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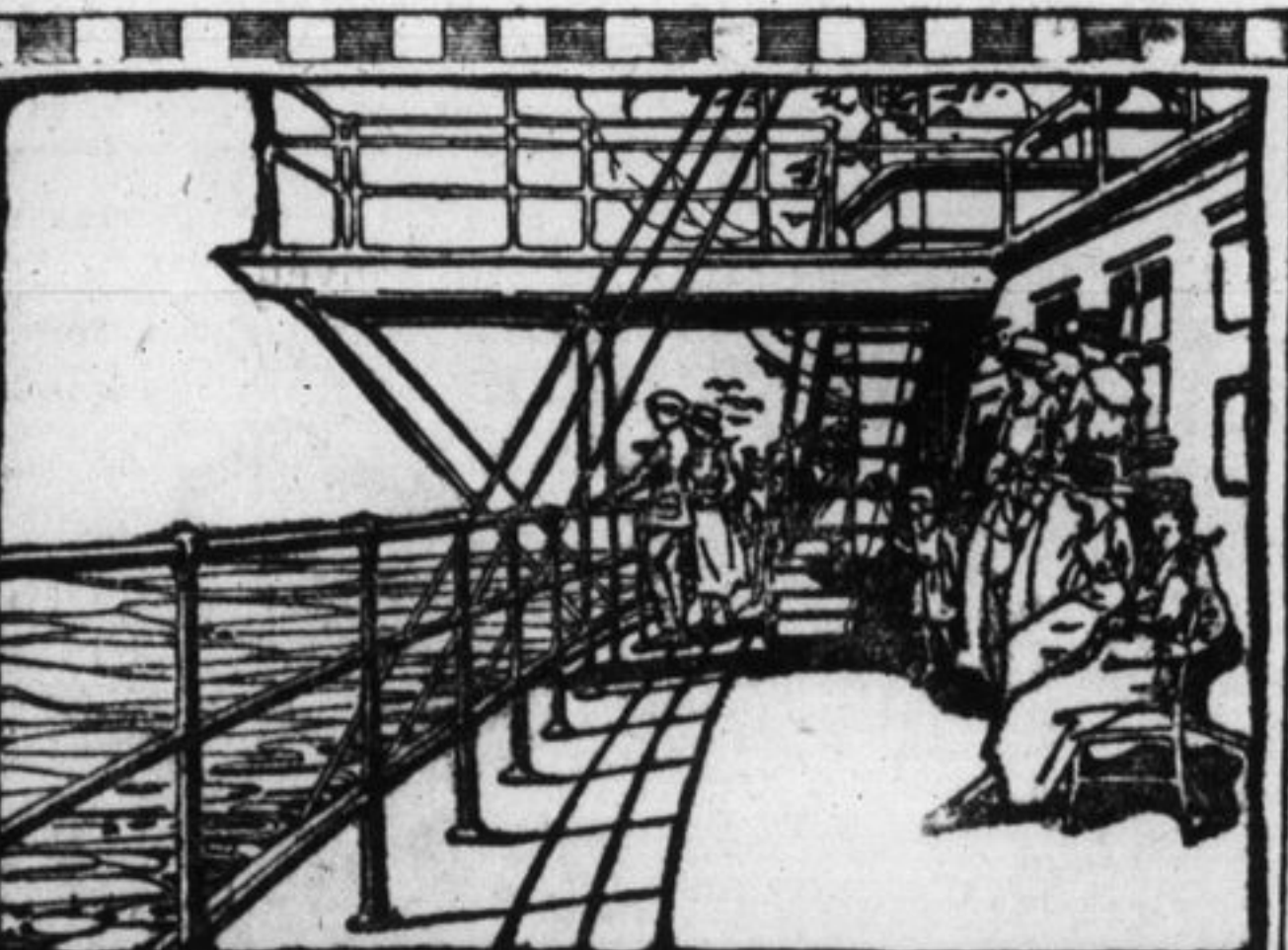
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REGULAR SERVICES
MONTREAL—GLASGOW
 July 17 Aug. 11 Sept. 11 ... Cascadia
 July 17 Aug. 21 Sept. 25 ... Saskaria
 N. Y., GLASGOW (via Montreal)
 July 17 Aug. 21 Sept. 25 ... Columbia
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
 July 17 Aug. 11 Sept. 11 ... K. A. V. Vict.
 July 29 ... Victoria
 July 29 ... Victoria
 Oct. 14 ... Victoria
 Oct. 14 ... Victoria
 N. Y., PLY., CHER. & LONDON
 N. Y., CHERBOURG & SOUTHAMPTON
 July 17 Aug. 11 Sept. 11 ... Imperator
 July 21 Aug. 25 Sept. 22 ... Aquitania
 via Queenstown

