

ALLEN  
NOW PLAYING  
"Madonnas  
and Men"

# The Daily British Whig

ALLEN  
NOW PLAYING  
"Madonnas  
and Men"

YEAR 88, No. 166.

KINGSTON, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1921.

LAST EDITION

## NOT WAIVE ANY RIGHTS

### It Is Hoped That Negotiations For Conference Are Not Ended.

London, July 19.—Irish negotiations appear to have reached a deadlock insofar as they concern the tripartite conference between Lloyd George, British prime minister, Eamonn de Valera, Irish republican leader, and Sir James Craig, premier of Ulster. This developed last night when Sir James, as he departed for Belfast, issued a statement on the subject of self-determination which is interpreted to mean that he will not compromise on any matters pertaining to Ulster's political rights. While the statement has made a deep impression upon political circles in many quarters it is not accepted as final and hope is expressed that the negotiations for such a conference are not ended.

Likely to be Recalled.  
Belfast, July 19.—The return to Belfast of Sir James Craig, Ulster premier, and members of the cabinet who have been with him in London in connection with the Irish peace movement, must not be taken as a rupture of the negotiations. It was declared today by Col. Spender, secretary of the delegation, on its arrival here. It is thought, indeed, that the delegation will be recalled to London next week.

## MILITIA CHEQUES WERE FORGED

### Numbered Cheques Apparently Stolen From No. 2 Headquarters.

London, Ont., July 19.—Melvin T. Burgess, Toronto, is under arrest here, charged with passing a cheque on G. R. Stevenson, grocer, St. Thomas, Burgess is about twenty, and claims to be the son of a Toronto contractor.

From the appearance of the cheque retained by Mr. Stevenson, the paper and several others of the kind must have been stolen from the department of militia and defence, Toronto, or the men have had a confederate in the office there.

The cheque was for \$19.75 and was signed by R. T. McFurson, H.Q. M.D. No. 2. It was payable to James T. Anderson, and was endorsed by him. The sum payable was perforated with a protective machine and numbered 334-55.

The cheque was drawn on the Bank of Montreal, and was evidently stolen from the department of militia and defence, as it bore that designation.

Burgess confessed he got the cheque from Roberts, who, he said, had a dozen or so of the same description, all numbered and perforated, in amounts ranging from \$20 to \$30, and Roberts, too, had cashed several of other issues of the department of militia and defence.

And all bore the earmarks of the militia department.

Burgess is a returned soldier, and had in his possession a discharge certificate of James T. Anderson, 34762, Toronto. When offering the cheque to be cashed Burgess produced this discharge and with a soldier's button in the lapel of his coat and a cheque with every appearance of being issued by the militia department, the proceeding appeared to be perfectly regular to Mr. Stevenson.

Burgess confessed to Roberts giving him part of the proceeds of his work in the city, and that Roberts had a big bundle of cheques of the militia and defence department when the discovery was made by Mr. Stevenson. Roberts has a wife at Weston, Ont.

Burgess has been wanted by the Toronto police for several months on charges of passing forged cheques on the department of militia and defence. These cheques, the police say, are scattered all over the country and total many thousands of dollars.

"Lady Lena," a barred Plymouth Rock hen, registered at the Dominion experimental farm at Kentville, N.S., as No. 43, laid one hundred and four eggs in one hundred and forty days and is, the Halifax Chronicle asserts, the champion of the world.

## HUSBAND AND WIFE

My wife holds the cards so that everyone can see them.—W.L.K.  
What Does Your Wife Do?

## REPORTERS NEAR DEATH IN RAPIDS

### Motor Boat Floats Into Whirlpool—Indians Save Two Men.

Ogdensburg, July 19.—In securing news of the fate of the Rapids King, newspapermen had to motor eight miles out of Massena and then cross the Murphy rapids to Barnhardt's Island in a motorboat. After that they were forced to walk six miles the length of the island, in order to view the boat.

