

P O L T R Y.

WINTER.

WHEN the trees are all bare, not a leaf to be seen,
And the meadows their beauty have lost;
When Nature's gift of her mantle of green,
And the streams are full bound by the frost;
While the peasant inactive stands shivering with cold,
As bleak the winds northerly blow;
And the innocent flocks run for warmth to the fold,
With their fleeces sprinkled with snow;

In the yard, when the cattle are folder'd with straw,
And they tend forth their breath in a steam;
And the nest looking said yon tree sees the melt thaw
Flakes of ice that finds in the cream;

When the sweet country-maiden, as fresh as a rose,
As the carelessly trips often does,
And the rustics laugh loud, if by falling the shows
All the charms that her modesty hides;

When the lads and the ladies for company join'd,
In a crowd round the embers are met;
Talk of fairies and witches that ride on the wind,
And of ghosts, till they're all in a sweat;

Heav'n grant in this season, it may be my lot,
With the nymph whom I love and admire;
While the icicles hang from the eaves of my cot,
I may thither in safety retire!

Where in neatness and quiet, and free from surprise,
We may live, and no hardships endure;
Not feel any turbulent passions arise,
But such as each other may cure!

DIVERSITY.

From the (Vermont) WASHINGTONIAN.

A LITTLE PRODIGY.

THERE is now at Montpelier, a boy, whose powers of arithmetical calculation are certainly astonishing. His name is Zerah Colburn; he was born in the town of Cabot in Vermont, and was 6 years old on the 1st of September last. His father, Abia Colburn, has been known to the editor of this paper many years. He is an honest laboring man, in very indigent circumstances, his family depending principally for their daily subsistence on the avails of his daily industry. The boy has never been at school but between six and seven weeks, when he began with his lessons, and went through the usual tables of spellings. This was at a woman's school, where reading and spelling only were taught. The boy cannot read without spelling, does not know a figure, and was never in a situation to hear any arithmetical calculations, either at home or abroad. Yet without being taught any thing more than to count 20 or 30, he will solve, quicker than the most expert arithmetician, with a pen, any question put to him in multiplication, provided the two factors be multiplied together, are each less than 1000. If the sums do not exceed 1000—that is, if neither of them amount to 100, the answer will be generally without apparent calculation; and if one of those numbers be not more than twenty, it will be instantaneous, or as quick as the question can be put. Give him your age in years, he will tell it in days. Give him several distinct sums to be multiplied, and demand the total amount, the answer, (altho' the result of apparent calculation, as may be seen by the motion of his lips) is given within a few seconds, and generally correct. It is the object of his father, in thus introducing him to public notice, to procure the means of giving him an education. He has been examined by almost all the members of the Legislature and others, to their uniform satisfaction and astonishment.

The following questions were put by the Hon. Judge Paine, in presence of General Chittenden, Gen. Hunt, Judge Painter, Judge Crafts, and many other gentlemen, which were all answered promptly, and all but one (how many is 15 times 35) correctly; which, however, on perceiving the error, he immediately corrected.

How many is 9 times 15?
How many is 15 times 35?
How many is 10 times 25?
How many is 12 times 46?
How many is 13 times 79?
How many is 15 times 75?
How many days in ten years?
How many minutes in a day?
How many hours in a year?
How many days in 5 years?
How many does 5 times 25, 6 times 35, and 7 times 45 make in all?

At another time, I put him, among many other questions the following: What is the amount of 4 times 7, 10 times 25, 3 times 79, and 9 times 63? These he answered correctly in about 15 seconds.

It is stated by his father, that the boy was supposed to be an idiot, till he was more than a year old. At the age of 3 he was found to be the brightest in the family.—Nothing more was thought of him till the last summer, when he was observed putting hard questions to other children, which to the surprise of his parents, it was found he could readily answer himself. His father immediately took the multiplication table, and found that he was master of it in any shape that it could be put to him. Since that he has passed from the hands of his

father, he has been asked to answer such questions, he says he does not know. "How do you know it is as you say?" "Why," he replies, "I know it is so, because it is so; that's all the way I know it."

He is rather stout of his age, very clumsily built, light complexion, with lively blue eyes, and red hair. He has, like his father, 12 toes, and one extra finger on each hand. His mind appears uncommonly active and vigorous; and his questions and answers betray a shrewdness, which rarely appears at the age of 10 or 12. He lisps a little in speaking, and his enunciation is rather slow, corresponding with his bodily movements.—Contrary to the advice of his best friends, unquestionably, yet in obedience to the opinions of others, who are regarded as equally correct, his father intends to exhibit him as an object of curiosity, in some of our capital towns, where he will undoubtedly be regarded as an *arithmetical phenomenon*.

THE whimsical and immortal author of Tristram Shandy, was married to Mrs. Sterne on a Saturday morning. His parishioners had timely information of this circumstance, and knowing he would preach the next morning at his parish church, and desirous at the same time of seeing the bride, they assembled in such crowds that the church was full before the bell had done tolling. The bride, as was expected, made her appearance, and the country folks indulged themselves with the usual observations, until Sterne mounted the pulpit.—Here every eye was directed to him, and every ear ready to catch the words of his text, which turned out to their utter astonishment, to be the following: *We have toiled all night, and have caught no fish.* The congregation looked at each other; some smiled, others stopped their mouths with their handkerchiefs to prevent them from laughing, while the old folks wore very serious faces, and tho' the humorist a very odd sort of man for a pulpit lecturer. However, they attended to his discourse, which turned out as usual, very instructive, and all went home very highly diverted with the text, except poor Mrs. Sterne, who blushed down to her husband's ends every step of the way to her home.

