

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

A change of time will be made on SUNDAY, JUNE 27th, 1920. Standard time, not so-called Daylight Saving Time, will continue to be used for schedules of all trains on the Grand Trunk Railway System.

J. P. HANLEY, G.P. & T.A. G.T. Ry., Kingston, Ont.

CUNARD ANCHOR-ANCHOR-DONALDSON

REGULAR SERVICES: MONTREAL-GLASGOW, NEW YORK-LIVERPOOL, N.Y. FLY, CHER. & LONDON, N.Y., CHERBOURG & SOUTHAMPN.

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PRIMUS JELLIES

These Jellies, the purity and quality of which are guaranteed by the brand name "PRIMUS," can be had in different flavors: Strawberry, Raspberry, Cherry, Pistachio, Red Currant, Lemon, Orange, Vanilla, Sherry and Port Wines, Chocolate, Natural (Calf's foot). Require no cooking, nothing to add. Everything is in the package.

The trade mark "PRIMUS" is a guarantee of quality and purity. Ask your grocer for PRIMUS JELLIES and give them a trial.



Signor Denicola of the Ministerial party has been elected president of the Italian chamber of deputies over Signor Lamizzari, the vote being 236 to 118.

Archbishop John Whitgift Is Remembered in Croydon As Founder of Hospitals

A LITTLE while ago, there took place in Croydon, the ancient town some ten miles south of London, an interesting and accustomed ceremony, namely, the annual festival service by which is commemorated the munificence of Archbishop Whitgift to Croydon. It was, in fact, the 324th anniversary of the foundation of the Whitgift Hospital, and, headed by bands, the boys of the Whitgift Grammar and Middle Schools marched to the parish church. The Vicar of Croydon preached a sermon, for which, under the terms of the bequest, he received sixteen shillings and eightpence, and all who took part in the festival wore "Whitgift" flowers, in other words, white stock and fern. Everything was done as it always has been done, and it was specially fitting that it should be so, for John Whitgift, sometime Archbishop of Canterbury, in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, was, in many respects, the most exacting of men.

Now, it was on the 17th of January, 1595, that the archbishop, having obtained letters patent from Queen Elizabeth, began to build his hospital "for the relief and sustentation of certain poor people." He finished it on September 29, 1599. Never was there a more methodical and painstaking builder. Not only did he give the most minute instructions as to the work, but the records of each day's progress during the three years spent in building were most carefully and elaborately drawn up. Then, in the matter of regulations, he left nothing unprovided for. Was it a question of a broken window "or other decay by any fault or negligence?" then the brother or the sister responsible was to "amend it" within one month, on pain of having fourpence a week stopped out of his or her allowance. For the hospital was, as it is still, both an almshouse and a school. But, as is the way with such foundations, the lands and bequests which provided but a very modest sum, three hundred years ago, have appreciated and appreciated in value until, to-day the foundation has become a wealthy trust, carrying out the ideas of the founder on a scale which, in all probability, he never would have thought possible.

John Whitgift, however, "My white gift," as Queen Elizabeth called him, just as she called Parker, her "black-husband," was a man of big ideas. True, the Archbishop of Canterbury was a veritable Prince Bishop, even in the days of Queen Elizabeth, but J. Corbet Anderson has left record, in his "History of Croydon," that Archbishop Whitgift's military surroundings "were somewhat carried off by his enemies." An indeed such an attitude was not altogether without excuse, for the archbishop appears to have made no small stir when he moved officially from place to place. Thus it was his custom to visit Canterbury every third year. On those occasions, he moved from his palace at Croydon with a retinue of 200 persons, and, in addition, "he was honorably escorted by the gentry of the country, so that he sometimes entered the city of Canterbury with a procession of eight hundred to a thousand horse." The archbishop, moreover, had amongst his own servants a regularly trained force of 100 foot and 50 horse which, in the days of the Great Armies, he had ready, with the re-deputable archbishop at its head, "to take its share in the defence of sovereign and country."

Nevertheless John Whitgift was no swashbuckler, no shallow lover of pomp and circumstance. He was a sturdy bulwark against any lapse from the Reformation, a very diligent preacher, "as well after his precepts as before," a man "of middle and moderate disposition, of a free mind and a liberal hand towards his household servants, his neighbours, but especially towards scholars and strangers." Indeed, in spite of his military retinue, he was, as Fuller described him, "far from violence, and his politick patience was blessed in a high proportion."

A Scotch Expression. Very few people who use the expression "Ca' canny" have any idea what it means, or for the matter of that, how it is pronounced. A writer in Ways and Means suggests "ca" as the nearest approach to a sound of the Scottish "ca" which stands for call—in this instance having nothing to do with calling a halt, but referring to action, not speech, such as for instance as turning a skipping rope or working a pump handle. Thus, if we take pumping as an illustration, the phrase "Ca' canny" would mean to work cautiously, not to pump so vigorously that the water is slopped over and wasted; the man pumping is asked not to squander his time by doing his job badly. It is noted as a curious fact that a Scottish phrase embodying nothing but good sound ideas should have been deviated on the south side of the border to use based on an economic fallacy.

