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Gavest Me"

The Daily British Whig

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THE TORIES ARE SWAMPED BY COMMONS FIRST VOTE

Amendment in Supply Defeated By 162 to 42—The Progressives Vote With King Government—Fielding Made Great Speech.

Ottawa, March 29.—The government of Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King received a real mandate shortly after six o'clock last evening. During the afternoon an amendment had been introduced on a motion to go into supply, and this amendment was defeated by 162 to 42.

It was one of the largest majorities ever recorded in the House of Commons—the largest on a non-confidence motion since Confederation.

Only the Conservatives voted for the amendment, while the Progressives lined up solidly behind the government.

To-day the government forces are jubilant and the Conservatives dejected.

Two opportunities were given the Conservatives to evade the roll-call and allow the motion to be lost on division. They availed themselves of neither, with the result that the country is shown the smallness of the following under R. Hon. Arthur Meighen.

"Want of Confidence" Motion.
To the surprise of everyone, when the motion to go into supply was made, Col. Arthur, Parry Sound, moved an amendment, which, of course, was a motion of "want of confidence." He reminded the house of the Liberal platform of 1919, which, he claimed, promised the return of a cash gratuity. He told of Liberal speakers during the campaign making pledges to the same effect, pledges which, he claimed, had not been repudiated by the leader of the government. His amendment recorded that the subsequent action of the government "constitutes a repudiation of a solemn obligation and a disregard of political honor."

In the debate, which lasted till well after six o'clock, the words "solemn obligation" and "political

honor" resounded throughout the chamber.

Premier's Vigorous Defense.
The premier made a fighting defense of the position of his government. He claimed that the resolution of the 1919 Liberal convention did not actually pledge the government to a cash gratuity. Vigorously he denied that during the late campaign he had made any promise of a cash gratuity, nor had he heard any speaker on the same platform as himself make any such promise. He maintained, amid Liberal cheers, that the standard of political honor was as safe with the Liberals as with any other party.

Ex-Premier Meighen addressed the bulk of his remarks to the Progressives. He read the Farmers' party a lengthy lecture on political ethics, attempting to show that public life was at a low ebb when a party got votes by promising returned men a gratuity and then not living up to that promise. Hon. Mr. Crerar, as he has done before, complained about old election campaign talk being brought up and delaying business. He bluntly announced that his vote would be against the amendment.

Fielding a War-horse.
Though the argument was bitter and the atmosphere electric, it remained for the veteran Hon. W. S. Fielding to wake up the Liberals and start them pounding their desks with a will. He carried the war right into the camp of Mr. Meighen. He told the house how Mr. Meighen had promised a redistribution bill and never carried out that promise; also how tariff reform had been promised, with the same result. Mr. Fielding denounced his opponents for not letting the house get on with its work. The minister of finance had all the fire in his speech that characterized his utterances of years ago. All agreed to-day that his was a masterly performance.

For killing of a man by specials on St. Patrick's day.

Enslap Lodge, a beautiful mansion in County Tyrone, was burned to the ground this morning.

Miners to Seek to Stop Coal Imports From Britain

New York, March 29.—The International Longshoremen's Association, with its 75,000 members, will be prepared to take any necessary steps to prevent the importation of British soft coal to break the anthracite miners' walkout, it was announced by Joseph P. Ryan, vice-president of the organization. The statement was issued upon published reports from Washington that the administration might authorize use of United States Shipping Board vessels to import coal as cargo ballast at low freight rates.

\$10 For Beating Wife, \$200 For Moonshining

Renfrew, March 29.—Frank Stopka, recently arraigned in the police court on a charge of wife beating and having a quantity of moonshine whisky, was sentenced to a fine of \$10 for the first offense and \$200 for the second offense. As Stopka was unable to pay either fine, he was given three months and ten days in the county jail.

NEARLY 102 YEARS OLD AND ENJOYS GOOD HEALTH

William Thompson is an inmate at the Home for the Aged.

Close on to 102 years of age, and still enjoying good health, William Thompson is one of the "young" inmates at the Home for the Aged. He will reach the 102 mark on June 18th. Mr. Thompson does not smoke, but he is not offering this as a reason for his long life. His eyesight is so poor that he cannot read a newspaper, so he is compelled to put in the most of his time in chatting with the other inmates. He is well informed and can debate many matters of interest. For his age Mr. Thompson is very active. He stays up all day, when as a rule people of his age have to take to a couch for part of the day. Mr. Thompson was a former resident of Tamworth.

