

COMPARE OUR PRICES AND CLOTHES to see how we save your Spring Suit order. Collier's Toggery

The Daily British Whig

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YEAR 87; No. 51.

KINGSTON, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1920

LAST EDITION

NINETY YEARS OF AGE TUESDAY

Mrs. J. Graham, Princess Street, Observes An Auspicious Event.

WAS BORN AT CATARAQUI

IN 1830 AND ALWAYS RESIDED IN THIS VICINITY.

Ald. C. J. Graham is a Son—Mrs. Graham is in Good Health and Able to Be About. On Tuesday, Mrs. Graham, mother of Ald. C. J. Graham, celebrated the ninetieth anniversary of her birth at her home on Princess street. The event was the occasion for a family gathering, and many were the congratulations that this venerable lady received over reaching such an advanced age. Mrs. Graham is the widow of the late John Graham, who died twenty-five years ago. She was born near Cataract in 1830 and has lived in this vicinity all her life. Her father died at Glenvale after reaching threescore and seven, and her mother lived until she was eighty-seven. The Graham family are of Scotch descent and were United Empire Loyalists, coming to Canada after the American revolution.

Mrs. Graham is about her room daily, and reads, writes and knits. She has two sons, Ald. Graham, of Kingston, with whom she resides, and Dr. Hedley Graham, of Rochester, N.Y. Among those who came to visit her on this birthday occasion was her nephew and his wife, Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Graham, who came to the way from Auburn, Indiana. Dr. Graham also came east to help celebrate her eightieth anniversary. Among other guests was Mrs. (Adriatic) A. J. Smith, formerly of the Salvation Army corps here, who came from Ottawa for the event.

DEATH OF W. B. SKINNER

A FORMER KINGSTONIAN PASSES AWAY IN MONTREAL.

Only a Few Days of Pneumonia. The Remains Are Being Brought to Kingston for Interment.

The death occurred in Montreal Tuesday afternoon of William Bruce Skinner, at his residence, 78 Willowdale Avenue, Outremont, at the age of fifty-six years, after a brief illness from pneumonia. Mr. Skinner was taken ill on Friday afternoon, with a severe cold, which speedily developed into pneumonia. The late Mr. Skinner was born in Kingston. He was a son of the late Dr. Skinner and educated here. He went to Montreal twelve years ago as one of the managers of the National Drug and Chemical Company, with which he had been connected ever since. Previous to that he was a member of the H. Skinner & Co. Company, wholesale druggists, Kingston, which firm merged with the National Drug Company, Montreal. While in Kingston he took part in many activities, being a member of the Ancient St. John's Lodge, A.F. and A.M., the Frontenac Club, the Kingston Yacht Club, and generally taking a prominent part in all sports. He was a Major in the 14th P.W.O. Rifles, and a Methodist in religion. Besides his widow, who was Miss Kerr, of Kingston, he is survived by three children, Kerr, aged twenty-one, a student at McGill University, and two daughters, Nancy and Colborne, at home. A sister, Miss Skinner, resides in California, and two brothers, Major John S. and Major H. T., reside in England. Deceased was a nephew of J. Morgan Shaw, ex-mayor. The funeral takes place at 5 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, from the family residence, Montreal. A brief service is being conducted at the house by Rev. Mr. Duncan, after which the remains will be brought by the Grand Trunk train to Kingston for interment.

THE WARD BOUNDARIES ARE NOT SATISFACTORY

Judge Lovell Writes City Council About Unfair Representation.

The city council is in receipt of a letter from Judge Lovell, in which he draws attention to the fact that the boundary lines between the wards of the city have not been changed in about fifty years, and also that the representation in council is not according to population. Judge Lovell has gone into the matter very carefully, and shows that the boundary lines in some cases pass through houses and back yards. When the city was divided into wards many years ago, these houses were not built, but since they have been erected the judge feels the time has arrived when new boundary lines should be decided upon. In one ward, according to the books, a ward is bounded by a street which at the present time does not exist. Dealing with the representation in council, he cited the case of St. Lawrence ward. In the referendum election there were about three hundred votes registered, and in Rideau ward there were over four thousand votes. The letter has been referred to City Clerk Sands and Assistant Commissioner Moores to bring in a report as soon as possible with a view to making necessary changes.

TRIUMPHANT SWEEP OF FORWARD MOVEMENT

Baptists, Congregationalists, Methodists and Presbyterians Pass Their Objectives.

