

BIG WELCOME TO CAMPBELL

By the Army and Navy Veterans on Friday Evening.

J. M. Campbell, Liberal candidate, received a great welcome when he visited the headquarters of the Army and Navy Veterans on Friday evening.

Mr. Campbell spoke for some time on the questions which the veterans have before them at the present time.

Another question asked, what was the position of the Liberal government with respect to the re-establishment of the returned men, and Mr. Campbell quoted the following statement made by W. L. Mackenzie King:

Throw All Open Again.

I believe that the whole matter of further re-establishment of soldiers and all questions incidental thereto should be re-opened and re-considered by the new parliament, which fortunately will be more representative in its character than the parliament which has just been dissolved.

One veteran asked "Why it was that more industries did not come to Kingston," and Mr. Campbell stated that at the present time there were not available sites for industries and it would be necessary to purchase more factory sites and the industries would have reason to come to Kingston.

WHO IS McNAMARA?

He Sat With Labor Party And Then Deserted It.

A despatch from Toronto says: Sergt. Major Joseph McNamara, who speaks in the Conservative interests in Kingston tonight, was elected for provincial Toronto riding of Riverdale on Oct. 20th, 1919, as soldier candidate, (anti-prohibition), defeating the Conservative candidate and the Labor candidate.

The returned men of Kingston will have little faith in the man expelled from the G. W. V. A. The Labor man will have little use for the man who deserted the Labor candidate in Toronto.

Decision in the Arbuckle case is expected at San Francisco on Saturday.

HUSBAND AND WIFE.



My husband rides a bicycle of the vintage of 1896.—R.O.T. What Does Your Husband Do?

SCOTLAND SURE OF A GENERAL ELECTION

Contest Expected Early in New Year—Candidates Hurdledly Selected.

London, Dec. 3.—Opinion is hardening in Scotland that a general election may take place early in the New Year and the leading parties are hurriedly selecting candidates.

H. H. Asquith is due in his Paisley constituency on Wednesday next and other big meetings are anticipated. The labor group is exceptionally active and state that they are prepared to put a nominee in each of Glasgow's fifteen divisions.

Despite the Labor party's persistent rejection of overtures from the Independent Liberals in the form of some alliance in preparation for the next general election, C. F. G. Masterman, who was a minister in Asquith's government, again extended the olive branch in a speech at Balham.

Mr. Masterman declared he had no hostility to labor. He regarded as a friend and compatriot, any man who would fight for the destruction of what he believed to be the worst government the country had ever seen.

DEMANDS REBUKE OF AUTOCRATS

Montreal Star (Conservative) Puts It Up to Premier Meighen.

Montreal, Dec. 3.—The Star (Conservative) repeats its charge regarding the Canadian National Railway rumor. It says:

"The government now know of it and can take immediate measures to put an end to this scheme for nullifying in advance the decision of the people of Canada, about to be expressed at the polls, if that decision should happen to be unwelcome to the masters of the present Railway Board."

"The country will expect Mr. Meighen to publicly rebuke the autocrats-in-a-hurry and so reassure the whole Canadian people."

"No set of nominated autocrats should be able to deal a deadly blow to this city—no matter in whose interest—on the immediate eve of voting, and possibly for the very purpose of accomplishing this act of ruin irrevocably, before the people at the polls have put it finally beyond their power to do so."

ACTORS CAMPAIGNING.

Organize to Stop Theatre Cough Habit in Patrons.

Paris, Dec. 3.—Paris actors have decided to organize a campaign against the "theatre cough." Coughs they say, have a habit of occurring at dramatic moments in the plays and spoiling the effects intended by the playwrights.

There is little excuse for seventy-five per cent of the "theatre coughs" according to French specialists, who say a moment's concentration when the cough is felt to be coming on, will usually prevent it. There have been instances of actors threatening to stop performances marred by the coughing in the audience.

Great Britain Only Nation That Will Be Satisfied

Washington, Dec. 3.—"Great Britain is likely to find herself the one nation that will be completely satisfied with the results of the conference. That is because her objects in entering the conference were so simple and so clear."

This statement was made last night by a representative of the British delegation to a group of newspaper men.

Demands Definite Reply As To Reparations

Paris, Dec. 3.—According to the Temps, the reparations commission has sent the German government a firm note demanding a definite reply to its recent communication regarding the payment of five hundred million gold marks due as reparations on January 15th and of 275 million gold marks due February 15th.

