

THE BRITISH WHIG 62ND YEAR.



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Ancient saying: "Pappa, give me a penny."

You can't keep a good man down in the mouth.

Modern life is just one blamed installment after another.

The moon makes a single man see things in a different light.

A pedestrian on the sidewalk is worth two of them in the street.

Civilization: Laboring to produce wealth; spending it to adorn the ladies.

Man's inhumanity to man makes business brisk for manufacturers of locking devices.

Boob: A fortunate individual who has in prospect all the thrills you once could enjoy.

Men are more romantic; very few women love men who can't feed them and clothe them.

Another thing needed is a windshield glass better adapted to extemporaneous diving.

Still, fishing would be a bore if you got sixty cents an hour for sitting on a creek bank.

If you know nothing and won't learn, you can get by in a shallow world by saying "Blah."

As his waistline and income expand, his cries for liberty gradually simmer down to a purr.

Never concede that a man is a convincing speaker until you hear him try it on a traffic cop.

If you can't afford early strawberries, you can at least find straw with about the same flavor.

Rake: A naughty man; also an implement that leaves benedict's little time to be naughty.

Scientists say there is no such thing as a complete vacuum, but they've never cut into a swelled head.

An efficiency expert is a man who makes a chart and a blue print before adding two and two.

In an imperfect world you must meet some fools. Pray that they may not be behind steering wheels.

Correct this sentence: "He has never done anything wrong," said the man, "but he is very tolerant."

A boy tells us he hates school in spring. He says the exclamation points look like baseball bats to him.

The sad thing about a good memory is when you see a movie you know what the plot was called last time.

In Germany an opera will be broadcast from radio station Koenigswasserhausen. Please remember the name.

Foreigners have trouble with our language, but what could you expect when a "dumb-bell" is one who talks too much.

BIBLE THOUGHT

ETERNAL PROTECTION:—The Lord shall preserve thy going out and thy coming in from this time forth, and even for evermore.—Psalm 121:8.

DIGGING UP THE PAST.

The press dispatches keep us informed of glowing success in archaeological exploration in Mesopotamia, Algeria and Egypt. The history of peoples long buried beneath desert sands is being uncovered and made to tell the story of a civilization that was old when Pharaoh's daughter took the infant Moses to her bosom.

From the monetary or economic point of view it is doubtful if the uncovering of ancient cities and tombs will be of any benefit to mankind. But the making of money is not the aim of every human being, thank God. There are still men and women in this somewhat practical old world who want to add to the store of knowledge. They want to know about the people who cradled the civilization handed down to us in this money-grubbing age.

The wonderful thing about this money, got out of the surrounding atmosphere, is that it is absolutely free. There is no interest to be paid. Listen to Mr. Irvine tell about it: "At present the government hands the credit of the country over to financiers and borrows it back at a high rate of interest."

THE WHEAT BUBBLE.

We may all feel sorry for the speculators who lost in the recent violent downward swings of the wheat markets in Winnipeg and Chicago, and sorrier still for our western grain growers who had so little to sell while the price of their staple product was high. Nothing that has happened, however, has in any way affected the fundamentals which will fix the price of next summer's wheat crop.

"A rising market creates constantly widening interest and attracts an increasing number of speculators, whose purchases tend to carry it higher. Most of this buying is done on margins, and it is usually the case that the longer the rise continues the narrower the margins become. Profits are made the basis of further purchases, until a pyramid of holdings is built up on a small original investment."

These plungers in the dark are poor patriots. In their greed for unearned profits, they are willing to do a thing which disturbs and often harms the great pastoral industry of the country. To the extent that some of them win, they give encouragement to the gambling spirit, which lies so close to the surface in the nature of nearly all of us that it requires very little stimulation to break forth.

MONEY BY MAGIC.

Mr. William Irvine, M.P., representing East Calgary, has made a great discovery. It should be explained, however, that he belongs to that little group of radicals in Parliament which is constantly surprising the house by its discoveries. The two things in which this gentleman specializes are credit and finances. There are a number of old hardshells

in Parliament who have been blunt enough and rude enough to suggest that they are precisely the two things about which they know the least.

Mr. Irvine has convinced himself, and probably his credulous associates, that we have been all wrong in borrowing money by issuing bonds. The disadvantage in the case of bonds arises out of the fact that interest has to be paid on principal, and ultimately the principal itself has to be paid. He has found a way by which the government can get the money, pay no interest, and at the same time not owe anybody. Surely here is magic. In our blind and clumsy way we have gone ahead and piled up a huge public debt, while all the time the money could have been had by simply reaching up and taking it out of the air.

