

OUR NEW FALL HATS Have Arrived. Collier's Toggery

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KINGSTON, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1920.

Collier's Toggery The Only Store Where You can buy DR. HAWKINS INVISIBLE BELTS

LAST EDITION

CHARGES MADE BY GRIFFITH

Says Plot Exists For Assassination of the Sinn Fein Leaders.

Dublin, Oct. 1.—Charges that reprisals in Ireland were a calculated policy of the government, that the occasion for them was often afforded by provocation of agents, and that a plot existed for the assassination of Irish republican leaders, were made to-day by Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein organization. Mr. Griffith preferred these charges in a long statement to British, United States and continental newspapers.

Police Patrol Ambushed. Belfast, Oct. 1.—A police patrol was ambushed yesterday near Tuberville, county Sligo, by a large party of armed civilians. District Inspector Brady was shot dead, Head Constable Gravelly wounded and another constable less seriously wounded. Reports say that several houses have been burned in reprisal for the attack.

WILL BE GREAT HANDICAP

Change in the Canadian National Service Will Injure Kingston Merchants.

Regardless of the statements of the representatives of the Canadian National Grand Trunk railroads that the change in the Kingston-Yorker service, which goes into effect on Monday, Oct. 4th, would benefit Kingston, the local merchants do not see it that way. On Friday morning, when the Whig made enquiries at the post office, it learned that as a result of the change the mail service from the back country, which for years has been very satisfactory to the local merchants, would be so changed that it would be a great handicap in many ways.

For years the service has been such that mail posted at Tweed, Berterville, Moscow or Yorker would arrive in the city before two o'clock, meaning that local merchants would be able to get a reply back the same day. The change in the train going around by Napans means that mail going to the back country must be posted at the post office at Kingston at two o'clock, that it will be taken up on the next train over the Grand Trunk road. The bags are thrown off at Napans and will remain there until the C.N.R. evening train, which leaves Kingston at 6 p.m. and connects at Napans, picks it up. The mail coming in will now not arrive until after one o'clock.

Kingston merchants ask the question whether or not the railroad company has taken off the mail money at the expense of the people who live in that section of the country. Other merchants claim that by the change it means that people who live in that section of the country will only get an early edition of the Kingston papers. It has been suggested that the Kingston Board of Trade and the City Council take the matter up with the railway commission and see that a mail clerk is placed on the train.

It will be remembered that on December 17th, 1919, the tax paying citizens of the city were given the Bay of Quinte railway the sum of \$75,000 for the purpose of making it possible for the people who live in the back country to get to Kingston to do their shopping. Citizens who were in Kingston at the time the bill was taken believe that the railroad board is taking away from Kingston and giving to the other towns.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL For Unlawfully Having Set a Gun Trap on His Premises.

In public court, on Friday morning, Magistrate Farrell committed Charles H. Powell to stand trial before a judge and jury, for having unlawfully set a trap in his orchard. The accused pleaded "not guilty" to the charge and was represented by William Mundel, Crown Attorney J. Whitney conducted the prosecution.

Only one witness was heard in the case. Constable James Cotter said he had made an examination of the orchard of Mr. Powell on September 24th and had found a trap set on the premises. Witnessing that Mr. Powell told him that he had placed it there himself for the protection of his apple trees. After the evidence of Constable Cotter had been secured Magistrate Farrell committed the accused to stand trial before a judge and jury. Bail was fixed at \$1,000.

The case arose over the shooting of a lad named Percy Vincent, a few days ago. The lad went into the orchard at night and the trap was discharged. The boy was shot in the knee. He is still in the Hotel Dieu.

Charles Comiskey, owner of the Chicago White Sox, has asked State Attorney Howe to investigate last year's world series immediately after the games.

