart, Mr. Peter Knight, to Miss Eliza Ferris.

KINGSTON AMATEUR THEATRE.

ON TUESDAY EVENING, The 11th of June, Will be performed the COMEDY of the Wheel of Fortune.

To which will be added the Farce of Love a La Mode.

Doors to be opened at SIX, performance to commence at SEVEN.

Tickets to be had at Mr. Macaulay's.

Admittance to the Boxes, ONE DOLLAR, PIT, HALF A DOLLAR. No Money to be taken at the Door.

No Children to be admitted.

PACKET.

THE Schooner Perseverance, J. G. PARKER, Master, will continue to run as a Packet from Kingston to Sackets Harbor.

May 15, 1816.

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TAKEN UP,

A DRIFT on Thursday last, about three quarters of a mile north of Long Island, a new Batteau of about two tons burthen. The owner can have it again by applying to the subscriber, or to Frederick Farman, about 12 miles below Kingston, by proving property & paying charges.

ELIAS PATEE.

Pittsburgh, June 8, 1816.

1W3

BROUGHT into pound by Samuel Rider, on the 22d of May, a bay horse, and on the 27th May, a Gray Canadian Stallion. The owner or owners are desired to come and pay the dues and take them away, or they will be sold to defray expenses.

DANIEL PERRIS, Junr.

Kingston, June 4, 1816.

1W4

pany with a kitten!—It appears the cat had lost one of her kittens and having seized the rat, carried it to the basket, completely domesticated it, and treats it as her own offspring! The cat is a famous rat catcher, and has killed a great number since she took the favoured one under her protection.—B. E. Gaz.

We recommend, says the N. Y. Spectator, the following article, on Duelling to the attentive perusal of every person who may think his Honor wounded, and is anxious to resort to the honorable mode, which decided the dispute at Charleston. The paragraph quoted is copied from the Charleston Times of the 11th May.

Men of morality and wisdom have universally condemned the practice of Duelling, as originating not from a sense of dignity and virtue, but from an untrained pride and vanity. Impelled by the hope of establishing a name, men whose obscurity, from the want of talents and virtue, (which never fail to distinguish those who possess them, from the common herd,) are frequently impelled to the bloody act of honorable murder, in order to furnish his fellow men a topic of conversation of which himself should be the hero. These reflections were suggested by a circumstance which recently occurred in this city between two slaves, one of which is a female.—They went through the usual ceremonies, and the fellow was wounded. This occurrence furnishes, perhaps, the best data from which to form an opinion of those feelings which sometimes excite men to the unnatural practice alluded to. On this subject, however, there exists but one opinion among all men who contemplate the subject without passion or prejudice, and that is, that it is contrary to every precept of religion and morality, and destructive to the peace and happiness of society. The present attempt at this species of murder is one of the best criticisms on Duelling that we have ever read, and we trust it may convince the gentlemen duellists, that no laurels can be henceforth gathered in the field, whence a female maniel has successfully driven her masculine opponent."

An Elegant Thought.

In a speech at the formation of a Methodist Missionary Society, in Sheffield, (England,) the poet Montgomery has the following beautiful sentiment.

In the Bible Society, (said he) all names and distinctions of sects are blended till they are lost, like the prismatic colours in a ray of pure and perfect light. In the Missionary work, though divided they are not discordant; but like the same colours displayed and harmonized in the Rainbow, they form an arch of glory—ascending, on the one hand, from earth to heaven; and on the other, descending from heaven to earth—a bow of promise; a covenant of peace; a sign that the storm is passing away, and the sun of righteousness with healing in his wings, breaking forth on all nations.

Boston Recorder

Steamboats.—Repeated experiments which have been made in this country and Europe, appear to have established in the minds of intelligent persons acquainted with steam navigation, a confidence that steamboats properly constructed can navigate the ocean in safety, even in the most tempestuous weather. If this fact is established, it follows of course, that they can be used on the lake with great certainty of success. Messrs. Porter, Barton & Co. we are happy to learn, are so well satisfied of this fact, that they have concluded to build, the next season, a steam vessel of one hundred tons burthen, which is to run on the Niagara river, and between this place and Detroit. If the experiment proves fortunate, and we have no doubt but that it will, the navigation of Lake Erie will in a few years, be in a great degree effected by vessels of this description. We already flatter ourselves, that at no very distant period, the communication between Buffalo and Detroit will be as regular and almost as expeditious, as it now is between Albany and New-York.

