## Mot One American Car Lasts As Long As Reo Not One

The following statement is based on figures ob-tained from thoroughly reliable, disinterested sources. It gives the names and relative standing of the four longest-lived American cars. There is a difference between automobiles of various makes. One of the greatest differences is in lasting quality and in all that it means to the owner's purse

We could hardly believe the figures when they were first brought to us.

It did not seem possible that the Reo, always a moderate priced car, could outlive even the costliest creations of American automobile manufacturers.

So we had the figures checked again.

And again—and yet again.

After all the checks had been made the amazing facts remained unchanged.

The four longest-lived cars

Reo automobiles have a longer average life-a much longer average life-than any other American automobile. TO SHOW SHIPLY

Second to Reo in average length of life are the big Pierce-Arrows.

Third are the Cadillacs.

Fourth are the Franklins.

These four makes of automobiles, and these four only, have a proved average life of more than eight years.

The cars whose records were compared

Reo, Pierce-Arrow, Cadillac, Franklin, Stearns, Locomobile, Stutz, Paige, Kissel, Marmon, Chandler, Velie, Buick, Case, Dodge, Packard, Hudson, Hupmobile, Davis, Willys Knight, Jordan, Studebaker, Peerless, Auburn, Nash, Overland, Oldsmobile, Oakland, Chevrolet, Moon.

A number of American built cars are missing. Some of these are cars whose production has been so small that registration figures are not obtainable. The others have not yer been tested by the years, or are no longer built.

The test

The only way to judge the life of the average car you or anyone else may get, is by the life of ALL the cars of each maker.

Take the total production of passenger cars for each make for the last eight years. Compare these figures with the number of cars of each make registered on December 31, 1925, as compiled by R. L. Polk & Company, automobile statisticians.

This method eliminates statements of opinion, protects buyers from making judgments on the basis of the performance of a few cars out of hundreds of thousandscars often driven by mechanics or dealers and repaired or rebuilt at any cost.

How they rank, in actual figures

On December 31, 1925, there were 24.9% more Reo passenger cars registered than have been built in the entire last eight years.

Or, in other words, Reo had 124.9% of its last eight years' output in registered use.

> The only other cars having more than 100% of their production registered were: Pierce-Arrow with 10.1% more, Cadillac with 8% more, and Franklin with 4.9% more.

Remember the respective costs of these cars and then again compare the records:

Reo . . . 124.9% Pierce-Arrow 110.1, Cadillac . . 108.0 Franklin 2., 104.9

Tested for nine years or seven years, Reo retains its leadership. And it is significant that, in this long life league, Reo's constantly improved construction has greatly increased its lead over other cars in its price



ing and Split-Second Brak-

REO MOTOR CAR COMPANY OF CANADA LIMITED

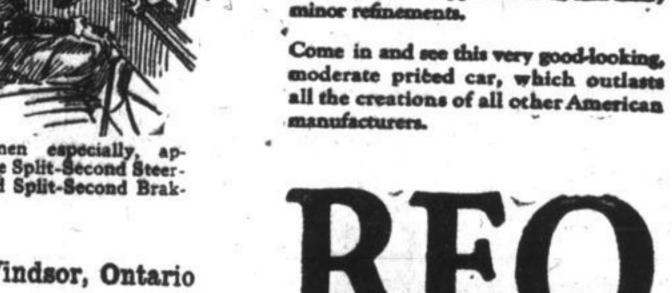
Windsor, Ontario

## Boyd's Garage Limited 129 Brock and 231 Bagot Street **Phone 1000**

Bananas, doz.

punishment for thousands of

miles more than owners expect.



What This Means

in Dollars to You

1-It means that repair and maintenance

2-That you ride carefree, economically

be kept running so long.

costs are very low or Reos could not

and comfortably because the engineer-

ing which gives Reo long life must

provide against wear, against break-

downs, for low operating costs, and

for protection against jolts and jars

of the roads or Reos would not last.

so long that buyers keep them year

after year . . . no car whose frame

will sag, whose upholstery and fittings

deteriorate rapidly would be in service

4-You can buy long life at a moderate

5-This long life means that Reo cars

4-That re-sale prices of Reos are always

The New and Improved Reo offers you

all the fine qualities that have been Reo's

for so long, plus such outstanding devel-

opments as Split-Second Steering for the

easy handling of balloon-tired Reos, Split-

Second Braking with Standard Control

and Standard Gear Shift, lengthened lines,

more luxurious appointments, and many

miles left in them.

cost very little in depreciation because

their cost is spread over so many years.

higher than the average because there

are so many thousands of unused

so long.

