



### SHERIFF'S SALE.

*Midland District, to wit:* BY virtue of three several Writs of *fieri facias*, issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, at the suits of Laurence Herchmer and John Kirby, of the town of Kingston, merchants, and Nicholas Hagerman of the township of Adolphustown, Esquire, against the lands and tenements of James Gerolomy of the township of Marysburgh, yeoman, to me directed; I have seized and taken in execution, as belonging to the said James Gerolomy, the west half of lot number seven, in the first concession of the township of Marysburgh, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres, be the same more or less, together with a log house thereon erected. I do hereby give notice, that the above mentioned lot of Land, with the building and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder, at my office in the town of Kingston, on the seventeenth day of March next, at the hour often of the clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

CHARLES STUART, Sheriff.

And every person or persons having claims on the above described lot of land and premises, by mortgage or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice to the said Sheriff, at his office in the town of Kingston, previous to the sale thereof.

Sheriff's Office, 23th April, 1812. 24

### SHERIFF'S SALE.

*Midland District, to wit:* BY virtue of a Writ of *fieri facias*, issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, at the suit of Thomas Markland, of the town of Kingston, Esquire, against the lands and tenements of Abner Bradshaw, of the township of Frederickburgh, yeoman, to me directed; I have seized and taken in execution, as belonging to the said Abner Bradshaw, Lot number twenty-four, in the seventh concession of the township of Loboorough, containing by admeasurement two hundred acres, be the same more or less. I do hereby give notice, that the above mentioned lot of Land will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder, at my office in the town of Kingston, on the twenty seventh day of January next, at the hour of ten of the clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known.

CHARLES STUART, Sheriff.

And every person or persons having claims on the above described lot of land, by mortgage or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice to the said Sheriff, at his office in the town of Kingston, previous to the sale thereof.

Sheriff's Office, 19th May, 1812. 27

### Notice.

TO be let, and possession given the second day of April next, from three to fifteen years, as may be agreed upon, a valuable FARM, in the first concession additional Frederickburgh. There are one hundred acres of improvement, a good meadow and orchard on it, a good frame Barn and Houfe, the premises are well situated and calculated for a farmer, merchant or inn keeper, by enlarging the house—For further particulars apply to the proprietor and subscriber, at the house of Mr. Florence Donovan, in Frederickburgh, or to Charles Stuart, Esq. in Kingston. MICHAEL COYLE. June 1st, 1812. 29th

### TO BE LET,

AND immediate possession given, that a pleasantly situated and commodious House, near the town of Kingston, lately the property of Sir John Johnson—There are attached to the House about twenty acres of excellent land, a good garden and stable, well, &c.—A few town Lots to sell or lease. Application to be made to Alexander M'Donnell, or John Ferguson, both of Kingston. Kingston, 15th June, 1812. 31st

### Land for Sale.

THE following valuable Lots of Land in the township of Frederickburgh, are offered for sale by the subscriber, viz. Lot number six, in the first Concession additional. Lot number twenty-five, in the fourth Concession. RICHARD CARTWRIGHT. Dec. 3, 1811. 31st

### Fresh Goods!

B. WHITNEY has just received a fresh supply of **GOODS,**

Amongst which are,

Tea, Coffee, Loaf and Muscovado Sugar, Spirits, Shrub, Peppermint Cordial, Port Wine, Raisins, Mustard, Fig Blue, Starch, Indigo, Nutmeg, Almonds, Snuff, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Pepper, Allspice, Ginger, Linseed Oil, Superfine black, blue and bottle green Broad Cloths, do. black, blue and mix'd fine do. Calfinnes Stockenett, Brunswick and fancy Cords, a variety of fashionable Vellings, suitable for both summer and winter, Linen, Shirting Cottons, red, white, green yellow, Black and Blue Flannels, Table Cloths, low priced and super-fine Calicoes, furniture do. Gingham, Brown Hollands, Silk & Twist, color'd and White Threads, Men's Leather Gloves, Ladies Leather, Kid, Silk and Cambric do. Silk Net Sleeves, Cotton do. Wildbores, Calfinnes, Ruffella, Ladies Leather, Kid and Morocco Shoes, do. White and color'd Beaver Bonnets, do. common do. Men's Beaver, knapt and felt Hats, Cotton Umbrellas and Parasols, White & fancy Cotton Shawls, Bandanna and fancy silk Handkerchiefs, Cotton Pocket do. black and olive Velveteens, black and slate color'd pelice Velvets, black & fancy Corduroys, Nankens, Jeans, black Cambric, plain and figured white do. Looking Glasses, Glifs & Crockery Ware, Men's and Women's black and color'd Woollen Hosiery, do. do. white Cotton do. Bedticking, striped Cottons, Suspenders, Osnaburghs, Chambrays, blue cottons, Lenoer, Imperial Nerts, Robe Patterns, color'd Cambrics, Miltonett cotton check, black Crapes, Ribbons, Velvet Bindings, black and white Laces, assorted color's silk cords—Also, a general assortment of