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CP TO OS EUROPE
 From Quebec to Liverpool
 July 7 Aug. 4 ... Victoria
 July 14 ... Victoria
 July 21 ... Victoria
 From Montreal to
 July 9 ... Pretorian, Glasgow
 July 16 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 July 23 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 July 30 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 From Toronto to
 July 17 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 July 24 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 July 31 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 August 7 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 August 14 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 August 21 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 August 28 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 From Southampton to
 August 14 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 August 21 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 August 28 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 September 4 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 September 11 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 September 18 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 September 25 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 October 2 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 October 9 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 October 16 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 October 23 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 October 30 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 November 6 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 November 13 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 November 20 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 November 27 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 December 4 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 December 11 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 December 18 ... Pretorian, Liverpool
 December 25 ... Pretorian, Liverpool

Teachers Get Salary Increase. Belleville, July 3.—The Board of Education, at the request of the teachers of the high school, again considered the question of salaries, a further increase being made. Principal McLaurin's salary has been fixed at \$2,900, while other members of the staff were increased from \$100 to \$150 each, their salaries ranging from \$1,700 to \$2,300.



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Markets Reports

GRAIN QUOTATIONS.

Toronto.
 Toronto, July 2.—Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., \$1.31 1/2; No. 3 C.W., \$1.31 1/2; No. 1 feed, \$1.31; No. 2 feed, \$1.30; extra No. 1 feed, \$1.31 1/2; Fort William, in store.
 Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.45; No. 2 Northern, \$2.42; No. 3 Northern, \$2.38.
 American corn—No. 2 yellow, nominal, track Toronto, prompt shipment, No. 2, \$2.49, nominal.
 Canadian corn—Feed, nominal.
 Manitoba barley, in store, Fort William—No. 3, \$1.92 1/2; No. 4, \$1.62 1/2.
 Ontario wheat—No. 1, \$2 to \$2.01; No. 2, \$1.98 to \$2.01, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freight; No. 3, \$1.92 to \$1.93; No. 1 spring, \$2.02 to \$2.03; No. 2, \$1.98 to \$2.01; No. 3, \$1.95 to \$2.01.
 Ontario oats—Nominal.
 Barley—Malt, \$1.37 to \$1.89.
 Buckwheat—Nominal.
 Rye—No. 2, \$2.29 to \$2.25.
 Peas—No. 2, \$3, according to freight outside.
 Ontario flour—Winter, in jute bags, government standard, prompt shipment, delivered at Montreal, \$13; Toronto, nominal.
 Manitoba flour and government standard, \$14.85.
 Mill feed—Carloads, delivered Montreal; shorts, \$1; bran, \$5; good feed flour, \$3.75 to \$4.
 Hay—Bale, track, Toronto, car lots, No. 1, \$31; new mixed, \$27 per ton; straw, car lots, \$15 to \$16.

Vegetables.

