Fighting Forces Compared

TN view of the report that Gen. Pershing recently claimed that "America won the war," the following official figures, published in the Boston Transcript, illustrating the efforts made by the British Empire and America are interesting: Between August 4, 1914, and November 11, 1918, more than six million men passed through the ranks of the British army. This contribution places Britain in the second place among the Allies in respect of the contingent contributed for military service. Pride of place goes to France, while the third largest contribution was made by the United States of America, who sent close to two millions of her sons to fight in this theatre.

table below shows the strength of the British army in France under three heads. Column A gives the ration strength of the army-that is, the total number of men (excluding colored labor and prisoners of war) who were being fed from army stocks in France. This figure includes thousands of men whose duty was not to fight, but to supply, equip, and in other ways assist the fighting men. Column B gives the combatant strength, including all fighting troops, namely, cavalry, machine gunners, garrison and cyclist battalions, together with the troops in divisional or base depotsthat is, all troops whose functions are in the first place fighting. Column C gives the rifle strength-that is, the officers and men of the infantry battalions alone.

BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, 1918.

Ration Combatant Rifle strength. strength strength. Mar. . 1,828,098 1,293,000 816,000 April . 1,667,701 1,131,124 528,617 Sept. . 1,752,829 1,200,181 493,306 Nov. . . 1,731,578 4,164,790 461,748

The following are the comparable figures for the United States drawn up from official sources: U. S. ARMY IN FRANCE, 1918.

Ration Combatant Rifle strength, strength, strength. Mar. . 245,000 123,000 49,000 April . 319,000 214,000 51,000 Sept. 1,641,000 1,195,000 341,000 Nov. . . 1,924,000 1,160,000 322,000

The captures of prisoners and guns in France during the victorious offensive against the German army between July 18 and November 11 were as follows:---

British armies ... 200,000 French armies ... 135,720 American armies . 43,300 1,421 Belgian armies ... 14,500

In addition, there were 80,000 British combatant troops in Italy who, co-operated effectively in the final defeat of the Austrian army, capturing 30,000 prisoners. In Palestine and Mesopotamia about 400,-000 British troops on an average throughout 1918 were fighting, and the complete defeat and destruction of the Turkish army was effected by the British alone, and a total of \$5,000 prisoners taken.

TOTAL OF TROOPS FROM BRITISH EMPIRE EMPLOYED IN WAR.

British Isles 5,704,416 Canada ... 5 640,886 Australia 416,809 New Zealand 220,099 South Africa 136,070 India 1,401,350 *Other colonies 134,837

Total 8,654,467 *Includes colored troops recruited rom Africa, West Indies, etc.

TOTAL CASUALTIES. Approx. Approx. killed, died missing

of wounds, and Died. prisoners. Wound. Br. Isles . 662,083 140,312 1,644,786 Canada .. 56,119 149,733 Australia . 58,450 152,100 N. Zealand 16,132 S. Africa . 6,928 11,444 65,128 India . . . 47,746 *Others . 3,649

851,117 142,057 2,067,442 In the second column the prisoners repatriated are not shown. Men now known to be killed are shown under heading of "killed."

*Includes colored troops from South Africa, etc., but excludes 44,-262 African native followers - that is, died and killed, 42,318; wounded, 1,322; missing, 622. The deaths were due mainly to epidemics.