### Hard Ware,

amongst which are elegant Tea Trays, plated Cruets, Stands, do. Table and Tea Spoons, Knives and Forks, &c. &c. All of which will be sold very low for ready pay only. Kingston, 18th August, 1812. 38

### Groceries for Sale,

CHEAP as the CHEAPEST, by the Subscriber.

<b>R</b> UM,	Nutmegs,
Shrub,	Cloves,
Peppermint Cordial,	Peppermint Lozenges
Loaf and Muscovado	Confectionates,
Sugar,	Liquorice,
Green Tea,	Barley Sugar,
Coffee,	Tobacco,
Chocolate,	Scotch Souff,
Root & Ground Gin-	Rappee do.
ger,	Segars, by the dozen
Allspice,	or hundred,
Barley,	Bottled Mustard,
Oatmeal,	Washing and Shaving
Rice,	Soap

Wm. JOHNSON.

Kingston, August 17, 1812. 38

### S. Bartlet,

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has just received **Liquors and Groceries,** and a general assortment of **Dry Goods,** adapted to the season—

Crockery, Hardware, &c.

which he will sell wholesale or retail, at his usual low prices, for pay down, either cash or any kind of produce.

Kingston, August 26, 1812. 39

### B. Whitney,

HAS just received 20 hogheads strong well flavored Jamaica Spirits, 4 hogheads Muscovado Sugar, 2 hogheads Loaf do. 1 pipe best Teneriffe Wine—which will be sold low for cash.—Also, 2 crates assorted Crockery.

Kingston, 11th Sept. 1812. 41

Webster's Spelling-Books, For sale at this Office.

### Blank Bills of Lading

For sale at the Gazette Office.

### Foreign Intelligence

Lord Wellington's Official Account of the Battles in Salamanca.

London Gazette Extraordinary.

WAR DEPARTMENT, Downing Street, August 16, 1812.

Lord Clinton, aid de camp to the Earl of Wellington, arrived this morning at the war department, with despatches addressed by his lordship to earl Bathurst, dated 21st, 24th, and 28th ultimo, of which the following are extracts:

Cabreros, near Salamanca, July 21.

In the course of the 15th and 16th, the enemy moved all their troops to the right of their position on the Douro, and their army was concentrated between Toro and San Roman.

A considerable body passed the Douro at Toro, on the evening of the 16th, and I moved the allied army to the left on that night, with an intention to concentrate on the Guarena.

It was totally out of my power to prevent the enemy from passing the Douro at any point at which he might think it expedient, as he had in his possession all the bridges over that river, and many of the fords; but he crossed that river at Toro, in the night of the 16th, moved his whole army to Toro-dillas, where he again crossed the Douro on the morning of the 17th, and assembled his army on that day at La Nova de Koy, having marched about fifty-two leagues in the course of the 17th.

The fourth and light divisions of infantry, and major general Anson's brigades of cavalry, had marched to Castrejon on the night of the 16th, with a view to the assembly of the army on the Guarena, and were at Castrejon under the orders of lieutenant general first Stapleton Cotton; on the 17th, not having been ordered to proceed further, in consequence of my knowledge that the enemy had not passed the Douro at Toro; and there was not time to call them in between the hour at which I received the intelligence of the whole of the enemy's army being at La Nova, at day light of the morning of the 18th. I therefore took measures to provide for their retreat and junction, by moving the 5th division to Tardelias de la Orden, and major general De Marchant's, major general Allen's, and major general Bock's brigades of cavalry to Alaejos.

The enemy attacked the troops at Castrejon, at the dawn of day of the 18th, and first Stapleton Cotton maintained the post without suffering any loss, till the cavalry had joined him. Nearly about the same time the enemy turned by Alaejos, the left flank of our position at Castrejon.

The troops retired in admirable order to Tardelias de la Orden, having the enemy's whole army on their flank or in their rear; and thence to the Guarena, which river they passed under the same circumstances, and effected their junction with the army.

The Guarena, which runs into the Douro, is formed by four streams, which unite about a league below Canal, and the enemy took a strong position on the heights on the right of that river, and I placed the 5th, 4th, and light divisions on the opposite heights, and had directed the remainder of the army to cross the Upper Guarena at Vallesa, in consequence of the appearance of the enemy's intention to turn our right.