EARLY TASTE OF WINTRY WEATHER

Toronto, Oct. 1.—Strong northwesterly gales during the night, allowed by a heavy snowfall this morning gave this part of the Dominion an early taste of wintry weather. The temperature is quite low and prospects are for the continuation of alement weather throughout the day. While there is considerable anxiety regarding shipping on the great lakes, there were, up till noon, no definite reports of vessels in trouble.

NEWS OFF THE WIRES IN CONDENSED FORM

Tidings From Plas Far and Near Are Briefly Recounted.

G. J. N. Malcolm, member of the Manitoba legislature, was sworn in as a minister of agriculture. Seven Birmingham, B. Y. department and dry goods stores announced reductions of from 20 to 33-1/3 per cent. in all lines.

Kharov, in southern Russia, 250 miles north of the sea of Asia, has been captured by Baron Wrangle's forces.

Two constables were shot and killed near O'Brien's bridge, Limeck, Ireland, when the police patrol was fired on.

A reduction in the wholesale prices of shirts is announced by Edgar H. Betts, president of the Earl & Wilson Company, of Troy, N. Y.

Further steps were taken Friday in an effort to solve the differences between the coal miners and mine owners, over which strike notices are pending.

British coal strike notices, which were postponed to another fortnight. This action resulted from a conference with Lloyd George.

SHOW HORSES TRAINING.

Sir Clifford Sifton's String Sent to Brockville, Ont.

Sir Clifford Sifton's string of jumping horses, which has been in training at Assiniboine Lodge during the summer, has been shipped to Toronto, where the animals will be further trained in preparation for the fall and winter horse shows.

POWER SUPPLY REDUCED

Owing to Low Water in Trent—Remedy Suggested to Premier.

Since the first of the week, the Ontario Hydro-Electric Power Commission has been obliged to reduce the supply of current throughout eastern Ontario by about one-third the normal amount, owing to the lowering of the level of the Trent river. The situation began to grow acute on Wednesday, and during that day the local Utilities Commission's chairman, R. F. Elliott, was called upon every fifteen minutes to ascertain the exact voltage registered at the local station. J. M. Campbell's power at Kingston Mills came in strong during the emergency. Manager Folger was able to reduce certain lights, and by economizing in different directions, enable the city to hold up to its reduced supply.

The Campbell power at Kingston Mills was helped by the recent rains, and it is hoped that the same thing may help out the situation on the Trent, where the only remedy is an increase in the water pressure. This can be secured by lowering the levels of Rice and Stoney lakes.

TRIP OF THE HENS.

Loaded on the Axle of the Milk Wagon Quite A Distance.

