

Ontario Declares By A Majority of 140,000 That Importation Of Liquor Must Cease

Sweeping "Dry" Victory; Thirteen Cities Vote Yes

Toronto Went Wet By 6,387 Majority—It Will Be the First of July Before Ontario Can Become Bone Dry By Law.

Toronto, April 19.—The returns received by the Dominion Alliance up to midday show a sweeping "dry" victory. Almost every county in the province has given a "Yes" majority and thirteen of the twenty-four cities of the province have voted to prohibit the importation of liquor.

Not Before July 1st. Ottawa, April 19.—That unless an exceptional haste was shown by the Ontario returning officers in forwarding the official returns it would be nearly two months before an order-in-council giving effect to the bone-dry vote of yesterday could be passed.

An Interesting Analysis. Toronto, April 19.—The Mail-Empire says: From what can be learned from the incomplete figures available, Ontario saw a fairly marked cleavage of opinion between Old Ontario and the northern districts.

DRURY WOULD JUMP AT CHANCE OF COALITION

In Order to Get Rid of Weak Cabinet Material.

(Special to the Whig.) Toronto, April 19.—Cabinet changes are imperative if Premier Drury is to carry on. Everyone admits the "lame ducks" must be dropped. The big "No" vote is a political milestone and good politicians will not ignore the evidence there are for good leadership.

The U.F.O. have been exceptionally unfortunate in the breaks of the game which have been against them both inside and outside the house. Buying United States trucks was unnecessary and unwise as good Canadian-made trucks are actually standing up better than these foreign-made trucks.

continued. Those districts were the border around Windsor, and the section of Eastern Ontario near the Quebec line. While Windsor and Walkerville both went wet in unmistakable manner, it is interesting to note that the balance of Essex voted dry.

Half the Vote Out. The Globe Says: It is estimated that about 50 per cent of the available vote was polled. It is probable that the total number of people exercising the right to decide on the question of prohibition was not more than 700,000.

Undoubtedly the state of the roads in the country had something to do with people not getting out. Saturday's rain and Sunday's snow made the roads in many places almost impassable, and some sections were veritable quagmires.

In the village of Verner, in the district of Nipissing, 253 votes were polled altogether, and of these 253 were "wet."

such things in a falling market, and have not to say the least made money while there are many reports of losses.

Sir Sam Hughes Improving. Ottawa, April 19.—Sir Sam Hughes is still reported as improving. No complications have set in and, while he is still weak, his physician speaks very optimistically of his condition.

New Position for Dr. Rose. Montreal, April 19.—The appointment is announced by the board of governors of the Wesleyan Theological College of the Rev. S. P. Rose, D.D., as professor of English Bible, the appointment to take effect for the session 1921-22.

Grand Trunk Earnings. Montreal, April 19.—The gross earnings of the Grand Trunk Railway system for the second week in April amounted to \$1,670,960, and show an increase of \$211,813, compared with the corresponding period last year.

Canadian Pacific Earnings. Montreal, April 19.—Canadian Pacific Railway earnings, week ended April 14th, were \$3,083,000; decrease \$552,000.

Meeting in London of Dominion premiers will discuss empire land settlement policy. A meeting of the allied council will be held to take steps on Germany's debt.

King Tiao's government is on the verge of collapse.

Prohibitionists Intend Now to Press For the Abolition of Liquor Manufacture

Toronto, April 19.—To press immediately for federal measures prohibiting the manufacture of intoxicating liquors in Canada will now be the objective of the Ontario referendum committee, according to a statement this morning of Rev. Dr. A. S. Grant, secretary. Dr. Grant declared that Ontario, having voted yesterday by a majority of two hundred thousand, which is the estimate of

FOR BETTER CONTROL OF EXPENDITURE Lemieux Moves in Commons For Appointment of a Committee.

Ottawa, April 19.—The Commons spent a lethargic Monday for the most part in academic discussion of better control of public expenditure, of a bridge across the St. Lawrence between Montreal and the South shore, and of a motion to have a copy of the French and English Hansards kept in all post offices throughout the Dominion.

Mr. Lemieux withdrew his resolution. The remedy was establishment of a committee such as had been established by the British House—a committee which would make enormous savings to the mother country.

Mr. Lemieux withdrew his resolution.

CANADIAN WAR MISSION OFFICE NOW CLOSED

But Does Not Affect Appointment of Canadian Minister to U.S.

Ottawa, April 19.—That the Canadian War Mission Office in Washington had been closed but that this did not affect the government's policy in the appointment of a Canadian minister to the U.S., was stated yesterday by Sir George E. Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce.

