

TO THE ELECTORS OF KINGSTON and PORTSMOUTH

Ladies and Gentlemen:—

Having been honored at a representative convention of the Liberals of this Riding by being chosen as their candidate to contest the coming Federal election, I am appealing to you as a supporter of the Liberal Party for the following reasons:

1. Because the Liberals have brought the country from chaos to prosperity between 1921 and 1926.
2. They have, by means of the Robb Budget, reduced taxation, and at the same time have reduced the public debt. Mr. Robb promises still further reductions if returned to power.
3. The Liberal Government has placed the Canadian National Railways on a paying basis, and has eliminated politics from this great public enterprise.
4. The Liberal Government enacted the Old Age Pensions scheme, which was turned down by the Tory majority in the Senate, but will be introduced by the Liberals at the first opportunity.
5. Because it is absolutely certain that the Liberal Government will be returned to power, and we should be represented on the government side of the House to look after the interests of Kingston and Portsmouth.
6. I am very keenly interested in all matters affecting the workers, and will pledge my support to the Old Age Pensions Bill and other matters of vital interest to the laboring classes of our country.
7. I have always advocated that full justice should be done to our returned men, and that no man who served his country overseas during the Great War should have any just cause for complaint against this country. I have watched the legislation passed by the Mackenzie King Government in the interests of the returned soldiers, and believe they have endeavored to deal fairly with all. All legislation in the interests of our returned men will receive my support if you elect me to Parliament.
8. I am in favor of a Tariff that will be beneficial to all classes and give ample protection to industry, and I will also support any measure that will have for its object the good of the people generally and the workers in particular.

Very truly yours,
Jas. Halliday

MR. JAMES WILD IS LEAVING WELLINGTON

Engaged in Work at the Friends' Church for Over Six Years.

Wellington, Sept. 2.—James Wild and family are leaving Wellington this month. This information is heard with regret on all sides, not only from the people of the village, but from those who live in the surrounding community. Mr. Wild is going to Moncton, Vermont, to take a federated appointment, where he will preach in the two Methodist churches in Moncton as well as in the Friends' church. The family will live in the Friends' parsonage at Moncton Ridge, eighteen miles from Burlington. Moncton is a rural appointment with much scope. Mr. Wild visited the field a month ago and was favorably impressed with the opportunity for good service. It has been arranged that Hubert Wild will go to Oakwood, Friends' boarding school at Poughkeepsie, N.Y.

James Wild has been in Wellington six-and-a-quarter years, coming out from England in the spring of 1920. The Friends' meeting in Wellington had been without a minister for five years, and as a consequence was low in attendance. Mr. Wild built up the congregation, particularly the Sunday evening meetings which he opened soon after he came. The week night prayer meetings were started by him. These are held during the winter in cottages and draw men and women of all churches.

In Young People's work, Mr. Wild has been successful; and it is especially through his pastoral and sick visitation that he has become so well liked. Mr. Wild also helped in all the work of the church, and particularly with the visitation where she had special concern for those who were shut in and deprived of the privilege of attending church services.

In the United church work of the community, Mr. Wild has always taken his share. He has been secretary of the Prohibition Union, president of the Bible Society and president of the Hillier township Sunday School Association.

As a journalist, Mr. Wild was widely known. He has been a regular contributor to the county newspapers, not only with news items and those concerning religious activities in the community, but has had numerous articles on books and current topics, particularly peace and temperance.

Our village was a place of exodus on Tuesday, August 31st, when the greater number of the summer campers returned to their homes in the city and town in time for the opening of schools. Among some of the removals are noted the following:

Rev. and Mrs. J. U. Robins and family have returned to Bowmanville, after two months in their cottage.

Inspector and Mrs. J. E. Benson and daughters returned Sunday to their home in Windsor. Miss Angie Benson will return to Queen's when college opens. Prof. and Mrs. A. G. Dorland and family are leaving their cottage this week for their home at London, Ont. Prof. Dorland is on the staff of the Western University.

Mr. and Mrs. Elton Beale and family, who have been summer residents of Wellington returned on Tuesday to their homes in Toronto.

Rev. and Mrs. D. C. Ramsay and family, Belleville, have returned home after two months at the Geddes cottage.