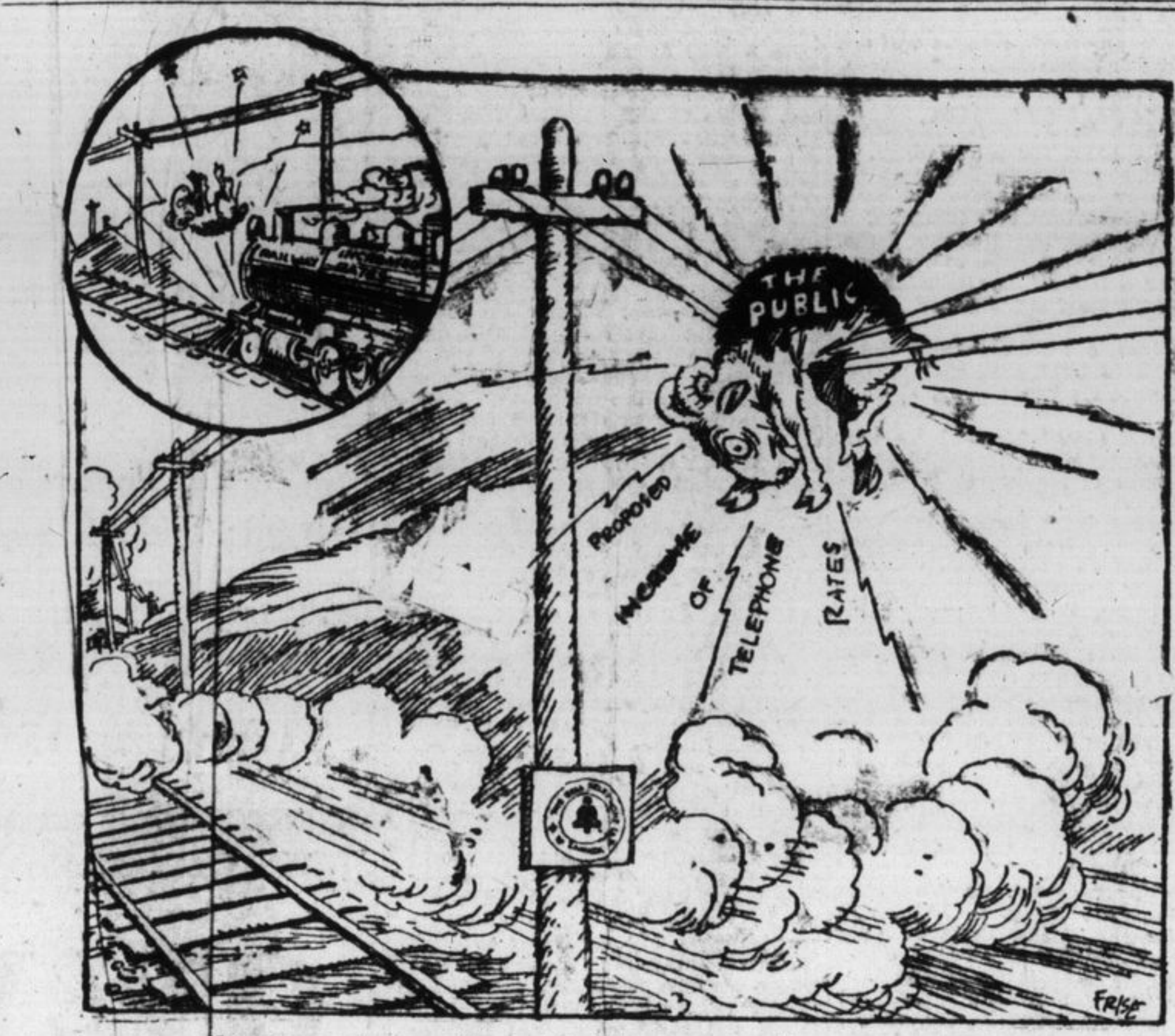
When Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gilligan, who reside about one mile from Oshkosh, on the main road to Moskowitz, went to visit Mrs. Hart, mother of Mrs. Gilligan, who resides in Oshkosh, one evening this week, they were accompanied by ten chickens. After Mr. and Mrs. Gilligan had completed the chores they decided to take the milk wagon to the house. As the milk wagon was close to hand they decided to hitch up the wagon to this wagon. When it came time to go home Mr. Gilligan noticed something under the wagon. At first he thought that it was a dog, something of that kind but upon investigation it proved to be ten of the chickens. They had evidently decided to perch on the axle of the wagon for the night so did not get out about the bumps on the road. He allowed them to remain on the wagon and drove them back home.

Two Burned By Explosion.

Rockville, Ont., Oct. 1.—When a tank exploded at the Municipal Gas Plant, two employees, Robert Belmont and Walter Slack, were burned and bruised. Belmont was working on top of the tank and was blown some distance by the explosion. He is in St. Vincent De Val hospital with severe burns on the head and hands. Slack was less seriously injured. The property damage is slight.

British Held in One Cell.

London, Oct. 1.—British prisoners held by the Bolsheviks, according to despatches received here, are subsisting on a diet of inferior quality with rice occasionally. They are confined twelve in a cell and to let their beards grow.



He may get over it, but he'll never be the same again.

SOVIET DEFEAT IS COMPLETE

The Russians on Northern Polish Front fleeing Eastward in disorder.