Beets, peck 50
 Cabbage, head 10 to 15
 Celery, bunch 5 to 16
 Lettuce, bunch 6 to 15
 Potatoes, bag 6 7/8
 New potatoes, a peck 1.50
 Turnips, peck 50
 Carrots, peck 50

Fish.
 Cod, lb. 10 to 15
 Haddock, fresh, lb. 12 1/2
 Halibut, lb. 30
 Herring, fresh, lb. 10 to 12 1/2
 Kippers, pr. 10
 Mackerel, lb. 20
 Pike, lb. 12 1/2 to 15
 Rockfish, lb. 10
 Salmon, lb. 30 to 50
 Steak, cod, lb. 12 1/2 to 15
 Trout, salmon, lb. 20 to 25
 Whitefish, fresh 20 to 25

Grain.
 Barley 2.35
 Bran, ton 60.00
 Buckwheat, bush 2.25
 Hay, baled, ton 32.00
 Oats, loose, ton 26.00 to 30.00
 Oats, bush 2.50
 Flour, standard (Gov't) cwt. 8.00
 Oats, Man., bush 1.55
 Shorts, ton 65.00
 Straw, baled, ton 20.00
 Straw, loose, ton 15.00 to 17.00

Meats.

Butcher.
 Montreal, July 2.—Butcher steers, choice, \$15 to \$16; good, \$13.50 to \$15; medium, \$11 to \$13; common, \$8 to \$10. Butcher heifers, choice, \$13 to \$15; medium, \$10 to \$12; common, \$6.50 to \$9.50. Butcher cows, choice, \$10 to \$11; medium, \$6.50 to \$9.50; canners, \$4 to \$5; cutters, \$5.50 to \$6. Butcher bulls, good, \$10 to \$10.50; common, \$8 to \$9. Common thin calves from \$5 up.
 Good veal, \$12 to \$14; medium, \$6 to \$10; grass, \$7 to \$9; the most common price offered for sheep is \$9. Lambs selling generally at \$17 for good. \$20.50 has been paid for select lots of hogs on account of former contracts. Mixed lots eastern hogs containing large percentage of sows and roughs with few if any select have been sold at \$17 to \$19. Off car weights: select, \$20 to \$20.50; sows, \$16 to \$16.50.

Buffalo.
 East Buffalo, July 2.—Cattle—shipping steers, \$16.25 to \$17.13; butchers, \$19 to \$21; calves \$17 to \$17.50; heifers, \$7 to \$13.50; cows, \$7 to \$13.50; bulls, \$7 to \$10; stockers and feeders, \$19 to \$10; fresh cows and springers, \$65 to \$150. Calves, steady, \$8 to \$17. Hogs, 15 cents to 25 cents high; heavy \$16.75 to \$17; mixed, \$17 to \$17.25; yorkers, \$17.15 to \$17.25; light yorkers, \$16 to \$17; pigs, \$15.50 to \$16; roughs, \$13 to \$13.25, stags, \$8 to \$10. Lambs, \$11 to \$17, yearlings, \$8 to \$13.50; wethers, \$3.50 to \$9; ewes, \$3 to \$8; mixed sheep, \$8 to \$8.50.

LATE POTATO SPRAYING

Best Fungicides and Insecticides For This Work.

Bordeaux Mixture for Late Blight and Rot — How and When to Spray Effectively — How to Increase Crop Yields.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

