

## OTHER WARS BREAK OUT

### Lithuanians Are Trying to Force French From Memel.

## WAR CLOUDS IN BALKANS

### And the Clash of Arms is Again Feared in the Near East.

London, Jan. 15.—New conflicts of arms, aftermaths of the world war, broke out in Europe today. Lithuanians and French fought in the streets of Memel, and Hungarian troops were reported mobilizing on the Rumanian border.

French troops are making a desperate attempt to hold Memel, while Allied warships are racing to the rescue. The attackers, seizing upon the Allies in defending the Prussian border city, drove the French troops back from trenches outside the city.

The Rumanian minister in Paris disclosed that war clouds again are lowering over the Balkans, in a report that bands of Hungarian troops have already entered his country.

War in the Near East may be added to the turmoil if the Lausanne conference fails. Greece is reported moving troops to Thrace.

### Lithuanians in Possession.

Berlin, Jan. 15.—Despatches from Memel to the Lokal Anzeiger report heavy street fighting in the Memel-Baltic area centres invaded by Lithuanian irregulars. The Lithuanians, the messages assert, are in almost complete possession.

### Against German Government.

Copenhagen, Jan. 15.—It is reported from Memel that the insurgent commander there has handed the Allied high commissioner a note declaring the insurgent action was directed exclusively against the German government which was proving itself intolerable. The commander asked that French troops refrain from hostile acts, as he was willing to guarantee the safety of inhabitants and officials.

## ARE SENT ON MISSION TO THE ANTIPODES

### Canadian Experts Go to Study New Zealand and Australian Dairying.

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—J. A. Riddick, Dairy Commissioner for Canada, and W. A. Wilson, manager of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries and president of the Canadian Produce Dealers' Association, have been appointed by the Federal Government to study the dairy industry in New Zealand and Australia. They will sail from Vancouver on Jan. 26 and will spend four or five weeks in New Zealand, and about a fortnight in Australia. Subjects outlined for study include milk production, manufacturing of both butter and cheese, and the system of grading, marketing and shipping.

## Crown Princess of Greece May Sue For Divorce

London, Jan. 15.—The news of the world says today: "Had former King Constantine lived, he might have been worried by a threatened divorce action of his eldest daughter, Crown Princess Helene of Roumania, against Prince Carol."

"The Prince in 1918 married Miss Zizi Lambriho, who bore him a son. Against his wish, the marriage was annulled, and he married in March, 1921, Princess Helene, who likewise bore him a son. It is understood that Prince Carol has joined his first wife again and is living with her at Paris."

### Gift of Salvationists

Peterboro, Jan. 15.—A contribution of \$500 towards the needs of the local Salvation Army Corps was made by the Kiwanis Club and it is expected that at the public meeting of civic organizations engaged in beneficent work plans will be made for a canvass of the city to help the Army in the financial difficulties caused by the burning of their citadel.

### Wine Growers Warn

Windsor, Jan. 15.—Grape-growers of Essex county who manufacture native wine will be forced out of business by taxation, a Sandwich wine manufacturer asserted Saturday. In addition to an annual license fee of \$100 the wine men pay a federal tax of 50 cents per gallon. Besides this they pay an income tax of 4 per cent on their profits.

### Dome Mines on January 26th

Distribute \$238,328.50 in regular dividends to its shareholders, representing the final quarterly dividend for 1922, while company earnings during December ran very close to \$350,000.

## CAPTURE OF BANDIT GANG WHO ROBBED DENVER MINT

### Believed by Chicago Police—One Arrested—Another Was Found Dead.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—The capture of the bandits gang, who escaped with \$200,000 from a government automobile in front of the Denver mint last month, was believed here today. One man, who the police believed was the leader of the bandits was under arrest here and the dead body of another member of the gang was found in Denver.

The man arrested here gave the name of Daniel Culhane. He was grilled throughout the night, but denied any knowledge of the robbery. The police declared his description tallied exactly with that of Albert T. Hollywood, alleged leader of the gang.

