

QUEEN'S STUDENTS
We have just received a
special order of Swiss
Silk Neckwear, woven
in the University colors.
Collier's Toggery

YEAR 88; NO. 25.

KINGSTON, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1920.

LAST EDITION

CHRIST'S CLASH WITH PHARISEES

Another Stirring Address at Queen's By Hon. J. Stitt Wilson.

SAME PHARISEES TO-DAY

PUT IN SIX DAYS A WEEK SKINNING THEIR FELLOWS.

While outwardly they observe their religion—the speaker congratulates the British Whig. Under the title, "Christ's Clash With the Pharisees," Hon. J. Stitt Wilson delivered a stirring address to a large gathering in Grant Hall, Queen's University, on Thursday evening. Without referring to any particular religious denomination, he showed that at no time in the history of our race was there greater need for the abandonment of the formal and outward observance of religion for the practical application of justice and mercy which expressed Christ's love for mankind. The scrupulous observance of form, fasting and tithes, while emitting the true practice of religion, called forth strong condemnation from Christ. It was here that he met the Pharisees, and looking through the centuries that were to come, he fought for man's regeneration and pronounced his denunciations that ring in our ears to-day with the same terrible significance: "Woe unto you scribes and pharisees, hypocrites! for ye shut up the kingdom of heaven against men, for ye neither go in yourselves, neither suffer ye them that are entering to go in. Woe unto you, for ye devour widows' houses (profits), and for a pretence make long prayer; therefore, ye shall receive the greater damnation."

The speaker pointed out that at the present time we have before us a great spiritual task of re-shaping a juster relationship between man and man. He interpreted human as related by divine nature to God, and seemed to have loved the least, and the lowest and the lost.

The Duty of Students.
"I come to you," said Mr. Wilson, "out of the problems of the labor movement and the tragedy of that movement, and say to you college students, for the sake of the peace of the world, for the sake of our own Canada, America and England, to lead the people not in the strategy of militarism, or labor, or politicians, but by the strategy of the kingdom of God. We need that something that looks beneath the surface, and as Jesus looked and saw what is left when power and greed gets through with it and to feel something of the spirit of Jesus Christ. Christ did not suffer at the hands of the Bolsheviki or Filate, but it was the chief priests, the scribes and elders of the people who took counsel to put Him to death. Christ's clash with the pharisees was specific and concrete on His part and on their part. There are just pharisees to-day who outwardly observe their religion, but put in six days a week skinning their fellow-men."

Complimented the Whig.
Hon. J. Stitt Wilson, in his address on Thursday evening, complimented the British Whig upon its report of his Wednesday evening lecture. He said that the writer understood and expressed his meaning. He was of ten misunderstood, and explained that he was a carter who drew word pictures, and his illustrations were intended to impress his meaning and not to be considered as being in themselves the important part of his address.

At the conclusion of the address, Principal Bruce Taylor announced that Mr. Wilson would speak Friday afternoon, and not in the evening as originally arranged. He said that in the ordinary college pursuits the attention of the students was focused upon their studies, and it was a great privilege to hear Mr. Wilson speak upon the real things of life.

WHISKEY STILL FOR DOMESTIC USE SOLD

They Have Flooded the Metropolitan Area of New York.

New York, Jan. 30.—Cheap whiskey stills of one gallon capacity, manufactured and sold for "domestic use" with the idea of making each individual his own stiller, have flooded the metropolitan district, revenue agents here have reason to believe.

Files, books and other records said to have been the property of one of the firms distilling these miniature stills have been confiscated by the Government officials. The list of purchasers of these stills has been obtained and arrests are expected to follow.

The kitchen still, though amateurish and fragile looking, is perfectly practicable for making "good whod key" in quantities of not more than one gallon, agents said.

New Plant Operating.
Sudbury, Ont., Jan. 30.—The first lot of nickel matte from the furnaces of the new plant of the British American Nickel Corporation here, was run this week. The plant is said to be one of the most complete in the world, and as the trials have been successful, it will probably be but a short time till this district will have in operation its third big nickel smelter.

CANADA SENT 640,886 TROOPS

To Fight the Enemies of Mankind During the Great War.