A Blind Golfer. An English Victoria Cross officer, who was blinded in the war, still plays golf. He goes on the course accompanied by his wife, and his ball is teed for him by a caddy. His wife assists him to get his feet into exactly the right position. The caddy then rings a tiny bell over the ball so as to indicate to the player's acute hearing the exact spot to which he must aim. On the green he relies also upon touch.

Wise Guy. Friendly Constable—Come, come, sir, pull yourself together; your wife's calling you. Convivial Gent—Who's she calling me, Billy or William? Constable—William, sir. Convivial Gent—Then I'm not going home.

There is nothing so necessary as necessity.

FREE THIS WEEK ONLY At the Store Named Below A 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent

They Have Found the Way to Beautiful Teeth

Dental science has found a way to combat film on teeth. It has been tested for years by able authorities in clinical and laboratory tests. Now leading dentists everywhere advise its daily use. The method is embodied in a dentifrice called Pepsodent. This week we offer a 10-Day Tube to every home in this city, and we urge every home to get it. Let it prove itself.

Film is What Discolors. You can feel on your teeth a slimy film. It is ever-present, ever-forming. It clings to teeth, enters crevices and stays. The tooth brush doesn't end it. The ordinary dentifrice cannot dissolve it. So it accumulates and may do a ceaseless damage. Most tooth troubles are, now traced to that film. And now it is known why brushed teeth still discolor and decay. The reason lies in that clinging film which the old cleaning methods omit.

Cause of Decay. That film is what discolors—not the teeth. It is the basis of tartar. It holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay. Millions of germs breed in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea. Thus the film is the teeth's chief enemy. It Can Be Ended. Dental science has for years sought a way to end that film, and the way has now been found. Pepsodent is based on pepsin, the digestant of albumin. The film is albuminous matter. The object of Pepsodent is to dissolve it, then to constantly combat it. The way seems simple, but it is not. Pepsin must be activated. The usual method is an acid harmful to the teeth, so pepsin long seemed impossible. What has been found is a harmless activating method. Now pepsin can be applied twice daily and left between the teeth. And millions of teeth are now being cleaned as they never were before.

Watch the Effects. We ask you to watch the effects. Present the coupon for a 10-Day Tube. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the slimy film. See how teeth whiten as the fixed film disappears. Compare this method with the old. Read the facts about it. Then decide for yourself what is best.



Tartar and Stain are based on film. This 10-Day Test will show you that they are avoidable. And so is tooth decay.



Look in Ten Days. See how white the teeth are—how they glisten. You can see that the film is gone. You will know that teeth can be kept forever whiter and cleaner and safer.

The Store Named Below Will Supply the Free Tube on This Coupon. MAHOOD'S DRUG STORE, Corner Princess and Bagot Streets, THE "BEST" DRUG STORE, 124 Princess Street.

10-DAY TUBE FREE. Present this coupon, with your name and address filled in to the stores named. It is good for a 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent. Your Name: Address: Out-of-town residents should mail this coupon to The Pepsodent Company, 1104 So. Wabash Avenue, Chicago, and the tube will be sent by mail. British Whig.

YOUR SUMMER TREAT. You owe something to your poor, jaded stomach after its struggle with the heavy foods of Winter. Lighten the burden and increase your mental buoyancy and physical alertness by eating Shredded Wheat Biscuit, green vegetables and fresh fruits. Try Shredded Wheat with strawberries—nothing so delicious, nourishing and strengthening. It is the Summer treat of people who know how to eat.



HIGHER INDEMNITIES SUBJECT TO RULES. Members of Commons Must Attend Minimum of Fifty, Instead of Thirty Days.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER. THE WHITEST, LIGHTEST. I.L.B. CONTAINS NO ALUM.

In thirty days to draw the indemnity, and for every day in excess of fifteen days' holiday he has had to forfeit \$20. The new proposal is that a man must put in fifty days to get the \$4,000. If he puts in less he will not be deducted \$20 per day, but he will be paid \$20 for each day of actual attendance. This, it is pointed out, will overcome the complaint of many regular attenders, who contend that others very seldom are seen within the precincts of the house, and should be paid on a basis of \$20 per day for each day's attendance, rather than deducted \$20 per day for each day's absence.

MORE ALTERATIONS IN BUDGET TAXES. Now State Ready-made Men's Suits Only Levied on if Worth \$60.

Ottawa, June 29.—Several minor changes in the budget taxes were put through the commons Saturday night when the revenue bill received third reading. Smoking pipes are to be taxed twenty per cent. when they cost more than \$2.50, rather than the method of taxing jewelers ten per cent. on pipe sales and tobacconists twenty per cent. Made to measure clothes for men are only to be taxed in excess of \$60 per suit. Ready-made suits stay at \$45. A plea for reduction of taxes of women's and misses' hats went unheeded. Provision was made to allow of taxes being collected by stamps where feasible. F. S. Cahill (Pontiac) charged that taxing made-to-measure clothes was class legislation, but Sir Henry Drayton replied that after most thorough and careful investigation it had been

found that high-class tailors and journeymen were suffering an undue burden under the original proposal. Every wise man takes his turn at acting foolish.

Leonid Krassin, business envoy of Lenin, has won a \$125 bet by learning to speak English in one month. The French Government is planning an air service that will connect France with all European capitals.

the bouquet of the cane-juice. LUSCIOUS.