Shortly after Culhane's arrest the Denver police discovered a frozen bullet-riddled body in an automobile in a garage in the Capitol Hill district of Denver. The authorities declared the man had been dead for several weeks.

A thirty-three rifle was in the machine. Marks on the dead man's clothes indicated he came from Chicago. Culhane's arrest followed a tip from Kansas City that he had called over long-distance to an underworld character there and that during the conversation the Denver mint robbery was mentioned.

## An Unprecedented Feat

Toronto, Jan. 15.—England accomplished an unprecedented feat of self-restraint after the signing of the armistice. Unlike the aftermath of all former wars, there has not been a crime wave, and I ascribe it chiefly to the decline of the drink habit, for to-day the public house is a far less important factor in the life of the people than it ever was before." This was the opinion expressed last night by Sir Basil Thomson, former chief of Scotland Yard.

## Hanged at Port Arthur

Port Arthur, Jan. 15.—Fred Baldwin, who murdered his former employer last May, was hanged here today. "Goodbye Johnson," he called to the jail physician just before the trap was sprung.

## BRITISH LABOR ENTERS PROTEST ON OCCUPATION

### Characterizes French Advance Into Germany as an Act of War.

London, Jan. 15.—A strong protest on behalf of British Labor against the French occupation of the Ruhr and a demand that Great Britain disassociate itself entirely from the project are contained in a statement issued by a joint council of the Trades Union Congress, the executive committee of the Labor party and the parliamentary Labor party.

Characterizing the French advance as an act of war, the protest makes six demands upon the British government, as follows:

First—To refrain from all measures of support of co-operation with the French troops, such as allowing the troops to pass through the British occupied territory or allowing this territory to be used by the French for any military operations.

Second—To disassociate itself by formal declaration from all complicity with the present policy of the French government.

Third—To refuse to take advantage in any way of the French action by sharing in cash payments, coal or deliveries in kind, which may be obtained as the result of possible action.

Fourth—To take all possible steps to secure the withdrawal of all the armies of occupation.

Fifth—To support the United States government in securing submission of the present dispute to an impartial body.

Sixth—To make a formal proposition for reference of the whole reparations problems to the League of Nations.

## Be General Secretary

Richmond, Va., Jan. 15.—Rev. John J. Scherer, pastor of the First English Lutheran church here, has been called to the general secretaryship of the board of home missions and church extension of the United Lutheran church in America. If he accepts he will have charge of the united church in Canada, United States and Mexico.

## Fwd Cross Campaign

A campaign for membership will be conducted by the Red Cross Society will be opened on Feb. 15th, and it is expected that Kingston will have the privilege of hearing Dr. Rutley, provincial president, in Ontario Hall, on the work of this influential society which claims the attention of all people interested in social welfare.

### Drove Back French Troops.

Berlin, Jan. 13.—French and Lithuanian troops battled in the heart of Memel for the possession of the city today. The Lithuanians entering the city drove back a handful of French troops, the despatch said.

## SEA POWER IS GREATER

### In Britain And Japan Than in United States.

## SO ADMIRAL SIMS STATES

### What Would Have Resulted From Slowness of the United States.

New York, Jan. 15.—The Washington naval agreement gives Britain and Japan greater sea power than the United States, according to Rear Admiral W. S. Sims. Speaking at Grace Methodist Episcopal church, Sims asserted that America "theoretically" ranked below Britain and Japan because those nations have guns of heavier calibre. This, he declared, nullified the 5-5-3 tonnage ratio. Furthermore, according to Sims, the Washington agreement is unimportant, because it does not control the building and arming of air fleets, which will figure largely in the next war.

At the outbreak of the war, Sims said, the orders for the American forces were to "go slow with the navy and don't do a thing with the army."

