

PRESERVATION OF ALLIED UNITY THE CHIEF ASPECT

Of Proposed Settlement With Turkey—London Press Does Not Emphasize Concessions.

Angora Government Representative at Constantinople Says Turkey Will Not Agree to Demilitarizing Sea of Marmora And Part of Thrace.

Paris, Sept. 25.—The return of Turkey to Europe was assured Saturday night, when Great Britain, France and Italy, at the final session of the Allied conference, unanimously agreed to concede all the Nationalist peace terms. The Turkish claims to Eastern Thrace, to the Maritza River, and including the ancient Turkish capital of Adrianople, were approved as peace terms that can be supported by France. Great Britain and Italy in a joint invitation sent to Mustafa Kemal Pasha, the Nationalist leader, to a peace conference to be held at Venice at the earliest possible date.

The Kemalists must agree in return, not to enter the present neutral zone along the Straits, nor make any crossing elsewhere, and must accept complete freedom of the Dardanelles, the Sea of Marmora and the Bosphorus, preferably under the League of Nations.

Unity Essential. London, Sept. 25.—Enthusiasm for the Paris Near Eastern settlement is lacking in press comment this morning, the tenor of most of the editorials being that it was the only way to avoid war and maintain agreement among all those involved and therefore, had to be adopted. In some instances the preservation of Allied unity is held to be the most important aspect of the settlement, and the question of concessions to the Turks is not emphasized.

Turks Will Not Accept. Constantinople, Sept. 25.—Hamid Bey, representative of the Angora government in Constantinople, declared today that the Allied invitation to a peace conference could not be accepted by the Turkish nationalists on the terms laid down. The terms, he said, proposed to demilitarize the Sea of Marmora and part of Thrace, which would prevent the Turks from bringing out troops from Asia to Europe. Neither could they accept literally the condition that

SHOPMEN WOULD RE-OPEN DIRECT NEGOTIATIONS

With the Railway Companies on the Question of Rates of Pay.

Montreal, Sept. 25.—The Canadian railway shopmen, after deliberations lasting several days, have expressed a desire to re-open direct negotiations with the companies on the question of rates of pay. The railway association, which acts for the companies in the negotiations with their employees, received an official notification today from representatives of the shopmen that they desired a conference for the purpose of reaching an agreement concerning pay. The request is being placed before individual railroads by the association. It is believed the conference will be opened some time next week.

Blames Churchill. London, Sept. 25.—The Nation, a highbrow democratic weekly review, says that in the "flaming manifesto" calling upon the dominions for assistance in the Near East, while the hand was that of Lloyd George, the voice was Winston Churchill's. Apparently there are not enough graves in Gallipoli, he adds.

That its Attitude on Question of Troops For Near East Was Right—Treaty of Sevres Was Never Ratified by the Canadian Parliament.

Ottawa, Sept. 25.—While realizing that the Near East situation is still pregnant with possibilities of a far-reaching nature, official circles here view with gratification the most recent developments, and the cabinet for the present has relaxed to the consideration of domestic problems. No new chapter has been added to the King-Meighen controversy regarding the status of the treaty of Sevres. Undoubtedly, while Canada was a signatory to this treaty, the Canadian parliament never ratified it, neither did the king. Apart from the fact that the treaty was never really operative, its terms are practically put aside in the proposals now made by Great Britain, France and Italy.

WILL BE DIFFICULT TO CARRY OUT

New York, Sept. 25.—The Times to-day comments favorably upon the announced immigration policy of the Canadian government, but expressed the opinion that carrying it out will involve some difficulties. It is devised, says the paper, to meet the same problem as has long vexed the United States, the tendency of the incoming settlers to drift to the cities and swell the numbers of what prosperity calls "unskilled labor" and hard times "unemployed."

May Hold Conference On Postal Exchange

Washington, Sept. 25.—Postmaster-General Murphy, of Canada, informed United States Assistant Postmaster-General Glover that the question of a conference between the United States and Canada on postal exchange would be taken up by the dominion postal officials at a conference to be held early in October. Suggestion was made some weeks ago by the post office department here to the Canadian postal officials that a conference be held with a view to increasing the efficiency of the two countries.

CARPENTIER IS KNOCKED OUT IN SIXTH ROUND

Senegalese Heavyweight Siki Proves Much Better Man Than the Frenchman.

Paris, Sept. 25.—Georges Carpentier, the heavyweight champion boxer Europe, was defeated yesterday by Battling Siki, the Senegalese boxer, in the sixth round of what was to have been a 20-round bout. Carpentier never had a chance after the third round. He was barely able to respond to the bell at the beginning of the sixth. With his right eye completely closed and his nose broken, he was unable to get up guard. In the sixth the negro planted a series of terrific rights to Carpentier's head, and the French idol crumpled to the floor. One of his legs caught between the legs of the Senegalese while he was falling. The crowd, the largest that ever witnessed a boxing contest in France, sensed the end. All was uproar. Many persons jumped into the ring and carried the Senegalese on their shoulders to his corner. The referee, Harry Bernstein, at first ruled that Siki had been disqualified for "tripping," but the throng, which considered Carpentier had been beaten squarely by a better man, received the decision with a great chorus of hoots and jeers. The three judges of the bout, Victor Broyer, Jean Pujol, Frenchman, and Mr. Bannison of London, went into consultation. An hour later they declared the negro the winner. Their verdict was received with terrific cheering from the spectators, who had remained in the arena for it. Carpentier had been hooted by large numbers of the crowd as he was taken from the ring to his dressing room.

