

their application, in the prosecution of the present contest, will be attended with the happiest results.

*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

His Royal Highness deeply laments the disturbances that have taken place in some of the manufacturing districts; but his Royal Highness acknowledges his deep sense of the diligence with which you have investigated the causes.

His Royal Highness also highly approves of the salutary measures which you have adopted in order to prevent the increase of these disturbances, and to bring the offenders to justice.

*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

His Royal Highness trusts, that on your return to your several Counties, you will inculcate obedience to the Laws, and a due regard to that admirable Constitution upon which the glory and the happiness of the Empire have so long and so successfully depended.

#### AMERICA.

The declaration of war by America against Great Britain, bro't from Halifax by the Julia sloop of war, excited considerable sensation in this town yesterday, among all classes of merchants; but the intelligence neither affected the funds nor American produce.

Yesterday a stoppage of American vessels, whether cleared out or otherwise, in the nature of an embargo, was ordered, in consequence as we understand, of a representation from Lloyd's Coffee-House, recommending to his Majesty's Ministers such a measure.

JULY 31.—Government at a late hour yesterday, came to the resolution of issuing orders and instructions to all the respective commanders in chief, at home and abroad, to detain and send in all American vessels whatsoever. An embargo was laid this morning upon all American vessels in our ports.

Yesterday Admiral Sir John Warren arrived in town, from his residence, at Nottingham, and had a long conference with Lord Melville, at the Admiralty. This gallant officer has been appointed commander of the Squadron which is to sail immediately for the coast of America.

The Prince of Wales, 98 guns; San Domingo, 74; Junon, 38; Porcupine, 24; Mutine and Curlew, sloops of war, are all ordered to be fitted for foreign service, at Portsmouth, with all possible expedition. They are supposed to be destined for the American seas.

Strong reinforcements continue to be sent off to our West-India Islands, in the event of any sudden enterprise being undertaken by the Americans—Several transports have been ordered round to the Isle of Wight to receive these reinforcements on board, and will sail the instant the men are embarked.

#### MILITARY PROMOTIONS.

*War-Office, July 31.*

41st Regiment Foot—Henry Dive Townsend, Gentleman, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Lenn, promoted.

49th Regiment Foot—Serjeant-Major Stean to be Quarter-Master, vice Leggatt, promoted in the 10th Royal Veteran Battalion.

93rd Regiment Foot—Ensign John Finster to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice M'Pherson, promoted.—Gentleman Cadet;

William Keeh, from the Royal Military College, to be Ensign, vice Finster.

100th Regiment Foot—Ensign J. Henderson, from the Londonderry Militia, to be Ensign without purchase.

#### FROM THE UNITED STATES.

*From the Boston Centinel.*

#### GENERAL HULL'S CAPITULATION.

All the railers of the Administration agree, that INFAMY must attach to some of their party, in consequence of the *Capitulation of Detroit*. We add our "so let it be." But let JUSTICE be done, and the TRUTH be exposed to the face of day. Let facts be known before sentence be pronounced. The Administration, or General Hull, are unquestionably the authors of the disgrace which has befallen the country.—But if newspapers are to determine the question, most powerful are the odds against the individual General. Already have an hundred hireling pens denounced him as the *sole cause* of the disgrace, and branded him, unheard and untried, as a "traitor," a "coward," and a "blackhead." Whilst not one of the pens which so recently eulogized his *unfortunate* Proclamation, and so flippantly trimmed up his deservings as a *soldier, a scholar and a Patriot*, now sheds one drop of ink to expose the gross *contradictions*, the glaring *falsehoods*, and the apparent *forgeries*, which have marked the charges of his outrageous accusers. They have not even inquired why the Commanders of Mackinac, Forts Wayne and Dearborn are not entitled to a proportionate share of the democratic odium which has been so liberally issued to the commander of Detroit! Not a word of this. But such is the instability of political *friendships!* As soon as the disaster was known, it was also known that a *sin-offering* would be required:—And the Administration, and the hankers after their "*loaves and fishes*," were simultaneous in their choice of the victim. They know from experience, that a great portion of the People had been "left to believe lies," and they soon found hirelings who could force and circulate enough to satiate the most credulous appetite. By one general shout, the charges of "*treason*," "*cowardice*" and "*incapacity*" were preferred against Gen. Hull—the man whom the administration had long delighted to honor—from every democratic press and pen:—and even the "*summer friends*" and "*political copartners*" of the victim, were among the foremost to furnish sticks to kindle the fire at the altar on which their "*dear friend*" was to be immolated. But innocence shall have the power to vindicate itself. Much as we disagree with General Hull in politics, we are decidedly of opinion that in the act of surrendering Detroit he did no more than what duty and humanity required of a General situated as he was; who had never been furnished with the means *essential* to the capture of Malden; who was left, *by the gross improvidence of the Government*, without resources to defend himself a half day longer; and when it was reduced to a certainty, that this defense could not avert the fate of the post, but would have justified, by the laws of war, the *indiscriminate sacrifice*