TOTAL OF 8,654,467 MEN

WAS PUT IN THE FIELD BY GREAT BRITAIN

The United States Contributed Only 2,000,000—The British Unaided Destroyed the Turkish Army. (Canadian Press Despatch) London, Jan. 30.—Revised figures compiled by British statisticians on the contribution of the various allied nations to the fighting forces during the war, place Canada well in the lead of the overseas dominions not employing native troops. The Dominion is credited with 640,886 effectives, Australia coming next with 418,809. India's army, composed largely of native troops, was 1,401,350. The statement shows that Great Britain during the period of the war placed a grand total of 8,654,467 men in the field.

The contribution of the United States is estimated at 2,000,000 men. The statement points out that the complete defeat and destruction of the Turkish army was effected by the British alone and a total of eighty-five thousand prisoners was taken.

AGRICULTURAL WEALTH.

Saskatchewan Government Showed Surplus of \$877,508.
Regina, Sask., Jan. 30.—In the course of his budget speech in the legislature, Hon. C. A. Dunning, provincial treasurer, estimated that during the past year the increment of agricultural wealth accruing to the people of the province was \$371,000. The government had shown a gross surplus of \$877,593 of receipts over expenditures during the past fiscal year and during the year the net debt had been reduced forty-eight cents per head. The estimates showed an expected increase of \$404,452 over last year. The announcement was also made that the government would abandon its war bonuses for civil servants in favor of a scale of increased salaries over and above general raises and promotions recommended by the Civil Service Commission on a merit basis.

POLISH TROOPS PURSUE BOLSHEVIKI

They Have Taken Many Prisoners and Big Amount of Booty.

(Canadian Press Despatch) Warsaw, Jan. 30.—Polish troops continue to pursue the Bolsheviki, according to a staff communication received here. They have reached the Blyssay and Sarjanki River. Another group, the communication says, defeated the Bolsheviki east of Drysan and north of Debrudjak. Poles in force crossed to the east bank of the Deresina River and defeated important Bolsheviki forces in the region of Klowzowa, taking prisoners and booty.

EVACUATED DERBENT,

Which is on the West Coast of Caspian Sea.

(Canadian Press Despatch) London, Jan. 30.—Anti-Bolshevik forces have been compelled to evacuate the city of Derbent, on the west coast of the Caspian Sea, according to a Moscow wireless despatch. In Eastern Siberia, the despatch adds, the peasants have revolted and occupied the gold fields in the vicinity of Nikolovik. They have fortified the entire Amur district with trenches, it is declared.

Legislature May Meet March 9th.

(Canadian Press Despatch) Toronto, Jan. 30.—On Tuesday, March 9th, the Ontario Legislature will open, it is thought. By that date everything will be in readiness, the bye-elections being over. If Premier Drury should be defeated in Halton, the date may be further postponed.

Irish Police Barracks Attacked.

(Canadian Press Despatch) Youghal County Cork, Ireland, Jan. 30.—The police barracks at Ardmore, County Waterford, were attacked for two hours early yesterday. One person was injured.



GEN. TOWNSEND HONORED IN KENT.
Major-General Sir Charles Townsend visited Hadlow, near Tonbridge, recently, to unveil a window to the men of the village who fell in the war. The picture shows Gen. Townsend with his A.D.C.

AID TO THE ARMENIANS

Charles V. Vickrey, secretary of the Near East Relief, writing to the Toronto Globe, under date of January 23rd, from New York, explains just how the Armenians receive supplies for which Canadians are giving so generously. One sentence of Mr. Vickrey's letter is worth more than the usual emphasis. "This work," he writes, "for the most part is not merely a question of improving the conditions of the people. It is the actual saving of lives of thousands who would otherwise perish."

Other portions of the letter read: "We deeply appreciate the co-operation of Canada in this effort. "We recognize that Canada during the past four years has poured forth its treasure both of lives and of money in a way that has challenged the rest of the world, and we accept this latest expression of Canadian generosity as both an inspiration and a challenge to contribute more largely of our resources to help meet the world's need. "As you doubtless know, arrangements have been made whereby some of our good Canadian associates in the Near East, including Dr. F. W. MacCallum, the assistant treasurer of our committee; Dr. W. Nesbitt Chambers, and Dr. Alexander McLachlan, will be authorized to draw directly from Constantinople upon the Canadian Bank of Commerce and will realize upon this draft in Constantinople, making the money immediately available for relief work."

