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**Collier's**

YEAR 87: NO. 287.

KINGSTON, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1920.

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LAST EDITION.

## FARMERS' WHEAT POOL SCHEME

### Contract Holders Must Sign For Term of Five Years.

Calgary, Alta., Nov. 25.—The proposed farmers' pool for co-operative marketing of the Canadian wheat crop, was outlined to the secretaries of the convention of the United Farmers of Alberta, by the assistant general manager of the United Grain Growers yesterday. He announced that the actual model contract would not be made public yet. The features of the pool are: The provisional board to handle the 1921 crop will consist of eight members of the Grain Growers' organizations of Saskatchewan, Alberta, Manitoba and Ontario, two representatives from the United Grain Growers and two of the Saskatchewan Elevator company, who will elect a ninth member as chairman. Contract holders must sign for a term of five years, binding themselves to sell wheat only through a pool. Fifty per cent. of the wheat acreage or about eight and a half million acres are to be brought under the scheme. The expenses of operating are to be paid from a pool.

### ASK WILSON TO BECOME MEDIATOR

Geneva, Nov. 25.—The Council of the League of Nations today cabled President Wilson, at the same time as messages of the same purpose were sent to various powers, asking whether he will accept the role of mediator between Mustafa Kemal Pasha, Turkish Nationalist leader, and the Armenians.

## CANADIAN DECLARES IT REVOLUTIONARY

### Thomas Says It's "Mildest Mannered Group Ever Scuttled a Ship."

London, Nov. 25.—During the discussion of the resolution on international policy moved by a German delegate at the International Trades Union Congress, H. J. Halford, of Hamilton, Ont., Canadian representative, protested against the revolutionary policy of the Congress, and said that he could not continue working with a body holding such doctrines.

The secretary retorted that the Congress had never done anything so revolutionary as the Canadian Labor Congress, which voted for the nationalization of mines and for an independent Ireland.

Norway and Italy joined Canada on opposition, but the resolution carried.

Mr. Halford complained at today's session that the congress appeared to be a "political and revolutionary body." Therefore, he was compelled to vote against resolutions relating to the international situation.

J. H. Thomas, the president, replying, said that Canada need have no fear that the congress was a revolutionary body. On the contrary, he added, "it is the mildest mannered group of people that ever scuttled a ship."

## INCREASE SPRACKLIN'S BAIL TO \$20,000

### The Accused is Remanded for Preliminary Hearing Till Dec. 2nd.

Windsor, Nov. 25.—Rev. J. O. L. Spracklin, charged with having slain Beverly Trumble at Sandwich, appeared in police court here this morning and was remanded for preliminary hearing on Dec. 2nd. This action was decided upon by agreement of all parties to enable the magistrate to read the evidence taken at the inquest, which will be read into the court records, thus eliminating the necessity of a fresh hearing of all witnesses. Spracklin's bail was increased from ten to twenty thousand, of which he will furnish a personal surety of ten thousand.

### To Arrange for More British News for Canada.

Montreal, Nov. 25.—At a largely attended special general meeting of shareholder members of the Canadian Press, Limited, held here yesterday, the principle of a supplementary British cable news service direct from London was endorsed. The board of directors was instructed to conclude an agreement with Reuters' Limited, whereby the editors of the Canadian Press, Limited, will have full access to the complete news service of Reuters' Limited, which includes the news collected by the press associations of Great Britain. This service will thoroughly cover the news of the Old Country and the British Empire.

Fifteen Sentenced for Attack on Breslau, Germany, Nov. 25.—Fifteen persons accused of the recent attack on the French consulate here have been found guilty and have been sentenced to terms varying from one to twelve months in prison. Five of the accused persons were acquitted.