At Lawrence, Mass., seven thousand five hundred textile operatives in seven cotton mills left their work without disorder in protest against a wage reduction approximating twenty per cent. Ralph Edmund Sneyd, Ottawa, is under detention in Washington, awaiting a hearing on a charge of having passed a forged cheque for \$2,650.

MOUNT ETNA IS IN VIOLENT ERUPTION

London, March 29.—Mount Etna is in violent eruption, says a Central News despatch from Rome. Streams of lava are flowing down all sides of the crater and the inhabitants of villages and the mountainside have fled from their homes.

Serum to Prevent Pneumonia Deaths

London, March 29.—"There will be practically no deaths from pneumonia when the new serum comes into general use," according to Dr. A. W. Cowan Guthrie, of London, who says he has made this wonderful discovery. Dr. Guthrie says experiments with his serum in Britain and the United States show that pneumonia can be eliminated from the list of dangerous diseases. He is expected to give the details of his discovery to the Royal Colonial Institute in a few days.

SAYS COLLINS DECEIVED HIM

Ulster Premier Says Attacks By South Change Whole Irish Situation.

Belfast, March 29.—Sir James Craig, premier of Ulster, speaking in the Northern Parliament yesterday afternoon in answer to the statement issued by Michael Collins, head of the Provisional government, said: "I would have made no statement at this stage, but for the serious charge made by Mr. Collins which may convey the impression that I have not honorably kept my word. I will not deviate one inch from the policy I have pursued from the beginning."

Collins' statement was to the effect that while he had kept faith with Ulster regarding the removal of the boycott, Sir James has not lived up to his undertakings such as securing reinstatement of discharged shipyard laborers.

Collins Deceived Him.
Sir James said that when Mr. Collins signed the agreement with him, Mr. Collins has kept him entirely in the dark concerning large territories and not merely concerning the boundary line involved in the Boundary Commission provided for by the Anglo-Irish treaty. The premier denied the charge that he had done nothing for the expelled workers of Belfast. He said Loyalist workers had admitted the principle of reinstating Catholics when trade had revived, but there were 47,000 men unemployed. "The whole aspect has changed," he said, "since the revelation of predatory attacks being attempted upon the Ulster area. I cannot go on with the agreement when such an interpretation is placed upon it. Mr. Collins is not big enough to stick to his signature."

Sir James vigorously repudiated the charges that the Belfast Protestants were conducting a pogrom against the Catholics as Catholics. "The Orange institution is particularly charged with being at the bottom of the pogrom," said the premier. "I am an Orangeman myself, and I can say that the whole organization is built upon one simple statement—'civil and religious freedom for all.'"

South Waging War.
Alluding to the conference to be held in London to-day, Sir James said his desire was to create a helpful and not a destructive meeting. He expressed an earnest wish that at the eleventh hour vindictiveness and hatred would give way to a reasonable sense of proportion, leading to peace. The premier reiterated that the South of Ireland was sending men with bombs and arms to create unrest in the north, and, if possible, "the same surrendered as in the south." He declared the Ulstermen were not up against the Catholics but "against rebels, murderers, Bolsheviks and enemies of the empire."

ENGINEERS LOCKOUT NOTICES POSTED

London, March 29.—The Engineering Employers Federation today posted notices locking out members of forty-seven unions in addition to the Amalgamated Engineers Union. The lockout is to take effect in one week and will affect six hundred thousand additional men.



Is one of the twenty peeresses in their own right who, by the decision in Lady Rhonda's, may sit in the House of Lords.

COSMETICS BEYOND RULING OF THE BOARD

Hamilton Trustees Decide They Cannot Prohibit School Girls' Powder.

Hamilton, Ont., March 29.—The Board of Education cannot prevent school girls attending the houses of learning "powdered up," according to Hugh Dunlop, chairman of the Board of Education. It is a matter which the parents must take up with their own children, but he said that there was very little of it going on in the city schools at present.

The remarks of the chairman were made following a conference in the Board of Education rooms, which was attended by Mrs. Armes of the Big Sister Movement; N. Y. Ames, principal of the Canaan Street School; Inspector Burns, of the Children's Aid, and Chairman Dunlop and Inspectors Perney and Gill of the Board of Education. The meeting was called at the instigation of Principal Ames, who decided to state his position in connection with the charges of Mrs. Ross that children were allowed to come to this particular school painted and powdered. He thought it a reflection on the school and an injustice to himself, and requested the meeting to be held on the question.