of the whole Garrison, and the pillage of the inhabitants; we feel satisfied that he stands acquitted by his own heart of the base charges which his political friends have brought against him; and we believe he will be also acquitted by any military tribunal which may be instituted to inquire into his conduct—if that Tribunal, as it ought to be, is composed of officers who are men of honor and independence—who are not ignorant of the circumstances and rights of war; and who know what are the obligations of duty on an officer who has the lives of thousands in his keeping; and will rightly appreciate *that courage which dares to do its duty at any hazard*. We do not utter this on light ground. The most malignant charge against our countryman—that of *having surrendered an army without firing a gun*, has already been proved to be an *atrocious falsehood*. We know, too, that the reported disapprobation of Colonel Miller is false; and that he advised to and negotiated the capitulation, as did also Col. Bush, an officer of the militia. If charges of this sort are to soon proved false, those of minor import will speedily vanish. We have not time nor room to dwell on this article.—But we have sufficient materials to prove, that not only the surrender of Detroit, but the fall of the Forts of Mackinaw, Wayne and Dearborn, (not ominous we trust) are solely attributable to the criminal improvidence and utter incapacity of the present Administration to conduct the war.

*Montpelier, (Vermont,) Sept. 17.*

From all parts of the Country we receive accounts of the movements of the troops and militia. Plattsburgh, N. Y. about 60 miles from Montreal, is their place of destination; where Generals Dearborn and Bloomfield, have already arrived, with about 2000 men each. The 6th Regiment under Col. Simons; the 15th, Col. Pike, & 13th, Col. Schuyler, all New-England troops, are on the march to join the army at Plattsburgh, under Gen. Dearborn; the 6th and 15th Regiments from New-York, were to march the 3d inst. The Vermont troops are now at Plattsburgh. It is stated that Gen. Bloomfield, of New-York, is to command the van of the army on the expedition.

About 80 of the U. S's. troops from New-Hampshire and between 4 and 500 of the drafted militia of this State, passed through town the present week, on their way to Plattsburgh.

*Extract of a letter from an Officer at Plattsburgh, dated September 10, to his friend in Windsor, Vermont.*

"Dear Sir,  
"We arrived at this place after a very fatiguing march of six days from Greensburgh. How long we shall remain here I know not, but the probability is, that we shall have an engagement here, or at some place north of this, before many days.

An express arrived here yesterday, who brought the information, that the British had broken up their encampment at the half-way house, and were marching to this place. Their force is about 4000 strong—ours about 2000, and more arriving every moment. We have four gun-boats, and 30 batteaux besides. We are deter-

mined to give them harder play than General Hull did. General Bloomfield is our Commander."

We have seen it intimated that apprehensions of an attack on our troops at Plattsburgh, has induced the contemplation of a retrograde movement to Burlington, as a place of greater security.

The United States Brig Vixen, is captured by a British frigate & carried into New-Providence.

Government have issued orders for the release of all British prisoners, when there is any opportunity of conveying them to a British place, and any officer to give a receipt for them.

*Montreal, October 3.*

Nothing of importance we believe has taken place on the Frontiers. Various reports are circulated, one of which (which is very probable) states—that the enemy's troops at Plattsburgh are cutting a road from thence, through the woods to the Salmon and Chatauguay rivers. No danger is we believe apprehended from any force that may attempt to invade from that quarter.

The last Hudson paper (of the 21st ult.) states that the situation of General Van Rensselaer at Niagara, was considered perilous, as the remaining regiment then at Greensburgh, and which had daily expected orders to march for Plattsburgh, had marched to reinforce Gen. Van Rensselaer.

#### ADMIRAL WARREN.

It is stated that Admiral WARREN is invested with full powers to negotiate and conclude a peace with the American government; and in case of failure, to unkenneled the dogs of war against them.

*Extract from a Price Current, dated Bermuda, 25th August, 1812.*

Prime Pork, - 40 Dollars.  
do. Beef, - 35 do.  
Flour, - - - 30 do.

#### Notice.

ALL those who have any demands against Government for work done, or for Storage for the Cavalry stationed at Kingston under the command of Captains Trumppour and Fracliek, are desired to bring their accounts to the Subscriber on or before the 22d instant, for a settlement.

P. SMYTH, Lt. and acting Q. M. to the Cavalry:  
Kingston, 13th October, 1812.

#### Missing,

FROM the Guard Room,  
1 Vol. of Shakespear's Plays,  
2 do. of Mavor's Voyages,  
3d & 4th Vols. bound in one of Modern Poets.

The owner requests whoever may be in possession of the above Books, to leave them with the Editor.

October 16, 1812.

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#### Pork and Flour.

WANTED for the use of his Majesty's Troops stationed at Kingston and its dependencies,

Five Hundred Barrels of Pork,  
Five Hundred Barrels of Flour.

To be delivered in the months of December, January, February and March next, with the usual guarantee.

All persons willing to furnish the whole or any part of the above, are desired to send in their proposals to this Office on or before the 10th of November next, and to state at what Post they would prefer delivering the same.

Deputy Commissary General's Office,  
Kingston, 8th October, 1812.