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Progressives To Support Six Weeks' Adjournment Of The Commons

DECIDES THAT REGIS IS TO BE RETURNED

Judge Lavell Hears Evidence Over Convict's Extradition.

CRUELTY IS CHARGED

By Regis Who Says He Was Beaten in Michigan Prison Till He Fainted.

Earl Regis, the young man whose fight against extradition has caused wide interest, appeared before Judge H. A. Lavell on Thursday afternoon in the judge's chambers, and after evidence had been heard from W. M. Nickle, representing Regis, and T. J. Rigney, K.C., representing the United States Government, Judge Lavell decided that Regis should be returned to the United States Government but not until fifteen days have elapsed. In the meantime Regis can apply for a writ of habeas corpus.

Before proceeding with the case, Judge Lavell asked Regis if he intended to consent to or oppose extradition. "Oppose, Sir," was the reply.

Richard Tubbs, a detective of the Department of Public Safety, Lansing, Mich., who was here for the purpose of taking Regis back to Ionia penitentiary where he was serving a term of from three to fifteen years for stealing a second-hand pair of trousers and three dollars, was called by Mr. Rigney. Mr. Tubbs did not know Regis before he had seen him in the Portsmouth penitentiary where he was undergoing sentence. He had held a conversation with Regis on the 14th of January and had asked him about his case.

Mr. Rigney—"What did you ask him?"

Mr. Tubbs—"I told him what I was here for and asked him if he intended to fight extradition or not. He wanted information on the law pertaining to extradition, and asked me what his sentence would be if he went back of his own accord."

In answer to Mr. Rigney, witness stated that Regis had admitted that he was an inmate of the Ionia institution in 1922 and ceased to be an inmate in May, but he could not say of what year. All this was said in the one interview. Mr. Tubbs stated that he had said that the prisoner was Earl Regis. He also admitted that he made his escape.

Not Warned.

Mr. Nickle questioned Detective Tubbs and brought out that Tubbs had not warned Regis that anything that he might say would be used against him in evidence. Mr. Nickle declared that Regis had denied that he had told Tubbs that he was an escaped convict from the Ionia institution, but Tubbs still insisted that he did. Tubbs further stated that Regis had asked him what he would get if he went back of his own accord, but he had answered that it was out of his jurisdiction to give an answer. Tubbs also said that Regis had spoken of being transferred from the Ionia penitentiary to Jackson as he could not get along with the warden.

Mr. Nickle stated that Regis had told him (Mr. Nickle) that he had been strapped at the Ionia institution. His arms had been suspended and his toes barely touched the ground. Salt sacks had been placed on him back and front, and he had been beaten and the salt had gone into the pores which had been opened and bleeding from the beating. After the straps had been taken off, he had fainted.

Tubbs stated that he would not deny it, because he did not know, as he had not been there. In answer to a question by Judge Lavell, he stated that if it had been done, it was done against the prison regulations.

Mr. Nickle—"You expect to take him back?"

Mr. Tubbs—"Yes."

Mr. Nickle—"How do you know that he escaped? How do you know he was not on parole? You don't know how he got out?"

Mr. Tubbs—"I know from the records."

Born in Canada.

Mr. Nickle brought out the fact that Regis was born in Canada and he contended that this had a bearing on the case as to why Regis should not be taken back to Ionia.

Mr. Rigney produced the papers that had been forwarded from Washington, signed by the officials, secretary of state, the president, etc., and established that Regis was

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CANADIAN SKATERS WIN EVERYTHING

Lily Lake, N.B., Jan. 29.—Canadian skaters won all championships at stake in the world amateur meet concluded here yesterday. The Dominion's skating ace, Charles Gorman, of St. John, won the senior title; Miss Leila Brooks, of Toronto, won the senior ladies championship; Thomas Tebo, of St. John, the 18-year-old crown and O. H. Smythe, of Moncton, the 15-year-old title.

BIG LOCOMOTIVE ORDER.

Four Hundred Engines and 15,000 Freight Wagons.

London, Jan. 29.—Four hundred new locomotives and 15,000 goods wagons are included in the £10,000,000 scheme of renewals and improvements which has been authorized by the board of the London Midland and Scottish Railway for 1926. Further orders, notably for passenger train stock, are in contemplation.

The work will give employment to many trades all over the country.

Locomotives and wagon construction will involve an expenditure of nearly £5,000,000. This will be carried out partly in the company's own workshops, but the greater part of it will be undertaken by numerous private firms. The order for 15,000 new wagons will be of interest to traders and manufacturers, who have been complaining of the delay of goods in transit, owing to the shortage of rolling stock.