Scottish woolen trade members will come to Canada in January to study manufacturing and marketing conditions.

THEY TARRED A RESIDENT

Five Men Committed For Trial For Assault At Bancroft.

Bellefleur, Dec. 3.—The tar and feathering outrage which has existed in the northern part of the county has come to a head with the arrest of a number of men alleged to have been connected with that and other doings at Bancroft. Five men have been committed for trial by Magistrate Jarman and were admitted to bail.

Provincial Officer Fred Burns, inspectors Naphin and Nugent reached Bancroft the fore part of this week, and arrested the quintette on the charge of seizing one John Wesley Brown. Their names are withheld for the present.

It appears that on November 2nd a number of men had taken Brown from Bancroft into the woods and there tarred and feathered him. He had come back and laid a charge before Mr. Jarman against two of them and against another for assault. The summonses in the case were returnable on the fourth and while on his way to court on that day to appear against the men, he was, it is alleged, seized by a number of men wearing masks and was escorted to a place forty miles from the village. He was, it is further alleged, handcuffed and was left in the woods at night, besides being whipped with gads and dragged over crushed rock on the road, two men having him by the head and two by the feet.

At the preliminary hearing the men did not plead.

NETHERLANDS' ONLY POLICY DEFENSIVE

Possession of East Indian Oil Fields Makes Neutrality Necessary.

The Hague, Dec. 3.—The Washington correspondent of the Berlin Tagblatt recently telegraphed that the Netherlands was only invited to Washington owing to the important role the Dutch East Indian oil fields would play in a war between Japan and America, and that the Dutch wanted to prevent the seizing of the East Indies by Japan in the eventuality of war.

Holland would be unable to ally herself with either belligerent in a Pacific conflict, says the paper, and the only policy possible for the Netherlands in Washington is defensive, "especially defensive of the straits, and our neutrality in general. Otherwise we invite attack in a time of conflict. Our policy must give assurance that neither belligerent could control our economic or strategic advantages. Petroleum plays a great role, but no exception could be made."

SANK A SCHOONER IN THE NORTH SEA

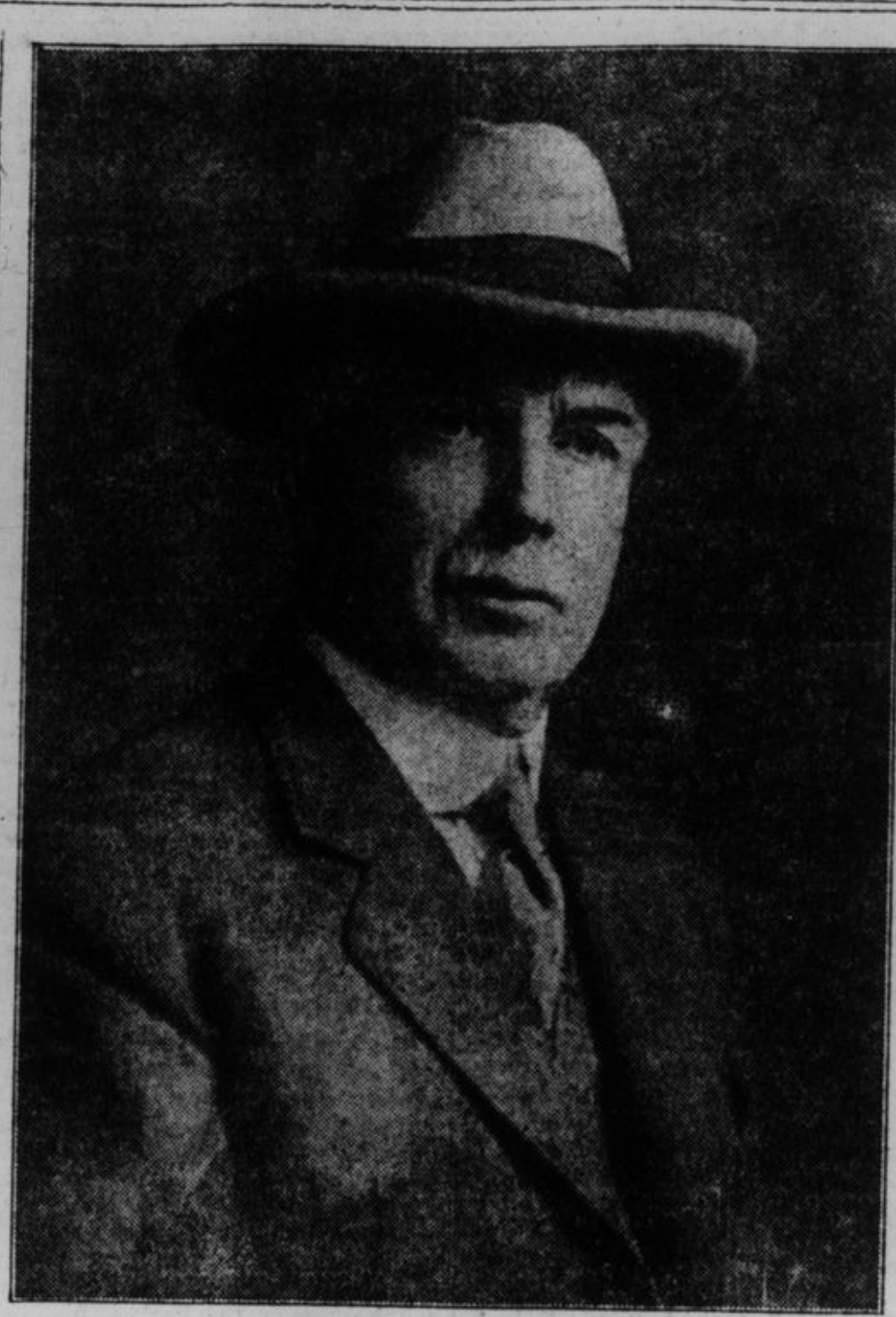
Steamer With Sinn Fein Delegates Had to Return to Holyhead.