Another change stated by Sir George was that the Canadian Publicity office in New York, which was administered by Col. John A. Cooper under the Department of External Affairs, had been taken over by the Department of Trade and Commerce.

THE NOVITIATE ITEM DROPPED IN COMMONS

Empire Parliament, Also in Sir Sam's Name, Shares Same Fate.

Ottawa, April 19.—When notices of motion were called in the commons yesterday afternoon, the speaker announced that the resolution standing in the name of Sir Sam Hughes, expressing the satisfaction of the house in the manner in which Major Hill and Captain McCauley had carried out their duties in connection with the famous Guelph novitiate raid had been dropped from the paper.

This action is taken to indicate that Sir Sam does not expect to return to the house during his present session.

Engineer F. Phillips, of Owen Sound, instantly killed at Palmerston G.T.R. station.

ONTARIO HAS VOTED DRY

The Majority Will Very Likely Run Up To 200,000.

Toronto, April 19.—With referendum figures in complete sufficient returns had been received from points all over the province this morning to enable referendum committee to announce that they were confident of a "dry" majority of 150,000, and Rev. A. S. Grant, who had charge of the campaign, made the confident declaration that by noon today the majority will have been increased to two hundred thousand.

An analysis of the latest available figures given out by the referendum



"MYSTERY MAN OF VERONA." Above is shown the "mystery man" who is held at Verona, Ont., on the suspicion that he may be Ambrose Small. The man has been in the district for some three weeks, and is now under arrest on a vagrancy charge. He gives his name as George Cox, though residents state that he previously used several other names.

committee and the dominion alliance shows that it was a safe bet that the larger cities would go wet and that much of the balance of the province would vote dry.

Table titled 'How the Vote Went.' showing results for various cities and townships.

How the Vote Went.

Table showing vote counts for various locations: Windsor, Ottawa, Carleton Place, etc.

KINGSTON IN WET COLUMN WITH A MAJORITY OF 1,264

Result Here Was Quite a Surprise—Vote of the Women Thought To Have Broken Even—Students Vote Dry And Soldiers Wet.

Kingston took a leading place in the "wet" column on Monday. By a vote of 5,479 to 4,215, it registered itself in favor of continuing the importation of liquor into Ontario.

The Results Announced. As it was 6 o'clock before the polls closed, the final result of the city vote was not known until after 8 o'clock.

A Study of the Wards. Cataract ward turned in the biggest wet majority, the tally there being 1022 to 235.

St. Lawrence, the business ward, showed up with a 175 No to 63 Yes vote. Frontenac turned in a 500 wet majority, while Portsmouth declared itself for importation with a total of 252 to 145.

The Queen's University polls pleased the prohibitionists greatly, as they showed the students voting dry by 308 to 81.

RAISES THE QUESTION ABOUT LEMIEUX'S SEAT. Dr. Edwards Moves Question Be Referred to Election Committee.

Ottawa, April 19.—Dr. J. W. Edwards (Frontenac) is raising the question as to whether or not Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux is entitled to sit for the two seats of Maisonneuve and Gaspé.

GANOQUE WENT DRY BY MAJORITY OF 90

The Vote in the Factory Town Was 768 to 678.

Gananoque, April 19.—The vote for the referendum held here yesterday was successful in bringing out a fairly good vote, some 1,446 votes being polled in the six polling sub-divisions. The vote was:

Table showing vote counts for Gananoque wards.

The County of Frontenac Voted Three to One Against the Importation of Liquor

Returns from the county of Frontenac on Tuesday morning show that prohibition was carried by a majority of three to one. On account of the storm on Saturday and Sunday many of the telegraph wires were broken down, which means that it may be some time before definite returns are received from the back townships.

Table showing vote counts for various townships in Frontenac County.

20,000 BODIES BROUGHT HOME

2,000 Men Working Day And Night to Reclaim Americans.

Paris, April 19.—Twenty thousand bodies of American soldiers who fell in France have either been shipped to the United States or are now in process of being returned for burial in their native country.

With 102 officers of the American army and a personnel of more than 2,000 men working night and day in many sections of France, the graves registration service of the American army has reached a point where it is possible to forward 4,000 bodies a month.

The graves registration service now is working in Berlin on arrangements for shipping the bodies of 30 American soldiers who are buried in various parts of unoccupied Germany.

An expert has been going over the German burial records in Berlin for several weeks and virtually all the graves have been found. The German government has afforded every facility to the graves registration service.

More than 20,000 bodies will be buried in the four permanent cemeteries which the American government will maintain in France.