Urges a Probe Of Grain Route

Dr. Adam Shortt Favors Consideration of Transportation in Dominion.

Toronto, Jan. 29.—"I believe the Federal Government should appoint a committee at once, to consider frankly the question as to what can be done to have Canadian grain which is exported to Europe, carried to the coast by Canadian railways and shipped from Canadian ports," stated Dr. Adam Shortt, internationally known Canadian economist, and former professor of political economy in Queen's University, Kingston, who was here yesterday to address the Empire Club at lunch.

"This problem has never been squarely and frankly faced," asserted Dr. Shortt, "and I believe the time is at hand when it should be. It would be of great value to Canada to have all export grains routed through the dominion, instead of much of it going through the United States.

"I believe amalgamation of the two great railway systems of the country would go a long way towards solving the question. By amalgamation, co-ordinated operation, and the temporary cutting out of certain parts of one or other of the systems, the cost of transportation would be materially lowered. That would, of course, apply to wheat as well as other commodities carried, and would, I think, be a big factor in helping to have export wheat from the west routed through Canada. It would reduce the cost of carrying the wheat, one of the main obstacles at present."

STORM STRIKES COAST.

Liners Battling Fierce Gale—None in Distress.

Vancouver, Jan. 29.—The heavy storm which is lashing the mid-Pacific about 3,000 miles due west of Prince Rupert, is moving slowly toward the coast, according to fragmentary wireless reports received to-day. A lesser easterly gale is now raging off the British Columbia coast. Storm signals have been displayed at all ports, and small craft have been warned by wireless to seek shelter.

There were no reports that any ships were in distress. The Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Asia, from Yokohama for Vancouver, is bucking heavy winds, but reports that she expects to arrive on schedule Friday night.

War on Hip Shakers.

Rome, Jan. 29.—Italy has declared war against jazz dancing of that variety known as "Wicked hip shaking." As a consequence raids on more or less questionable dance halls are frequent. Dance halls of the de-luxe variety are not being bothered. They are too expensive for any but rich natives and tourists.

Proclaimed Crown Prince.

London, Jan. 29.—An Evening News despatch from Teheran, the Persian capital, says the eight-year-old son of the newly-elected Shah, Reza Khan, has been proclaimed Crown Prince.

A RECESS OF SIX WEEKS TO BE REQUESTED

After Vote on the Address Is Taken in Commons.

RE-ORGANIZE CABINET

Mr. Lapointe Makes the Announcement---The Conservative Leader Seeks Information.

Ottawa, Jan. 29.—The Government will seek an adjournment of the House of Commons for six weeks for the purpose of re-organization. Hon. Ernest Lapointe, acting Government leader, in the Commons yesterday afternoon said "it is the intention of the Government as soon as the vote on the address is given to ask the House for an adjournment of six weeks for the purpose of reorganizing the Government and dealing with matters which have to be dealt with as the result of Parliament having been called earlier than usual after the general election.

Mr. Lapointe's announcement was made in answer to a question by Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, leader of the Opposition. Mr. Meighen had asked what the Government intended to do following the disposal of the address. In consequence of varied rumors as to the Government's programme.

Many members of the House had been unable to make arrangements for themselves and their families for the session. The Government, he said, should state its position regarding adjournment, giving reasons for the adjournment if it was to be asked for.

Replies to Mr. Meighen.

Mr. Meighen asked if the House would be informed as to the extent of the proposed Cabinet re-organization. Mr. Lapointe replied that he did not believe that Mr. Meighen would expect the Government to give such details before the re-organization was effected. The Governor-General must be consulted, and many other formalities settled before the news could be published.

Mr. Meighen said the House was entitled to know what portfolios would be retained and what amalgamations would be made. Actual names perhaps might be difficult to disclose, but the House was entitled to know how many ministers Ontario would get and how many would go to other provinces. It was entitled to know whether Parliament would be asked to continue to face "a truncated ministry" or as one minister had described it "a ministry in due course."

The House then passed to other business.

The Progressives, it is announced, will support the adjournment and co-operate with the Government in putting through needed legislation.

THE PACIFIC COAST HAS TERRIFIC STORM

Heavy Snow Was Accompanied by Gale—Liners Are Buffetted.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 29.—A storm so tremendous that its equal has been seen rarely in these regions rages over the North Pacific Ocean and the Pacific Coast yesterday, bringing thick snow, rains and winds from a point far beyond the Canadian line to the Santa Clara Valley in California.