Rev. W. J. H. Smyth is having holidays at Onemee and Bobersygeon. His pulpit work on Sunday was taken by Rev. D. R. Clark, of Welcome, and Rev. D. C. Ramsay, M.A., of John street church, Belleville.

Miss Lillian Leveridge, noted Canadian poet, was a visitor at Mrs. Thomas Boyle's on Wednesday. Miss Ruby Nash left on Saturday for Edmonton, to resume teaching after a year's absence in England and on the continent.

Mr. and Mrs. Burton Elliott and children, of Napane, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Campbell. Mrs. (Dr.) McCulloch returned home on Monday from Peterboro, where she was visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Moore. Mr. and Mrs. James Wild were in Kingston on Monday. Prof. Caesar and James Magshall were in this vicinity on Friday on investigation work in connection with the corn borer.

Mrs. (Dr.) Norman, of Robson, B.C., has spent a week with her mother, Mrs. Nash.

Mrs. (Rev.) Manson Doyle, of Toronto, is with her mother, Mrs. S. C. Saylor. Mr. W. H. Garratt, after spending a few weeks at his home in Wellington, returned to Bowmanville on Monday, to the home of his daughter, Mrs. Edsell. Mr. and Mrs. Bellamy, of Brighton, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Ireland.

The Wellington Consolidated school reopened on Wednesday with the following teachers on the staff: Principal, Everett Bright, of Brampton; assistant, Lewis C. Murphy, Colborne; Fourth class, Miss Anne Brownson, Belleville; Third class (Sr.), Miss Hilda Hudgins, Picton; Third class (Jr.), Miss Grace Sanders, Wellington; Second class, Miss Ruby Pettingill, Wellington; First class, Mrs. Vera Veal, Wooler; Primary, Miss Helena Harrison, Picton.

The schools record on the recent departmental examinations was excellent.

Miss Lily Brimley has left to teach in her new school at Concession Lake.

Cocoas grows best under the shade of trees.

The Recent Strong Rise of the French Franc

Serves as a Reminder to Astute Investors of the Substantial Profit Possibilities

IN

French Government 6% Bonds

WE BELIEVE that an investment made today in French Government 6% Bonds (Loan authorized Dec. 16th, 1920; redeemable at par at the option of the Government on or after Jan. 1st, 1931), presents an exceptional opportunity for profit on any material advance in the value of French money (Franc).

Due to the depreciation of French Franc a French Government 6% Bond (of 1,000 francs denomination) can now be bought for \$32.00, with French exchange at normal (19.3c per Franc) the same Bond would have a value of \$193.00. International bankers believe French Francs will sell at 10 cents per Franc before very long. Just think what this means to French Government Bonds; with the Franc worth 10 cents, each Bond of 1,000 francs will have a value of \$100.00—a rise of over 212%—or a profit of \$68.00 for every \$32.00 invested today. With the Franc selling at 15 cents, each Bond of 1,000 Francs will have a value of \$150.00, a rise of more than 370%, or a net profit of \$118.00 for each Bond of 1,000 francs, or for every \$32.00 invested today.

We made a lengthy and thorough investigation to determine the best way to buy French Francs for maximum profits. We are of the opinion that these French Government 6% Bonds afford the best medium, for they represent to French investors precisely what British Government and our Canadian Government Victory Bonds represent to us, being legal investments for every Institution, Trust Fund and Savings Bank in France, and constituting a strictly high-grade Government investment. They may be sold again instantly for spot cash, as they are listed on the Paris Stock Exchange and traded in throughout the financial centers of the world. The interest coupons (payable June and December 16th) have always been paid promptly on the dot, and can be cashed in Montreal, New York, London, and other financial centers through our House, banks or other institutions.

French Government Bonds will, we believe, unquestionably come back to normal (\$193.00 per 1,000-franc Bond.) The United States were financially bankrupt after the Civil War. Their securities could be bought for a song, yet in a few years the Americans were on their financial feet again, and today are considered the richest nation in the world.

Even England was once faced with what seemed to be a financial disaster. With Napoleon virtually pounding at her gates, British Bonds went for next to nothing, but the victory at Waterloo sent them sky-rocketing. The Rothschild family accumulated the major portion of its wealth by investing in British bonds and selling them when Wellington's victory became known.