## MOTORISTS TO PAY \$750,000 EXTRA

### The Hon. F. C. Biggs Announces a New Grand License Fee.

Toronto, Nov. 25.—Increased license fees will be charged owners of motor cars by the Department of Public Works next year, when Hon. F. C. Biggs, minister of public works, hopes to increase the revenue of the province from this source by \$750,000. The revenue this year amounted to more than \$2,000,000.

"As the automobiles use the roads the most," Hon. Mr. Biggs said today, "we feel that they should pay their share of the cost of the highways."

The number of cylinders in automobile engines is taken into account by the new license, which was never done before.

The fee for passenger cars of 25 horsepower or less will be from \$13 to \$20. The present fee is \$10.

For passenger cars of 25 to 35 horsepower the fee will range from \$15 to \$25. The present fee is \$15.

Cars of 50 horsepower or over will be from \$30 to \$40. The present fee is \$30.

The smallest motor truck, which now pays \$10, will be \$13. Trailers, which at present pay nothing, will be charged from \$2 to \$5.

Electric passenger vehicles will be increased from \$10 to \$15.

## PUT SOLDIERS' NAMES IN THE VICTORY TOWER

### Stone for Parliament Buildings May be Brought From Flanders.

Ottawa, Nov. 25.—While both the House of Commons and Senate Chambers will have had the last finishing touches put on them before parliament meets towards the end of January most of the interior work on the building will still remain to be done. From the standpoint of accommodation and comfort, however, members of both houses and officials, will be much better off than they were last session.

It will probably be a matter of two years before the great parliamentary tower is completed. The first two stories of the tower have been finished and closed in for the winter. Next spring work will be resumed and an additional twenty-five feet built. The tower will not be finally completed until the summer of 1922.

It is probable that the interior walls of the chamber to be provided in the second section of the tower will be lined with stone from France and Belgium and the floor will be set with granite from the Carpathians.

Gravestones of the members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force. This suggestion has been made and if possible it will be carried out.

## HE'S DISTURBED OVER IRISH CONDITIONS

### Churchill Says Britain's Military Operations Have Cost Over \$10,000,000.

London, Nov. 25.—Replying to a question whether he considered Ireland in a state of war with Great Britain, Winston Churchill declared in the Commons: "Ireland is in a state of rebellion which imposes many hardships upon our troops."

## COAL STEAMER ASHORE.

Lebigh, of George Hall Company Fleet, Montreal.

## Raising of Russian Blockade Favored by French Premier

Paris, Nov. 25.—Suppression of the blockade of Russia is favored by Premier Leger, he told the committee on foreign relations of the chamber of deputies last night. Inasmuch as the Soviet government is actually in operation, he declared it has been decided to permit French traders and manufacturers to do all business they can with Russia. In addition, says Marcel Cachan, a member of the committee, M. Leger said he was arranging to encourage trade with Russia.

## Abandoned by Underwriters.

Brockville, Nov. 25.—Progress is being made by a wrecking company trying to release the steel steamer T. P. Phelan, abandoned by the underwriters on the rocks at Point Ironquels. The decayed wreck in her hold has been removed and pumps are being used on the vessel.

A London, Ont. girl has found her parents after ten years' absence.

## IRISH DEBATE IS COMMENCED

### In the British Commons—Asquith Talks on Pacification.

London, Nov. 25.—The eagerly awaited debate in the House of Commons on the Irish question was inaugurated yesterday afternoon when former Premier Asquith, leader of the Opposition, moved his resolution expressing abhorrence of the recent Dublin assassinations, condemnation of reprisals and urging the taking of immediate steps to bring about Irish pacification.

The motion was a composite resolution, combining the Independent Liberal and Labor motions and sponsored by Mr. Asquith, Donald McLean and Arthur Henderson.

Mr. Asquith, amplifying the substance set forth in the resolution, contended that the first step lay with the government's policy of reprisals, which he said had driven moderate Nationalist opinion in Ireland "into an attitude, if not of sympathy with, at least of supine indifference to, anarchic action."