"If it had not been for the British grand fleet keeping the German fleet off the high seas, you Americans would be learning to speak the German language to-day," he said. Sims explained his meaning was that America believed the Allies would win the war in a short time, and that there was no necessity for putting the full strength of the United States into the fight. Sims also mentioned his speech at the Hyde Park Hotel, London, which caused him to be called pro-British. "I spilled the beans," he said, "by what I said. And when trouble loomed ahead, the American people came to my aid with their support. A court-martial was in sight then."

## CANADA AND BRITAIN WILL HAVE A PARLEY

### Echo of Famous Turkish Note—Canada Wants an Understanding.

London, Jan. 15.—The Canadian Press learns that no communications with reference to the famous despatch from former Premier Lloyd George to the dominions on September 16th last, giving them an opportunity to join in a demonstration against Turkey when it was thought war with that country was imminent, have passed recently between the imperial and Canadian governments.

Discussion on the matter has been revived here by the Cardiff Western Mail editorial of Saturday, stating that the Canadian government intended to demand a more definite understanding regarding the relations of Canada with the mother country and Canada's responsibility in matters of foreign policy.

## GERMAN VIEW OF FRANCE'S SEIZURE OF COAL FIELDS

### Newspaper Thinks It is to be Able to Defy England and U. S.

Berlin, Jan. 15.—Suspicion that France is laying the mailed fist on the Ruhr coalfields because she requires German coke to drive her steel industry to the point where she can defy England and the United States is expressed by the Boersen Zeitung. The only other alternative, it says, suggests that the advance into Ruhr must be considered a continental affront by the Romantic nations to the Anglo-Saxon maritime democracy.

"We are naively waiting for a cold-water douche from London and United States which shall definitely cool off the Gallic fever ravings," continues the newspaper. "But, instead, one cold stream after another is being turned on us, so that it is time we waked up."

### Toronto Mayorality Recount.

Toronto, Jan. 15.—County Court Judge Costarworth today granted the application of ex-Ald. F. M. Johnson for a recount of the mayorality vote in Toronto. The recount will be made January 24th.

### The Soldiers' Re-establishment

Department has decided to dispense with the office of unit director in London and it is certain members of the staff will be released at the end of the month.

Thirty-four new members were initiated on Saturday at the meeting of the Hamilton Council, United Travellers' Association.

## 1,000 SWISS FARMERS HAVE EYES ON CANADA

### Their Government Will Assist if Year's Work is Assured.

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—The possibility of one thousand Swiss farmers settling in Canada in the near future is now being considered by the Department of Immigration. The Swiss government, it is understood, is undertaking to assist in transporting the settlers, provided the Canadian government can guarantee them employment for one year. While this stipulation may prove a stumbling block, Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of the Interior, is getting in touch with Swiss farmers already settled in Canada, with a view to having them meet Fritz Beck, Special Commissioner of Immigration for the Swiss government. Mr. Beck is now touring the Dominion looking into opportunities for his fellow-countrymen.

## It Didn't Pay Him To Be Good Samaritan

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 15.—J. L. Eubanks reported to the police that it cost him his home to play the Good Samaritan to an old friend, Saturday. Finding Emery Lloyd out of a job, he took him home for the night. Mrs. Eubanks was away, and when Eubanks went to work in the morning he left Emery in bed.

Returning home in the evening he found Lloyd had sold all the furniture, collected the cash and left town. Eubanks swore out a warrant for friend Lloyd's arrest.

## UNITED STATES MAY YET BE ABLE TO AID EUROPE

### Suggestion of Commission to Report on Germany's Power to Pay.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Developments abroad imparted hope and cheerfulness here and the United States government is in a much better position to extend a helpful hand now than it was forty-eight hours ago.

News that the reparations commission, at the request of France, would begin a party with the idea of giving Germany more time to pay, was taken here as a rift in the clouds of war. Whatever may have prompted the French to turn to diplomacy once more, whether it was the passive resistance of the Germans, or the knowledge that bayonets would not mine coal, there is gratification that events have so shaped themselves as to permit America to mediate.