The experience of France, too, bankrupt at the hands of Bismarck, is within the memory of living man. Her Bonds sold down to 7% of their value after the Franco-Prussian War. They appeared hopeless, yet in two years they had recovered 95%, making fortunes for the far-sighted investors who had the courage to invest in them. When millions of men and populations of nations lend their collective efforts to the task—nothing is impossible. The French franc will undoubtedly come back to normal.

A study of history convinces one forcibly that the most difficult thing in the world to destroy is national existence. History is repeating itself. The opportunity of a lifetime, to earn remarkable profits, exists today for investors, through the purchase of these high-grade French Government Bonds. They rank as the pre-eminent class of French Government securities, and are virtually a first mortgage on the entire assets and resources of the vast and wealthy Republic of France. The Bonds are valid for 30 years after maturity, and the interest coupons for 5 years after their respective maturity dates, thus enabling the investor to cash them at any time the exchange rates are favorable.

France is a first-class commercial, naval and military power of the world. French industries are thriving and working overtime. France is exporting goods to every country of the globe; her shipping is crowding the world's ports, and the nation shows every evidence of industrial and economic progress. Reparation payments from Germany are further enhancing the French treasury. These conditions will be quickly reflected in a rapid rise in the French Franc, which in turn increases the value of French Government Bonds. That is why we urge you to buy French Government Bonds NOW, while they are on the bargain counter.

Table Showing Present Price and Possibilities

Denominations or Amount	Present Price	With Bonds at Par and Franc at:		
		7 Cents	15 Cents	19.3 Cents
1,000 Francs, French Government 6% Bonds	\$ 32.00	\$ 70.00	\$ 150.00	\$ 193.00
2,000 Francs, French Government 6% Bonds	64.00	140.00	300.00	386.00
5,000 Francs, French Government 6% Bonds	160.00	350.00	750.00	965.00
10,000 Francs, French Government 6% Bonds	320.00	700.00	1,500.00	1,930.00
25,000 Francs, French Government 6% Bonds	800.00	1,750.00	3,750.00	4,825.00
50,000 Francs, French Government 6% Bonds	1,600.00	3,500.00	7,500.00	9,650.00
100,000 Francs, French Government 6% Bonds	3,200.00	7,000.00	15,000.00	19,300.00

WE ARE selling a large number of these Bonds at the above price, which covers every expense. Upon receipt of accepted cheque or money order we will at once confirm sale. Bonds are forwarded by registered and insured mail. Order will not be sent to us until we have our clients select those bonds which will make the most money for them and make it most quickly. Our interest does not cease after a sale, for it is our constant aim to keep in touch with our clients, throughout the length and breadth of Canada, the United States and Newfoundland, to render it gratuitous service, informing clients when Bonds rise in market value, and informing them whether or not we deem it advisable to sell. This service is expensive to ourselves, but its value to our clients is incalculable.

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for the purchase from you of francs in French Government 6% Bonds (Loan of 1920), which you are to forward me by registered and insured mail.

Name..... Address.....

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INTEREST INCOME

The income from the average corporation of industrial Bond is fixed, that is to say, a 5% Bond of \$1,000 denomination yields exactly \$50.00 every year until maturity. The income from French Government 6% Bonds comes from the attractive features of an ordinary share, or share of common stock. While the income expressed in French money remains fixed the value of that money to the Canadian or American investor depends upon the exchange value of the French franc expressed in dollars.

Thus it will be seen that at the present rate for the franc the holder of a 10,000-Franc Bond will receive for his coupons aggregating always 600 francs per annum a sum in Canadian money equivalent to a return of nearly 7% on his investment, that is, on the cost of his 10,000-Franc Bond which at the present time is \$320.00.

When the franc reaches 10 cents, however, the value of the coupons will be much higher; 600 francs will be worth \$60.00 which on an investment of \$320.00, is equal to a yield of 18%. Few common stocks offer so attractive a return.

When the franc has reached 10 cents or \$1,000-franc Bond the return will be proportionately higher. Every 600 franc's interest coupons will bring \$60.00 when valued. Hence the yield is more than 18%.

At 15 cents per franc the coupons on a 10,000-franc Bond costing only \$320.00 today (normal value \$1,930.00—a profit on the principal of \$1,610.00) will be worth \$90.00, representing a return of over 30%.