After a long discussion, during which several recommendations for remedying the troubles were made, the officials of the Board of Education held that it was not within their jurisdiction to punish a child for having a powdered face. "When a child attends school with a dirty face the teacher can send the offender home or to the school tap, but with powder it is different. There is the question to be settled: 'Is powder dirt?' and I do not think the school board feels that it should be called upon to answer the question."

JAPAN IS AWAITING THE BRITISH HEIR

Elaborate Programme is Arranged for Entertainment of Prince of Wales.

London, March 29.—The Prince of Wales is to spend nearly a month in Japan and numerous dinner parties, balls and other ceremonies and entertainments have been arranged in his honor.

The programme of his stay in the mikado's empire, as announced here, shows that after arriving in Yokohama on the battleship Renown, April 12th, he will go straight to Tokio, where he will be entertained with dinners at the Japanese foreign office and at the prime minister's official residence. The British embassy in Tokio and the British colony in Yokohama are planning to give balls to celebrate his visit. After a week in those two cities the prince will go to Nikko for two days and afterward will visit Odawara and Lake Hakone, visiting Yokohama on the way to unveil the interlarded memorial arch which has been erected by popular subscription on the "Bluff," the foreign residential district.

Later he will proceed by automobile to Shoji, where he will remain overnight, and on the following day will go to Iida, whence he will descend the Tenryugawa rapids as far as the railway line, where he will take the train for Kioto. One week will be spent in this ancient capital city of Japan in which the prince will visit Lake Biwa and the Island of Chikubushima.

Next the prince will go to Nara for two days and then to Kobe, where he will be entertained by the British colony.

On May 8th he is to sail from Kobe through the Inland sea, possibly stopping at some of its ports, and on May 9th, he will leave Japan for Manila, where he will spend two days.

RANEY MAKES HIS DEFENCE

Of Timber Agreement—Hopes Mismanagement Is At An End.

Toronto, March 29.—The settlement recently effected between the provincial government and Shevlin-Clark Company of Fort Frances, was defended and justified by W. E. Raney, attorney-general, in a comprehensive speech made in the legislature yesterday afternoon.

In moving the second reading of the bill, which validated this agreement, Mr. Raney stated that it should bring from \$1,250,000 to \$1,500,000 into the coffers of the province. The settlement, he noted, had been proposed by Howard Ferguson, former minister of lands, forests and mines. On the ground that the government was under obligation to carry all matters connected with the case down to trial and eventually to the highest court of appeal.

"But the government," said Mr. Raney, "was influenced by considerations other than the mere amount of money involved. Some of those considerations I am not at liberty to discuss at this moment, but I am at liberty to mention two of them. First, the fact that if the litigation had proceeded the government would have been compelled to close down its plants at Fort Frances. The government was not willing, except as a last resort, to be instrumental in bringing about this condition."

Guilt Not All Company's.

"Another consideration that was even more influential with the government, was the fact that the company was not the only party guilty of misconduct with regard to the matters covered by these law suits. The accredited representatives of the government were essentially a foreign corporation. The government of Ontario is continuous and this government is responsible in a degree so far as contractual relations are concerned. For the acts and conduct of previous governments. In that view there was an obligation I think on the part of this government to assume on behalf of the province a share of the loss due to the misconduct of the company's representative and representatives of the province."

"In conclusion, permit me to say that I trust that this litigation will prove the culmination of a system of mismanagement of a foreign corporation of this province. If that end is accomplished the mere matter of dollars and cents involved in this settlement or in any other settlements which may be made with other companies who have obtained improper advantages at the expense of the government will be a comparatively unimportant matter."

RICKARD ACQUITTED.

Contradicts Girls' Stories in Entirety Before Court.

New York, March 29.—Tex Rickard denied before the Supreme Court jury trying him on a charge of having assaulted fifteen year old Sarah Schoenfeld, that he ever had miscondemned himself with her. The stories told about him by Sarah and her chum, Nellie Gasko, the sports promoter contradicted almost in their entirety. Mrs. Rickard also testified on her husband's behalf. The jury acquitted him.

Sale Tax Since Start \$94,223,145.

Ottawa, March 29.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons, Hon. Jacques Bureau minister of customs and excise, said that since its inception in June, 1920, the sales tax had yielded \$94,223,145 in revenue.