Glasgow, Scotland.—By the last accounts great improvements were making in this city. The first stories of some public buildings now existing, are of Cast Iron, and make a beautiful and grand appearance.—The foundation of a Lunatic Asylum has been laid with much ceremony; the procession on this occasion extended three miles. A new Observatory has been erected; and a rail road, upon which one horse can draw seven tons. Nelson's monument was built of masonry, at an expense of £35,000. It has been greatly injured by lightning, and is to be taken down and rebuilt.

The following is the superscription of a letter ledged in the post office in N. York.

Mr. John Mac Cary, Cary of Newyork, care of Mr. Edward Nicol Gentleman city of Newyork America or to Mr. James Mac Cary Boot Maker, &c. city of Newyork America or to the care of James Mac inich Shoemaker to be given unto Mr. John Mac Cary, living with Mr. Edward Nicol gent., city of Newyork America.

Newyork

wt. least and care.

An Examination
of the Public School in this town, will be held on Wednesday the 19th inst. at which the parents of the pupils, and others who are desirous to observe their progress in learning, are requested to attend.

Kingston, 1st Dec. 1810. 2w

FOR SALE,

A QUANTITY of excellent WHISKY, by the Barrel, on reasonable terms for Cash, at the Store of

AUG. BOITON.

Kingston, Sept. 25, 1810. 1—C

BAGG & HAGAR,

HAVE just received from LONDON, and offer for sale, at their

Hat Store & Factor,

No. 100 St. Paul Street, Montreal, next door from M. Bellot, Gates & Co.

A General Assortment of Gentlemen's fine BEAVER HATS; 6 ft. Water Proof, Leighorn and Willow; Ladies' and Children's beaver and straw BONNETS, the latest fashions and best quality. ALSO, Military Folding Hats, elegantly trimmed; Hat TRIMMINGS, &c. &c. which were imported upon as good terms, and will be sold as cheap or cheaper than can be bought in the country.

They have also a variety of HATS of their own make, which they are willing to warrant to be as durable as any ever offered for sale in CANADA.

Overst from the country thankfully received, and kindly acknowledged. — CASH paid for PUBL. MONTREAL, Nov. 25, 1810. 1—C

MONTREAL HAT WAREHOUSE,

At the Sign of the MILITARY HAT, No. 54, Old Market Place.

Jabez D. De Witt,

MOST respectfully informs the Public, that he has on hand a most "large and complete assortment of HATS, HAT TRIMMINGS, &c. &c. &c. or *what* which are, Ladies' most fashionable black hats & Bonnets, viz. White do. Maids' do. & children's do.

Light fawn do. do. do. do.
Drab do. do. do. do.
Hair, brown do. do. do.
Olive do. do. do.
Purple do. do. do.
Blue do. do. do.
And Green do. do. do.

LTT TRIMMINGS, viz.

Pink Linings Green Linings
Red do. White do.
Orange do. Blue do. [peryd.
Yellow do. Blk do. fr. 1/6 to 3/9
Hat Covers of every kind in use.

BINDINGS.

Best military bindings for cocked hats; Black Gaiolons from 10/- to 30/- per Doce.

Best drab do.

Com. do. do.

Best black and drab Bands;

Common do. do.

White and black worsted Looping;

Common white Hat Buckles; steel do.

Yellow Union ditto; white do. do.

Cords and Tassels } of all sizes & colors, for

Fancy Trimmings } Ladies' Bonnets.

Extra large Cords for Ladies' Pelisses.

Fash. fancy Trimmings for do. [Bonnets.

Plumes of all colors, for Ladies' & Children's

All of which will be sold at the most reduced prices, for cash or short and approved credit.

Montreal, Sept. 10, 1810. 1—f

Lewis Lyman & Co.

HAVE received by the late arrivals, a FRESH SUPPLY of Drugs & Medicines,

Which they offer on their usual terms: Among which are the following articles, viz.

Aloes	British Oil
Anatto	Cephalic Balsm
Allum	Chin's Bilious Pills
Anniseed	Court Plaster
Arrow Root	Castor Oil
Aqua Fortis	Elixir Paregoric
Bitter Almonds	Elix. Peppermint
Borax	— Bergamotte
Barley Sugar	— Lavender
Camphor	— Lemon
Cantharides	Salt Lemons
Cloves	Godfrey's Cordial
Cinnamon	Hooper's Female Pills
Castia	James' Analeptic do.
Crem Tartar	Jesuit's Drops
Calomel	Lee's Bilious Pills
Camomile	Refined Liquorice
Copperas	Sei Peignant
Fol Senna	Steers' Opodeldoc
Flor Sulphur	Turlington's Balsam
Gentian	Tooth Brushes
Glauber Salts	Walkden's Japan Ink
Gum Arabic	do. Powder
— Copal	Windsor Soap
— Arafactida	
— Guaiac	
Isinglass	Spis. Turpentine
Jalap	Dry White Lead
Liquorice	Kegs White Paint
Mace	do. Red do.
Magnesia	Patent Yellow
Manna	Verdigris
Nutmegs	Prussian Blue
Nutgalls	Spruce Yellow
Turkey Opium	2000 Books Gold Leaf
Oil Peppermint	Silver do.
— Vitriol	Flake White
Peruvian Bark	Black Lead
Pink Root	Ivory Black
Rhubarb	Whiting
Sago	Spanish Brown
Saltpetre	Rose Pink
Sugar Candy	Dutch Pink
Peppermint Loz.	Bees Wax
Honey.	White Wax
Tartar Emetic	Madder
Roman Vitriol	Cannwood
Anderdon's Pills	Ginger
Balsam Honey	Indigo ALSO,

A General Assortment of Shop Furniture—Vials assorted—Table Glass—Trepanning & Amputating Instruments, &c. &c. Commission Business, transacted as usual.

Montreal, 4th Sept. 1810. 1—f

Writing and Wrapping Paper for sale at this office.

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