The wonderful thing about this money, got out of the surrounding atmosphere, is that it is absolutely free. There is no interest to be paid. Listen to Mr. Irvine tell about it: "At present the government hands the credit of the country over to financiers and borrows it back at a high rate of interest. Our interest account to-day amounts to nearly \$200,000,000, which is more than comes in by the tariff. The government can save that much by proper financing. Let them begin by financing next year the \$400,000,000 or so that is required to meet current expenditure by issuing that amount on the strength of the national credit, instead of borrowing it from New York or some other place. Having issued such credit instruments as may be required, they could balance the account at the end of the year by taxing to the extent of the amount issued."

Mr. Irvine may himself understand what he means by the prescription, but nobody unfamiliar with the occult could possibly do so. In the first place, his major premise is wholly imaginary. A government does not hand over its credit to financiers and then borrow it back at a high rate of interest. And as for financing next year's public expenditure by issuing notes of credit, let any one in his senses try to explain in what essential respect that would be different from selling a bond. Some sort of negotiable instrument would have to be used, and people purchase such instruments on their interest-bearing value. As a matter of fact, however, a government does not have to finance the year's expenditure. The money comes in through taxation channels. Inflow and outgo are balanced in that way. If they are not balanced, then, quite clearly, the government has to borrow to the extent of the shortage.

Sir Henry Drayton, ex-minister of finance, was among the two hundred odd stupid men in Parliament who thought Mr. Irvine was telling a fairy story, and so he wanted to know what would become of these instruments of credit for \$400,000,000. Mr. Irvine smilingly told him "they would be put in the waste paper basket after you had taxed them in, and you would issue a new \$400,000,000. A sort of monetary merry-go-round, it would seem. But why go to all that trouble? What pays the bill is the tax money coming in, and Mr. Irvine's fanciful plan would not alter the situation to the extent of a single penny."

It should perhaps be understood that Mr. Irvine has never been a financier. He was a preacher before Karl Marx turned him into a radical without a pupil. What he has in the back of his head is the Soviet idea of an irredeemable currency, which is nothing less than fiat money. The only drawback to money of that kind is that nobody would want it, since it has no gold behind it and would therefore be worthless. But the school to which Mr. Irvine and his associates belong persists in the belief that a nation may do something in the way of operating on credit, without liability or interest payments, which would not be possible for a corporation or an individual. As an abstract theory it is debatable; but who believes that it could be made to work? It certainly did not work in Russia.

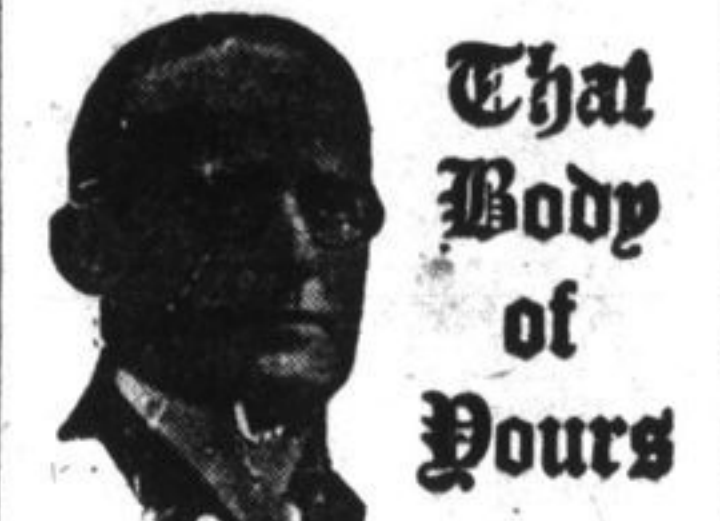
NEWSPAPERS AND CRIME.

Two daily journals, one in California and the other in Illinois, are trying the experiment of giving a secondary place in their columns to news respecting crime. At the end of the test they propose to take a vote of their readers, and be guided in their future policy by the result of that referendum. At once nice questions in popular psychology arise, and the episode will therefore be watched with interest quite outside the communities immediately concerned.