HAD TO PAY PREMIUM ON INSURANCE POLICY

Man Held Policy Two Weeks and Then Wanted to Drop It and Get Money.

Ottawa, Sept. 25.—An important judgment, one which establishes a precedent in the province of Ontario, was rendered by Judge Mulligan in Division Court here when he sustained the action brought by the Imperial Life Assurance Company against Louis Leblanc, local hardware merchant, for payment of a premium of \$35 on an insurance policy. Some time ago Leblanc made application to the company for an insurance policy to the value of \$1,000 and a part payment was made. After keeping the policy for two weeks, Leblanc decided he would rather insure with another company and sent back the policy to the plaintiffs, refusing to pay the balance of the premium. The court held that as the company could have been held liable for the payment of the \$1,000 named in the policy, had Leblanc died while it was in his possession, a contract had been entered into which was binding also on the defendant. Judgment for the amount claimed with costs was given in favor of the Assurance Company.

May Ask For New Trial For Barrie at Belleville

Belleville, Sept. 25.—Mr. Barrie, father of Maurice Barrie who is in jail here under sentence of death has arrived in the city and is interesting himself on behalf of his son. It is understood that if it is not possible to secure a new trial, a petition will be circulated to have the sentence commuted to life imprisonment.

Marquis of Lansdowne's Irish Mansion Burned

London, Sept. 25.—The Marquis of Lansdowne informs the Times that his mansion at Derreen, county Kerry, Ireland, has been looted and burned, and valuable plantations on his estate destroyed. He does not know who committed the outrage.

Lipton is to try again for America's cup.

ARTICLE TEN TOO VAGUE

"Ambiguous Texts As Pernicious As Secret Treaties."

FIELDING WANTS LIGHT

He Wishes to Know Just What This Article Really Means.

Geneva, Sept. 25.—Hon. W. S. Fielding, chairman of the Canadian delegation at the League of Nations, said he had no fault to find with his predecessors on the delegation, but would not ask the assembly to eliminate article ten, he said Saturday. He would ask, however, that it be interpreted so the world would understand it. Mr. Fielding said that the Canadian attitude on article X was not inspired by the desire to facilitate the entry of the United States into the league. He declared that the Canadian parliament had taken this position as it was known the United States congress would oppose the ratification of the covenant. The objection to it was based on the article's vagueness, he said.

CANADIAN EXPORTERS HIT BY U.S. NEW TARIFF

The Poultry Export Business Is Demoralized According to the Farmers.

Toronto, Sept. 25.—Canadian produce marketers will find the new United States tariff almost prohibitive, says J. J. Morrison, but he believes, no retaliatory measures would help. The U. S. farmer will realize the mistake quite soon. Live stock will be hardest hit by the new tariff and produce will suffer next most seriously, in the opinion of many farmers. As butter and eggs are not exported to the U. S. from here to any great extent, the eight cents duty on them may or may not have serious effect, but the duty on poultry will almost demoralize that branch, and farmers see the price here will possibly be as high as in the States, less the duty. The duty of 50 cents a hundredweight on potatoes will injure the maritime producers, it is said, and the \$4 toll on hay will cut into Ontario export revenue. On Alaska and clover seed the duty will be \$4 a hundred pounds. Formerly the duty on peas was 10 cents a bushel, but it is now 60 cents, and heavy shipments were sent off this week to avoid the tariff before it goes into effect.

Business at Standstill In the Turkish Capital

Washington, Sept. 25.—Collapse of business at Constantinople as a result of the Turkish military situation, was reported yesterday by the commerce department; by J. E. Gillespie, grain commissioner in Constantinople. The principal importers in the city are panic-stricken and are planning to flee if the Turkish army make further advances, Gillespie stated. Turkish money is depreciating as a result of the situation.

Says America Could Save Eastern Situation

Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 25.—Failure of America to stand by the allies was blamed for the present British-Turk situation by James M. Cox, Democratic nominee for the presidency at the last election, in an address before the city club here yesterday.

2,000 Winter Jobs Cannot Be Filled

Montreal, Sept. 25.—Two thousand all winter jobs are going begging with never a man to fill them. S.O.S. calls to Montreal men are going out from lumber companies in Ontario and Quebec for bush men at \$30 a month, and improvement men at \$25 a month, and are meeting with little or no response. Two thousand men can be placed by next Thursday for bush work and improvement work, but as they will company representatives cannot find men to ship.

THIS HEARSE CONTENTS WERE VERY MUCH ALIVE

Old John Barleycorn Was There, But Well Able to Kick.