On the return the motorboat Helen, commanded by Henry Payment, failed to function in the rapids while the craft was in midstream. For a time the boat floated easily and then swung out into the swift current, which leads to eternity. For a time the men believed they were doomed.

Then suddenly a light skiff, propelled by two Indian guides, Chief White and Joe Lant, shot out from the western shore. The Indians reached the motorboat, took the newspaper men aboard and carried them safely ashore after an uphill struggle against the mighty current.

## LESS WHEAT SOWN IN 17 COUNTRIES

### U. S. Statistics Show Big Improvement in Condition of Canadian Crops.

Washington, July 19.—Estimates of the amount of wheat sown in seventeen countries for which statistics are available show an acreage of 151,000,000 acres this year against 155,000,000 last year, according to a summary of foreign crop reports made public by the department of agriculture. The estimates were based upon reports from Belgium, Bulgaria, Poland, Rumania, Czechoslovakia, Algeria, Morocco, Spain, France, England, Italy, Luxembourg, Norway, Tunis, Canada, India and the United States. Comprehensive estimates of the areas for the 1921 harvest in this hemisphere are not available, the report said. Wheat in Canada shows a condition of 102 against 98 at a corresponding date last year; on oats, 100 against 93; barley 99 against 98; rye 101 against 95; peas 98 against 98; mixed grains 99 against 101; hay and clover 97 against 95; alfalfa 101 against 94, and pasture 100 against 94.

Crops in France are suffering from lack of rain, the report said. The second crop of hay is problematical in that country and the supply of winter forage is seriously affected. Climatic conditions in Germany have been favorable for growing crops. The reserve of grain in that country is sufficient to last until the new crops are harvested.

Showers and light rains have improved conditions in the United Kingdom, but the quantity of rain was not nearly what was needed. In the southern hemisphere crop conditions have been reported favorable. Rains have been reported in Australia and prospects for the coming crops continue favorable. Reports from Argentina indicate the crops at present are badly in need of rain.

**Killed by Lightning.**  
Saskatoon, Sask., July 19.—While plowing during a severe thunderstorm Friday night, Thomas Gnadlinger, aged twenty-four, of Aberdeen, Sask., was struck by lightning and instantly killed. The farmer's two horses were also killed.

Wilfrid Glenn, aged twenty-six, son of Peter Glenn, died at London, Ont., from the effects of being bitten by an insect while on his vacation three days ago.

## MADNESS MALADY, DECLARED CURABLE

### French Doctor Insists Intelligent Treatment Will Restore Sanity.

Paris, July 19.—Madness in all its stages is a malady of the nerve centres of the brain and is easily curable, according to Dr. Louis Toulouze, the famous French alienist.

Lecturing in Paris, Dr. Toulouze estimated that there were 65,000 idiots confined in asylums in France, the detention of whom costs the French government 50,000,000 francs annually.

In addition, he said there were in Paris more than 100,000 half-insane persons walking the streets of Paris who constituted a public danger and the presence of whom was manifested by the extraordinary wave of homicidal mania which has caused 680 murders, including 15 patricides and eight matricides, already this year.

"Madness is curable, provided intelligent treatment is given," he said. "The premier requisite is perfect repose. Nothing must worry the patient. In some cases, particularly alcoholic, cures can be helped by a period of starvation varying from five to fifteen days at a time. This restores the nerve centres more than ordinarily acute and assists at their regeneration."

## JAPAN SEES HER CRISIS

### Empire is Divided Regarding Effects of Disarmament Conference.

Tokyo, July 19.—Japan today seems an empire divided on the great issues created by the summons of President Harding to a conference on disarmament and far eastern problems. On one side, largely in the ranks of the bureaucrats, there is fear that the proposed conference will be dominated by the Anglo-Saxons and may result in strangling Japan's political and economic development in Asia.