Niagara Journal.

The famous Dr. Lancaster and his new mode of teaching. It is an extraordinary fact, and re-ounds high to the credit of the new system of education, that the whole disbursements of Mr. Lancaster's School, from midsummer 1806 to midsummer 1807, were only 1561. 10s. with which sum he educated 500 boys and 250 girls; being an expense of rather less than 2s. 9d. each.

Consecration of a Catholic Bishop.

Doctor DUBOIS, of New Orleans, and formerly President of St. Mary's College, Baltimore, was consecrated at Rome in September last, in the church of St. Louis of France, as Bishop of N. Orleans, in North America.

Something Singular.—There is now in a store in Boston a Rat, nearly full grown, which is nursed by a Cat in com-

the Pole, lately arrived from Plymouth affords a specimen of his real character. The enthusiastic devotion of this man to Bonaparte's fortunes are well known: he holds the rank of Polish Count, but when Bonaparte was exiled to Elba, he actually entered the ranks as a private soldier, purposely that he might be with him. Previously to this he had long been serving under him, and in several extremities, proved himself to be a most devoted and heroic soldier. But, will it be believed, that when he went up to Longwood, he actually affected not to know who he was—and, turning round with the majestic air of an Emperor, he asked La-Casas who that man was! The poor fellow was thus not only most indignantly insulted, but had it not been for the kindness of the officers in camp at Longwood, he would have been in actual want; they took him into their mess; it is imagined he must be sent back to England."

Extra of a letter from Detroit, April 11.

As to your inquiries respecting the hostility of the Indians & the prospect of another war with them I consider stories of that description fabricated in the interior. The Indians in this quarter appear well disposed and in my opinion are never less inclined to war than at present.

Which side they would join in case of war would be decided by their views and prospects at the time. They would either join the strongest party, or turn the hatchet against those from whom they could obtain the most plunder.

The 37th British regt. are stationed at Malden and a company of Artillery at Sandwich. The officers gave a ball last week, and invited the officers, &c from this post. I was among those who went. We were treated politely.

KINGSTON, JUNE 8, 1816.

The size of the Gazette is now as large as our Press will admit. The quality of the paper is at present rather poor, but we expect soon to have a supply of better.—This number commences the sixth Volume; delinquents are reminded, that their arrears would never come more acceptable than at the present time.

Error corrected. The day of Thanksgiving is to be holden on Tuesday the EIGHTEENTH inst. instead of the thirteenth as published in our last.

The first rays of the "SUN," in the Lower Province shine very hard upon Sir Gordon Drummond. His character stands in higher estimation by the good people of this Province.

Monday last, Major Gen Sir F. P. ROBINSON, arrived in town from England, via New York and Sackets Harbor.

The Weather.—For the week past has been very cold—on Thursday morning it snowed, and on Friday and Saturday there was frost.

Melancholy Occurrence.—On Wednesday last, as a Batteau, loaded with fuel was proceeding to town, from Cataraque Creek, when about 100 rods off the Massagua Point battery, a flaw of wind struck her, and she immediately sank. Out of four men that were on board, three were drowned; the other caught hold of a plank and kept himself afloat, until he received assistance from the shore. We have not learned the names of those drowned.

ORDER OF THE LT. GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Province of Upper Canada. Affairs of the Province, held at York, in the said Province, on the 22d day of May, in the fifty sixth year of His Majesty's reign and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixteen. Present His Excellency the Lt. Gov.

It having been represented that the Tonnage duty of 12/6d per ton, imposed on all Vessels exceeding 5 tons belonging to the subjects of the United States, entering any port or harbor in this Province is higher than that imposed in the Ports of the United States, on the Tonnage of vessels belonging to his Majesty's subjects. It is ordered that so much of the Order in Council of the 18th of April, 1815, as imposes a tonnage duty on vessels belonging to the subjects of the said United States, be cancelled, and that the following Tonnage duty be imposed in lieu thereof.