Early spraying with Bordeaux mixture and Paris green or arsenate of lead protect potato plants from Early Blight and Potato Beetles. Later sprays are required as an insurance against Late Blight and Rot of Potatoes, which is the most serious disease of potatoes in Ontario. This disease usually appears about the middle of July if the weather is at all damp. Therefore, it is necessary to begin spraying for it about the 10th of July. Bordeaux mixture is the only satisfactory fungicide for the control of Late Blight and Rot of Potatoes. A poison should be added when necessary for Potato Beetles, arsenate of lead paste, 3 1/2 lbs. to each 40 gallons of the liquid spray, or Paris green 2 lbs. to 40 gallons, or a mixture of 2 lbs. of arsenate of lead paste and 1 lb. of Paris green to 40 gallons. The number of sprays required will depend upon the season, the weather, the weather the larger the number. In wet weather spraying should be done at least once every ten days or two weeks. Do not put off spraying because it looks like rain. If the spray is on the plants half an hour before the rain comes it will be dry and sufficient of it will stick to prevent infection which takes place during or soon after rain. Most of the failures to get results from spraying are due to the fact that the spraying is done after rather than before rain. Thorough spraying only is effective, and this requires sufficient Bordeaux mixture. For the late sprays from 75 to 100 gallons or even more should be applied per acre at each spraying. Thorough spraying means the covering of every portion of the potato plants with Bordeaux mixture in the form of a fine mist. This can only be done when the solution is applied with a good pressure so as to insure covering every portion of the plant. The best results are obtained when a potato sprayer is used fitted with a T-joint attachment so as to insure covering both surfaces of the leaves at each spraying. When the plants are large it has been found that it pays to go over each row twice at each spraying. Spraying must be continued throughout August and part of September, even though the plants close in and cover the ground between the rows. Not as much harm as might be expected will be done by the wheels and the increase in yield and soundness of the crop will more than compensate for whatever loss there may be. For convenience in spraying, rows of potatoes should be at least thirty inches apart. Spraying for Late Blight and Rot is an insurance which few can afford to neglect.—Prof. J. E. Howitt, O. A. College, Guelph.

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GENERAL TRADE.

Toronto.
 Toronto, July 2.—Butter, creamery dairy, 50c to 55c; do, creamery, 65c to 70c; margarine, B, 37c to 40c; eggs, new laid, doz., 55c to 60c; cheese, lb., 35c to 40c; chickens, spring, lb., 70c to 80c; do, 45c to 50c; ducks, spring, B, 60c to 70c; turkeys, B, 55c to 60c; apples, doz., 40c to 50c; oranges, doz., 50c to 90c; lemons, doz., 20c to 25c; grapefruit, each, 10c to 20c; rhubarb, doz., 35c to 45c; strawberries, box, 20c to 30c; asparagus, 3 bunches, 25c; beans, new, 3 bunches, 25c; carrots, new, 3 bunches, 25c; cabbage, each, 15 to 40c; cucumbers, each, 10c to 25c; horseradish, 10 to 15; lettuce, head, doz., 25c to 30c; lettuce, head, each, 10c to 15c; onions, Bermuda, mea, 30c; do, green, bch., 5c to 10c; potatoes, bag, 65c to 95c; do, peck, \$1.25; parsley, bunch, 10c; radishes, bunch, 5c; spinach, peck, 25c; tomatoes, lb., 25c to 30c.

Hides and Wool.

Beef Hides, No. 1 12c per lb.
 Beef Hides, No. 2 10c per lb.
 Sheepskins 12c per lb.
 Deacons up to \$1.25
 Sheepskins up to \$1.50
 Lambs and Shearings 35c each
 Horse Hides up to \$5.00
 Tallow, No. 1 10c per lb.
 Unwashed Wool, coarse, price per lb. 12c to 13c
 Unwashed Wool, fine, lb., 14 to 17c
 Washed Wool, coarse, lb., 18 to 20c
 Washed Wool, fine, 21c to 25c

WOOL DUE TO RALLY.

Growers Advised to Store the Clip Co-operatively

Speculation is rife these days as to the future of wool prices, everything pointing to lower values on all grades both East and West. It could hardly be expected that the high prices obtained during the past three or four years would continue indefinitely, and a general opinion in the wool trade is that the best that can be expected is a moderate rally. Dealers are moving cautiously and in many cases buyers are being called in or advised to buy sparingly or at prices low enough to play safe. In short, the trade as a whole is very dull and listless, there is absolutely nothing doing as compared with the activity shown other years at this season and those in closest touch with the situation are at a loss to know which way the wind will blow.

Various reasons are advanced for this state of affairs, chief among which is the stock of last year's clip still on hand and the apparent impossibility of realizing on it for the moment. Another very potent factor is noted in the fact that all over the country, Canada, the United States and Great Britain alike, there is a stringency and tightening of money. Loans are hard to get and then only at the very highest rates of interest. Conditions being so uncertain, men are loath to take a chance on future changes. This is, of course, simply one of the financial stringencies occurring from time to time and it will straighten out in the very near future as it has done in the past. Wool is undoubtedly needed and all grades will be in strong demand in the course of a few months.