Additional subscriptions received by the Whig are:

Previously acknowledged	\$204.70
183	10.00
Mrs. and Mrs. W. J. Stinson	10.00
Returned Soldier	5.00
James Craig	5.00
"In Memory of Our Son"	5.00
Mrs. J. F. Tisdale	5.00
Percy B. Chown	5.00
C. M. VanLuven, Battersea	5.00
Corpl. Midland	5.00
W. F. Nickle	5.00
Jack Kinneer	2.50
Torn	2.00
Miss M. Tisdale	2.00
A Friend	2.00
Miss A. L. Minnes	2.00
Mrs. R. N. Erinsville	2.00
W. R. Campbell	1.50
A. Macfarland	1.00
Mrs. Thomas Coroline, R. 1, Newboro	1.00
A Friend	1.00
A Friend	.50

THE BOLSHEVIK ADVANCE STAYED

Owing to the Difficulties of Supply Along Siberian Railroad.

RED AGENTS WORK IN FRONT

OF BOLSHEVIK ARMY WITH MARKED SUCCESS
Detachments of Reds Reported to Have Reached the Chinese Frontier—Bolshevism Gains Ground. (Canadian Press Despatch) London, Jan. 30.—The difficulties of supply have probably stopped the advance of Bolsheviki troops along the Siberian railroad west of Irkutsk, according to advice to the war office. All resistance to the Soviet army seems to have disappeared. Bolsheviki detachments are reported to have reached the Chinese frontier southeast of Blisg.

The latest reports seem to indicate that relations between the Government and established after the capture of Admiral Kolchak and the Czecho-Slovaks, have become worse and that Bolshevism appears to be gaining ground as the result of red agents working in front of the Bolsheviki army. Encounters between General Semionoff's troops and Czech detachments are reported.

Sir George to Retain Position.
London, Jan. 30.—Sir George Perley, as high commissioner for Canada, has accepted the invitation to open the Canadian Exhibition in London in June. This disposes of the rumor that he would relinquish the high commissionership in March.

DRAYTON ASKS FOR ECONOMY

Deputy Ministers Asked If Cuts Can Be Made in Their Staffs.

A GREAT REDUCTION MADE

IN MILITIA STAFF FROM 9,000 TO 3,911.

The Finance Minister Sends Back Estimates With Instructions to Pare Them Heretically. Ottawa, Jan. 30.—Deputy ministers are receiving back their estimates for 1920-21, with instructions to pare them heretically. Sir Henry Drayton, Minister of Finance, insists that the expenditure shall come within the revenue. To those who claim that the estimates are at the minimum, the question is asked: "Do you need all your staff? Find out what organization can do the work best, and reduce to that number in co-operation with the Civil Service Commission."

The Militia Department has now been reduced from the 9,000 employees when the armistice was declared to 3,911 to-day. On November 11, 1918, there were 4,000 of these employees in Ottawa. Now there are only 1,904. Such drastic reduction is not possible in other departments, but four hundred employees have been dropped from the Printing Bureau, and it is common talk that lightning could strike other departments without hurt to the public welfare.

In one respect the Government is said to be willing to spend more money, and that is to its scientific men, so many of whom have left the Government service for larger salaries. So far as the geological survey is concerned, it is believed that many of these going with private companies have consented to go on leave of absence, thus giving the Government an opportunity to make the service more attractive from a monetary point of view.

Any who leave the service under the "rigid economy policy" strongly advocated by Sir Henry Drayton can remain on the reserve list without pay until another place for their services is found.

NEWS IN BULLETIN

Great Britain decides not to interfere further in the Russian strife.

A seat for Hon. Mr. Raney has been found in New Ontario. The Labor member for Kenora is to make way for the attorney-general.

The Commerce Board is to control vapors. R. W. Bready, who was temporarily in charge, has resigned.

The French Premier demands that the release of Gen. Kolsbak be urgent about.

A. Evan Gray, M.A., has been appointed provincial superintendent of insurance and loan companies, with F. Anderson, M.A., actuary, as assistant.

Nine deaths from influenza occurred in Windsor on Thursday. Five hundred cases are reported in one day.

British labor is to make a bold bid for the support of salaried employees.

Junior O.H.A. scores: Cobourg, 8; Rowmanville, 8; Lindsay, 7; Peterboro, 4.

THE FRANCHISE ACT.