Next moves would seem to be, first, a renewed suggestion from the United States government that the scheme informally laid before the French government by Secretary Hughes now be considered as a formal proposition, and, second, that America join the reparations commission so as to be able to use her vote for the best interests of the world.

For many days there has been a controversy, mostly in the press, but not without attracting the notice of both Secretary Hughes and Premier Poincare, over the exact character of Mr. Hughes' suggestion that a commission of financiers and experts be chosen by all the interested powers to report on Germany's capacity to pay indemnity and a scheme for regular payments plus an international loan.

For reasons of his own, Premier Poincare has chosen to call Mr. Hughes' suggestion an informal matter and to deny that it was presented as a formal proposition. He has taken refuge in the hair-splitting definitions of official and unofficial formulas in diplomacy. At first this was looked upon with disappointment. As it turns out now, M. Poincare's attitude may be turned to advantage for if the French feel Mr. Hughes' suggestion was not a "proposal," and hence has not been declined, the American government would not object to making it again in official form if there is any hope of accomplishment.

## EXPLOSION CAUSES SERIOUS DAMAGE

### Property in Hull is Wrecked and Two Men Are Injured.

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—H. Villeneuve and R. Albert, of Hull, are in hospital, the former somewhat seriously injured and some thousands of dollars worth of damage was done to property on Main and St. Joseph streets, Hull, by a premature explosion of dynamite which took place Saturday, when some of the explosive was being thawed out by corporation employees in a shack on St. Joseph street.

The force of the explosion completely demolished the shack, sending the debris flying through the air, and the concussion wrecked every pane of glass in the windows of houses and stores within a radius of fifty yards.

Ex-Mayor Dr. J. U. Richambault and his wife had a miraculous escape from serious injury, and the interior of their residence was badly damaged.

## FRENCH MOVE UPON BOCHUM

### One of the Main Arteries of German Industries.

## ESSEN FORCES INCREASED

### Germans Agree to Deliver Coal Under a Franco-German Commission.

Berlin, Jan. 15.—French troops in the Ruhr moved on Bochum today. Reports from the newly occupied zone said the French artillery and infantry advanced from the little city of Kettwig upon the important industrial capital of the interests of Hugo Stinnes.

The occupation of Bochum, even more than the seizure of Essen, will give the invaders a grip on one of the main arteries of German industry. The great plans of Stinnes will come within the new French line, if Bochum is encircled.

France to-day increased her forces at Essen, and extended the new line of occupation to include Hartigan and Gelsenkirchen. Last night troops pushed northward to Kupperdreh and Niederwengen.

## To Deliver Coal.

Essen, Jan. 15.—At Saturday's conference between the French control commission and a sub-committee of the coal syndicate, the Germans agreed to resume deliveries of coal under tentative arrangements to be controlled by a Franco-German commission.

M. Coste, head of the commission, demanded that deliveries on the reparations account must be resumed Monday. The German directors only replied that they would deliver coal to France on advance cash payments of eighty per cent, every ten days, with the balance on the completion of delivery.

M. Coste intimated that seizure of the properties and arrests might be made after Monday in the event of non-compliance.

The meeting closed without further result, thus apparently leaving direct negotiations with the individual mine owners the only course to the commission.

## Destroyed French Flag.

Berlin, Jan. 15.—An incident which may result in unpleasant consequences has occurred at Steale, two miles outside of Essen, where the French flag hoisted by the occupying troops was torn down and destroyed, says a despatch to "Vorwarts."

The burgomaster had to apologize to the French commander and publish an appeal warning the population against excesses.