There is only one reason why reputable newspapers give prominence to accounts of crime. They regard it as a matter of duty to their readers. If the latter want news about murders, robberies and so on to be either ignored or dealt with cursorily, they have never in any decisive way said so. To the extent that stories of crime, often revolting, have a tendency to excite a certain type of mind, and feed a criminal instinct, all first-class journals are agreed that

they are deplorable; but it would be exceedingly difficult, it not quite impossible, to make out a case in that regard against Canadian papers in general. On the other hand, the average reader insists that his paper shall supply him with current news, and particularly that class of news which has the power to startle and rivet attention.

There are, of course, in all large communities, especially across the border, at least one newspaper which gives prominence to crime and news of a prurient type. They bulk small, however, in the whole field of journalism. The great majority of newspapers simply give deeds of crime their place value in the daily record of events. They could not do otherwise and be a faithful mirror of the passing show. In other words, they cannot claim to give the news and then only give part of it. There is, however, among all self-respecting newspapers a policy which limits the news to "that's fit to print." Shocking or salacious details are always by such journals omitted.



By James W. Barton, M.D.

The Chemistry of Your Body. One of our food specialists is giving us very timely advice on the importance of the minerals in the food. He points out that of the fifteen essential chemical elements entering into the composition of the body, that ten of them are mineral elements, each with its own special work to do, work that cannot be properly done by any of the other elements.

The trouble is that unless we, or our children, have some definite ailment known to be due to lack of minerals in the food, we do not concern ourselves much about our diet. This very deficiency may make it easier for us to pick up some other ailment, because our resistance has been lowered.

Another factor entering into it, is that the chemistry of one body is so different from that of another, that the same food gets handled differently after it is eaten.

Just as some forms of refining metals will get, or recover, a higher percentage of the metal from the same ore, similarly one body can absorb more from a given amount of the same food, than can another body.

Why? Well, it may be due to some inherited qualities, or it may be due to the care and thought one gives to his body.

This would mean that although the idea of calories—heat value of food—is excellent in its way, just how much of any particular food is really digested by any particular body can only be surmised.

Although minerals—iron, lime, potassium, sodium, and so forth, are of the utmost importance to the growing child, they are also essential to the adult, as many of the structures aside from the bones, need them.

The idea then of a well mixed daily diet, which has come down to us through past centuries, is still the correct one.

Thus sugar and flour, which are excellent as heat and energy producers are just a little short on minerals.

Green vegetables are rich in lime and iron, but are short in sodium. This is why it is the most natural thing in the world to want to use a little salt—sodium chloride—on your vegetables.

In regard to cereals, they are rich in protids which are good builders or repairers, but they need a little more iron in them.

So your growing child should

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Canada's Story Day by Day April 20. Every new mineral field discovered in Canada is a stimulus to national prosperity, for Canadians are living over a storehouse of wealth of precious metals which make All Baba's cave look a very poor place indeed. Gananogue will hear the Kingston Choral Society during the last week in April. The Reporter credits the choir with being second in Canada only to the Mendelssohn choir of Toronto.

FOR THE FARMER We carry a full line of Veterinary and Cattle Instruments—Syringes, Milking Tubes, Teat Lances and Dilators, Milk Fever outfits, Black-leg Vaccine and Injector, Incubator Thermometers. DR. CHOWN'S Drug Store 185 PRINCESS STREET PHONE 343.

have milk, vegetables, and fruit, and you can't do much better than use these also, with some meat or eggs if you do some real muscular work. A Veteran Lady Dead. Miss Susan Noonan, aged seventy-eight years, died in Kingston and was buried in Perth. She was born in Bathurst township a daughter of the late Dennis Noonan, one of the early settlers of Bathurst, and was the last member of a large and much respected family.

Why it's better All modern machinery—Outs down waste—Allows us to use richer ingredients, including pure lard, creamery butter and a liberal amount of whole cream milk and FLEISCHMANN'S YEAST—These provide vitamins, tissue-build-properties, calories of energy! Perfected formulas, plus these ingredients, give you the true wheat flavor—soft, firm slices and generous size of BLUE BIRD BREAD Mackey's Bread Limited W. A. KAITING, Manager

Kingston's Leading FLORIST New shipment of Gladioli, Bulbs, Choice Cut Flowers and Potted Plants. H. Stone, Manager

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SIGNS OF GRIP ARE IN THE AIR—CAUTIOUS PEOPLE WILL BEWARE! DON'T let the gripe get a grip on you. The thermometer in your home feels comfortable when it is hovering around the seventy degree mark and the right sort of heat-giving coal in your home will make you feel comfortable and healthy, too.

Foot of Queen Street. The Home of Good Coal