Toronto, Feb. 18.—With the fine total of \$11,321,089 reported last night by the Inter-Church Forward Movement organization, as the total known subscriptions in the Big-Five campaign, denominations sharing in the drive have reported 95.98 per cent of their \$11,440,000 objective, and have scored the most gratifying success ever known in a church campaign in the Dominion. Three of the denominations, Baptists, Methodists and Congregationalists, have gone over the top of their objectives, while the returns from the other denominations are so favorable that there can be no doubt of their final success when their drives have been completed. All denominations will have scattered returns for some weeks to come, while the Presbyterians and Anglicans in particular are carrying on their drives until the end of the week.

Denomination	Total Objectives	Returns	Per cent
Anglicans	\$2,500,000	\$2,267,065	90.26
Baptist	840,000	872,428	103.86
Congregational	3,000,000	1,028,856	102.86
Methodists	4,000,000	4,266,563	106.66
Presbyterian	4,000,000	3,822,177	95.55
Total	\$11,440,000	\$11,321,089	98.96

WALTER BLYTHE SET FREE FROM THE "PEN"

Served Ten Years of Eighteen-year Sentence For Wife Murder.

Walter Blythe, sentenced at Toronto to eighteen years' imprisonment for the murder of his wife, after a sensational trial, was released from Portsmouth penitentiary on Thursday last, after serving but ten years of his sentence.

According to William H. Horkins, of the legal firm of Robinson, Godfrey and Pheasant, Toronto, executive clemency was exercised owing to good conduct and ill-health. He is said to be suffering from gonorrhoea. It is understood that permission may be granted him to visit his children, who are in England. While incarcerated he was employed as a cabinet-maker. The crime for which he was sentenced was the most brutal murder on record in Canada. He was first sentenced to life imprisonment, and on a second trial was given eighteen years.

THE WORLD'S TIDINGS IN CONDENSED FORM

Tidings From All Over Told in a Pointed and Pithy Way.

The SS Prospero, eight weeks in the ice with sixty passengers and fifteen of a crew on board, reached Twilling, Nfld., late Monday night. The Supreme Council Tuesday night handed to Ambassador Davis its answer to President Wilson's communication. It is said the note was a modification of the one prepared on Saturday. The British Labor party delegation which visited Ireland has reported in favor of withdrawing the Government's Irish Bill and settling the Irish question on an entirely new basis. Lady Laurier commemorated the 88th anniversary of Sir Wilfrid's death, Tuesday afternoon, when she deposited a wreath of immortals and violets on the grave of her noble husband in Notre Dame cemetery, Ottawa.

WHITE WILL NOT RUN

Former Minister Said to be Unwilling to Take Premiership.

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—It is stated from authentic sources that Sir Thomas White has definitely refused to be a candidate for the premiership in the probable event of circumstances necessitating the choice of one. The choice would be between Hon. J. A. Calder, Sir Henry Drayton and Hon. Arthur Meighen, though probably the selection of either the first or last of these would precipitate an election.