Belfast, Dec. 3.—On their way from London to Dublin for a meeting of the Dail Eireann to consider the latest proposal for Irish peace, Michael Collins, George Gavan Duffy and Erskine Childers were forced to turn back to Holyhead when the steamer Cambrian, on which they were travelling, collided with a schooner in the Irish sea. The schooner was sunk and three of the crew drowned. The Cambrian was forced to return to Holyhead.

"Eddie" Beattie received decision over Moe Herscovitch in a ten-round bout in Hamilton Friday night.

Robbed of \$2,300.

Windsor, Dec. 3.—Driving on the river front, front road a mile east of the Island View hotel at ten o'clock last night, Wilfred Adams, farmer of Amherstburg, was held up by two bandits and robbed of \$2,300 in cash.



JOHN M. CAMPBELL, The Liberal candidate for Kingston, a trained and successful business executive, who will worthily represent this city in parliament.

A BOTTOMLESS SHIP ARRIVES AT NEW YORK

An Oil Tanker Had Keel Torn Away Scraping Across Reef.

New York, Dec. 3.—A ship without a bottom came into this port yesterday—the Standard Oil tanker, F. J. Asch, 8,294 gross tons, with Captain McKenzie and a crew of twenty. With nothing but the ocean where her bottom should have been, she came all the way from the Bahamas.

On October 29th the tanker left here in ballast for Texas City. A hurricane hit her and on October 28th she was driven scraping across Stranger Reef. The storm washed her a mile farther into Manilla Reef, and there she lay while the crew pumped.

The pumps worked all right, but the quantity of water in the hold did not diminish. Soon the men learned that instead of pumping out the hold they were trying to pump out the whole ocean, a most discouraging task. Thus they learned that the bottom was gone.

The wireless brought two wrecking tugs of the Merritt-Chapman Company. What they did was to put a lot of tanks in the hold and then pack them full of compressed air. The ship floated off and they towed her to New York.

It is said that this is the first time a ship ever came into port without a bottom. Captain McKenzie said the reason she didn't go to pieces on the reefs was that she was built on what he called the "longitudinal system" invented by Sir Joseph Isherwood, the beams running lengthways of the ship instead of across.

JUDGE ADMONISHES GIRL

Tells Her to Cover Up Her Body "a Little Better."

Toronto, Dec. 3.—"I would spank a daughter of mine who dressed that way," remarked Police Magistrate Jones to 18-year-old Becky Greenberg in the women's court here yesterday, after he had admonished her to cover her body "a little better." She had accused a man of assault. The magistrate's little lecture to the girl was delivered as he dismissed the assault charge.

WHEN IS A MAN DRUNK?

When He Takes One Drink, Says Toronto Constable.