New York, Sept. 25.—Old John Barleycorn himself was captured today after prohibition agents chased a hearse for a half hour through the streets of the Red Hook section of Brooklyn. Agents became suspicious of the hearse. When they attempted to stop the driver he sped away at a forty-mile an hour clip. Instead of a corpse, 250 gallons of alcohol were found. The driver, when arrested, gave his name as Frank Glaramita. He said he borrowed the hearse to do some trucking and didn't know that alcohol was concealed in the casks in the hearse.

ECLIPSE PHOTOGRAPHS ARE SATISFACTORY

London, Sept. 25.—Prof. C. A. Chant, of the University of Toronto, who went to Australia to witness the eclipse of the sun, telegraphing Wallal, Australia, according to Reuters, said he believed the photographs taken last Thursday during the eclipse will prove sufficient to verify, disprove or modify the Einstein theory of gravitation.

Canada Will Protest U.S. Seizure of Vessels

Ottawa, Sept. 25.—Protests have been received by the Canadian government in regard to the seizure of Canadian vessels on the high seas by prohibition enforcement officers of the United States. No definite action has yet been taken by the government in regard to these protests, but it is thought that a communication will probably be sent to the Washington authorities, and that the protest will be placed before the British government. The understanding here is that Canadian vessels outside the three mile limit are not subject to interference from United States prohibition enforcement officers.

Similar to Egypt.

Paris, Sept. 25.—The British decision to maintain troops at Chanak, on the Asiatic shore of the Dardanelles, which has been communicated by Prime Minister Lloyd George to Lord Curzon, British minister of foreign affairs, now in conference here with representatives of France and Italy, creates a situation strikingly similar to the line-up in Egypt in 1881. Then, as now, Britain and France disagreed as to the proper course of action. France withdrew her troops and the British went alone and crushed Arabi Pasha, the Egyptian nationalist leader, and became mistress of the Suez canal.

Would Suspend Military Activities Against the Dardanelles if Allies Would Make Promise.

Constantinople, Sept. 25.—With the news from Paris that the allies have agreed to send a joint note to the Angora government assuring the return of Constantinople to the Turks and demanding the freedom of the straits, also according to report, to offer the restoration of Adrianople and Thrace to Turkey under conditions, allied circles are inclined to see an improvement in the Near East situation. Mustafa Kemal Pasha has announced his willingness to suspend military activity against the Dardanelles and await the decision of the peace conference if the allies undertake to announce officially that Thrace will be restored to Turkey without delay.

Lloyd George Says Great Britain Has No Quarrel With Turkey Over Eastern Thrace Provided Freedom of Straits is Guaranteed.

statement on the Near East crisis is decidedly conciliatory in tone. He says Britain has no quarrel with Turkey over eastern Thrace, provided the freedom of the straits is entrusted to the League of Nations, as already proposed. As representatives of Kemal Pasha have accepted these terms in advance, Chanak, the statement said, would be held by the British pending final settlement.

AGED EX-MODERATOR CHAMPION OF UNION

Rev. Dr. W. T. McMullen, at 91, Answers "Anti" Arguments of Dr. Scott.

Toronto, Sept. 25.—At the moment when Presbyterians are halting between two opinions on the wisdom of church union there comes to the front an aged father in the church to champion the union cause. He is Rev. Dr. W. T. McMullen, the senior ex-moderator of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and he is just 91 years of age. He is now living in Woodstock. The former moderator voices his views in plain phraseology in a letter to the Christian Guardian, answering the opus of Rev. Dr. Ephraim Scott, of Montreal, one of the "anti" leaders. He says: "One of the cheering signs of the times is the world-wide movement for church union. That there is but one church of Christ is absolutely true; and ordination into the ministry of any one branch of the church is ordination into the church of Christ as a whole, whatever men may say or do. This truth is coming home to the hearts of Christian people everywhere, and if civilization is to be saved from destruction the whole church of Christ with united energy must address herself to the mighty task of generating an overwhelming public opinion in the cause of peace."

Saluting on Street No Longer Required

Washington, Sept. 25.—Army officers stationed here today applauded the new order under which saluting on the street will no longer be necessary. Under strict adherence to the saluting regulations, officers have often walked a score of times in a halft of two or three squares. Now, under General Pershing's direction, the salute will be confined to army reservations, or to occasions when officers stop to talk to each other on the street.

CLAIMS JEALOUS WOMAN MURDERED HER MOTHER

Singer's Daughter Makes a Statement About New Brunswick, N.J., Tragedy.

New Brunswick, N.J., Sept. 25.—"A jealous woman killed my mom and Mr. Hall." This assertion, fitting in perfectly with the theory which authorities investigating the murder of Mrs. Eleanor Reinhardt Mills and the Rev. Edward Wheeler Hall are bending every effort to prove, was made this evening by Charlotte Mills, 16-year-old daughter of the dead woman. It was the first time she had broken her silence—since "tragedy" stalked into the humble Mills home and left her mistress. "The woman I think killed mom," the girl continued, with bitterness in her voice, "was . . ."

She named a woman whom the authorities also have admitted was the centre of most of their suspicions.