

THE CITY COUNCIL HOLDS UP TOURIST ASSOCIATION GRANT

Until a Further Opinion is Received From the City Solicitor—Another Meeting to Be Held on Friday Evening.

"That the matter of a grant to the local Tourists' Association be left in abeyance until a further opinion be had from the city solicitor, as to a grant to the Board of Trade, or some other means of assisting the Association legally, and that a special meeting be called for Friday evening."

The above resolution was passed at a special meeting of the City Council, held on Wednesday night, when the proposition of the Tourists' Association, to have a number of business men indemnify the City Council, to the extent of \$2,000, in case an injunction was issued, following the opinion given by the City Solicitor, that it would be illegal for the council to make a grant of money to be spent outside the corporation, and that it would be equally illegal to make a grant to the Tourists' Association. The question came within an ace of going to a vote and from the feeling expressed, it looked very much as if the proposition of the Tourists' Association would have been voted down.

Mayor Angrove placed himself on record as being opposed to the work at the camp being proceeded with, in view of the opinion of the city solicitor that it would be illegal to make the grant.

Ald. Milne also placed himself on record as being opposed, and while several of the Aldermen did not give their views before the Council, it is known that they would have voted against the proposition.

Resolution Presented. At the opening of the meeting, the resolution from the Tourists' Association giving the names of the business men who had offered to make good the \$2,000, provided an injunction was issued, was read, and Ald. Martin, chairman of the Tourists' Association, moved to have the city engineer call for tenders for the erection of the lavatories, installation of the water supply and other work required for the camp, and that the city auditor be authorized to pass all the accounts for the work.

The city clerk, Dr. W. W. Sands questioned the right of the council to authorize the auditor to pass accounts. He said the auditor was guided in his work by the Municipal Act.

Ald. Martin said that he understood that if anything came before the auditor that was not in accord with the Municipal Act, that the auditor referred the same back to the finance committee.

Dr. Sands stated that if the city auditor, in his judgment, found that an account was not in accord with the Municipal Act, he would put it up to council, and then council would

take action, and the duty of the auditor was over.

As objection was taken to the city auditor being asked to pass the accounts, Ald. Martin withdrew that portion of his resolution that had reference to the city auditor passing the accounts.

Up to the Council. Mayor Angrove pointed out that the City Council had adjourned for the summer months, and he could not take on himself the onus of signing the accounts. He was, however, prepared to do what the council authorized him to do.

Mayor Angrove explained that when the council made the grant of \$2,000, at a recent meeting, it was not known that it was illegal on the part of the council, to make this grant.

"Now, the city solicitor states that it is illegal to pass this amount," added Mayor Angrove. "I am putting it up fairly and squarely. If you pass this to-night, you are passing something illegal, so go to it."

"Could not this grant go to the Tourists' Association?" asked Ald. Driscoll.

"That would be illegal too," said the mayor.

At this stage of the proceedings, Dr. Sands asked the members of the council if it was their wish that he take part in the discussion and the reply came "yes."

Council's Resolution. Dr. Sands then explained that the resolution passed by Council on April 15th, voting the sum of \$2,000 to the Tourists' Association, instructed the city engineer to prepare plans and call for tenders for the work, and to be overseer of the job. Tonight another motion had been put to the council to call for tenders, while the old resolution of the council had not been rescinded. However, the point now was as to whether or not the matter was legal or illegal. If the work went on, the accounts would come before the finance committee. The Mayor had stated that on account of the opinion of the city solicitor, he would not O.K. these accounts, therefore they would not be passed by the treasurer. Would the Mayor O.K. the accounts if the council instructed him to do so? Council had adjourned for the summer and the only way would be for the council to authorize the Mayor to pass the accounts.

"Perhaps the Mayor should be authorized to pass these accounts," said Ald. Martin.

"I will sign them if authorized to do so," remarked the Mayor.

After some further discussion, it was decided to withdraw the motion presented by Ald. Martin, and draft another one.

"But the city solicitor states that it is illegal to make the grant," said Ald. J. E. Johnston. "Are you going to say that we will spend this money?"