On all Vessels above 5 Tons to 50 tons, the Tonnage duty to be 3 1/2 per Ton
From 50 to 100 tons, 5/ for One dollar per ton.
On all Vessels above 100 tons, 12/6d per ton.

JOHN SMALL, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Something Singular.—There is now in a store in Boston a Rat, nearly full grown, which is nursed by a Cat in com-

menement of a complete change in the internal navigation. This boat arrived yesterday at Paris—the took but 60 hours to come from Rouen, (nearly 100 leagues) notwithstanding the impediments of bridges, and the difficulties attending on a first essay—it generally took from 20 to 30 days for boats to ascend this river.

The Princess Maria Caroline, espoused to his R. H. the Duke of Berri, is the issue of the first marriage of his R. H. the hereditary prince of Naples, with Maria Clementina, daughter of the late emperor Leopold, of Austria.

From the St. Johns, Antigua paper of April 29.

By Authority.

The ship Saint Vincent, Herbert, bound from the island of St. Vincent to London, this day have too off the Port of St. Johns, and by means of a pilot boat, communicated to his Honor the President, the following official Notification issued by his Excellency Sir Charles Brisbane at St. Vincent.

"GOVERNMENT HOUSE, St. Vincent's 24th APRIL.

The governor has great pleasure in acquainting the public, that the insurgents of Barbadoes have been subdued, and tranquility restored on the estates; that the ringleaders had been taken and executed; that many have been killed during the operations, with the loss of only two or three lives on the part of the inhabitants; and that trials and punishments in the most exemplary style, were still going on against the offenders.

By His Excellency's command, Daniel P. Bernard, Secy."

The above intelligence was conveyed to St. Vincent's by the schr. Pegalus, which arrived there from Barbadoes at 2 o'clock, P.M. on Wednesday the 24th instant.

NEW YORK, May 20.

By the arrival of the Schooner Buffalo, Copeland, at Edenton, N. C. we have some further intelligence of the insurrection in the West India Islands. Capt. C. states that a few days before he sailed, a British schooner arrived at St. Eustacia, in a short passage from Antigua, who reported that the blacks of the Island of St. Vincent's had revolted and obtained possession of the Island except the fortifications, which were in the hands of a small body of troops stationed there. The master of the schooner further stated, that an insurrection had broken out at Barbadoes, and that the Blacks had destroyed thirteen estates. The islands of Antigua and Barbadoes were declared under martial Law.

May 21.—THE PIRATE. The Nashville Clarion, of April 27th gives us some particulars of the capture of the pirate schooner Comet. She had on board silver in bars, plate, jewels, &c. said to be worth 50,000 dollars, also a number of negroes. The vessel and cargo were sent up to New Orleans, under the command of the first Lieut. two midshipmen and twelve men belonging to the Boxer. The notorious Mitchell, commander of the pirate, acknowledged that he took the Governor of the Island of St. Andrews from off the Musquettoe shore; that he carried him on board his vessel, and there put him to death. He first shot the governor, and then hung him to the fore-yard. The comet had a long brass twelve pounder mounted, and three others in her hold, and 35 men.—The Boxer has failed in quest of another pirate, said to be in the Gulph, with a valuable cargo on board. This pirate is armed with one 32 pounder, and one long 12 do. with 160 men.

BONAPARTE.

Extract of a Letter from St Helena, dated January 12

"Bonaparte has at length had a difference with the Admiral, arising as you may easily suppose, from his being so well watched. He did not like Capt. Popplewell (of 53d-regt.) attending him in uniform; he considered it quite unnecessary, and that if he were allowed to wear plain clothes, it would take off much of the appearance of his being considered a prisoner. I suppose to try what effect a little relaxation might have upon him, his wish was complied with, and Capt. P. attended him in his rides in plain clothes. He soon assumed the most haughty demeanor, and actually defied Capt. P. to fall back in the rear with his attendants, for that he knew nothing of him as a companion! The next day he sent to Capt. P. to say he intended to ride; to which Capt. P. replied, It did not suit him to go out on that day, and that therefore he could not go. The day following, Capt. P. attended him, but in his uniform, and in that station which became him as having charge of a prisoner. Capt. P. guards him at night by sleeping in the room adjoining the room he sleeps in, and he must go through Capt. P.'s room to go to his own.