A SPLIT IS RUMORED IN BRITISH CABINET

Differences Have Arisen Owning to Premier's Intentions Toward Soviet.

London, March 29.—Rumors of differences of opinion in the cabinet regarding the Genoa conference were current in the lobbies and political circles generally overnight, and are discussed by political correspondents of the morning papers with the suggestion by the writers for anti-government papers that a split in the cabinet is likely.

The known opposition of Winston Spencer Churchill, secretary for the colonies, to Lloyd George's views respecting the recognition politically of the Bolshevik government, seems to be the foundation for all the reports, and the fact that the colonial secretary emphasized these views in a speech at Northampton Saturday, is treated in some quarters as an indication that he is refusing to follow the prime minister in the latter's Genoa policy.

The parliamentary correspondent of the London Times says:

"The divergence of opinion between Mr. Churchill and Lloyd George undoubtedly is serious and introduces a fresh complication into an already delicate parliamentary situation. In the present condition of affairs it will require very little more to make it possible for the cabinet to hold together."

"Mr. Churchill does not stand alone; other ministers are disposed to support him, but precisely how far he and they are prepared to go and the actual extent of the cleavage is rather obscure."

This is the gist of several other reports some of which hint the possibility of Mr. Churchill's resignation.

There is a good deal of speculation as to what course the premier will take if he finds he is unable to carry all his colleagues with him on the Genoa policy, but nothing concrete has developed.

HER CAREER HAS END IN A BERLIN PRISON

Former Maid of Honor to Russian Empress Charged With Theft.

Berlin, March 29.—One of the maids of honor of the late Empress of Russia is now in prison in Berlin. She was the daughter of General Skatiantine and Princess Lubanow and was for some years regarded as the most beautiful young woman at the Russian court. She married a Russian general but the union was not a happy one, and was dissolved. She left Russia and settled in Germany, marrying a retired army surgeon, Dr. Berrische, of Bonn, who died shortly before the war. During the war she experienced the greatest difficulty in obtaining money from Russia, and eventually had to take a position as interpreter in prison camps.

As the result of the revolution her parents lost all their property, and at the end of the war, her services as interpreter being no longer required, she came to Berlin and frequented Russian circles, where she managed to borrow considerable sums of money which she never paid back.

From families which received and helped her, she stole considerable quantities of valuable furs and jewels. She managed to extract 25,000 marks from a Russian general, and later she persuaded a wealthy Russian merchant to entrust to her his fortune, which was in Indian rupees. When funds again ran short she committed another big theft and went to Cologne to turn the goods into money. When she returned from Cologne, however, detectives were waiting at the station to arrest her.

VETERAN PUBLISHER DIES.

W. R. Davis Was on Eve of Celebrating Diamond Wedding.

Mitchell, March 29.—On the eve of his diamond wedding which he had planned to celebrate with his partner of sixty years, W. R. Davis, a prominent resident of Mitchell, died suddenly yesterday. He was publisher of the Mitchell Advocate for fifty-seven years.

Mr. Davis, with his brother, the late John E. Davis, established the Mitchell Advocate in 1860. His son, H. D. Davis, is the present publisher.

Canney at Reformatory.

Guelph, Ont., March 29.—Preparations are now under way at the Ontario Reformatory for the opening of a cannery, which will be the largest in operation at any government institution in Ontario, and which will supply canned fruits and vegetables for all other institutions in the province.

Enriched by Coal Royalties.

Ottawa, March 29.—The federal treasury was enriched by \$1,833,071.71 in coal royalties from dominion lands, from April 1st, 1906, to March 31st, 1921. During the same period, coal royalties from school lands in Saskatchewan and Alberta totalled \$183,819.66. This information was tabled in the house.

Former Emperor Charles of Austria, has pneumonia and is in a serious condition at Funchal, Madeira Island.

DOUGHTY MAY BE EXAMINED

To Find Out If He Knows Anything More About A. J. Small.

Toronto, March 29.—There is a possibility that John Doughty will be brought from Portsmouth penitentiary for examination in connection with the disappearance of Ambrose J. Small.

It became known that Richard H. Greer, K.C., special investigator, retained by the attorney-general to start examination afresh in the small mystery, is seriously thinking of taking steps to have Doughty brought from there. Mr. Greer is not sure if the law allows a man to be examined where a bill stands against him, and there is a true bill for "conspiracy to kidnap" against Doughty.