And lastly, with the franc at par, i.e. 19.3 cents or \$1,930.00 per 10,000-franc Bond, the coupons for one year amounting to 600 francs will be worth \$115.80—an amount equivalent to a return of nearly 36% on the original investment of \$320.00.

The Swiss franc a few years ago was worth only 15.16 cents or \$15,160.00 per 100,000 francs—yet today it is quoted above par or at more than \$19,300.00 per 100,000 francs. The value of 100,000 Swiss francs has increased by more than \$4,140.00 within a comparatively short space of time.

The Dutch Guilder, Holland's monetary unit, following the war depreciated from its par value of 40.20 cents or \$40,200.00 per 100,000 guilders, to 29.3 cents or \$29,300.00 per 100,000. TO-DAY 100,000 guilders are again worth \$40,200.00, showing a NET RISE of \$10,900.00.

The Swedish krona, normally worth 24.8 cents or \$24,800.00 per 100,000 krona, dropped to 17.46 cents or \$17,460.00 per 100,000. In a few years the unit has completely recovered all its losses and at present the value of 100,000 Swedish krona is \$26,800.00. During the period the value of 100,000 krona increased by \$9,340.00.

In less than two years the Japanese yen has RISEN from 37.37 cents or \$37,370.00 per 100,000 yen, to 46.95 cents or \$46,950.00 per 100,000. Despite the great havoc wrought by the earthquake on the country's economic life, the value of 100,000 yen has increased by \$9,580.00 IN LESS THAN TWENTY-FOUR MONTHS.

Everyone knows how well has been the rise in Danish and Norwegian currencies. The countries have been faced with critical economic conditions but the Danish krona is now worth 24.50 cents or \$24,500.00 per 100,000 krona, whereas in 1911 it had fallen to 12 cents or \$12,000.00 per 100,000. The value of 100,000 Danish krona has increased by \$12,500.00 in less than five years.

The Norwegian krona has RISEN from 11.7 cents or \$11,700.00 per 100,000 krona to 22.46 cents or \$22,460.00 per 100,000, showing a NET RISE OF \$10,760.00 PER 100,000 DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

The Spanish peseta from 11.75 cents or \$11,750.00 per 100,000 pesetas a few years ago, has now recovered to 15.54 cents or \$15,540.00 per 100,000 and the unit is expected to touch par this year.

Leading South American currencies show similar wide improvements. Within three years the Brazilian milreis has advanced from 3.55 cents or \$3,550.00 per 100,000 milreis to 11.07 cents or \$11,070.00 per 100,000, showing a NET GAIN OF \$7,520.00 PER 100,000 MILREIS. The Argentine peso has also advanced from only 28.37 cents or \$28,370.00 per 100,000 pesos to 48.43 cents or \$48,430.00 per 100,000 pesos, showing a NET RISE OF \$20,060.00 PER 100,000 ARGENTINE PESOS HAS INCREASED BY \$20,060.00.

In the light of these accomplishments it is easy to see that France with a balanced budget, debt standing at a minimum, is in a position to ADVANCE UPON THE ROAD TO FINANCIAL RECOVERY, and pay the bonds of 1920 for 19.3 cents or \$19,300.00 per 100,000 francs within the comparatively near future.

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GAVE FINE ADDRESSES.

Harold Fisher and H. H. Horsey at Adolphustown.
Adolphustown, Aug. 30.—The recent wet weather was very bad for a great deal of grain in stocks but the growing has been resumed. Messrs. Albert and Harold Magee brought a

new separator from Picton last week.

Many from here attended the Napane exhibition last week. The fruit and vegetable display was not large but the lateness of the season is accountable for that. Dr. G. G. and Mrs. Membrey, Waterhaven, Fla., are renewing acquaintances in

Adolphustown, also Mrs. D. W. Roblin, Kingston.

Mrs. F. Lesler, Miss Yeomans and Mrs. Dunning, Brighton, and Mr. and Mrs. F. Kirkpatrick, London, Mr. and Mrs. C. Kirkpatrick and daughter, Hamilton, returned home on Sunday accompanied by Miss Jean Magee, Harold Fisher, Ottawa, and H. H. Horsey, Liberal candidate

for Prince Edward-Lennox, addressed a well-filled hall last Tuesday evening. Both gentlemen gave interesting educational addresses.

The country housewife who has no water system in the house carries twenty tons of water in and out in a year, and spends thirty days union time doing it.