On the other side is a powerful Liberal group, which demands that Japan enter into the deliberations fearlessly, submitting her wants resolutely, combatting for them with confidence and not opposing just claims. Hagglng and bickering, they insist, will ruin the cause of Japan.

Both camps agree that Japan is facing a crisis, requiring tact and largeness of vision. Many members of the privy council, according to the well-informed Chugai Shogyo Shimpo, are pessimistic about the conference; they contend that the proposal to discuss problems and policies of the Far East indicates cooperation between the United States and Great Britain in an attempt to settle international questions favorably for themselves, an indication of which was to be seen in the attitude of the English toward the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

## MEXICAN TROOPS ARE AMBUSCADED

### More Than 5,000 Said to Have Been Killed by Rebels.

Yera Cruz, Mexico, July 19.—It is reported that a large detachment of government troops have been ambuscaded and totally destroyed by rebels. More than 5,000 are declared to have been killed when the regiments were attacked between Zacamixtle and Tuxpam.

It was the first fight between the revolutionists and the loyal troops in that section and the entire federal force was wiped out.

## Mother Goes to Rescue Of Her Boy; Both Drown

Detroit, July 19.—Mrs. Wolo H. Weber, twenty-eight years old, wife of W. H. Weber, was drowned in Rose Centre Lake, near Holly, in an attempt to save her son, Carl, seven years old, who also perished.

Carl, who was unable to swim, after wading out a short distance, got into deep water and began to sink. Mrs. Weber ran to his aid and at once plunged into the lake, but sank. Both mother and son went to their deaths within a short distance of each other.

The bodies were recovered after several hours dragging.

## ATTENDING GRAND LODGE.

### Many Local Masons Went to the Capital City on Tuesday.

A number of local members of the Masonic fraternity left on Tuesday afternoon for Ottawa to attend the annual communication of the grand lodge. Those who will be in attendance from the city as delegates are: Prof. P. G. Campbell, Major H. Lawson, P. H. Burke, H. Edgar, George Vanhorne, Charles Higgins, Harvey Milne, E. J. Harrick, John Mercer, Frank Ludlow and F. J. Wilson.

## THE FARMERS ARE IN THE SADDLE IN ALBERTA

Calgary, July 19.—Farmers are in the saddle in Alberta, the second province of Canada to send to its legislature a majority group representing organized agriculture. The United Farmers of Alberta fought the battle with the Liberal government of Hon. Charles Stewart on the broad issues of alleged inequities of the old party system of politics rather than the record or policies of the Stewart administration and the polling yesterday recorded their sweeping victory. The United Farmers are prepared to accept the responsibilities of success and the Stewart government, which is heir and successor of other Liberal governments which have held office since Alberta became a province sixteen years ago, in due course will turn over to the Farmers its administrative tasks. H. W. Wood was elected head of the United Farmers of Alberta, in its existence as a business organization. It does not follow, however, that he will become premier of the province. The name of Herbert Greenfield, vice-president of the U. F. O., is also prominently mentioned for the premiership, and that of George Headley, member-elect for Okotoks.

## RAINS SAVE DAY IN SUNNY ALBERTA

### Crops Will Be "Average"—Few Extra Workers Needed.

Calgary, Alta., July 19.—The Calgary Herald, in a crop review covering Alberta, says: Recent rains have helped the crops in Alberta wonderfully, and there is every evidence of the harvesting of an average crop. Reports from the Herald's special correspondents from every section state that grain is in a healthy condition and filling rapidly, but that harvesting will not commence until about the middle of August. In some sections there has been damage from hail, but not to any great extent, considering the large field covered.

From present indications the wheat yield will be light, but much better than anticipated, and should there be further moisture, the conditions will greatly improve. The other grains are coming along splendidly, while hay and grass are in good shape and cattle are thriving. There is little demand for harvest hands, as the farmers are mostly endeavoring to do the work themselves, but where help is needed wages will run from \$45 to \$70 a month with board.