Warsaw, Oct. 1.—The defeat of the Russians on the Polish northern front seems virtually complete. Soviet troops are reported fleeing eastward in disorder in an effort to avoid being surrounded by the Poles, who are in close pursuit. The result of the Polish victory is declared by military experts as eliminating any chance of the Bolshevik launching a full offensive which War Minister Trotsky was credited with planning to drive back the Poles from the territory they had lost after the failure of the Soviet drive in Warsaw.

Advices from the front report that one Russian division surrendered to the Poles after having murdered all the commissaries who tried to compel the troops to offer resistance to the Polish advance.

An official communique declares that the Bolsheviks all along the northern front were whipped unmercifully, much to the discouragement of their commissaries. The commander of the third Bolshevik army committed suicide it is asserted, when he realized that his command had been completely smashed.

STOCK MARKETS.

Quotations Furnished by Bondard, Ryan & Co., 237 Baggot Street.

Table with columns: New York Stocks, Opening, Closing. Includes Am. Beet Sugar, American Locomotive, American Sugar, Am. Internat. Corp., etc.

Table with columns: Canadian Stocks, Opening, Closing. Includes Brazilian, Bromfield, Canada Cement, etc.

Press Your Big Toe and Stop Toothache

Chicago, Oct. 1.—If you have the toothache just press one of your big toes and the ache will disappear. That's one therapy. It is the latest tip, according to Dr. William H. Fitzgerald, of Hartford, Conn. He was one of the speakers before the Central Society of Physical Therapists in convention here.

THE FAIR INSURED AGAINST RAIN

Manager R. J. Bushell took the precaution before the opening of the Kingston fair to take out a policy of insurance against financial loss by reason of rain. Under the conditions he receives \$1,000 a day if it rains one-fifth of an inch between the hours of 7 a.m. and 9 p.m.

Government Commission To Sell Liquor in N.B.

St. John, N.B., Oct. 1.—The appointment of a government commission to take over the sale of spirituous liquors from the hands of licensed and individual vendors in New Brunswick, was announced by Premier Foster to a delegation of Methodist, Baptist and Presbyterian ministers who interviewed him in regard to this question. Premier Foster said he was expecting to announce the commission Mr. Foster also said he believed that a bone dry referendum measure was likely to be introduced in the legislature, but not as a party measure, and he was of the opinion that if it should be so introduced it would carry by a substantial majority.

War-Made Millionaires Gamble Heavily In France

Paris, Oct. 1.—Such unparelleled extravagance is being shown at Deauville, where the short season is showing itself there. In the casino it is not unusual to see some war-made millionaires lose some \$50,000 to \$100,000 at baccarat between dinner and midnight. Some players have not yet learned how to lose with calm. There have been unpleasant scenes by excited plungers who have met with bad luck.

GREY'S IRISH PROPOSALS

A Moderate Scheme of Domestic Control But Not of Foreign Policy.

London, Oct. 1.—Viscount Grey, former ambassador to the United States, in a letter to the Westminster Gazette, puts forward new proposals for the solution of the Irish problem. He declares the present home rule bill is not accepted by anyone, and says: "The only practicable policy that offers any prospect of success seems to me to have three cardinal points, first, a definite announcement that for these two islands of Great Britain and Ireland, there can be only one foreign policy, one army and one navy; and that we cannot and should not in these matters any more than the north can stand the separation of the south in the United States."

"Second, with this exception, Irishmen must be as free as the peoples of the great self-governing dominions to settle for themselves how their country is to be governed."

"Third, to give time for them to come to agreement with each other and draw up their own scheme, the British government will continue to perform as best it can the function of government in Ireland for a period not to exceed two years, but at the end of that period, or sooner if Ireland is ready, it will withdraw, arranging itself, if need be, fair terms for retiring the constabulary and others who have served it, and responsibility for the future will be on the Irishmen themselves."