Toronto, Dec. 3.—The old question, "When is a man drunk?" was answered in a new way at the county court here by Police Constable Ablett. "When a man has taken a drink I consider he is drunk," said the officer.

Establish New Steamboat Service.

Montreal, Que., Dec. 3.—A new service between Quebec, Havre and Southampton, in which some of the company's largest liners will be engaged, is indicated in the 1922 Summer sailing schedule issued by the Canadian Pacific Steamships, Limited, here Thursday.

Face Murder Charge.

Belfast, Dec. 3.—Four men, arrested in connection with the attack on the Londonderry jail, will be charged with murder.

FOUR MILLION OF VOTERS

Vote on Tuesday Will Be Large—No Party Claims a Clear Majority.

Toronto Telegram Despatch. Ottawa, Dec. 3.—The first ballots for the general election were cast last night in four hundred advance polls throughout the country. These polls are especially for railway men, commercial travellers, and others whose ordinary occupation will call them away from home on Tuesday.

The same process will continue Saturday evening and Monday evening, but the boxes, of course, will not be opened till the regular polls close Tuesday. There are slightly over four million names on the voters' lists for the whole country, and while all will not be polled, indications point to an unusually large proportion being cast.

On the eve of the elections the capital is quiet. Perhaps no political centre in the country is less perturbed. Only one minister, Sir James Loughheed, is here. Premier Meighen will return on Tuesday. Mackenzie King is also expected to receive the results in the capital. Both leaders are voters in the same ward of Ottawa.

Today intensive calculations of the results are being made on the strength of reports from every constituency, and final forecasts are expected tonight. All three parties claim the ascendancy. The Government, with Senator Calder as spokesmen, lays claim to from 165 to 115 seats. Liberals claim 120, and Progressives 99. The estimates are sharply at variance in every provincial save Quebec, where there is not a difference in the calculation of more than a dozen seats.

Unless there is a landslide at the last hour, nothing received here indicates that any party will have a distinct working majority over all. The real contest is as to which will secure the dominating group.

GRADING OF CHEESE IS NOW COMPULSORY

Dairymen Criticize Action of Government Without Consulting Them.

Brockville, Dec. 3.—Secretary-Treasurer John B. Wilson brought to the attention of the dairymen at their last regular meeting of the season the fact that the law for compulsory grading of cheese for export is now in effect. He characterized it as strange that the government would take such autocratic action at this time without consulting those interested in dairying, and advocated the formation of a small committee empowered to watch matters in regard to dairying and to safeguard the interests of those vitally concerned.

SEEK ABOLITION OF THE SUBMARINE

The British Think This Most Preferable Decision of Conference.

Washington, D.C., Dec. 3.—Complete abolition of the submarine as an instrument of warfare, still is regarded by the British delegation as the most preferable decision to be reached by the armament conference when the question of the submarines is brought up.

While the British delegates realize, it was said yesterday, that their views as to the unsuitability of the submarine for warfare might not prevail in the conference, they felt certain it would receive much sympathy in the world at large.

In anticipation of a lively discussion on this subject before the conference, one of the highest British authorities set out the British attitude as follows:

The submarine hardly can be used without being abused; in the past it certainly was a gross abuse of every rule of war; it destroyed the innocent and the non-belligerent as well as the crews of warships. There might be a legitimate use for the submarine if it could be confined to operations against warships; it could not be used against merchant ships without violation of the rules of war.

Moreover, the British spokesman said he doubted seriously whether the submarine was the weapon of the weaker power against the stronger.

In response to an inquiry as to whether the same objection made to the submarine might not with equal force apply to the use of poison gas or to the dropping of bombs from aeroplanes, the British spokesman declared there was a great difference.

It would be impossible, without great injury to industrial life, he said, to end the manufacture of chemical gases in time of war. As applied to aeroplanes, which are now a valuable means of transportation in times of peace, it would be impossible, he added, to check the development of these new means of communication. While these aeroplanes, capable of carrying large cargoes in times of peace, might carry bombs in time of war, he contended, the submarines could not be turned to any other useful purpose than that of a weapon of war.

Asked whether it would be possible to limit submarines in war to attacks on warships, the British official replied:

"One must judge the future by the past. Human nature would break down hopelessly in such cases."