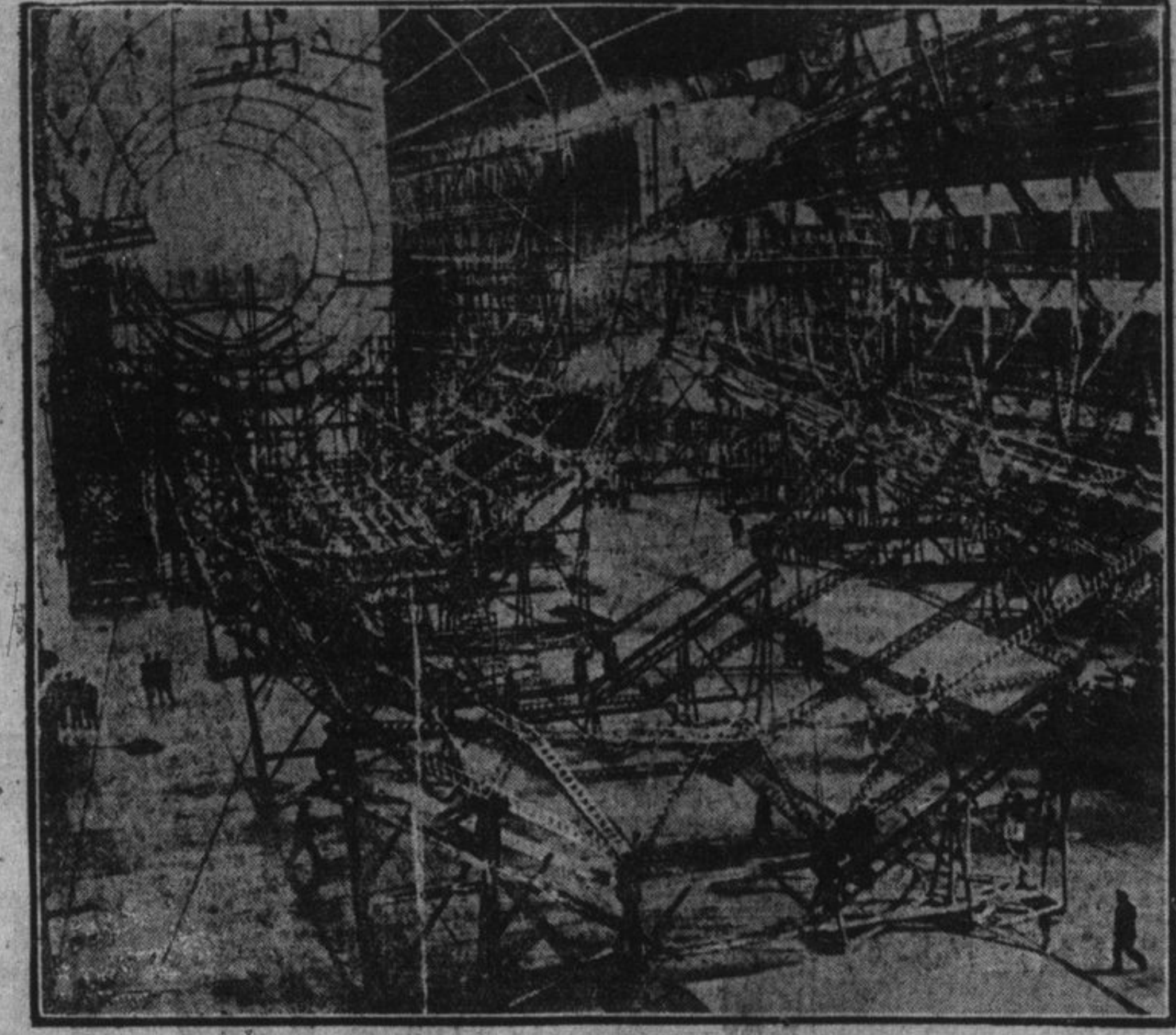
STOCK MARKETS.

Quotations Furnished by Bongard, Ryerson & Co., 237 Bagot Street.

New York Stocks.	
Opening.	Closing.
Atchafson	84 3/4
B. & O.	32 1/2
C.P.R.	120 1/2
Eric	121
Marine	13 1/2
Marine, pd.	30 1/2
N.Y.C.	71 1/2
Reading	70 3/4
Southern Pac.	96 1/2
Union Pacific	119 1/2
Am. Loc.	91 1/2
Amsonds	87
Bethlehem, Steel	86 1/2
Int. Nickel	21 1/2
Rep. Steel	100 1/2
U.S. Steel	98 1/2
Money	6 1/2

Canadian Stocks.	
Brazilian	42 1/2
Can. Cement	65 1/2
Can. Steamship	74
Can. Loan	95 1/2
Cons. Smelters	28 1/2
Dom. Steel	70
Steel of Canada	78
Am. Exchange	17 1/2

A HUGE AIRSHIP BEING BUILT IN ENGLAND FOR THE U. S. NAVY.



The R-38, similar to the huge British airships which have crossed the Atlantic and made other sensational flights, being built at Bedford, England. It has been purchased by the United States Government for Uncle Sam's navy. On the right is seen the nearly-finished R-37.

TO SETTLE IRISH ISSUE IN MONTH

That is the Plan of the British Premier.

THE NEW HOME RULE BILL

TO BE INTRODUCED IN COMMONS THIS WEEK.

Planned to Have Machinery in Operation Within Six Months. London, Feb. 18.—Premier Lloyd George hopes to "settle" the Irish question by March 15th. The new Home Rule Bill is ready for introduction in Parliament the latter part of this week.

UP TO WILSON TO INDICATE HOW

Supreme Allied Council Replies to U.S. President Regarding Adriatic.

IMPOSSIBLE TO IGNORE

THE CIRCUMSTANCES EXISTING IN JANUARY.