In view of this financial condition this is, of all seasons, the time that the growers should consign his wool through his local Sheep Breeders' Association so that it can be held until the time as the market takes on a healthier tone. Consignment in this way simply means that the wool is graded by expert graders supplied by the Live Stock Branch, Ottawa, and is eventually sold co-operatively through the grower's selling agency, namely, the Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers' Limited.

This naturally brings up the question of comparing wool sold on a "graded" basis with that sold on a "fat" basis. When it is properly graded and sold by grade, each grower realizes full value; not only on his stock but on his effort to work improvement and establish proper business methods in connection with his sheep enterprise. The marketing of all produce from the farm is rapidly reaching that place where it will be graded and sold accordingly, and the man who pays attention to "grading" will undoubtedly reap the benefit.

The coarse wool man may argue that for the past two years he could realize more on his wool sold on the fat basis. This is perhaps true, owing to the demand that has existed since the conclusion of the war for the finer grades. It is noteworthy though in this connection that back in 1916 and 1917 the demand for various grades was just the reverse. These were war years and fabrics made from the coarser wools were in stronger demand. Public opinion is likely to take a turn in that direction again at any time, in fact, right now there is an increasing tendency on the part of the people not to buy high-priced goods made from the finer wools. In other words there is little room for a "grouch." In order to realize the full value of co-operation one must first recognize the underlying principle, that of sticking together and making trade lively by keeping up the competition. After all, it is not the result obtained by a co-operative enterprise during one year's business, but the sum total of results spread over a series of years that counts for most.

The death took place in Perth on Monday of Harriet P. Dunham, widow of the late Francis A. Hall, barrister, in her seventy-fifth year. The late Mrs. Hall had been in failing health for some time. Deceased was a daughter of the late Lewis Dunham of Maitland. Two daughters and five sons survive.
 Miss Florence E. Summers and Merlin R. Horton, both well known residents of Escott township, were united in marriage at Brockville on Wednesday.

THE KINGSTON MARKET

Kingston, July 2nd.

Dairy Products.
 Creamery butter, lb. 63
 Dairy Butter 60
 Whey Butter 52 to 55
 Butter, rolls 55 to 60
 Eggs, fresh, doz. 52 to 55
 Oleomargarine 38 to 45
 Cheese 35 to 40

Poultry.
 Chickens, dressed, lb. 35 to 40
 Hens, dressed, lb. 35 to 40
 Turkeys, dressed, lb. 45
 Geese 38 to 40
 Ducks 35 to 40

Meats.
Beef—
 Porterhouse steak, lb. 40 to 45
 Round steak, lb. 35 to 40
 Round steak, lb. 35 to 38
 Rib roast, lb. 35 to 40
 Boiling cuts 25
 Western carcass, cwt. 26 to 27.00
 Western hinds, cwt. 32.00
 Loin roasts, lb. 45
 Rib roasts, lb. 40 to 45
 Chops, lb. 40
 Hogs, f.o.b. 15.00
 Hogs, undressed, cwt. 26.00
 Hogs, dressed, cwt. 28.00

Lamb—
 Fronts 40
 Hinds 45
 Leg 38 to 42
 Loin 30 to 35
 Chops 60
 Mutton, lb. 35

Fruit.
 Bananas, doz. 30 to 50
 Cocoanuts, each 10 to 15
 Grape fruit 15 to 25
 Lemons, doz. 30
 Oranges, doz. 60 to 70

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"The Golden Rule"

"All things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them."

THE Golden Rule puts you in the other man's place. The Golden Rule requires every man to act toward his fellow as he would have his fellow act toward him in like circumstances.

The Golden Rule is the ultimate motive of life insurance. It puts you in the place of your wife, your boy, your girl. If you were helpless or dependent you would crave protection; so that by the Golden Rule those who are dependent upon you demand protection.

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