Small shipping is tied up, while the big passenger and freight liners in the storm area were buffeted by a sixty-mile gale and high seas.

South-east storm warnings were posted for two days between Point Rey and Cape Flattery. The wind reached fifty-four miles an hour off Point Rey and fifty-four miles at Tatoosh Island, and there were no signs of a let-up. Rain and snow general over Nevada, Idaho, Eastern Oregon and Washington.

NOTORIOUS SMUGGLER.

Arrested in New York—Diamonds Seized in His Luggage.

St. Albans, Vt., Jan. 29.—Lieb Ritterman of New York, reputed one of the most notorious of international smugglers, was in jail here today while customs officials held diamonds valued as high as $200,000 which they seized in his luggage while enroute from Montreal. At the same time immigration agents prepared to question the legality of his entry into this country.

Body of Belgium's Heroic War Cardinal Entombed

Malines, Belgium, Jan. 29.—The body of Belgium's heroic war cardinal, Desire Mercier, was entombed to-day in Malines, the seat of his archbishopric, and the scene of his long years of struggle and triumph. From the archepiscopal palace, to which it had been returned after yesterday's elaborate state funeral in Brussels, the casket was borne in solemn procession, preceded by the great Silver Cross to the cathedral of St. Rombaut and there entombed in the crypt. The entire route from the palace to the cathedral was lined with soldiers.

Will Never Be Adopted In Anglo-Saxon Lands

Toronto, Jan. 29 — Dr. Adam Shortt, famous Canadian economist, addressing the Empire Club at luncheon on Thursday stated that Bolshevism and anarchism are foreign to the Anglo-Saxon nature, and will never be adopted by Great Britain, Australia, Canada or the United States. The private ownership of his own home by the average workman of Canada, he said, accounted for the fact that there was much less unrest in Canada than Great Britain.

Quick Recovery Is Anticipated

The Prince of Wales Doing Well—Has Been on a Strict Diet.

London, Jan. 29.—The Prince of Wales, who suffered a fracture of his left collar bone in a fall while riding to the hounds yesterday, passed a good night and was making satisfactory progress this morning.

"After a few days' rest, I have little doubt that the Prince will be out and about again," said his secretary, Captain Lascelles. The Prince's physical fitness will undoubtedly help him to a quick recovery.

The Evening News reports that since his return from South America, His Royal Highness has been in the hands of a Scottish homeopath, who has seen to it that he has adhered to strict diet. His luncheon often consists of thin slices of roast beef with vegetables, but no sweets. He only smokes about four cigarettes daily.

Crashes Its Way Close To an Imprisoned Tug

Muskegon, Mich., Jan. 29.—The Goodrich steamer Alabama, in an attempt to reach the fishing tug Helen M., imprisoned in the ice in Lake Michigan, has crashed its way to within 150 feet of the craft. Lieut. George F. Schouden, in a rescue plane made this announcement on his return from a trip over the lake this morning.

DAOUST AND RUTHERFORD TO BE ON TARIFF BOARD

Ontario Man Will Be Third Member—Appointments Expected Soon.

Ottawa, Jan. 29.—It is understood here that two of the three members who will form the advisory tariff board to be appointed by the Government have already been selected. They are: Dean Rutherford, of the faculty of agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, and Joseph Daoust, prominent merchant and manufacturer of Montreal. A third member of the board will be selected from Ontario.

Originally the tariff board was planned to include five members, and this number was tentatively selected last fall. Further consideration of the project, however, has resulted in a reduction in number. As soon as the board is appointed it is expected that the Maritime problem will receive first attention, it being considered urgent. Then will come an enquiry into one or two industries which at present enjoy protection and which it is believed can do with a little less.

SEVERELY BURNED

A. Lennox, 260 King street, received very painful superficial burns to his face when a torch, which he was using to scrape off paint at Smith's jewellery store on Friday morning, exploded. He was removed to the Hotel Dieu where he was attended by Dr. Gibson and O'Connor. He was resting easy on Friday afternoon.

DR. EDWARDS AGAIN HEARD IN COMMONS

He Hits Out at Progressives and Liberals.

PRAISE FROM MARCIL

To Doughty Member for Frontenac on the Mildness of His Speech.