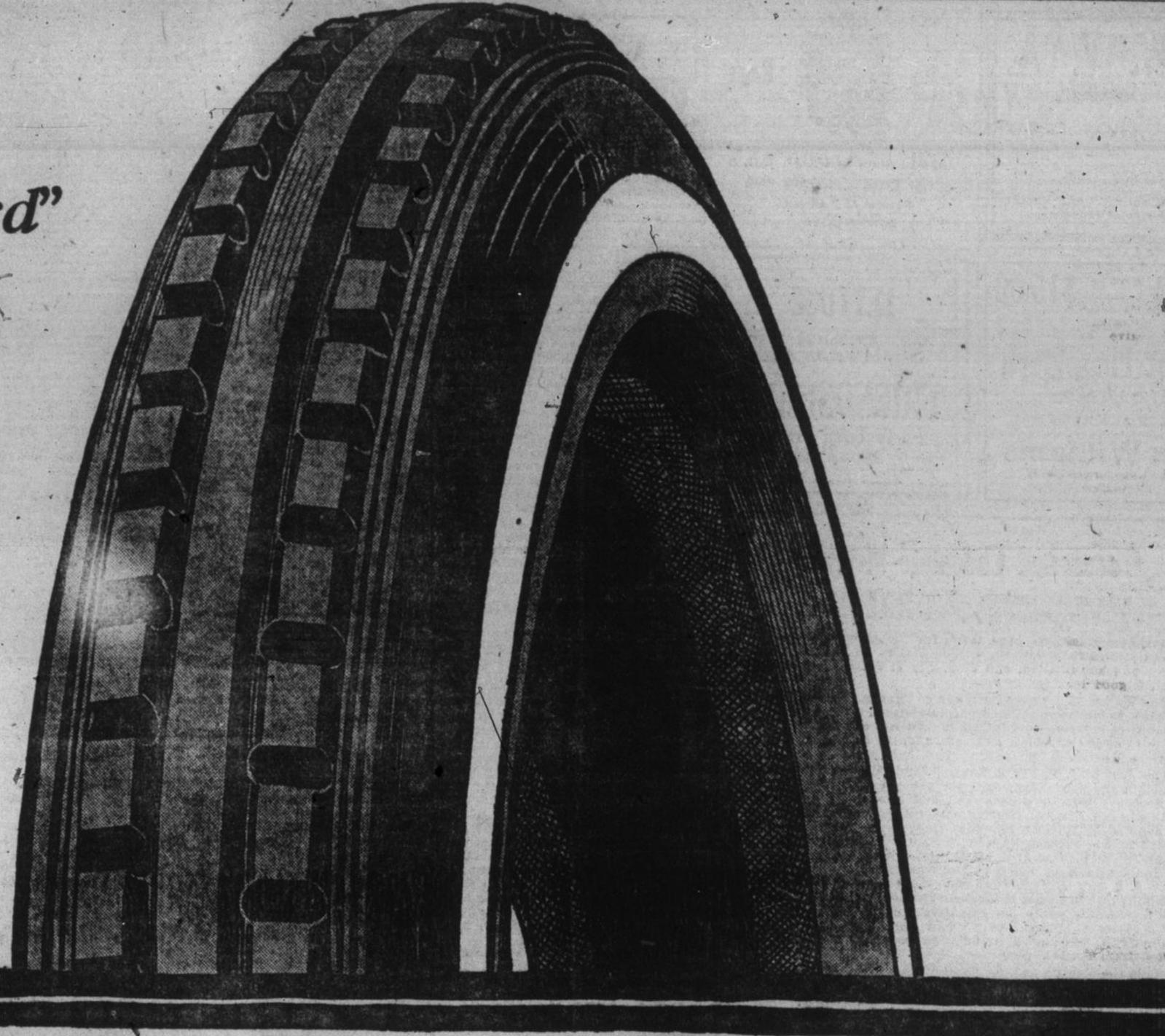
Official figures made public January 25, 1919, by Gen. March in Washington showed that on November 11 the United States was represented on the Western front by 1,950,100 men. France, on November 1, the last day for which official figures were available, had 2,550,000 men. The British and the Portuguese attached to the British army totaled 1,718,000, while the Belgian and Italian forces on the Western front aggregated about 200,-000. These totals are all based upon what is termed the ration strength. This includes every soldier who has to be fed, both combatants and the necessary medical and supply organisations. Gen. March made no specific mention of bayonet strength, as referred to by the British. >

Rat Hunt Is on Again. The people of the United Kingdom, young and old, have embarked on another vigorous campaign against rats with the beginning of the new year, under the provisions of the Rat and Mice Act. This law compels the occupants of land to keep their premises free of these rodents, a penalty of £5 being provided for failure to do so. The law applies also to ships

following the conviction of the Michigan Republican senator by a jury at Grand Rapids of criminal practices in his election.

By a vote of 16 to 10 the Toronto Council reversed its previous decision regarding the Mount Pleasant street railway and voted for construc-





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