The former Premier declared there was only one way for escape, and that the first step lay with the Government. This, he said, was to discontinue the reprisals. He believed, he said, that an overwhelming majority of the Irish people and of the Crown forces had no sympathy with reprisals.

## Debate in Lords.

London, Nov. 25.—While the House of Commons was engaged in an important debate on the Irish situation yesterday afternoon, the House of Lords returned to the discussion of the Home Rule Bill. Viscount Grey, former Foreign Minister, being the first speaker to take the floor.

Viscount Grey declared the real cause of failure in obtaining a settlement was the difference of opinion in Ireland. It was until these differences were composed, he asserted, there could be no settlement and the Bill before the Lords, to put it mildly, had not made the differences less. It had conciliated Ulster, Viscount Grey said, but had brought the southern Unionists and Nationalists into opposition.

## CRAWFORD IS CALLED TOOL OF HIERARCHY

### Speaker at Charlottetown Castigates Canada's Sinn Fein Chieftain.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Nov. 25.—The Strand Theatre was crowded to overflowing Monday night at a meeting addressed by the Rev. Edward Morris, under the auspices of the Orange Order on "The Truth About Ireland."

In the course of his address he replied to a number of statements made by Lindsay Crawford, of Toronto, who spoke here recently. He referred to Mr. Crawford as an "execrable Grangeman," a "Protestant tool" in the hands of the hierarchy.

Mr. Morris claimed that the Irish question was a religious question and charged Mr. Crawford with uttering atrocious lies and with defaming the British Government with ill-treating the Irish. The principle of the Irish Republic, so called, he said, meant the disruption of the Empire. If the Sinn Feiners want independence, why should they not utter their own grievances to the Government, which are the grievances of Great Britain, "how can you expect Ulster to submit to Sinn Fein government?" Mr. Morris asked.

Rev. Captain George C. Taylor, an overseas chaplain, spoke strongly against Irish independence, stating that "we cannot have a free Canada, or a great Empire if it is broken up sectionally by race or creed."

## SUNDAY WORK IS NOW FORBIDDEN BAKERS

### War-time Concessions Are Cancelled by the Labor Department.

Toronto, Nov. 25.—All war-time special permits and other concessions with reference to Sunday work in bake shops are cancelled as from this date, according to notice sent out today by the Trades and Labor branch of the Ontario Department of Public Works. Henceforth, no employee shall be permitted to do any work in a bake shop on Sunday, except set a sponge; no employer shall work more than twelve hours in any twenty-four hours, computed from the time when he commences work, and no employer shall work in a bake shop more than sixty hours in one week.

## LIVE HOG PRICES DOWN.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—Pre-war prices for live hogs became general today throughout the United States. Big receipts from the farms appeared to be the immediate cause, the total supply of hogs on sale today at the ten principal markets of the country being estimated at 182,000 head, as against 124,000 a week ago.

## 880,000 Raised in Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Nov. 25.—Winnipeg has raised already \$80,000 towards the financing of the Western Canada Colonization Association. It was announced today at a Kiwanis Club luncheon by M. A. Brown, mayor of Medicine Hat and originator and provisional chairman of the association.

The association has been subscribed by few wealthy citizens, among them being Lieut.-Governor Sir James Aikins, Sir Augustus Nanton, E. F. Hatchings, James H. Ashdown and Jerry Robinson.

The colonization project has for its objective the settlement within the next few years of from twenty million to thirty million acres of fertile land in the West, lying within fifteen or twenty miles of the railroads.

## Poet Starts Hunger Strike.

Havana, Cuba, Nov. 25.—Horatio Blanco Pomona, held prisoner by the United States military authorities in Santo Domingo, has started a hunger strike, according to word received here. Pomona is a newspaper man and has gained considerable fame as a poet.

## BELIEVES SMALL IS STILL ALIVE

College Point, N.Y., Nov. 25.—"I still hold the belief that my husband is alive," declared Mrs. Ambrose J. Small, when told of the arrest of John Doughy in Oregon city.