## IMPERIAL NAVAL QUESTION SHELVED

### Action Was Inevitable in View of Forthcoming Disarmament Conference.

London, July 19.—As the result of the informal discussions of the past few days, the naval question will be shelved by the conference of British prime ministers. This course has been urged by Premier Meighen from the beginning and its adoption has been rendered inevitable by the decision to have the disarmament conference at Washington. It is probable that some form of resolution will be passed but it will have no relation to policy or any contemplated action, and it will commit the respective dominions to nothing.

It is not at all improbable that the question of the place and date for the discussion of other matters in connection with the proposed constitutional conference will be left in abeyance. The Canadian Press is in a position to state that this is the view held by at least two dominant premiers, both of whom, curiously enough, subscribed to the resolution of 1917, urging the holding of a constitutional conference as soon as possible after the war. The argument they now use is that with the international situation in a state of flux, the question of devising machinery suitable to the changed status of the Empire with its attendant danger of throwing the whole question into the vortex of domestic politics can safely be delayed. In a word their position is to leave well enough alone. It is known that General Smuts strongly disagrees with this view. In the last general election in South Africa he practically pledged himself to secure certain reforms. However, as only a few days more remain before the conference concludes its work, the probability of anything concrete being decided appears to be exceedingly remote.

## TARRED AND FEATHERED.

### Horrid Crimes Are Carried Out in Texas and Missouri.

Dallas, Texas, July 19.—Five instances of individuals being tarred and feathered or whipped by masked men in widely separated sections of south, on Saturday and Sunday nights, have been reported. These included the first woman victim of a score or more similar attacks in recent months.

Besides, Richard Johnson, sixty-eight year old farmer who was tarred near Warrensburg, Mo., it was disclosed today that other victims were Mrs. Beulah Johnson, 41 Liberty, under bond on a bigamy charge, who was taken from hotel porch in Tenaha, Texas, by masked men in automobiles, removed to the country, divested of her clothing and tar and feathers applied. Afterward her bondsman withdrew and she was placed in jail. Phillip S. Irwin, white archdeacon of the English Episcopal church, was whipped and tarred and feathered near Miami, Fla., and warned, it is alleged, that if he did not stop preaching social equality to negroes, among whom he has charge of the mission work of his church in South Florida, he would be lynched. R. P. Scott, Deweyville, Texas, was tarred and feathered and a man named McKnight, is reported to have been whipped near Timpson, Texas.

## A REAL DEMOCRAT.

### Emperor Becomes a "Man"—Makes Himself Popular.

Tokyo, July 19.—The emperor left this morning for his summer villa, shattering precedents. This is the first time the emperor ever traversed the city except in the strictest incognito in an automobile. This is the first time the streets were not lined with troops when the emperor passed, a few policemen only guarding the route. It also is the first time street traffic was not stopped a half-hour before the passage of the emperor.

There has been much discussion in court circles regarding the new attitude of the emperor toward the people, which many desired, but to which many old officials strenuously objected.

This new departure, which is highly welcomed by the people, is the direct result of the Crown Prince's visit abroad, when, for the first time, a member of the ruling house mingled with street crowds and shook hands with art and royalty.

## DEADLOCK IN THE ISSUE

### This is the State of Affairs In Regard to Irish Peace Negotiations.

London, July 19.—The Irish situation has developed into a virtual deadlock between Lloyd George and Sir James Craig.

Sir James Craig has declined to negotiate upon the basis of Ulster's subordination.

Waived Demand for Republic.

London, July 19.—It is almost universally agreed in political circles where every scrap of information available regarding the Irish negotiations is eagerly discussed, that on Friday morning Lloyd George managed to obtain from de Valera a statement of Ireland's claims that waived the inadmissible demand for an independent republic.

As one English journalist put it: "So long as Ireland is given the status of a nation, de Valera and his friends are quite willing to sing 'God Save the King'."