Ald. Martin, seconded by Ald. Laturney, then moved, "that the Mayor be authorized to pay the accounts when presented, in accordance with the resolution of the council re tourist camp, April 15th, 1926, in view of the guarantee of indemnity submitted to council signed by Oscar F. Cook and others."

Ald. McCartney stated that he liked to see things done "On the square." He said the city auditor dealt with all the accounts and he could not see why he should be left out of the matter. He regarded the question as a rather delicate one, although he was satisfied the men mentioned were willing to put up the money. "And I would be willing to do so myself," added the alderman.

Favored Going Ahead. "I am in favor of going on with the camp," said Ald. Kidd, "and I think the public-spirited men who have put up this money are deserving of a great deal of credit. If this is voted down, we have no other place to have the camp. The season is late, and we should go ahead without further delay. There is a little opposition to the establishment of the camp, but I do not think it is very strong. If a vote were taken, I believe that eighty-five or ninety per cent of the people would vote in favor of it. It is a public enterprise. I know there is a technicality, and it is not our wish to over ride the city solicitor, but other cities have these camps, and we want one. I am quite willing to take a chance. It is too bad that several of the aldermen are not present to-night. Council as a whole voted in favor of the camp, when the sum of \$2,000 was granted to the Tourists' Association."

Mayor Angrove's Stand. "In justice to myself and to all engaged in this work I want to say that we have tried to carry on in a legal way," said Mayor Angrove. "And I will take the risk of being accused of holding up the tourist camp up to the present. I would like to have had the communication of Mr. Wilkinson, law clerk at Toronto, sent to Mr. Rigney in regard to this matter, placed before the council. It is of vital interest. You are to be asked to vote on something the city solicitor says is illegal. That is the reason I would not agree to sign. You are asked to vote against that advice. For my part, I cannot do it, and I am going to place myself on record. Public-spirited men have offered to put up the money required, and I think they should be thank-

ed for their kind offer. But if the council puts the matter through, let the council take the responsibility. The council is in a most humiliating position. I think if the Board of Trade had asked the City Council for a grant of \$2,000, it might have been legal. The letter received from Toronto stated that there was no legislation by which the municipality could make a grant to the Tourists' Association. I think this letter should have been brought here.

"I am not talking against the tourist camp," added the Mayor. "I might state that \$500 was voted to the Ontario Tourists' Association some time ago, and no objection was taken. Certain citizens in the hotel business appear to have thrown a scare about issuing an injunction. I think if the work had been proceeded with, the accounts would have been paid and we would not have known that it was illegal, but tonight we do know that it is illegal. You will have an opportunity to vote the way you think is right. I wish there was some way out of it."

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BORDEN'S EAGLE BRAND MILK

In the following charts and data we provide the Canadian mother with the necessary information she may require for the use of Borden's Eagle Brand Milk for her child. You will note that the directions provide for a child from three days of age through until the child is 24 months old.

In addition to the directions for feeding Borden's Eagle Brand Milk, the mother should read carefully the suggestions which should be adopted in connection with the use of Borden's Eagle Brand Milk. The Borden Company Limited is proud of the fact that it has been helpful in the raising of many, many Canadian infants into sturdy boys and girls and men and women who are a credit to their country. For further information, do not hesitate to write direct to The Borden Company Limited—Montreal.