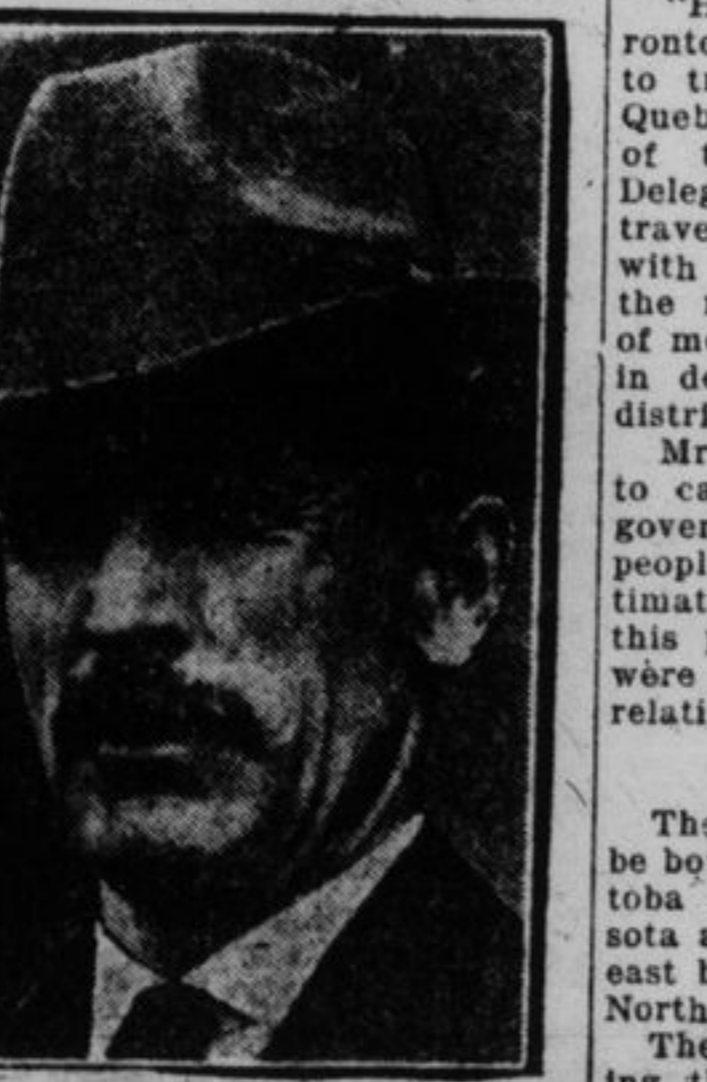
Mrs. Small declared she felt renewed hope that her husband would be found or that she would at least learn of his fate. "But I am afraid that if he is alive he is suffering from loss of memory or some other mental disturbance."

## Declares Saving Souls Not a Lucrative Business

New York, Nov. 25.—Declaring he was "up against it" because "saving souls was not a lucrative business," Rev. Robert Rein, 58th street, evangelist, advertised in a Jamaica newspaper for "any kind of honest work to tide over a period of slack times."

Rein, who has a wife and child, has been preaching to street audiences in Jamaica for several months, also substituting for ministers on vacations and occasionally officiating at marriages and funerals. These sources of income have diminished so, he writes in explanation of his advertisement, that he was forced to give up an apartment and move with his family into a single room.

The preacher was a bartender in "Hell's Kitchen" on the Bowery, and also a concert hall singer before he became a convert to Christianity 31 years ago.



SRGT. AUSTIN R. MITCHELL, of the Toronto detective force, whose 11-month search for John Doughy is bringing Doughy back to Toronto.