"In no other way," continued Lord Grey, "can we bring home to Irishmen that sense of responsibility of which we have for centuries deprived or relieved them and the lack of which is, I believe, the deepest underlying cause of Irish troubles of Irish disunion and of the failure of every attempt hitherto made to find a solution of the Irish problem."

Lord Grey begins his letter with the assertion: "The government of Ireland has never been such a reproach and discredit to British statesmanship as it is to-day."

RESIDUE GOES TO WAR WIDOWS

Disposal By Will of Estate of the Late Mrs. K. S. Hammond.

Toronto, Oct. 1.—"I bequeath unto my executors and trustees, in trust, the remainder of my money, which amounts to something like \$200,000, to be invested in war charities, at their discretion, these charities to be selected by the executors, W. B. Cook and Harold de Pass, both of London, Eng., and which charities are more particularly to do with young war widows who were left widows by the war and need help," reads one clause of the will made in London, Eng., Aug. 23rd, 1919, by Mrs. Kathleen Saunders Hammond, widow of Toronto, who died at Saranac Lake, N. Y., Sept. 23rd, 1919.

The estate, valued at \$263,866, is made up of \$6,150 in household goods and personal effects, 234 shares Canadian Saskatchewan Land Co., \$23,400; 37 Montreal Land & Improvement Co., \$555; an interest of \$143,606 in the F. S. Hammond estate and \$9,154 due under an marriage settlement.

A cash legacy of \$75,000 is provided for her brother-in-law, Herbert R. Hammond, Victoria; \$10,000 to her ancestor, Thomas de Pass; \$5,000 each for her nieces, Patricia McFarland, Gananoque; Hildred Cromwell Paris, Ont., and her nephews, Herbert Hammond, Victoria, and Thomas Kenny, Gananoque, and \$1,000 each for her nephews, George and John Bogart, Montreal, and Edward Crombie, Paris.

In disposing of her household goods and personal effects, Mrs. Hammond left her books and brassware to her executor, H. de Pass, the Hammond silver, the Hammond and Cromwell pictures and her fur rugs to her mother-in-law, Mrs. H. C. Hammond, Montreal, her own silver, her wedding silver, three diamond rings, a fur coat, gold bag, gold cigarette case and gold vanity case to her mother, Mrs. Mary A. Macparland, Gananoque, her piano to her ancestor, Thomas de Pass, if he progresses with his musical career; otherwise the piano goes to his sister, Joan; her pony and saddle to her brother, Fred, of Gananoque, and the rest of her personal effects to her sister, brothers, nephews and nieces. The National Trust Co. has been granted administration with the will annexed.

OIL FOR 600 YEARS.

Solving Problem of Separation From Alberta Seps.

Edmonton, Alta., Oct. 1.—When the problem of separation of oil from oil sands lying to the north of Edmonton has been solved oil in sufficient quantities to supply the world for 600 years will be released. This is the opinion expressed by Dr. H. M. Tory, principal of the University of Alberta, in the course of an address before the Calgary Board of Trade, recently. Dr. Tory stated that a member of the faculty of the university has been working on the problem of separation for ten days, and that if he continues to make progress as rapidly as he has done hitherto, the problem will be solved in six weeks. The oil fields north of Edmonton, the president of the university believes, contain the greatest body of oil to be found in the world.

Gamblers Made \$250,000 By Bribing Ball Players

New York, Oct. 1.—Ten gamblers made at least \$250,000 as a result of bribing members of the Chicago American baseball team in the 1919 world's series, said a statement made here yesterday by Abe Attell, former featherweight champion, whose name has frequently been mentioned in connection with the Chicago investigation.

CLUNG TO BALLOON FOR THIRTEEN HOURS

"Most Thrilling Flight Ever Undertaken," Says U.S. Naval Secretary.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Clinging for more than thirteen hours to the rigging of a navy racing balloon, Lieut. Ralph Emerson and his aide, Lieut. Frank Sloman, contestants in the national balloon race which started from North Birmingham, Ala., on Sept. 25th landed on the southwest shore of Lake Erie the morning of Sept. 27th, placing their balloon third in the race.