This was a graphic way of putting the idea that if Ireland obtains her claim for self-government, she will determine to remain within the commonwealth of British nations.

Under ordinary circumstances there would be a wide opportunity for hair-splitting over the formula in which it would be necessary to set forth such a position and great danger of offending Irish loyalists of both North and South, but in the present atmosphere of official optimism and unofficial hopefulness it is thought that miracle may be accomplished.

An Irish correspondent draws attention in The Sunday Times to one of the most significant symptoms of the moment, namely, that "Rarely has a plenipotentiary, if de Valera can be so described, departed on a pacific mission in such absence of criticism. His whole party behind him, and if he can bring back peace few voices will be raised in dissent. Much comfort is drawn from the knowledge that Michael Collins, under whose direction it is generally supposed the gunmen have worked, is strongly desirous of peace. He is tired of being a hunted man, and a safe political post in the Dail Eireann is said to be more in accordance with his wishes than a dangerous, if heroic, existence as a fugitive."

Most information discussed on the situation finished up with the remark that everything depends on Ulster. How much will de Valera concede, and how much will Craig accept?

## SLAYER APPLAUDED BY CORONER'S JURY

### Husband Freed After Killing Betrayer of His Wife.

Washington, July 19.—For killing Albert J. Byrd, a world war veteran, who had confessed to breaking up his home, William E. Goetz has received the thanks of a coroner's jury and has been freed from all responsibility.

Despite vigorous attempts by State's Attorney Ryan to have Goetz held, the jurymen, all residents of Seat Pleasant, Maryland, a Washington suburb, not only exonerated their fellow-townsmen on the ground of self-defense, but warmly congratulated him.

## CANADIAN FLAX SEED TO IRELAND

### Approximately One Million Dollars Worth Exported in 1920.

Ottawa, July 19.—Approximately one million dollars' worth of flax seed was exported from Canada to Ireland during 1920, according to an announcement made to-day by the department of agriculture. During the year Canada's export trade in seed made a considerable advance, due in no small degree to the combined efforts of the agriculture department and the department of trade and commerce. Buyers of Canadian seeds were the United States, Great Britain, France and Newfoundland.

In British Columbia, field, root and garden vegetable seeds amounting to 150,000 pounds were marketed through the United Seed Growers, Limited, Penticton, B.C. Some 75,000 pounds of mangel, Swede turnip, and field carrot seed, grown by the experimental farms, were sold at current wholesale prices to farmers' organizations and individual farmers.

## Toronto Juvenile Court Is 70 Per Cent. Efficient

Brockville, July 19.—The Toronto Juvenile Court is seventy per cent. efficient, Judge H. S. Mott said while speaking here. The boys and girls who continue to lead a life of crime after appearance in the court comprise twenty per cent., but he added, if we had all the facilities in Toronto that we need we could cut that in half.

Judge Mott regretted the paucity of juvenile courts in Ontario as compared with their number in western Canada. He expressed his confidence that if the large number of young men and women in penitentiaries and prisons had been dealt with from the right point of view in early life they would not be there.

## Union Pays Out \$111,000.

Toronto, July 19.—With no settlement in sight, the strike in the printing trade industry, affecting job shops, has cost the Typographical Union \$111,000, according to an estimate made by a union official.

## RUSSIA IS FACING GREAT CATASTROPHE

### 20,000,000 Persons on Verge of Starvation Through Terrible Drought.

Berlin, July 19.—Twenty million persons are on the verge of starvation in drought-stricken sections of Russia, suffering mainly on moss, grass and bark of trees, according to the Vossische Zeitung, which quotes information from "reliable Russian sources."

Refugees are reported to be pouring into Moscow and Petrograd by thousands and to be fleeing hopelessly in every direction. The parched earth, it is asserted, is opening up great crevices, and wells and rivers are drying up. Foliage is asserted to have withered on the trees and a number of villages are reported on fire.

All cattle in the stricken districts have been slaughtered to provide food, but it is believed impossible to avert a catastrophe unless food is received from outside sources.