## MAYOR ENTERTAINS AT A BEAR SUPPER

### With Mrs. Steacy Provides Feast for a Hundred Oshawans.

Oshawa, Nov. 25.—Unique in the history of festive gatherings in Oshawa was that of last night here, when Mayor and Mrs. John Steacy entertained more than a hundred citizens to a bear supper, to celebrate the killing of the monster bruin in the wilds of the French River district by his worship after an exciting experience.

The mayor fired one shot at bruin, and when the second bullet became stuck in his gun he advanced to meet the animal, not knowing whether it was dead or alive. Happily it was nearly dead, the danger put on the animal's mind by the knife and hatchet. Mayor Steacy and other members of the Oshawa Hunt Club got in deer, one bear and some partridge in two weeks' hunt.

## U.S. GATHERING GOLD.

Imports of 1920 Show 74% Favorable Balance.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Gold imports to the United States during the first ten days of November amounted to \$18,318,217, compared with exports of \$12,027,610, according to a statement issued by the Federal Reserve Board. From January 1st to November 10th, gold imports totalled \$33,836,965, while exports were \$27,309,783.

Silver imports during the ten-day period were \$1,446,790, while exports were \$663,939.

Europe sent \$15,973,370 in gold during the ten days. South America sent \$396,510, and Canada and other North American countries \$739,983. There were no imports from Asia.

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## NEW ONTARIO AS A PROVINCE

### F. H. Keefer, M.P., Advocates Separation—Government Ineffective.

Fort William, Nov. 25.—The breaking away from old Ontario of the four western constituencies of Kenora, Rainy River, Port Arthur and Fort William ridings and the formation into a new province were urged by Frank H. Keefer, federal member in the House of Commons for Port Arthur and Kenora riding, at the convention of the League of Municipalities in Fort William yesterday.

Mr. Keefer gave as his outstanding reasons "the inefficiency and needless expense of long-distance government," and the need of a stronger link between western and eastern Canada.

"Canada is like a giant whose well-developed head and feet have strength, but whose backbone is weak," Mr. Keefer said. "Unless the backbone is filled out and strengthened the body might break into two parts." Likewise the manufacturing east and the productive west might become estranged if northwest Ontario does not become a strong connecting link.

"How would the people of Toronto and vicinity like being obliged to travel to St. John, N.B. or to Quebec city for the simple business of transacting municipal affairs. Delegates from these ridings must travel 1,000 miles to get a hearing with the government. It is costing the municipalities here large sums of money which had better be spent in developing and opening up the district."

Mr. Keefer said he did not wish to cast reflections on the existing government, but pointed out that people in eastern Ontario had no intimate knowledge of the needs of the portion of the province and were unable to deal effectually with relative questions.

## Proposed Boundaries.

The proposed new province would be bounded on the west by the Manitoba line, on the south by Minnesota and Lake Superior, and on the east by the White River and on the north by Hudson Bay.

The area of this district, including the district of Patricia, would be seventy-two million acres. This area would be more than double or treble some of the older provinces. Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Manitoba.

The suggested name for the new province would be "superior," and the capital would be the natural centre of the district, the twin cities of Port Arthur and Port William.

Money enough to carry on the affairs of the new province and to open up and develop the district, Mr. Keefer pointed out, would be amply covered by revenues from crown lands, minerals, fisheries, timber dues, succession duties, license fees, fines and the per capita grant from the federal government of eight cents. The population of the proposed new province is well over 100,000 people.

Hon. H. Hogarth, M.P.P., of Port Arthur, is also in favor of the separation.

## U.S. MARINE IS HEIR TO HAREM

### South Sea Sultan Bequeathes Island and Forty Wives to Sailor.

Franklin, Mass., Nov. 25.—Due to the fact that he is already supplied with one wife, who is quite satisfactory, Robert A. MacLain, formerly of San Francisco, marine adventurer and soldier of fortune, will not be able to accept the forty dusky wives bequeathed to him by the Sultan of Liang-Liang, who was the ruler of an empire located on an island in the south seas.