3-That Reos hold their appearance for

NEWAND IMPROVED SEDAN

PLUS FREIGHT-TAXES PAID

Kingston Markets	Flounders	
Friday, April 16  Butter, creamery, lb	Haddock, fresh, Ib.       .15         Halibut, fresh, Ib.       .30-35         Kippers, pair.       .20         Oysters, pt.       .60         Pike, Ib.       .15	
STEEL	Sillilli	
BEET For milk-producing and general	Milch Cows	
roots excel Sugar Beets and raised from Steele, Briggs' See large and of exceptional quality. "ROY are two popular strains." Steele, Briggs' Seeds have been general?  Sold Everywhere. Send for I	no Sugar Beets excel those ds. The roots are uniformly at GIANT" and "GIANT WHITE" avorites in Canada for overfifty years.	

TORONTO - HAMILTON - REGINA - WINNIPEG

11		Steak, round, lb	Locato
22	Liemons, doz 31	Rolling out 1h	Cabba
-	Frunes, Cal., ID.	Stawing outs 1h	Carrot
35	Peachet, Evap., Ib	Stewing cuts, lb 10-12 1/4	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
20		Beef, western	E
60	Hay, Grains, Seeds.	Beef, local, Ib 8-10	Otta
15	Barley \$1.00	Loin, roasts, Ib 25-30	genera
30	Bran, ton\$32	Shoulders, roasts20	Some o
25	Buckwheat, bus80-85		for sto
59/52	Corn Imported		Tone
25	Corn, imported	Front	PAGE STATE
15	Cream of the West\$4.50	Hinds 22-23	00-
-	Hay, baled, ton\$11-\$12	Hogs, dressed, cwt 19-20	
	210	Bacon, breakfast, sliced40-50	Mont
	Household\$4.50	Bacon, cuts 35-40	i mana i
	Oats, local, bus	Hinds Ib	Wint
	Middlings, ton\$40	mutton:	management
46	Straw \$5.00-\$6.00	Mutton, chops, Ib	ing ext
	Shorts, ton \$33	Mutton, carcass	18c; ca
	Wheat, local	Chickens, 1b 28-30	Saska
		Fowl. Ib.	steady
	Timothy, bus	Turkey ib	selling
83	tred Ciover, No. 1-bus	[pro Von] * History and the contract of the co	onds, 1
	Red Clover, No. 2, bus	Careas th	Edm
	21 2 KB	PHINGS	ers. 300
93	metalla, Call. S	Fronts	Vanc
20	Sweet Clover	Cutlets	tras, 33
		Ham, smoked	seconds
		Lamb:	St. J
81	Hides, etc.	Carcass, 1b	retailer
	Deacon skins, each	Chone 1h	onds, 3
81	Horse hidesup to \$2.75	Spring lamb fronts th	Chica
8	Deer bides in	Spring lamb fronts, lb	May. 29
4	PARTIE AVOY EAT IN		New
81	veal, skins, lb.	The least that	to 31c;
7			31 1-4c
	Sheep skins, fresh up to \$1.10	Sugar, 100 lbs	
1	Tallow, rendered in cakes, Ib 7	Sugar, yellow, lb	ATT NO.
8	Ginseng, wild, Ib	Sugar, leing, lb	one i
1	Bees wax, clear, lb 28	Rollibed oats, lb	Synod o
1	Wool, washed, lb 22-22	Honey, comb	given th
			bishop.
			MANUELSCHOOL IS

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ng cut. lb	Egg Markets Unchanged. Ottawa, April 16—Egg markets generally are unchanged today. Some centres report a keen demand for storage purposes. Toronto—Steady, with firm undertone. Jobbing extras, 31c; firsts, 29c. Montreal—Light receipts; demand good; prices unchanged. Winnipeg—Steady; receipts increasing. Country shippers are selling extras, 26c; firsts, 24c; seconds, 18c; cases returned. Saskatchewan—Receipts show a
y, lb	steady increase. Country shippers selling extras, 24c; firsts, 22c; seconds, 17c.  Edmonton steady. Prices to retailers, 30c; firsts, 28c; seconds, 25c.  Vancouver steady. Retailing ex-

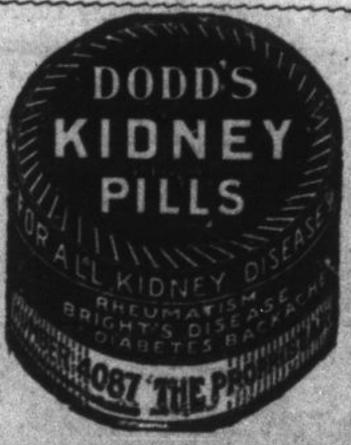
tras, 33c to 35c; firsts, 30c to 32c; seconds, 26c. St. John, N.B .- Lower prices retailers extras, 40c; firsts, 38c; sec-

Chicago-Spot, 28c; April, 30 1-2, May, 29 1-2c; December, 33 1-4c. New York-Extra firsts, 30 1-2c to 31e; firsts, 29 1-2c to 30e; April. 31 1-4c: December, 34 3-8c.