When Allied Ministers Framed a Virtual Ultimatum to Jugo-Slavia—The Reply Forwarded to Washington. (Canadian Press Despatch) London, Feb. 18.—It is understood that the reply of the Supreme Allied Council to President Wilson, regarding the Adriatic settlement, objects to the re-opening of the question. It is said to declare that the circumstances existing when Premier Lloyd-George, Nitti and Clemenceau framed a virtual ultimatum to Jugo-Slavia in January could not be ignored, and the president, it is asserted, is told that the decisions reached last December to which Mr. Wilson adhered in his note, will be carried out if Mr. Wilson will indicate the way this may be done. The reply has been forwarded by the American embassy here.

MAYOR'S SALARY \$6,000

Ottawa Controllers Pay Also Increased to \$2,500. Ottawa, Feb. 18.—The city council on the initiative of the aldermen, decided to increase the salary of the mayor from \$4,500 to \$6,000 and of the four controllers from \$1,500 to the limit allowed by the municipal act, \$2,500. The aldermen get \$200 per year, the amount being limited by the act. It is intimated that the Board of Control may reciprocate by asking legislation to permit a higher sum being paid to aldermen.

REPLY REACHES WASHINGTON

Washington, Feb. 18.—The reply of the Allied Supreme Council at London to President Wilson's note on the Adriatic situation was received to-day by the State Department, and was deciphered as fast as it came in. It was announced officially that not even a summary of the reply would be made public at this time.

LABOR LEGISLATION

To Be Introduced at Coming Session of Parliament. (Canadian Press Despatch) Ottawa, Feb. 18.—The Government has decided to introduce certain labor legislation at the coming session of Parliament. The precise nature of it is not known. Senator Robertson stated today that it would include four amendments to the Industrial Disputes Act. There will also be an amendment to the Technical Education Act. The Minister stated that the Government has under consideration some proposed legislation dealing with questions discussed at the International Labor Council but would not commit himself when asked whether this would include an eight-hour-day bill.



ADMIRAL KOLCHAK, Commander of the anti-Russian forces in Siberia, news of whose execution at Irkutsk by a revolutionary committee has been officially confirmed.

NEWS IN BULLETIN.

Through co-operation of the British and Italians, the Mad Mullah and his forces have been put to rout in Abyssinia, but the Mad Mullah escaped. Former Premier Callaghan was placed on trial in Paris on Tuesday on the charge of betraying his country in the war of war. President Wilson, in his note on the Adriatic question, after all informed the Allies if they proceeded with the Adriatic question he would withdraw the peace treaty from the United States Senate. Lt.-Col. Robert T. Pritchard of Fergus will oppose Hon. W. E. Roney at the bye-election in Wellington.

U.S. ALREADY HAS SIX VOTES IN THE LEAGUE

Amazement Expressed at Ottawa Over the Proposal to Give It More.

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Considerable amazement is expressed here at the proposal that a way out of the difficulty created in the United States senate regarding the voting rights of nations other than Great Britain within the British Empire would be to give the United States six votes, so it would make it equal in this respect with the British Empire. It is well understood here that the United States has six votes already in the League of Nations by virtue of the fact that it is expressed in the letter written by Professor Alfred Business Hart of Harvard University to the New York Times, who points out: "The United States controls five votes among its protectorates—Cuba, Panama, the Dominican Republic, Nicaragua and Haiti—and has a much greater assurance that nobody will break away from the gang." In other words, this proposal would give the United States eleven votes.

BAHAMAS SAVED BY PROHIBITION

Reaped Big Revenue Out of Liquor Shipments From the United States.

Nassau, Bahama Islands, Feb. 18.—Prohibition in the United States, which caused large quantities of liquor to descend almost like an avalanche upon this city, has transformed the government's financial condition, as if by magic, from a deficit to comparatively a huge surplus, provided labor for the a large number of unemployed Bahamians and put more money in circulation in this little British colony than has been the case for many years. Sir William L. A. Allardyce, governor of the colony, made this known officially in an address formally opening the 1920 session of the Bahama Legislature.

CONSPICUOUS MUST PAY £1,000.

London, Feb. 18.—Award of a thousand pounds sterling, to be paid within fourteen days, was given yesterday against Major Robert Fitzgerald, who came over with the Canadian forces, and has been an assistant provost-marshal, in a divorce case in which he was co-respondent. The petitioner was an officer in the Army Service Corps.