TABLE OF DILUTION STRENGTH AND TIMES OF FEEDING "EAGLE BRAND" CONDENSED MILK

AGE	Hours Between Feedings	Feedings During the Night	Quantity At each Feeding	Quantity Fed in 24 Hours	Teaspoonfuls of "EAGLE BRAND" to ounces of boiled water	Feedings in 24 Hours
3 to 7 Days	2	2	1 to 1½ ozs.	10 to 15 ozs.	1 teaspoonful "EAGLE BRAND" to 1½ ounces water	10
2 to 3 weeks	2	2	1½ to 2 ozs.	15 to 20 ozs.	1 teaspoonful "EAGLE BRAND" to 2 ounces water	10
4 to 5 weeks	2	1	2½ to 3½ ozs.	22 to 32 ozs.	2½ teaspoonfuls "EAGLE BRAND" to 4 ounces water	9
6 weeks to 3 months	2½	1	3 to 4½ ozs.	24 to 36 ozs.	3 teaspoonfuls "EAGLE BRAND" to 4 ounces water	8
3 to 5 Months	3	1	4 to 5½ ozs.	28 to 38 ozs.	4 teaspoonfuls "EAGLE BRAND" to 5 ounces water	7
5 to 9 Months	3	0	5 to 7 ozs.	30 to 42 ozs.	5 teaspoonfuls "EAGLE BRAND" to 6 ounces water	6
9 to 12 Months	3½	0	7 to 9 ozs.	35 to 45 ozs.	6 teaspoonfuls "EAGLE BRAND" to 7 ounces water	5

IMPORTANT.—In preparing feeding mixtures it is imperative that all utensils, bottles, nipples, etc., should be sterilized in boiling water before using. Use a dry spoon in removing contents from the can, and in measuring be careful to pour from can to spoon, allowing the milk in the spoon to level itself. Repeat this procedure with every spoonful measured, using the same spoon every time. This will insure accurate measurement and produce the best results.

DIET FOR CHILD DURING THE SECOND YEAR

Usually after the twelfth month, the mother should select a diet schedule. Every new article of food should be carefully prepared, and given at first in very small quantities. All meals are to be given regularly, with nothing between meals. With many children this expansion of the diet list is attended with considerable difficulty. They are thoroughly satisfied with milk, and refuse all other form of nourishment. In such cases, withhold the milk until the more solid articles of food have been eaten. If both are given at the same time, the child will prefer the milk and when he has finished drinking it he will refuse the solid food. The following diet schedule will permit the mother to select a suitable meal from the foods listed. It is never advisable to make a change in diet during very hot weather.

NOTE: One teaspoonful of EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK added to one ounce of boiled water results in a mixture equivalent in nutritive value to whole milk. Whenever the word milk appears in the following diet, EAGLE BRAND should be diluted accordingly.

12th to 15th Month—FIVE MEALS DAILY

7 A.M.—Oatmeal, barley, or wheat jelly, one to two tablespoonfuls in 6 or 8 ounces of milk. Stale bread and butter, or rusk and butter.

9 A.M.—The juice of one orange.

11 A.M.—Scraped rare beef, one to three tablespoonfuls, mixed with equal quantity of bread and moistened with beef-juice. Or a soft-boiled egg mixed with stale bread-crumbs; a piece of rusk and 6 or 8 ounces of milk.

3 P.M.—Beef, chicken, or mutton broth, with rice or stale bread broken into the broth. Six ounces of milk, if wanted. Stale bread and butter or rusk and butter. Many children at the above age will take and digest apple-sauce and prune pulp; when these are given, milk should be omitted.

6 P.M.—Two tablespoonfuls of cereal jelly in 8 ounces of milk; a piece of rusk. Stale bread and butter.

10 P.M.—A tablespoonful of cereal jelly in 8 ounces of milk.

15th to 18th Month—FOUR MEALS DAILY

7 A.M.—Oatmeal, hominy, cornmeal, each cooked three hours the day before they are used. When the cooking is completed the cereal should be of the consistency of a thin paste. This is strained through a colander, which upon cooling will form a mass of jelly-like consistency. Of this give two to three tablespoonfuls, served with milk. 8 or 10 ounces of milk as a drink. Toast.

9 A.M.—The juice of one orange.

11 A.M.—A soft-boiled egg mixed with stale bread-crumbs, or one tablespoonful of scraped beef mixed with stale bread-crumbs and moistened with beef-juice. A drink of milk. Rusk or bran biscuit, or stale bread and butter.

3 P.M.—Mutton, chicken, or beef broth, with rice or junket or with stale bread broken in the broth. Custard, corn-starch, plain rice pudding, junket, stewed prunes, baked apple or apple sauce.