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## POLICE AT MONTREAL

### Favor Appointment of Commissioner to Probe Conditions There.

Montreal, Jan. 15.—A resolution was adopted by the Poligenes' Federated Labor Union at their meeting recommending the appointment of a royal commission to hold an inquiry into the recent charges made by Dr. A. K. Haywood, with regard to vice conditions in Montreal. At the same time the Poligenes' Union pledged itself to do everything in its power to facilitate the inquiry into the charges of commercialized vice in the city, made by Dr. Haywood and supported by Sir Arthur Currie, principal of McGill University. Interviewed at his residence last evening, Sir Arthur said that he and the public in general were amazed and disgusted at conditions as revealed in the Haywood indictment and strongly urged that these be probed to the core.

## Relations to Be Aired.

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—That the relations between the Mother Country and Canada, as a result of the message despatched by the Lloyd George government to the Dominions during the Turkish crisis of September last, would be debated in the House of Commons is generally conceded here. In semi-official quarters it is intimated that the matter will be thoroughly discussed.

## SUCUMBS TO BURNS ON OPERATING TABLE

### Young Woman Loses Life, Owing to Defective Electric Installation

Paris, Jan. 15.—While a young woman was lying on the operating table in a Paris hospital recently she complained of a painful sensation of pricking in her back and legs. But, as the patient had received a cocaine injection for local anaesthesia, which often produces the sensation of tingling in the limbs, the surgeon and nurses paid no attention to her complaints.

When, however, the patient was lifted from the operating table, it was seen that she was terribly burned about the legs and back, and, despite the efforts to save her, she died a few days later from the effects of the burns.

An investigation showed that defective wiring of electric installation had been the cause of the patient's suffering and death. The surgeon, who himself reported the exact details to the victim's family, has been held by the police, charged with involuntary manslaughter.

## TOWN OF INVERNESS IS FACING A CRISIS

### Imminent Strike of Nova Scotia Miners Cause For Anxiety.

Sydney, N.S., Jan. 15.—An economic crisis which threatens the very existence of the town of Inverness, has arisen through a dispute between the mine workers there and the Nova Scotia Workmen's Compensation Board.

After considerable negotiations the miners have threatened to strike unless the board pay compensation to the family of Alex. MacDonald, section man, who was killed last summer under peculiar circumstances.

The Inverness mine makes water rapidly, and it is feared that if a strike takes place the mines will be ruined.

## THREW COAT OVER CAPTORS AND SWAM TO LIBERTY

### A Dramatic Escape Effected by Irish Free State Senator Gogarty.

Dublin, Jan. 15.—Senator Gogarty, who besides being an ear and throat specialist, is a dramatist of some repute, was held up in Dublin by two men, blindfolded and taken to Lucan, seven miles away. His captors took him into a house in that town, but he made his escape by throwing his fur coat over their heads, and getting free before they could recover their pole.

Dr. Gogarty dashed for the river nearby, swam across, and then walked to the police depot in Phoenix Park. He was about Dublin on Saturday apparently unharmed by his experience.

## POPOCATEPETL FIRES UP AFTER LONG NAP

### The Mexican Volcano Fumes and Frets Scaring the Natives.

Amecameca, Mexico, Jan. 15.—Venerable Mt. Popocatepetl has again thrown off its snow nightcap and is putting on a smoke spectacle that may be seen for 100 miles around. For the past year the volcano has been showing increasing signs of activity. At intervals it has sent forth a high column of smoke, accompanied by slight earth tremors. These manifestations would be followed, by a quieting of the internal fires and it would seem the old mountain was again started on another long nap.

The recent activity is more violent than for several years, scientists assert. Inhabitants of Amecameca and other villages at the base of the mountain are apprehensive of an eruption of gas and ashes and are prepared to flee. Although occasional sightseers have mounted to the crest of the volcano during the last year, none has ventured into the crater, due to the fumes of sulphur which now fill that cavity.

It is regarded as unsafe to ascend within several hundred feet of the summit. The smoke column recently shot straight upwards to a height of about 2,500 feet and then spread out in the form of a fan until it was dissipated by the air. The awesome spectacle was witnessed by many people in Mexico City, including President Alvar Obregon, who stood upon the terrace of Chapultepec. Its last eruption was in 1664.