In his last investigation, Mr. Greer did not examine either Doughty or Mrs. Small. All the other important witnesses and friends of Mrs. Small who had knowledge of his movements on the day he vanished were examined. But just at present Mr. Greer is waiting to hear from the attorney-general. He has no instructions to start work.

"May Raise Subscription."

The raising of a fund by popular subscription to investigate the disappearance of Ambrose J. Small is the latest proposal made in connection with the attempt to unravel the threads of the tangled skein.

Gideon Grant, K.C., solicitor for the Misses Small, sisters of the missing man, said that he had no further news of a probe being undertaken by the attorney-general. "I cannot understand why something is not done," he said. "But there are some people who are talking of starting a public subscription to raise a fund for the purpose of following up certain clues."

Mr. Grant thinks that there is enough public interest in the case and enough concern to see the clues he speaks of followed up, even if it took a good bit of money to do it. He believes that many people are dissatisfied with the conduct of the case so far. Referring to Attorney-General Raney's remark that the police had "made progress in the case up to a certain point," he said: "That's just it—it has only been up to a certain point, and that point is not far enough."

MAN AND WOMAN ARE FOUND MURDERED

Jealous Thought to Have Prompted New Brunswick Rural Crime.

Woodstock, N.B., March 29.—A double murder at Benton Ridge was reported to Sheriff A. R. Foster, of Carleton county. Jealousy, said by Deputy Sheriff Moores, he at once left here for the scene of the tragedy. Harvey Trenholm and Mrs. Olive Swin were both shot to death during the afternoon. The man's body was found on the doorstep and the woman was dead in a room off the kitchen. When the officers arrived the bodies had not been moved and were evidently in the position as when shot down.

From particulars learned it appears that Mrs. Swin was engaged as a housekeeper for Trenholm and had formerly resided in Hartland. On the Canadian Pacific train going south yesterday, Barry Swin, the woman's husband, was a passenger. It is suspected that the murders were prompted by jealousy. Swin could not be found after the murders were discovered. Officers and posse are scouring the county and word has been sent broadcast to apprehend the alleged slayer.

Intense excitement prevails, as the families were well known in that section of the county. The murdered woman was about 25 years of age, and Trenholm was somewhat older.

Wife Murderer Caught.

Woodstock, N.B., March 29.—Barry Swin was arrested today near Benton, where his wife, Olive, and Harvey Trenholm, whose housekeeper she was, were found murdered in Trenholm's house. Swin is being brought here by Sheriff A. H. Foster. Advance reports are that Swin had shot himself in the head, but was not seriously wounded. It is said Swin and the woman were married in one of the back parishes some months ago. It is also alleged the woman was married two years ago to Trenholm, the murdered man. She was only 18 years of age.

Is Instantly Killed Sawing Poles.

Westmeath, March 29.—Last Friday a shocking fatality occurred, when Milburn Farnel met his death. He was operating a gasolene engine and was about to put through some poles for steeplewood. He leaned over to adjust an oil cup on the engine, when his clothes caught in the machinery. He was whirled round and round until a man extricated the body. The victim's head had first struck the sleigh on which the machine rested, so death was instantaneous.

AN OVERTHROW OF GOVERNMENTS

Is Proposed By Republican Army Revolters—Constabulary Members Captured.

Dublin, March 29.—The convention on Sunday of the revolting members of the Republican army debated the question of declaring a military dictatorship, but deferred action, says a correspondent of the London Star. He gives as his authority a statement issued from Beggars Bush barracks today which says the proposal before the convention was to overthrow all governments in Ireland opposed to a republic.

Capture Constabulary Men.

Belfast, March 29.—Police barracks at Belcoo, near Fermanagh-Cavan border, were raided last night by armed men who crossed the Cavan border. Of a garrison of 21 Royal Constabulary and special constabulary men only six escaped. The other fifteen with posts, arms and ammunition were carried into Free State territory.

Suspend Political Campaign

Dublin, March 29.—Republican members of the Dail Eireann yesterday adopted a resolution proposing immediate suspension of the political campaign in southern Ireland in order that the factions may unite to "compel the cessation of murders of Catholics in Belfast."

A Farmer Killed.

Belfast, March 29.—William Fleming was shot and killed on his County Armagh farm this morning. Fleming's brother is a member of the special constabulary and it is believed that the shooting was reprisal.

HUSBAND AND WIFE.



My wife never forgets to empty the ice pan under the refrigerator, but she seldom remembers to put it back.—M.

What Does Your Wife Do?