

Premier King Confident of Return to Power of Liberal Government

Higher Protection Means Higher Taxation

"In the last parliament, Mr. Meighen brought forward a high protection resolution. Only thirty-five of his own followers were there to vote for it. Not a single Liberal, Progressive or Independent member supported it.

"That's the programme on which he says he is appealing to the people. You can't have all-round protection without an all-round increase in the cost of living.

"Higher protection means higher taxation. The problem is how to get out of some of the burden of taxation. Do you realize how heavy the mortgage is on the back of the country?

"You can't have this all-round protection Mr. Meighen is talking about without having an all-round increase in the cost of living. If you make the cost of living higher you increase the overhead charges in every industry in Canada."

—From Premier King's Speech Here.

THE SPEAKERS WERE HECKLED BY A VERY LIVELY AUDIENCE

Both Candidates Were Well Received in Ontario Hall--The Speeches Were on a High Level--Mr. Campbell and F. J. Hoag Had an Argument Over Board of Trade.

What might be termed the feature of the public meeting held in Ontario Hall at the conclusion of the city nominations, was the heckling to which the speakers were subjected. At times the speakers could not be heard for the boing and shouting of some of the audience. Both candidates held their tempers well under the trying circumstances, however, and stood their ground, determined to present their side of the case.

Dr. Ross criticized the King administration severely and reviewed extensively the industrial condition of the country. He submitted that a policy of increased protection such as that proposed by Mr. Meighen would work out to the advantage of the country as a whole. Mr. Campbell and Mr. Horsey, on the other hand told the audience that condi-

It proposes that the grinding of grain from the west be done in Canada and when the pulpwood cutter cuts wood, the men in Canada should manufacture from it. When the mines are mined, that the ore be treated in this country. In every case there are many jobs involved. When we go to the stores we want to buy goods made in factories by our own men.

"Men are knocking at the doors of both parties for aid," Dr. Ross said. "Against this policy there are objectors. There are the people to whom protection means higher prices. Our answer to this is, 'where in the States can you go and buy things cheaper?' That argument immediately falls to the ground.

"The second argument is that if protection would increase prices, lower tariff would lower them. Are

had fallen down in their immigration policy and had spent \$11,000,000 for 110,000 immigrants, while the Conservatives had spent only \$41,000,000 for 148,000 immigrants. The Liberals, he said, were sending the people out of the country as fast as they could get them in. He referred to the statement of Mayor Angrove some time ago in which he stated that it cost \$15 to get into the country and \$18 to get out.

"You sent three deputations to Ottawa," said Dr. Ross. "They were taken to Ottawa by Mr. Campbell but what did the government do for Kingston? They ignored these deputations."

"The Commission which was making a survey of the different harbors relative to deciding on the terminus, kept away from Kingston when others were being inspected. I wrote a letter with regard to this matter to the Government but it has not received attention."

(Continued on Page 14.)

had fallen down in their immigration policy and had spent \$11,000,000 for 110,000 immigrants, while the Conservatives had spent only \$41,000,000 for 148,000 immigrants. The Liberals, he said, were sending the people out of the country as fast as they could get them in. He referred to the statement of Mayor Angrove some time ago in which he stated that it cost \$15 to get into the country and \$18 to get out.

"You sent three deputations to Ottawa," said Dr. Ross. "They were taken to Ottawa by Mr. Campbell but what did the government do for Kingston? They ignored these deputations."

"The Commission which was making a survey of the different harbors relative to deciding on the terminus, kept away from Kingston when others were being inspected. I wrote a letter with regard to this matter to the Government but it has not received attention."

(Continued on Page 14.)

THE NOMINATION MEETING AT PICTON

There Was a Large Gathering—Joseph L. Haycock One of the Speakers.

Napanee, Oct. 23.—The nomination meeting for Prince Edward-Lennox riding was held at Picton court house yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Between four and five hundred people were in attendance, many from Napanee and Lennox being there.