Rear-Admiral Coontz, Acting Secretary of the Navy, in making this announcement, said this exciting and, undoubtedly, the most thrilling flight ever undertaken by navy pilots in a free balloon. Both Lieutenants are members of the United States naval reserve force.

At 5:15 p.m. on the 27th a landing was made in Spruce County, Indiana. At this place the pilot's basket was cut away and abandoned, due to loss of gas during thunderstorms. From this point on the pilots clung to the rigging above the concentration ring. Approaching Sandusky Bay large rafts were cut off the approach to the Canadian coast, forcing the balloon to traverse Lake Erie lengthwise, and with insufficient ballast, Lieut. Emerson decided to land. This was done by ripping the balloon in the air and the landing was made in a hayfield three miles east of Graytown, Ohio.

THE MINERS' STRIKE IS FURTHER PUT OFF

In the Hope That Miners and Owners Can Reach an Agreement.

London, Oct. 1.—A conference of miners' delegates which met to consider the new crisis which has arisen over the failure of the miners' representatives and owners to reach an agreement spent yesterday in debate without reaching a decision as to whether they should carry out their coal strike movement. Another meeting will be held and the general impression is that the miners will approach Lloyd George again in connection with the dispute with the owners and that there would be further suspension of the strike notices for one week to enable the holding of more meetings between the miners and owners. Last Friday strike notices, which would have expired the following day and caused a strike to begin on Monday, were suspended for a week.

NURSES' SCHOLARSHIPS.

Two For McGill Voted by Hamilton Hospital.

Hamilton, Ont., Oct. 1.—Two scholarships of \$350 each were voted by the governors of the General Hospital here today to McGill University for post graduate courses for nurses. Major Gordon J. Henderson, a member of the board of governors, said he would personally give another \$350 for the same purpose. A grant of \$350 was made for a scholarship for the nursing course at the University of Toronto.

Dry Campaign in Wales.

London, Oct. 1.—William ("Passy-foot") Johnson, American prohibition leader, announced a big dry campaign will be launched soon in Wales. This will extend the prohibition movement to the three countries in the British Isles. The campaign in Scotland, which followed that in England, has been under way for several weeks.

THE FATE OF THE JEWS

A Writer in the Zionist Bulletin Pictures Their Sad Condition.

London, Oct. 1.—The fate of the Jews in Russia is anything but an enviable one, says an article in the current number of the Zionist Bulletin. According to the writer, ninety-eight per cent of the forced laborers in Khar'kov are Jews, who are treated brutally. The Gentiles about them are coming to regard them as a coolie caste, and they are shot at least as freely as other Russians for counter revolutionary activity.

Before the war, the article explains, about sixty-six per cent of the Jews in Russia were engaged in commerce, and most of the remainder were artisans or factory workers. When the soviet government closed down private commerce as being tainted with capitalism, most of the Jews lost their livelihood. Most of the non-Jewish Russians who were likewise made destitute turned to farm labor and have been able to scrape along, but Russian villagers, steeped in centuries of anti-Semitism, would not tolerate Jewish settlers among them.

While the soviet government barred actual pogroms, it has not insisted on access to the land being given to the Jewish traders whom it dislodged from their country-houses. The writer; so when forced labor came in last March, a very large number of Jews were visibly "unproductive persons," and ripe for industrial conscription, or for death if they objected.

"Almost all the Jews were exterminated as of an occupation irrespective of whether they knew a trade or not," says the writer in the Bulletin. "A terrible hunt began for the Jewish masses by Red soldiery, with the willing help of the antisemites. The Jews were shut up in the courtyards of the labor barracks and had to camp day and night in the open, almost without food. The compulsory work consists mainly in the heaviest kind of labor, such as road building and the cleaning out of dirty places in town and country."