6 P.M.—Farina, cream of wheat, wheatena (cooked two hours). Give from one to three tablespoonfuls, served with milk. A drink of milk. Rusk or stale bread and butter.

18th to 24th Month—FOUR MEALS DAILY

7 A.M.—Cornmeal, oatmeal, hominy (prepared as in the above schedule). Serve with milk, or with butter and salt. A soft-boiled egg every two or three days. Hashed chicken on toast occasionally. A drink of milk. Bran biscuit and butter, or stale bread and butter.

9 A.M.—The juice of one orange.

11 A.M.—Rare beef minced or scraped; the heart of a lamb chop, finely cut. Chicken. Spinach, asparagus tips, squash, strained stewed tomatoes, stewed carrots, mashed cauliflower. Baked apple or apple-sauce. Stale bread and butter. After the twenty-first month, baked potatoes and well-cooked strained beans.

3 P.M.—Chicken, beef or mutton broth, with rice or with stale bread broken into the broth. Custard, corn-starch, or plain rice pudding, junket, stewed prunes. Bran biscuit and butter or stale bread and butter.

6 P.M.—Farina, cream of wheat, wheatena (each cooked two hours). Give one to three tablespoonfuls, served with milk, or with butter and salt. A drink of milk. Rusk or stale bread and butter.

The following suggestions have proved to be helpful when properly used with bottle feedings, and they may be used in conjunction with Eagle Brand Condensed Milk.

Always pour the milk from the can into the spoon—allowing it to level itself but not run over. You can readily understand that by dipping the spoon into the can you get more than a level spoonful, because of the milk that would adhere to the bottom of the spoon. When you have added the milk to the water stir thoroughly. This is important. After opening, it is safe to leave the milk in the original can. We recommend that you cover the can tightly with an inverted cup, and keep it in a cool, clean place.

ORANGE JUICE

When baby is four months old, give one teaspoonful of strained orange juice, diluted with equal quantity of boiled water, once daily before feeding time. Gradually increase the amount until you are giving the strained juice of a half of an orange undiluted, once daily before feeding time. Orange juice may be continued until child is old enough to eat other fruits as well as oranges.

OATMEAL JELLY

When baby is five months old, add one teaspoonful of oatmeal jelly to each feeding. Gradually increase the amount until you are adding three tablespoonfuls of oatmeal jelly to each feeding. To make oatmeal jelly add four ounces of oatmeal to one pint of water; boil for three hours in a double boiler, and add enough water so when cooking is completed a thin paste will be formed. This while hot is forced through a strainer to remove coarser particles. When cold a semi-mass will be formed. Oatmeal jelly may be continued until child is old enough to eat well cooked whole cereals.

CONSTIPATION

Oatmeal water very often relieves this condition. To make oatmeal water add one heaping tablespoonful of oatmeal to one pint of water, and boil for three hours in a double boiler. This will make a little more than half a pint of thick gruel to which add one pint of water that has been boiled. After straining mixture through fine strainer, you should have a little more than a pint of whitish liquid. This should be used with each feeding instead of the plain boiled water. If you find that this makes bowels too loose, dilute oatmeal water with plain boiled water.

Barley or rice water may be used instead of oatmeal water. If necessary two to three drops of plain codliver oil may be given twice daily added to the morning and night feedings.

DIARRHEA

Give nothing but plain boiled water for twenty-four hours. Then start feeding with barley water, or rice water, to which has been added a little salt to improve the taste. If these feedings are retained, and bowel movements lessened, small amounts of very weak regular feedings may be started and gradually increased according to baby's condition. If your baby does not improve after trying the above suggestions, consult your doctor at once.

BARLEY WATER

Obtain the very best barley flour. Add one rounded tablespoonful to one pint of water. Boil for thirty minutes, strain; then add enough water to make one pint.

RICE WATER

Add one tablespoonful of rice to a pint of water. Boil three hours, adding water from time to time so that you will have one pint of rice water at the end of the three hours.