Milton Storms, returning officer for the riding, announced the names of the candidates: E. J. Sexsmith for the Progressives and John Hubbs for the Conservatives. Dr. Currie of Picton acted as chairman. Both candidates made interesting addresses.

The speakers on behalf of Mr. Hubbs were J. M. Simpson, Napanee, and J. S. Robbins, Ottawa. Joseph Haycock, of Adolphustown, made an address in the interests of Mr. Sexsmith and the Progressive party.

Premier Predicts Return to Power

Newmarket, Oct. 23.—Premier King yesterday returned to his own constituency of North York. Nomination passed without unexpected incident. Two candidates only are in the field—Mr. King and T. H. Lennox, the Conservative nominee. It was Mr. King's first visit to his riding since the first speech of the campaign at Richmond Hill.

Long before the Prime Minister arrived, a couple of halls were crowded.

Premier King said that the Liberal Government would be returned. "I am going to have the proud distinction," said Mr. King, "of continuing leader of the Government, because my colleagues are not ashamed of me."

"I have not colleagues who are unwilling to recognize their association with me. We work together like brothers."

Threshing Is Continued. Calgary, Oct. 23.—With clear skies and barometer above normal after a misty night, weather prospects looked good in Calgary district today. Light rain fell in the north last night, but the south and east parts of the province remained fine, and threshing operations are continuing.

Toronto Grocer Falls Dead. Toronto, Oct. 23.—John W. Scott, Sr., East Toronto grocer, fell dead in Toronto City Hall yesterday when he entered to pay his water rates. The late Mr. Scott was born in Newburgh. He celebrated his 56th birthday on Tuesday. A brother, William, resides in Kingston.

A CONTEST IN EVERY RIDING OF DOMINION

The Three Party Leaders Must Fight For Their Seats.

FOUR WOMEN IN FIELD

Hon. W. R. Motherwell and Hon. Charles Stewart Are in Three-Cornered Contests.

Ottawa, Oct. 23.—As a result of the federal nominations yesterday, the Conservatives have 239 candidates in the field, the Liberals 216 and the Progressives 69.

Nominations went off smoothly and were productive of but few surprises. One noticeable feature was that throughout the whole Dominion not a single acclamation was recorded. The records show that this was also the case at the 1921 general election, when a contest developed in every one of the federal constituencies.

The three party leaders all have straight fights on their hands. In North York, Premier Mackenzie King is opposed by Colonel T. H. Lennox, Conservative. Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, Conservative leader, again meets Harry Leader, Progressive and former member for the riding, in the constituency of Portage La Prairie. In Brandon, Robert Forke, Progressive leader, is opposed by David W. Beaubien, Conservative.

Four Women. A feature of the proceedings was the nomination of four women, one in New Brunswick, one in British Columbia and two in Ontario. Mrs. Minnie Bell Adney is running as an Independent in Carleton-Victoria, New Brunswick, the first woman to receive a nomination in that province.

She will have as her opponents T. W. Caldwell, the former member now running as an Independent-Progressive-Liberal, and Hon. J. K. Fleming, former Premier of the province, the Conservative candidate.

Mrs. Rose Henderson, running on a straight Labor ticket, is the only woman candidate running in British Columbia. She is contesting the constituency of New Westminster against W. G. McQuarrie, Conservative member in the last House, and A. Wells Gray, the Liberal nominee.

Five in Northwest Toronto. Northwest Toronto, which has developed a five-cornered contest, will also have an opportunity to vote for a woman. Dr. Caroline Brown, running as an Independent Conservative, was nominated yesterday. The other candidates in this riding are: T. L. Church, Conservative member for North Toronto in the last Parliament; James Gilchrist, Liberal; W. Cochrane, Independent Conservative; and James Simpson, Labor candidate.

Miss Agnes Macphail, Progressive, the first woman to hold a seat in the House of Commons, has a straight fight on her hands in the constituency of Southeast Grey. Her opponent is Dr. L. G. Campbell, Conservative.