Shortly after his arrival, however, the enemy crossed the Guarena at Cartelio, below the junction of the streams, and manifested an intention to pass upon our left, and to enter the valley of Canal. Major general Allen's brigade of cavalry, supported by the 3d dragoons, were already engaged with the enemy's cavalry, and had taken, among other prisoners, the French general Carrier; I desired the honorable lieutenant general Cole to attack, with major general William Anson's and brigadier general Harvey's brigade of infantry, (the latter under the command of colonel Stubbs) the enemy's infantry, which were supporting their cavalry. He immediately attacked and defeated them with the 27th and 40th regiments, which advanced to the charge with bayonets, colonel Stubbs's Portuguese brigade supporting, and the enemy gave way—many were killed and wounded—and major general Allen's brigade of cavalry having pursued the fugitives, 250 prisoners were taken.

In these affairs lieutenant general the hon. G. L. Cole, major general V. Allen, major

general William Anson, lieutenant colonel Arcotshildt, of the 1st hussars, and Hervey of the 14th light dragoons, lieutenant colonel Machan, of the 27th, and major Archdall of the 40th, lieutenant colonel Anderson, commanding the 11th, and major de Azeredo, commanding the 23d Portuguese regiment, distinguished themselves.

The enemy did not make any further attempt on our left; but having reinforced their troops on that side and withdrawn those which had moved to the left, I brought back ours from Vallesa.

On the 19th in the afternoon, the enemy withdrew all the troops from their right, and marched to their left by Tarragona apparently with an intention of turning our right. I crossed the Upper Guarena at Vallesa and El Perno with the whole of the allied army in the course of that evening and night; and every preparation was made for the action, which was expected on the plain of Vallesa on the morning of the 20th.

But shortly after day light the enemy made another movement in several columns to his left along the heights of the Guarena, which river he crossed below Castra la Pedra, and encamped last night at Billalafuente and Villamenta; and the allied army made a correspondent movement to its right by Cantelino, and encamped last night at Cubesa Vellofa, the 6th division, and major general Allen's brigade of cavalry being upon the Tormes at Aldea Lengua.

During these movements there have been occasional cannonades, but without loss on our side.

I have this morning moved the left of the army to the Tormes, where the whole are now concentrated, and I observe that the enemy have also moved towards the same river, near Huerta.

The enemy's object hitherto has been to cut off my communication with Salamanca and Ciudad Rodrigo.

The enemy abandoned and destroyed the fort of Miabeta on the Tago, on the 14th instant, and the garrison marched to Madrid, to form part of the army of the centre. They were reduced to five days provisions.

I enclose a return of killed and wounded on the 18th inst.

Flora De Avia, July 24.

My aid de camp, earl Clinton, will present to your lordship this account of a victory which the allied troops under my command gained in a general action fought near Salamanca, on the evening of the 22d inst. which I have been under the necessity of delaying to send till now, having been engaged ever since the action in pursuing the enemy's flying troops.

In my letter of the 21st, I informed your lordship that both armies were near the Tormes—and the enemy crossed that river with the greater part of his troops in the afternoon by the fords between Alba de Tormes and Huerta, and by their left towards the roads leading to Ciudad Rodrigo.

The allied army, with the exception of the 3d division and general D'Urban's cavalry, likewise crossed the Tormes by the bridge of Salamanca and the fords in the neighborhood, and I placed the troops in a position of which the right was upon one of the two heights called Dos Arapiles, and the left on the Tormes below the ford of Santa Martha.

The 3d division and brig. general D'Urban's cavalry were left at Cabreros, on the right of the Tormes, as the enemy had still a large corps on the heights above Babilafuente, on the same side of the river, and I considered it not improbable, that finding our army prepared for them in the morning, on the left of the Tormes, they would alter their plan, and manœuvre by the other bank.

In the course of the night of the 21st, I received intelligence, of the truth of which I could not doubt, that general Chauvel had arrived at Polios on the 20th, with the cavalry and horse artillery of the army of the north, to join marshal Marmont; and I was quite certain that these troops would join him on the 22d or 23d at latest.

During the night of the 21st the enemy had taken possession of the village of Calvarafa de Arriba, and of the height near it, called Neufra Senora de la Pena, our cavalry being in possession of Calvarafa de Abaco, and shortly after day light detachments from both armies attempted to obtain possession of the more distant from our right of the two hills called Dos Arapiles.

The enemy, however, succeeded, their de-