MacLain once saved the life of the Sultan, and was formerly adopted as a son by the ruler. Now the Sultan is dead, and he has left his empire, consisting of the island, valuable pearl fisheries, and fifteen subjects, besides the forty wives, to MacLain, who has been informally notified of the award.

The island is located at the extreme end of the Philippines. It was in 1909 that MacLain, then a marine, was ordered to the island to quell an uprising, which he did, saving the life of the Sultan thereby. If the unofficial report that he has been made sole heir is borne out, he will disband the harem and turn the island over to the United States Government.

## FORMS FOR CENSUS.

Include Schedules for Deaf Mutes and Blind.

Ottawa, Nov. 25.—The Cabinet Council has approved a series of forms for taking the next Dominion census—the sixth—on June 1st, 1921. The forms provide for census of population, manufacturing, trading and business establishments, farms and farm products, with schedules for the blind and deaf mutes, absentee family cards, enumerators' oaths, etc. The purpose of the schedule for the blind and deaf mutes is to obtain a record, according to age and post office address of all persons so afflicted.

A further hearing of the International Waterways Commission regarding the developing of power on the St. Lawrence river, is to be held in New York on Dec. 3rd.

## QUEBEC WINS FIGHT ON INDIAN RESERVES

### The Imperial Privy Council Gives Judgment Against Dominion Government.

London, Nov. 25.—The Privy Council yesterday allowed the appeal from Quebec concerning questions arising between the dominion and the province over the title of lands formerly used as Indian reserves.

The privy council said in its findings that the answer to the controversy depended upon the true construction of two statutes passed in Canada in 1850-51. While the language of the statutes imparts legislative acknowledgment of the right inhering in the Indians to enjoy lands appropriated for their use under the superintendence or management of a commissioner of Indian lands, their lordships think the contention of the province of Quebec to be well founded to this extent: that the right recognized by the statute is a usufructuary right only and a personal right in the sense that it is in its nature inalienable, except by surrender to the crown.

The effect of the act of 1850 is not to create an equitable estate in the lands set apart for an Indian tribe, of which the commissioner is made the recipient for the benefit of the Indians, but that the title remains in the crown, and the commissioner is given such interest as enables him to exercise the powers of management and administration committed to him by statute. The appeal, therefore, was allowed, and the action referred to the superior court of Quebec to give judgment against the respondent, Dame Thomespey, for the amount of purchase money and damages to the Star Chrome Mining company. The respondents must pay the costs of the company here and in the courts below.

## ROW IN U.S. ARMY OVER PROMOTIONS

### Juniors Jumped Over Heads of Seniors—Favorites of Pershing.

Washington, Nov. 25.—A tremendous row has broken out in the army over the promotion and transfer of 15,000 officers and is destined to be aired in the senate when the appointments come before that body for confirmation.

About 5,000 of these appointments are to fill new positions created by the Army Reorganization Act of June 4th, 1920, while the remaining 10,000 are promotions to fill vacancies and transfers from one arm of the service to another or between the line and the staff.

The controversy is raging particularly around the appointment of thirty-four new general officers, all chosen by selection, many of whom have jumped over their seniors. Most of the officers promoted to be major-generals and brigadier-generals are said to be favorites of General Pershing, chairman of the selection board, and of General Mareh, chief of staff.

During the ninety minutes that the two awaited the Chicago transit here, they strolled about the vicinity of the railroad station. "I made good," Doughy declared, when asked regarding his work in Oregon City. "I got promoted, but I worked ten years in the nine months I was employed there."

To newspaper reporters, Mitchell declared he "thinks sometimes that A. J. Small is still alive, but there is only a vague chance of it." "Now that Jack is going back, the whole mystery will be cleared up," he said. Doughy stated that he had no inkling that search was being made for him. He had not heard from home since he left, he said.