Ottawa, Jan. 29.—Hon. J. W. Edwards, of Frontenac-Addington, occupied most of yesterday afternoon in the Commons devoting himself largely to an exposure of the position of the Progressives regarding the interests of the farmers. Inspired by the assertions of Evans, of Rosetown, to the effect that the manufacturers prospered at the expense of the agricultural section of the community through the tariff, Dr. Edwards produced some figures from evidence taken before a parliamentary committee as to the manner in which the United Grain Growers Company, whose president, Hon. T. A. Crerar, was formerly leader of the Progressive party, treated the farmers. This company, so the evidence showed, had made as much as 40 to 42 per cent. profit off the farmers. It had made profits in one year of $800,000 and for three years its profits totalled $2,141,458. A subsidiary company with a capital of $100,000 had made $500,000 profit in one year.

A tariff of 12½ per cent. on binders and mowers was denounced by the Progressives on the ground that it took money from the farmers, but Dr. Edwards showed that the United Grain Growers Company, when it sold these implements to the farmers took from them a profit of over 38 per cent. He pointed out that the tariff on sixteen implements was higher in 1911 under the Laurier Government than it was in 1921 under the Conservative Government.

The Progressives were now demanding co-operation, and Dr. Edwards suggested to them that the most unscrupulous and cold-blooded co-operation was that of the United Grain Growers.

Hard-Hitting Style.

When Dr. Edwards turned his attention to the Liberals he characterized the speeches of Hon. George Boivin in Montreal as a double threat.

It was a threat to the Progressives that if they did not do what the Government wanted it would dissolve Parliament and a threat to the Governor-General that unless he also did what the Government thought should be done it would raise the cry of autonomy.

The member for Frontenac paid his respects to Major C. G. Power, of Quebec South. Mr. Power, he declared, had attributeed to him a desire to take Liberal scalps back to his lodge rooms. He desired to assure the member for Quebec South that he "wouldn't decorate the walls of an outbuilding with a scalp of such narrow dimensions as that covering the member's mind."

Dr. Edwards denounced the Australian Treaty, the effect of which was already being felt, notably in the matter of butter. Four million pounds of Australian butter had come into Canada in a few weeks over the treaty duty of one cent a pound, and the Australian Government was giving the producers a bounty of six cents a pound on all they exported. The Government's contention that the treaty was in the interests of the consumers fell down before the fact that Canada had a surplus of twenty-five million pounds for export—a sufficient guarantee of fair prices for the consumer.

Hon. Charles Marcil.

In his speech last evening, Hon. Charles Marcil, Liberal, Bonnaventure, congratulated Dr. Edwards on the mildness of the speech delivered by him. He expressed the opinion that strong opposition made for good government. Although members of parliament of 1924, said Mr. Marcil, had no mandate from their constituents to approve the declaration of war on Germany by the Allies, he had, with his confreres, voted for Canada's participation in the conflict.

Canada's trade, he said, was increasing by leaps and bounds under the Liberal regime. He thought something should be done to increase the interest of the electorate and especially of the women voters in public affairs.

Mr. Marcil referred to the flow of Canadians to and from the United States. This condition, he said, was chronic. It would always exist to some extent.

S. G. Tobin, Liberal, Wetaskiwin, said that as a new member the most difficult thing in the House of Commons for him to understand was the Conservative representation from Nova Scotia. He himself had spent his youth in that province and it was beyond his comprehension how a province of that day could return protectionist Conservatives.

Discussing the question of transportation, Mr. Tobin declared that as soon as the rates to the Pacific Ocean were reduced, grain began to flow westward to the Pacific ports. He favored equalization of rates east and west.

D. M. Kennedy, Progressive member for Peace River, complained of the plurality of the immigration policies in Canada. Apparently the Government had one and each of the railway companies another. He thought that all immigration should come directly under the Government. Mr. Kennedy will continue his speech to-day.

ARREST JOHN PARKS ON MURDER CHARGE

Ottawa, Jan. 29— According to a report received by the Citizen from Pembroke, the provincial police last night arrested John Parks, of Whitney, Ont., who is wanted in connection with the deaths of Sgt. John Billings, game warden, and his guide, Joseph Stringer. Parks stoutly denied having anything to do with the deaths of the game warden and his guide.

SNOWDEN'S VIEW OF BRITISH LIBERALS

Must Settle Differences and Get Rid of Their Monds.

Blackburn, Lancashire, Jan. 28.—Philip Snowden, M.P., Chancellor of the Exchequer in the late Labor government, in a speech here last night, made important references to what he described as "that perennial question namely the relationship of Labor and Liberalism."

"While I do not believe there is any future for Liberalism as a dominating force," Mr. Snowden declared, "yet if it can compose its differences and shed that section which is not Liberal in any true sense, shed its Monds and leave the radical rump, then it is possible there may be something of a Liberal revival in the next election. If, however, this exodus of Liberals to the Tory party continues, then what is ultimately left will doubtless prefer to support the Labor party rather than the Tory government.