NON-CONFORMIST IN PULPIT

CAUSES A ROW IN AN ENGLISH CATHEDRAL.

Clergyman Protests Against Dr. Jowett Preaching at Durham Cathedral and is Ejected From Church. London, Feb. 18.—There was an uproar in Durham Cathedral Sunday afternoon when Dr. Jowett ascended the pulpit to deliver his much-discussed sermon. The famous non-conformist preacher had been invited to occupy the Church of England pulpit by Bishop Welldon, Dean of Durham, whose action aroused widespread criticism, not to say antagonism, in many quarters. Every corner of the vast cathedral was crowded by an excited and expectant congregation.

HAD GOOD RESULTS.

Ireland May be the First to Adopt Prohibition. Dublin, Feb. 18.—Ireland is likely to be the first in Europe to adopt prohibition, the results of the recent municipal elections show.

THE DISPUTE CONTINUES

Over 'Eric Charged Greece For Canadian Wheat. (Canadian Press Despatch) Ottawa, Feb. 18.—The dispute which has arisen over the price of wheat sold by the Canada Wheat Board to Greece shows no signs of being immediately settled. It was stated a week ago that Lloyd Harris was coming to Ottawa for a conference with the Government, but Sir George Foster to-day refused to discuss the matter, stating that he had no knowledge of Mr. Harris' movements or intentions.

ANNIVERSARY OF LAURIER'S DEATH.

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—The first anniversary of the death of Sir Wilfrid Laurier was duly observed here yesterday by Lady Laurier, immediate relatives and their personal friends, attending an anniversary requiem mass for the repose of the soul of the great Liberal chieftain.

MOSCOW SOVIET ELECTIONS.

London, Feb. 18.—A Moscow wireless message says that the elections of the Moscow Soviet began last Monday under the banner and slogans of the Bolshevik party. Bolshevik candidates were being elected in all regions.

JOHN CURZAN, A VETERAN NEWSPAPER PUBLISHER, AND JOHN P. SECORD, ANOTHER PROMINENT BRITISH CITIZEN, DIED WITHIN A FEW HOURS OF EACH OTHER.

The Siberian Bolsheviks claim to have defeated and captured the remnant of Kolchak's army.

WILSON'S NOTE SHOCKS ALLIES

U. S. President Appears As Determined Party in Peace Negotiations.

THE WATERS ARE RUFFLED

WHEN NO WORD WAS EXPECTED FROM WASHINGTON.

General Spirit of Peace Conference Sessions in London Seems to Be Conciliatory and Tend Toward Compromises.

London, Feb. 18.—President Wilson's note in the Peace Conference on the Adriatic question has furnished London political and newspaper circles with a surprise and interest surpassing that evoked by the Wilson-Lansing correspondence. The Lansing incident was regarded as an American family affair, toward which foreigners should be merely distant spectators. The president's reappearance as a determined party in the peace negotiations was construed as almost as threatening as his order for the George Washington to be prepared to take him home from France.

The first versions of the event gave it the aspect of an ultimatum, which meant that the council of the Allies must stand by the terms which President Wilson accepted in December, or the United States would shake the dust of European affairs off her feet altogether and also that the council had formed a stolid worlded reply adhering to its January offer to the Jugo-Slavs.

Later information appeared to soften the stiff-necked positions credited to both parties. This consisted of messages from Washington that too sweeping a construction had been given to the president's words, fortified by news from Downing Street that the Canadian finished composing its answer, nevertheless Premier Millerand's cheerful observation to the reporters on Friday—"there is not a cloud ahead"—is taken as a purely diplomatic optimism.

Waters Are Ruffled. The afternoon papers displayed stirring headlines, in which "bombshell" was the favorite word. If not a bombshell it was an entirely unexpected ruffling of the waters about the Parliament Houses, where it appears to have been assumed that so long as the United States had not even a representative at the conference table, her voice would not be heard in the debates.

The general spirit of the conference shown in the results of its first week's London sessions seems to be conciliatory and to tend toward compromises. The same spirit may animate its correspondence with Washington. This tendency is displayed in the mildness of the second note to Holland regarding the former emperor's status; in the unexpected concession to Germany of permitting her to try her so-called war criminals, and the favor given to the proposal to keep the sultan on his throne in Constantinople. Some writers connect the new era of mildness with the disappearance of France's grand old man Clemenceau from the stage.

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