## MONEY IS SMUGGLED BY EMINENT PERSONS

### Charge Laid by Former German Chancellor Mueller.

Berlin, Nov. 25.—One hundred eminent persons among them Crown Prince Cecilie, Prince Eitel Friedrich, Prince Joachim, Count Radolinski, Prince Joachim, Count Radolinski and Princess Wanda hadswill, have smuggled 250,000,000 marks, asserted Hermann Mueller, former German Chancellor, in the Reichstag yesterday. The former chancellor impugned the Government relative to the activities of the firm of Cruser and Philips, bankers, which declared to have carried on an extensive business in smuggling property out of Germany.

It was asserted that the concern had "been known publicly as a special firm for the carrying on of contraband goods and capital."

## CALL TO RESCUE WORLD FROM PERIL

### Lord Bryce Places Responsibility Upon Britain and the United States.

Boston, Nov. 25.—Lord Bryce, formerly British Ambassador to the United States, pictured the world at "the abyss of calamity into which the war has plunged it," in a letter to the Colonial Society of this city, made public today. The peoples of Britain and the United States, he said, are specially called to try and rescue the world from the danger. He added that the influence of the United States is prized because "she is impartial, raised above the jealousies and ambitions that vex this distracted Europe."

Lord Bryce wrote to express regret at his inability to attend the annual meeting of the Society which this year celebrated the tercentenary of the landing of the pilgrims.

## EMPIRE'S PREMIERS MAY MEET IN 1922

### Conference Has Been Postponed at Desire of Dominions.

London, Nov. 25.—Premier Lloyd George stated in the House of Commons that it was felt that public opinion in the empire had not yet had time to get the adequate consideration to the question of the readjustment of the constitutional relationship of the component parts of the empire recommended by the imperial conference of 1917, which would enable the constitutional conference to meet with any advantage next year. He hoped it would be possible for such conference to be held in 1922. It was at the desire of the dominions, the prime minister stated, that this conference had been postponed.

Sir Hamer Greenwood, in a speech Wednesday, said detailed plans for the destruction of a large power house in Manchester and docks in Liverpool had been discovered.

## BIG STORY YET TO BE TOLD

### With Regard to the Small Case—Doughty Enroute to Toronto.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 25.—Detective Mitchell, who had kept John Doughy in the privacy of a hotel room during the night following his arrest, where he had opportunity to talk over the case with him fully, said to newspaper men:

"Big as this story seems to you, I don't mind telling you that you haven't yet touched the fringe of it. I'd like to help you, for I know the newspapers of this country and Canada have spent thousands of dollars following me on my trip, hoping that some day the story would break.

"But as yet the principal facts are known only to me—and" he added with the slightest gesture toward Doughy "those who had something to do with them."

### Enroute to Toronto.

Toronto, Nov. 25.—All parties concerned in the Ambrose Small case are eagerly awaiting the return to the city of Detective Sergt. Austin B. Mitchell and John Doughy, private secretary of the missing millionaire. Doughy is being rushed to Toronto as hurriedly as the fastest trains will permit, and now that he is well started, there will be daily bulletines from the office telling of the progress made. The first of these messages came yesterday afternoon, saying that Detective Mitchell, with Doughy in custody, are eastward bound. Police officers usually have their "own reasons" for doing things, and before the officer and his prisoner reach Toronto, some line of policy will be laid down to avoid the row which would be sure to gather should the time and place of Doughy's arrival in the city become generally known.

### Like Ten Years to Doughy.

Spokane, Wash., Nov. 25.—Accompanied by John Doughy, whom he is taking to Toronto in connection with the disappearance of Ambrose Small, millionaire theatrical man, Detective Sergt. Austin Mitchell, Toronto, passed through here last night. The detective refused to discuss anything in the way of statements said to have been made by Doughy concerning the disappearance of the one hundred thousand dollar worth of bonds. Mr. Mitchell said it was his intention to go through Chicago, enroute to Toronto, but intimated that the route might be changed if it were found to be expedient.

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