FICTITIOUS PROSPERITY ACROSS THE BORDER

Canadians Going to the U.S. Will Be Doomed to Disappointment.

Toronto, Jan. 29 —"The young man who leaves Canada now for the United States will look back in fifteen years and realize that he has made the greatest mistake of his life," said W. S. Cameron addressing the building and contruction industries at the final meeting of their convention yesterday. Mr. Cameron dealt with the relative opportunities of the two countries for Canadian young men.

"As the result of the large part which we took in the war," he related, "Canadians have a great deal of hardship to contend with and there is not as much money flowing as we might wish. But we have not a great deal of fault to find. We can face our responsibilities and overcome our difficulties."

"On the other hand in the United States wages are higher and there is a prosperity due to the enormous wealth accumulated during the war but I believe that prosperity is fictitious. Prices are being paid for construction and investments are being made which the possible returns do not warrant. For possibly ten years the prosperity of the United States may go on, for their wealth will enable them to pay twice what things are worth for that long, but from that time on it will be the survival of the fittest.

"There is not a boom on the horizon for Canada," the speaker declared, "but there is every promise of steady progress."

Trotzky Resigns One Post.

Moscow, Jan. 29—Leon Trotzky has resigned as head of the state electrical trust, but retains his post as head of the concessions committee, one of the most powerful organizations in connection with Russian economic development.

DOUGHTY WILL BE FREE MAN ON WEDNESDAY

Leaves the Penitentiary After Completing Term.

A KIDNAPPING CHARGE

That Stands Against Small's Former Secretary Is to Be Dropped.

It was announced officially on Friday morning that John Doughty, former secretary to the late Ambrose J. Small, Toronto theatrical magnate, who is doing a six-year sentence in the Portsmouth penitentiary, would be released from the prison on Wednesday afternoon, February 3rd, at 1.15 o'clock. He will be taken by a prison official to the Canadian National outer station where he will board the fast train for Toronto.

Although every attempt possible has been made to get Doughty to talk up until the present time he has refused to say a word about Ambrose J. Small, and it is fully expected that he will follow the same policy on Wednesday when he is given his freedom. During the time Doughty has been in penitentiary, officers of the Toronto and provincial police have waited upon him for the purpose of seeing if he would say anything about the mysterious disappearance of Mr. Small. Doughty refused to talk, and at times felt it very keenly about the pressure which was brought to bear on him for the purpose of making him "squeal."

Doughty has been an ideal prisoner, with the result that he has been allowed the full time off for good behaviour. He was sentenced in Toronto to six years in penitentiary and arrived at Portsmouth on May 15th, 1921, which means that he has done four years and nine months.

He was found guilty on the charge of theft of $105,000 Victory bonds, the property of the late Ambrose J. Small. When he arrived at the penitentiary he was placed on the cleaning gang, but was later transferred to the office of the accountant where he has been employed ever since and has been a very efficient servant. Upon his release, his duties will be carried on by W. W. Dunlop, former inspector of prisons, who is doing four years.

Drop Kidnapping Charge.

The Toronto Telegram of Thursday contains the following:

When John Doughty, former secretary to A. J. Small, leaves penitentiary next week, on completing nearly five years of a six-year sentence for theft of bonds, he will be a free man. Though an indictment still stands against Doughty for kidnapping Small, this will be dropped, as no intimation has been given by the Attorney-General to proceed with the indictment.

Police authorities have not been instructed to bring Doughty to face the kidnapping indictment, nor has the Crown Attorney's Department been asked to take proceedings against Doughty.

"There is not sufficient evidence to proceed with such a charge," a legal authority told The Telegram. "To proceed with such a charge, it would be necessary to have the person alleged to have been kidnapped."

While the indictment still stands, it is explained that the formality would be for the Crown to request in the Supreme Court that the indictment be dropped.

VOTE ON AMENDMENT IS POSSIBLE MONDAY

According to Hon. J. A. Robb —More Speakers to Be Heard.

Ottawa, Jan. 29.—The vote on the Meighen amendment to the address, will be taken on Monday, if present plans are not altered. Hon. J. A. Robb, leading the House at the adjournment last night, in the absence of Hon. Ernest Lapointe, stated that it was the intention of the Government to have a division on Monday. The decision had resulted from a conference of party whips.

Outside the house, however it is being stated that the vote will not come until Tuesday. A number of Progressives and Liberals are said to be determined to speak. Premier King is likely to be in the House before the address is disposed of.

Canadian export of whiskey to the United States doubled last year.