He expressed doubt as to the possibility of storing up secretly material for submarine construction in time of peace, and thus violating any agreement to limit their use by speedy construction in time of war. The British delegate does not consider it feasible to make much headway with the settlement of land armament during the present conference. This is not only because of the magnitude of the subject, but also for the reason that some of the largest armies on the continent, excluding France and Italy, were maintained by nations which are not represented here. Furthermore, it was held that he British and United States people were not proper guides for the direction of such discussion, as neither country maintained great conscription armies.

Similarly, it was believed by the British that it would be inexpedient in this conference to undertake such a heavy task as the revision of the rules of war, a problem in which The Hague had been dealing for years.

Establish New Steamboat Service.

Montreal, Que., Dec. 3.—A new service between Quebec, Havre and Southampton, in which some of the company's largest liners will be engaged, is indicated in the 1922 Summer sailing schedule issued by the Canadian Pacific Steamships, Limited, here Thursday.

The steamers Empress of France and the Empress of Scotland (new) will sail regularly on the Quebec-Havre-Southampton run. The Empress of Britain will be operated as in the past, between Quebec and Liverpool.

HAVE AGREED TO ABANDON

The Anglo-Japanese Alliance—Report About Britain and Japan.

New York, Dec. 3.—The Sun states it has received authoritative information that Japan and Great Britain have mutually agreed to the abandonment of Anglo-Japanese alliance.

Public announcement of this fact will be made, it is stated, at a plenary session of the Conference on next Wednesday by Admiral Baron Kato for the Japanese and A. J. Balfour for the British.

An agreement between the three Pacific Powers, United States, Great Britain and Japan, with which it is understood France is to be associated for mutual respect of the rights of China and of each other in China and the Far East is to be substituted for the agreement.

Notice For Japan.

Washington, D.C., Dec. 3.—An agreement, whereby six months' "notice" or "breathing spell" would be given Japan before a war could be waged against her to accept the Hughes naval program, a spokesman of the Japanese delegation indicated today.

She would yield, too, it was suggested, to any allotment of naval ratio above sixty per cent—but the American group is not inclined to make such a bargain.

The significance of the "six months' notice" feeler is held to lie in the belief that Great Britain is laying the ground-work for the abrogation of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance, and Japan wants to have her "national security" assured in the Pacific agreement substituted therefor.

DIPHTHERIA IN ONTARIO.

In November There Were 940 Cases With 82 Deaths.

Toronto, Dec. 3.—Diphtheria is more prevalent in Ontario at the present time than for several years past according to returns made for November to the public health authorities. For the month there were 940 cases, with 82 deaths, compared with 656 cases in November, 1920, and 43 deaths. The disease is epidemic in several places and in these districts assumes a very virulent form after the first few cases.

Generally speaking, however, the health record of the province is favorable, the total of communicable diseases, even with diphtheria and scarlet fever contributing nearly four hundred extra cases, being smaller than last year.

Sells at \$1.10 a Pound.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—Lulu Mayfield, Grand champion of the International Live Stock Show, was sold at \$1.10 a pound. The heifer, entered by the University of California, weighed 1,220 pounds. Last year's champion sold at \$1.75 a pound.

A VICTORY BOND SCANDAL RUMORED

Total Amount of Money Involved is Said To Be \$53,000.

Toronto Globe. Ottawa, Dec. 3.—The investigation into the exchange frauds practiced on the Militia Department may be followed by an investigation into alleged Victory bond coupon frauds.

A woman in the finance department was recently suspended. Her case is being followed up. A man in the same department suspended at the same time is under surveillance.

Your correspondent learns that some coupons collected by the Bank of Montreal and turned over to the finance department were not properly cancelled. These, it is said, were passed out again for the banks to cash a second time. The total amount involved is reported as \$53,000.

All is silence among officials of the finance department. It is not believed to have been the intention to make anything public officially until December 6th has decided the fate of Sir Henry Drayton in West York.

ROBBER KILLED BY JUSTICE OF PEACE

Minneapolis, Minn., Dec. 3.—After holding up the Security State Bank at Robbinville, a suburb, an unidentified man was shot and killed by Justice of the Peace Y. D. Crandall, while he was attempting to escape late yesterday. The man entered the bank masked and brandishing a pistol, ordered two bank employees to throw up their hands. He obtained a small amount of money.

WHO WILL YOU VOTE FOR— THE LIBERALS THE U. F. O.'S OR THE I. O. U.'S? Be Safe and Vote for Campbell