Sixteen of the eighteen members of the Dominion Cabinet are also contesting ridings in which they have but one opponent. The two remaining, Hon. W. R. Motherwell, Minister of Agriculture, and Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of the Interior, will fight three-cornered contests. The former is running in Melville, Sask., and the latter in West Edmonton.

Service in Grant Hall. The funeral service was held at noon in Grant Hall in the presence of almost every student of the university, gathered together to pay respects to their deceased friend and comrade. The service, which was brief, was conducted by Rev. T. J. S. Ferguson, of Cooke's church, who was for some years minister to the McTavish home in North Bay.

Rev. Dr. Bruce Taylor, in a short address, stated that the passing of Russell McTavish was like losing one of the members of the university family, and he expressed the sorrow that was felt in the death of the young man. He explained the cause of the death of Mr. McTavish, and concluded with a beautiful prayer of comfort and solace for those who are bereaved by his death.

Following the service, the remains were conveyed to the C.N.R. station whence they were sent to North Bay for interment. The body was accompanied by Mr. Jack Lee, son of George Lee, manager of the T. N. & O. Railway, and E. O. Morgan, president of the Engineers' Society.

Most Stable Item Is Home Brew Accessories. Atlantic City, N.J., Oct. 23.—The most stable item on the shelves of hardware dealers in the United States is home brew accessories, the American Hardware Manufacturers' Association was told at its annual convention.

SURE OF ELECTION OF J. M. CAMPBELL

The Hon. William Hartly Pays Visit to the Liberal Headquarters.

The scene at the Liberal Headquarters on Thursday night was particularly lively. A large corps of workers was engaged in last minute organization preparations and a spirit of the greatest optimism was prevalent. During the evening, the Headquarters was honored by a visit from the Hon. William Hartly, and his presence among the active workers imparted much of the zest and enthusiasm which was such a strong factor in his own successful campaigns from 1892 to 1908.

Predictions as to Mr. Campbell's majority range all the way from 500 to 1,000, and not a shadow of a doubt exists as to his being the next member for Kingston.

Britain's "Mystery Plane" Crashes During a Trial

Bay Shore Park, Baltimore, Md., Oct. 23.—Great Britain's "mystery plane," the supermarine Napier B-4, crashed this morning during navigability trials and is a total wreck. Captain Henry C. Biard, pilot, is suffering from shock but escaped injury.

HEN PRODUCES EGG IN ARCTIC REGION

Spitzbergen Inhabitants Jubilant at Fowl's Triumph Over Climate.

Barentsburg, Green Harbor, Spitzbergen, Oct. 23.—Spitzbergen is paying due honor to its first locally laid hen's egg. Eggs, as eggs, are not scarce here, for those of the elder duck and tern may be picked up by thousands in the summertime. But the product of the ordinary barnyard fowl heretofore has been unknown.

The egg was laid in the hennery of Director Dhessebuve of the Dutch Coal Company, who is making an attempt to acclimatize chickens.

Queen's Student Dies Suddenly

Russell MacTavish, of North Bay, Expires on Tennis Court of Heart Disease.

Russell MacTavish, of North Bay, a first year student of Applied Science at Queen's University, dropped dead while playing tennis on the university courts about 4.15 o'clock Thursday afternoon. He was playing with a medical student, who immediately applied artificial respiration, but to no avail. The young man was removed to the General Hospital, but death had ensued.

As it was impossible to definitely ascertain the cause of death, a post-mortem examination was held Thursday night by the direction of the coroner, Dr. Morrison. The examination was conducted by Dr. James Miller, the professor of pathology in Queen's University. The examination disclosed a rare condition known as status lymphaticus, which causes a rapid dilation of the heart and instant death. This condition, where it exists, exists from childhood. It cannot be detected beforehand nor is any treatment available when it reveals itself. The condition has revealed itself generally in the case of children who have died suddenly under an anæsthetic.