LIME WATER

It is seldom necessary to use lime water with Eagle Brand Milk but should there be undigested particles of food in the bowel movements (which seems to be otherwise normal) or should there be vomiting of large curds shortly after feeding—or colic—it would be then advisable to try lime water. Obtain freshly prepared lime water at the Druggists, of which add 1 to 2 teaspoonfuls to each feeding.

COLIC OR VOMITING

These conditions may be due to over feeding, or constipation. Reduce quantity of food and use constipation formula, or lime water formula, as given above.

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ed for their kind offer. But if the council puts the matter through, let the council take the responsibility. The council is in a most humiliating position. I think if the Board of Trade had asked the City Council for a grant of \$2,000, it might have been legal. The letter received from Toronto stated that there was no legislation by which the municipality could make a grant to the Tourists' Association. I think this letter should have been brought here.

"I am not talking against the tourist camp," added the Mayor. "I might state that \$500 was voted to the Ontario Tourists' Association some time ago, and no objection was taken. Certain citizens in the hotel business appear to have thrown a scare about issuing an injunction. I think if the work had been proceeded with, the accounts would have been paid and we would not have known that it was illegal, but tonight we do know that it is illegal. You will have an opportunity to vote the way you think is right. I wish there was some way out of it."

"Can you offer any suggestions?" asked Ald. Kidd, of the Mayor.

Board of Trade. "I wish the Board of Trade would take it up," replied the Mayor. "We have no right to do anything illegal. I have not been blocking this matter, but I have been accused of it. I took an oath and so did all the members of council, to carry on the business of the city in a proper manner. Perhaps we could get the opinion of the city solicitor as to a grant to the Board of Trade. Surely there is a right way to handle this matter."

from Kingston's standpoint, not to have the tourist camp. The season was well on, and yet there had been no action.

"Has the chairman of the property committee anything to offer?" asked Ald. Kidd.

"We have the fair grounds," was the reply of Ald. J. E. Johnston, chairman of the property committee.

"We are trying to solve ways and means to secure accommodation for the tourists coming to the city," said Ald. Kidd. "Unfortunately there has been an obstruction in our plans. We have selected Lake Ontario Park for the camp, and apparently there is no other suitable place. The by-law for the making of alterations to the fair grounds has been defeated, and we have that to contend with. I would say, let the matter stand over and have another consultation with the city solicitor. I think the citizens appreciate the work of the Tourists' Association. Many tourists are already arriving in the city, and they have no place to go."

"What about the City Park?" asked Ald. Carson.

Ald. Martin pointed out that last year Ottawa secured special legislation so as they could expend up to \$2,000, and they are maintaining two men at Montreal, to help divert the tourist traffic through Ontario, their way.

Withdrew Motion. Ald. Martin said that it had been shown by the solicitor that it would be illegal for the Council to grant the money for the camp, but the majority of the citizens wanted a properly conducted camp, and he felt that the technicality would soon right itself. "I do not want to do anything illegal," he added.

At this juncture Ald. Martin withdrew his motion to authorize the Mayor to pay the accounts for the work on the camp.

Ald. Laturney said that the matter should not be allowed to go by default, and moved, seconded by Ald. Kidd, the resolution to have the matter left in abeyance until a further opinion is secured from the city solicitor, as to a grant to the Board of Trade, or some other means of assisting the tourist association legally, and that a special meeting be called for Friday night.

This motion was carried, and there was no further discussion in regard to the matter.

Mayor Angrove presided at the meeting, and the other members present were Alds. Allen, Carson, Driscoll, Dupphy, Holder, John Fife Johnston, J. E. Johnston, Kidd, Kent Laturney, Martin, Milne, and McCartney.

On Saturday Ferns Adella Thompson, aged ten years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry F. Thompson, Belleville, passed away after some days illness.

On Saturday the death occurred of Mrs. Fred A. King, Brockville, after an illness extending over a period of several weeks. A sister is Mrs. Arthur Sherwell, Napawa.

Pearl Harris, a life-long resident of Bannockburn, died last week in Belleville after several years illness.