## Plague of Locusts.

Riga, Latvia, July 19.—A plague of locusts is adding to the famine in Russia, according to a despatch received here from Moscow. A swarm of the insects has greatly damaged crops in the Kuban and Black Sea governments, where special staffs have been organized and part of the army mobilized to destroy the pests.

In Turkestan heavy rains have destroyed the irrigation works, interrupting rail communication. The government has applied to Moscow for aid.

## CANADA IS IMPERILLED

### Waterways Scheme Threatens This Country's Independent Nationalism.

Quebec, July 19.—Rev. Canon Scott, former chaplain in the C.E.F., in an interview, sounded a warning note with reference to the scheme for damming the St. Lawrence in order to develop electric power and turn the river into a deep waterway to the great lakes. "The scheme," said Canon Scott "Though expensive, is feasible, and at first sight seems attractive; but Canadians must wake up to the fact that the internationalizing of our great waterway is fraught with the most momentous consequences to our national life. While we wish to live on the most harmonious terms with our neighbors to the south, we must remember that there is one thing of even greater importance to us as a growing nation, and that is the unifying and intensifying our Canadian individualism. As a nation just starting on our course, we find ourselves burdened by a heavy war debt and hampered by the time being by both lack of means and lack of population. As Premier Meighen said the other day in London, we have to face the fact that we have as rival a great colossus for our only neighbor on this continent. The United States have great lakes and great western cities and for them an open waterway through Canada would be a tremendous advantage.

"But what would the internationalizing of our great and distinctive Canadian river mean to Canada? The St. Lawrence, with the exception of something less than one hundred miles, lies wholly in Canada. It is a gigantic asset for this country. What part it will have to play in the development of Canada in the future no one can say. It is not merely a Canadian asset, it is an imperial one, and must be wholly under our control. At some future time the Empire might be at war with a foreign power with which the United States were at peace, and it might be necessary for us to close the river by mines or in other ways. It is the very spinal marrow of Canada and on its shores and the shores of its tributaries lie the cities or villages of a large part of Quebec and Ontario.

"The internationalizing of the St. Lawrence would cut us off both really and sentimentally from the lower provinces. The thing is unthinkable. Would the Americans consent to the internationalization of the Panama Canal or the Mississippi? Our great river must be ours and ours alone.

"Canadians must face the fact that the joint stock management of the St. Lawrence would be the first step to annexation. In fact, it would be practically the moving of the boundary line northward to the St. Lawrence. We might find ourselves at any time in a most helpless national position.

"But, quite apart from these larger considerations, we must remember that if Canada has any money to invest, two or three hundred million dollars spent on our rich water powers of Quebec and Labrador would give us all the electricity we need, and would leave our great waterway untouched. The Americans have most of the world's gold in their possession and could put the scheme through tomorrow, but are Canadians willing to endanger for a spacious scheme the integrity of that great country for which our men have died, and that independent nationalism which alone can enable us to achieve our great destiny in the future?"

"Firmly and politely, let us tell the two hundred and fifty members of the American Congress who lately visited us that the St. Lawrence is ours and not for sale."

## BURGLAR SOARE ON BROOK ST. AGAIN

### Believed to be Nervousness on Part of People.

The people residing on Brock street, between Division and University avenue, were given a burglar scare early Sunday morning, between two and four o'clock. The police patrol was called and was around the district for some time, but as far as can be learned there were no suspicious characters seen. It is thought that it was more nervousness on the part of some of the residents than any real attempt at robbery.

## Kutais Has Fallen; The Greeks Official

Athens, July 19.—An official communique, issued at the general headquarters of the Greek army in Asia Minor, covering the events of July 16th, tells of the operations around Kutais on the southern branch of the Bagdad railway. Confirmation of the report that Kutais had fallen on Sunday afternoon was received here, through official channels last night, and was followed by general rejoicing.