The sudden passing of the late Russell MacTavish came as a great shock to all departments of the university. On Friday morning very few students could be seen on the campus, and the tennis courts, which are usually a scene of great activity, were deserted. The deceased young man, although he had been at the university only a short time, had made a large number of friends in his class, and wherever known he was very popular. His passing just at the commencement of his college life, which promised to be a bright one, is regarded as a particularly sad circumstance, and the sympathy of all in the university is reaching out to the bereaved parents.

DR. ROSS AND PULPWOOD

An Embargo Would Take Over \$100,000 Out of the Pockets of Frontenac Farmers Every Year.

At the nomination meeting, Dr. Ross declared himself in favor of an embargo on pulpwood. In this declaration he is running true to form as a Conservative candidate. Conservatism has always stood for the privileges of the few against the rights of the many.

There are to-day one hundred thousand Canadian citizens—owners of freehold forest land—who desire the right as free men to sell their pulpwood in the best market.

On the other hand, a small group of wealthy pulp and paper manufacturers want to prevent them selling in the United States so that these same manufacturers can depress the price to their own figure. Anyone who knows anything about the pulpwood business knows that the price, even with the United States market wide open, is a low one. The Whig has been told by more than one farmer who owns pulpwood that if the price went any lower it would not pay to cut it.

Dr. Ross is, of course, backing up the attitude of his leader when he says that he favors an embargo on pulpwood. Mr. Meighen has declared that if elected he will place an embargo on pulpwood in three months.

Now, how is that going to affect Kingston and Frontenac, for the farmers of Frontenac who are supporting Dr. Edwards are also interested in what the Conservative leader proposes to do. There are approximately 26,000 cords of pulpwood exported from Frontenac county every year. A prominent buyer informs the Whig that every time the American shippers stop buying, the price of pulpwood goes down \$4.00 a cord. Therefore, if Dr. Ross and Mr. Meighen have their way the farmers of Frontenac county will have \$104,000 a year less to spend with the merchants of Kingston. Is this the way Dr. Ross is going to help Kingston?

While discussing the pulpwood situation Dr. Ross might have gone a little more fully into the matter and given his hearers all the facts. He might have told them that in 1918, under Sir Robert Borden, 1,350,000 cords were exported out of the country; in 1920, under Mr. Meighen, 1,300,000 cords went to the U.S. But did Sir Robert Borden or Mr. Meighen put an embargo on pulpwood? Oh, no! Not at all. Why then should Mr. Mackenzie King take \$104,000 out of the pockets of the farmers of Frontenac? Not because the export of pulpwood is increasing to any alarming extent, because in 1924 the amount exported was exactly the same as in 1918 and only about 50,000 more cords than in 1920. Mr. King knows that the way to make the country prosperous is to make the farmers prosperous. Give the farmers money to spend and our manufacturers will hum and our merchants will prosper.

G.W.V.A. President Objects to Political Capital Being Made Out of Resolution

Mr. Charles Hicks Says the Same Resolution Passed During Regimes of Both Conservative and Liberal Parties.

Mr. Charles Hicks, president of the Kingston Branch of the Great War Veterans' Association, has given The Whig the following copy of a letter which he has sent to The Standard:

Kingston, Oct. 23.—(To the Editor, Kingston Daily Standard): Dear Sir: It is with a feeling of surprise that I note in last night's issue of The Standard that political capital has been made from a resolution passed by the local branch of the G.W.V.A. I may add that several members of this branch have called me up and it is at their request that I am writing you on the subject. I would point out for your information that the same resolution has been passed from time to time during the administrations of both the Conservative and Liberal parties.

But what I most particularly wish to point out is that the Great War Veterans' Association is a non-political organization and that its members resent very much any attempt to draw it into a political discussion at this time especially over a resolution which was not intended to be used as political capital.

May I request, Sir, that you extend to the Kingston Branch of the G.W.V.A. the courtesy of refraining from using its name in any way that would connect it with the present political campaign.

Thanking you to give this the same publicity as your editorial, Very truly yours,

—CHAS. HICKS,
President Kingston Branch Great War Veterans Association.