"Bonaparte's conduct to Ponaiofski,

"Such is the general principle established by the Statutes of which mention has been made. The Statute, however, of 11 Philip and Mary, chap. 10, which enacts that all proceedings in treason should be prosecuted according to the common law, has repealed the Statute of 28th Edward III. and taken away the privilege of a Jury half aliens, in case of high treason. It is stated in Lord Hale's Pleas of the Crown, vol. 2, page 271, and in the case there cited.

"In all the proceedings which take place in England, whatever may be their nature, if letters or written papers in a foreign language are produced, they are translated by an interpreter, who is sworn to interpret and translate fairly and truly.

"We believe we have answered all the questions which have been proposed to us in the name of Sir Robert Wilson Melars Bruce and Hutchinson; and we have the honor, &c.

(Signed) "Christ. Robinson.

"W. Garrow,

"Shepherd.

"Lord Viscount Castlereagh."

Sir Henry Wellesly is once more determined to try his chance in the lottery of matrimony. Lady Georgiana Cecil, a daughter of the Marquis of Salisbury, is the fair object of his choice.

The Marquis of Sligo is about to receive the hand of a daughter of the Earl of Clanricarde. The lady is in her 17th year, and is, at present, heiress to the title of Countess, according to the limitations of the grant to the late Earl.

London, April 1, 1816

The Prince Regent is so perfectly restored to health, as to be able to transact official business with all the Cabinet Ministers, and will have a public levee in the course of a few days.

Captain Sir Edward W. Owen, late Commander in chief on the Lakes in Canada is appointed to the command of the Royal Sovereign yacht, lately commanded by Captain Adams.

Rear-Admiral Sir Pultney Malcolm is appointed to succeed Sir George Cockburn in the command at St. Helena, the Cape of Good Hope, and the Mauritius. Sir Pultney arrived at Portsmouth on Thursday morning, and hoisted his flag in the Newcastle, 50, Captain Mayne will sail for the command in about ten days.—The Russian and French Commissioners will go out in the Newcastle; and the Orontus will take from The King of Prussia does not intend to send a Commissioner.

The sufferers in the Heaton Coalpit.

It will be remembered that about twelve months ago, between seventy and eighty men and boys lost their lives in the Heaton Coal pit near Newcastle-upon-Tyne, by what is called a blast of the pit, and its filling in consequence, with water. It was not until Monday last, the 19th inst. that the bodies of the greater part of the sufferers were come at, when fifty five of them were found, in what is called the far workings of the pit.—It is a melancholy circumstance to relate, but it has been clearly ascertained, that those unfortunate men and boys all perished by starvation. They had got into part of the pit where the water did not reach them, and had been many weeks employed in endeavoring to work their way into an old pit, by which they might have escaped. They are supposed to have failed in their attempt by the want of food to support them, as every horse in the pit was eaten to the bone. The unfortunate men had a water-mark fixed up that they might observe if it fell. One man, who is supposed to have been set to watch it, was found dead on his post.

At a splendid entertainment given by the Lord Mayor of London to the Austrian Archdukes, at which were present all the foreign Ministers, the various Sovereigns of Europe were given as toast, and answered by the minister of each Sovereign.—At length, "the United States of America" was given, when Mr. Adams gave, "Henceforth may there be no division between Great Britain and America but the ocean; and may the friendship now subsisting between the two nations, be as lasting as the language and principles which are common to both." Drank with repeated shouts of joy.

Austria had reduced her army more than 200,000. Russia and Prussia were pursuing a similar policy.

PARIS.

March 30.—It is said that M. the Duke of Havre, will proceed to the frontiers, to receive her R. H. the Princess Caroline of the two Sicilies—the declined bride of his R. H. the Duke of Berri.

The navigation from London to Paris, by means of the steam boat Elise, (now in operation) will form a remarkable epoch, and is probably the com-