## Must Change Name.

Brockville, Jan. 15.—The Board of Trade of the village of Iroquois is again taking up the question of the similarity in names of Iroquois and Iroquois Falls, both in Ontario, and has appointed a committee to investigate the possibility of eliminating the inconvenience and loss of time and money which are said to result from incorrect routing of mail, express and freight through this similarity.

## BLACK EYE FOR INDIANS

### Royal Canadian Mounted Police Detachment Stationed ON SIX NATIONS RESERVE

## This Settles Question of Law Enforcement—Indians Not Independent Nation.

Brantford, Jan. 15.—A permanent detachment of mounted police stationed at Oshawken, has settled finally all questions of law enforcement on the Indian reserve.

The detachment of ten R.C.M.P.'s arrived in Brantford on Saturday, and on Sunday morning rode jingling out to their new post. Sergeant Bridger is in charge of the detachment, whose other members are Corp. Coventry, Ptes. McJannet, Walker, McKenzie, Tingley, Jacob, Chisholm, Skaridge and Rodgers.

The stationing of the "mounties" at Oshawken, which is the capital of the Six Nations Indian Reserve, on the banks of the Grand river, is rather a black eye for the claims of Chief Deskaheh and others that the Six Nations are an independent nation, not under the sovereignty of Canada but an ally of Britain for hundreds of years.

## NEWS OFF THE WIRES IN CONDENSED FORM

### Tidings From Places Far and Near Are Briefly Recounted.

Glasgow preparing for trade in Canadian cattle.

Roving wolf packs threaten Northern U. S. States.

Alexander Ribot, former French Premier, is dead in Paris.

Irish hierarchy using influence to bring peace in Free State.

Mexico declines invitation to pan-American conference in Chile.

A large office building to be erected on Richmond street west, Toronto. Legislation to be introduced in U. S. House to reduce interest on British debt.

Four were drowned when a Hansa-Keywest aeroplane crashed near Keywest.

A. O. Hogg was elected president of the Toronto Board of Trade by acclamation.

Plans for sewerage scheme costing many millions for North Toronto will be introduced soon.

Women stage a riot in Mount Joy prison, Dublin, smashing furniture and doing other damage.

Miss Robinson, Toronto, defeated Miss Muller in a 440-yard skating race in Binghamton, N.Y.

The policy of the government of Chancellor Cuno was approved by the German Reichstag on Saturday.

The body of former King Constantine of Greece was on Saturday placed on board a steamship sailing for Naples.

A mysterious fire started in St. Mary's cathedral, Hamilton, Sunday. Considerable damage was done to the inside of the church.

St. Thomas officials approve suggestion of President of New York Central that all railroads should own specified number of freight cars.

Bert Costeau, aged 17, a Rumanian, was whirled to death when his clothing caught in machinery at the Beaver Board plant, at Thorold.

The German government has sent another note to France and Belgium declaring that seizure of Ruhr territory violates international law as well as the Versailles treaty.

The city of Berlin and other German industrial centres are already beginning to feel the coal shortage which is attributed to the occupation of the Ruhr region by the French.

Dr. Oliver Gogarty, member of the Irish Free State senate was kidnapped on Friday night by two men but escaped after being taken some distance outside Dublin by his captors.

Innocent girls, still in their teens, arriving in Montreal, are being drugged, lured to criminal dens and perverted to ruin by drug gangsters who haunt the railway stations, local service workers claim.

Rev. A. E. Whitham, pastor of the Brunswick Wesleyan church, Leeds, Eng., has received a unanimous call to become the pastor of the Metropolitan Methodist church, Toronto, to succeed Rev. Dr. H. Trevor Davies, when the pastorate of the latter expires next July, and he goes to Timothy Eaton Memorial church.

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## GERMANY REFUSES TO CO-OPERATE

Paris, Jan. 15.—The German government, says a Havas despatch from Essen this afternoon, has sent instructions to German industrialists not to co-operate with France in the deliveries of coal.

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