The executive committee of the 10 Synod of the Diocese of Algoma pro-.5 pose that Archbishop Thornloe be 75 given the assistance of a coadjutor

WOMEN DRIVERS AS

COMPETENT AS MEN advent of millions of women drivers must be regarded as an encouraging the advent of the motor car, and factor for the reason that actual permitted sightseers at Niagara markets tests conducted under scientific ob- Falls to cross the boundary line with today, servation have proven that women carriages or bicycles, under a perdemand drivers are as competent as men, ac- mit. This privilege was later extendcording to a statement issued by the ed to motorists, but for years, conrm un- American Automobile Association. fined the operation of the vehicle to firsts, The statement, which is a direct chal lenge to the popular belief that a de- woman at the wheel of an automobile is less dependable than a man, is based on a series of tests carried out chologists. So far as the tests have gone, the women have scored a higher average as regards those qualities



## ONTARIO MOTORISTS FAVOR MORE SPEED

Increase in Speed Limit Is Asked for by the Motor League.

A deputation representing the Ontario Motor League recently waited on the Minister of Public Works and Highways, to request an amendment to the Highway Travel Act, increasing the present speed limit of 25 miles an hour in the open country to 35 miles. In presenting its argument for this increase, the league pointed out that the great improvement made in the highways of Ontario in recent years, as well as the improvement in mechanical construc tion, braking, and tire equipment of motor vehicles, justified such a change. Under present conditions, cars could be driven just as safely at 35 miles an hour as they could some years ago at 25 miles an hour. The higher speed would do no damage to the modern smooth-surfaced highways which were built to withstand speed. It was pointed out also that the present speed limit being low in comparison with that of other provinces and states, proves very annoying to motor tourists from without the province who have been accustomed to travelling under higher speed limits.

It was also pointed out that it is tacitly understood that motorisis are permitted a leeway on Provincial Highways, under normal conditions, up to 30 miles an hour, but are not permitted such a leeway on other highways, with the result that motorists have many unpleasant experiences with speed traps and local magistrates, which could be obviated by giving effect to a province-wide reasonable speed limit.

The advisability of doing away entirely with speed limits, and placing the emphasis on "safe driving, having regard to all circumstances" has been considered by the board of directors. It is felt, however, that the time is scarcely opportune as yet for advocating this change, although, much might be said in its favor, both from the motorists' standpoint, as well as that of public safety. The question of a minimum speed limit has also been considered by the board. With the purpose of such a regulation-the prevention of slowing up traffic on main highways, the board is fully in accord, but it is feared that difficulties in the way of enforcing such a regulation would be formidable. The fact must be kept in mind that the speed of heavy motor trucks is restricted by law to 10 miles per hour, and horse-drawn vehicles are driven at an even lower rate of speed The solution of congestion of traffic on main highways in the slowing up of passenger motor cars seems to lie rather in the direction of building wider highways, which would permit of four lanes of travel, or the building of special highways which would take the slow moving traffic.

PERMIT FOR 90 DAYS FOR ALL MOTORISTS

Legislature at its present session.

The league is hopeful that an in-

crease in the speed limit, as recom-

mended, will be authorized by the

Greater Privileges Are Granted to Tourists in the United States.

Until a few months ago, motor tourists from Canada visiting the United States were required to furnish a bond for the guarantee of the re-export of their cars, if remaining in the country for a period longer than thirty days, By an amendment to the United States Customs regulations, Canadian motor tourists are now permitted a stay of 90 days duration without bond. Representations are now being made to the Customs authorities at Ottawa, by the League, in conjunction with the automobile clubs throughout Canada, with a view to having a similar privilege extended to motor tourists from the United States who visit Ca-

It is interesting to recall that the From the standpoint of safety, the first regulation giving special exemptions to tourists originated before the immediate vicinity of the Falls and required its export within 24 hours. Through the efforts of the Ontario Motor League, the permit was extended to three days, but the tourist while permitted to use his vehicle anywhere in Canada, was still required to return to the United States by the same port through

which he had come. After years of further effort the league obtained for tourists the privilege of returning to the States by any port, and an extension of the per mit period to ten days. Through the the United States, similar reciprocal dian motorists visiting the States with their cars. Finally, when reciprocity in automobile licenses went into effect in 1916, the league obtained a further extension of the Customs permit to 30 days, on both

Dowager Duchess de Rohan, author and painter, member of old French family, died at Paris, aged

sides of the border.