SEVEN HUNDRED IN IRISH PLOT

Sinn Feiners And Radicals Involved in the Explosion Scheme.

London, Oct. 1.—Seven hundred Sinn Feiners and radicals were involved in the plot to destroy the Irish Office and Treasury Buildings in Whitehall, the Daily Express declares.

It is apparent that the exposure of this plot, which had apparently been inspired by the Wall street explosion, in view of the method used, has worried the government. There is undoubtedly a great deal of apprehension in official circles, as to the aftermath of MacSwiney's case.

On the other hand, leading Irishmen scoff at the Scotland Yard discovery and attribute it to "nervousness."

"The government has heavily increased the guards at Brixton prison," said Arthur O'Brien, president of the London Irish Self-Determination League. "The number now runs to five hundred, many of whom are plain clothes men, and in the neighborhood of the jail."

"In its programme to crush the expected outbreak that may follow MacSwiney's death, the government plans for a force of 5,000 extra guards, stationed in all parts of London, many of them in squads, ready for any emergency."

HON. G. HOWARD FERGUSON

Tells How Appointments of Cutlers Were Made.

Toronto, Oct. 1.—Appearing as a witness at the Ontario timber investigation yesterday, Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, former minister of lands and forests, declared, under oath, that at no time was there an independent patronage list from which cutlers were appointed. The timber agents were appointed on the recommendation of lumber companies. Mr. Ferguson said that he ran his department on the same principles that were in vogue when he took charge. He admitted that cutlers were appointed on the recommendation of lumbermen but was not prepared to say that this was a dangerous practice. He said that in measuring timber the department had to assume the average of honesty among the people the department had to deal with.

Ferguson Objects.

Toronto, Oct. 1.—Protesting that the public was getting a wrong impression of his attitude from newspaper reports and "comments" by the commissioners, Hon. G. Howard Ferguson this morning took issue with the timber commissioners, Justices Riddell and Latchford, stating their object seemed to be a personal attack on him.

A MOTHER-IN-LAW SOURCE OF TROUBLE

Won't Allow Charles Wood, Kingston, to See His Own Child.

Toronto, Oct. 1.—Chief Justice Meredith, in chambers to-day, would not issue a writ of habeas corpus for the production in court of Gordon Arthur Wood, aged nine months, Charles Wood, Kingston, came back from overseas in 1917, married in 1918, and a child was born on January 26th, 1919. Through some alleged difficulty with his mother-in-law, his wife is now at her mother's home, although Wood expresses perfect willingness to set up a home of his own. He says that he has never seen his child, and in four attempts to see he failed. He says that the last time the door was slammed in his face. His lordship said that the application for habeas corpus was not necessary as yet and hoped matters could be settled.

IMPERIAL CONFERENCE TO BE POSTPONED

There Will be a Conference of the Premiers Next Year.

London, Oct. 1.—It is expected that the imperial conference will be postponed until 1922 owing to differences among the dominions on the proposals for departmental rearrangement in London of dominion affairs and crown colony administration. Canada has urged that more time should be afforded for consideration of these schemes and this desire has prevailed. A conference of premiers, however, will be held next year when the constitutional programme for the imperial conference will be formulated. In this connection the Morning Post intimates the probability of the inclusion in the conference of the dominion opposition leaders and representatives of India and Egypt is being discussed.

26,500,000 WOMEN VOTERS IN STATES

1,535,000 Others Are Aliens or Otherwise Ineligible for Suffrage.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Figures compiled by the census bureau and other government departments indicate that the number of women in the United States over twenty-one years of age is 26,936,000, of whom approximately 26,500,000 are eligible to vote in the November election. This estimate makes a liberal allowance for alien women, American women married to aliens and others ineligible.

Fearing invasion of the Vatican properties by Italian mobs, guards at the Vatican are now armed.