League of Nations Council Is Called To Consider Greco-Bulgarian Crisis

Sofia Reports That Greek Troops Bombarded Three More Villages—Four Greeks Are Killed, Including One Captain.

Paris, Oct. 23.—Foreign Minister Briand, as president of the League of Nations Council, has called a meeting of the League of Nations Council for next Monday in Paris to consider the Greco-Bulgarian crisis. His action follows the receipt of a protest from Bulgaria against Greece's alleged violation of Bulgarian territory.

Four Greeks Killed. London, Oct. 23.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. from Athens says that the Greeks had four killed and eight wounded, one of the latter a captain, during the fighting yesterday which ended in the Greeks re-occupying Post 69 at Demir-Kapu.

Hostilities End. Athens, Oct. 23.—Hostilities between the Greeks and Bulgarians, near the Macedonian frontier, apparently have ended for the time being at least. The Bulgarians are said to have evacuated the positions they held by Greek territory and the Greek Government has issued orders to its forces to stop their advance and to make no further move against Bulgarians.



J. M. CAMPBELL



DR. A. E. ROSS

tions in Canada were improving every day and that an increase in the protective tariff would mean that the consumer would pay more for the necessities of life. Much of the information given by the two sides was of a contradictory nature, but it was the consensus of opinion that the speeches reached a higher level than any delivered at a nomination meeting in this city for a number of years.

Hon. Dr. Ross. Dr. Ross, in opening his address, reminded the audience that a campaign was about to be entered upon for the election of a member to the House of Commons from the city of Kingston. He said that the Liberals had tried to disrupt the plan of having Kingston and Portsmouth alone by having Wolfe Island, Amherst Island and the immediate vicinity tacked on, in view of the success of W. S. Reed in the last election.

"There are two parties appealing to you," said Dr. Ross, "the Liberals and the Conservatives. The questions which are said to be on the Liberal platform are senate reform, cost of living, railways and the tariff. If the Liberal Government had wanted to make these reforms, they have had plenty of chance to do so. Dr. Ross said, because they had big majorities in the House to carry out their plans if they so desired."

"To me," he said, "the question of the day is living. People are moving out in large numbers and it seems that it is not a question of the cost of living, but living at any cost." The Liberal platform of 1919, which proposed something for the East, something for the West and something for the Central country, he contended, was a scrap of paper. The Conservatives had placed a definite platform before the people and had stood upon it. "The Conservative policy," said the speaker, "is one that takes away no jobs, closes no factories and makes two jobs for one."

farmers buying implements cheaper? Their protection is lower but the farmer has not gained anything outside of perhaps the price on the binoculars."

The Exodus Story.

Dr. Ross took up the question of people leaving Canada for the United States and he declared that over 500,000 Canadians had crossed over to the United States. He said that there were many empty houses in Kingston and on fourteen streets in the city he had found eighty empty houses. "These two arguments are sufficient," he said. "We appeal because protection promotes nationalism, it helps to foster the infant industry; develops national resources for a period of depression, causes production in your own country and prevents foreign goods being dumped into it and it keeps your men in jobs. It prevents crowding of employment and keeps the country in a prosperous condition."

Taking the Liberal platform of 1919, Dr. Ross claimed the Liberals had said that the National debt was so tremendous that if another dollar was added, the country would be crushed. "When they came into power," he continued, "the debt was \$2,417,000,000, but there has been an increase of the debt by the government of \$26,000,000. There had been in addition to that, he said, the railway debt, which was not counted in the national debt. The Liberals hid the railway debt which was really \$184,000,000. They said that there was an increase of \$50,000,000 in the railways but the whole debt was really \$76,000,000.

Dr. Ross referred to the increase in salary given to Sir Henry Thornton as head of the Canadian National Railways, and the expense on the Parliament buildings, which, he said, need not have been carried out immediately but could have been spread over a period of years.

Dr. Ross stated that the Liberals