To Come Before Parliament for Change Next Session. (Canadian Press Despatch) Ottawa, Jan. 30.—One of the most important measures to come before Parliament at the coming session is the franchise act. It is understood that this will embody redistribution, but only to the limited extent. It is known that it is the intention of the Government to follow more closely the lines of representation by population than has been done in the past. This will necessarily mean that representation of the larger centres of the population will be increased.

AN UNLAWFUL CONSPIRACY

Crown Counsel So Declares the One Big Union. (Canadian Press Despatch) Winnipeg, Jan. 30.—That the one big union itself is an unlawful conspiracy was the statement made by A. J. Andrews, K.C., leading counsel for the crown in trial of the seven remaining Winnipeg strike-leaders charged with seditious conspiracy. In making his address to the jury at the opening session of the trial today, Mr. Andrews said that the crown will urge that this case was brought down to test the legality of the one big union and a general strike which was used to demonstrate the solidarity of labor; that the strike had the public by the throat. Mr. Andrews declared the reason why the one big union was unlawful was because its avowed purposes were to obtain its ends by compelling the force of massed actions. "One of the planks in its platform," he said, "was the sympathetic strike which the crown counsel, on behalf of the people of Canada, contended was unlawful."

FURTHER INQUIRY

Into the C. P. E. Wreck at Corbell On Sunday. (Canadian Press Despatch) Toronto, Jan. 30.—Sir Julian Louder has been sent by the attorney-general's department to North Bay to institute further enquiry into the wreck on the C.P.E. at Corbell with a view to proving further into what precautions the railway company took to prevent a collision. The attorney-general's action is based on dissatisfaction with the finding of the coroner's jury exonerating the railway employees from all blame.

A decree has been issued by the Swiss Federal Council withdrawing import duties on tobacco, raw or manufactured.

WANTED THE KAISER TO SACRIFICE HIS LIFE

At the Head of His Troops, But He Would Not Comply.

TO SOON BE DEPENDENT ON HOME SUPPLIES

Germany Near Point When She Will Be Unable to Buy Abroad.

Berlin, Jan. 30.—That the Pan-Germans and Conservatives, when they saw the German cause was lost in 1918, wanted the ex-kaiser to sacrifice his life at the head of his troops in battle in the hope of preserving the Hohenzollern dynasty, was revealed by ex-minister of treasury George Roethlis, who resigned from the German cabinet rather than sign the peace treaty.

The startling disclosure that the ex-kaiser was counselled to emulate the warrior kings of old and go into the fray, sword in hand, at the head of his army, is considered one of the most sensational of the events that moved with such lightning-like rapidity around the former war lord in the closing days of the world conflict.

"They wanted him, in the interests of the dynasty, and knowing that the war had been lost, to sacrifice his life in battle," said Roethlis.

"His failure to do this did the monarchist party in Germany a great deal of harm. Afterwards they wished him voluntarily and heroically to offer himself for trial as did former Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, so they could make for him a martyr's halo. This, it was argued, would give the monarchist idea a glamor which would provide the monarchist party with propaganda for their agitations. The monarchists require the ex-kaiser's martyrdom for their reactionary propaganda of his trial might furnish it. I believe that the former emperor's trial before an allied tribunal would lend support to the monarchist idea as against German republicanism."

TO SOON BE DEPENDENT ON HOME SUPPLIES

Germany Near Point When She Will Be Unable to Buy Abroad.

Berlin, Jan. 30.—"We have only arrived at the vale of tears through which we are forced to pass," said the minister of agriculture, Herr Brauen, in the Prussian Diet to-day in connection with the food debate. "Worse times are coming. The masses must be told our only hope is increased work."

The minister then made the startling announcement that Germany soon would arrive at the point where she would be unable to buy anything abroad, but would be wholly dependent upon home production.

Several of the deputies declared that wheat production was unprofitable at the prevailing prices, and that the home growers were secretly disposing of their crops abroad, as a consequence of which Germany was obliged in the past few weeks to pay 6,000 marks a ton for Argentine wheat and United States rye.

ADVANCE FROM WIFE WAS NOT FORTHCOMING

Marquis of Queensbury Forced to Meet Creditors in Consequence.

London, Jan. 30.—The Marquis of Queensbury has had a receiving order made against him, and yesterday attended the first meeting of the seven creditors of which he was to be settled on him, but settlement was never executed. He afterwards went to money lenders and was now being supported by his friends and relatives.

THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON GENERAL MISSIONS, PRESENTED BY THE CHAIRMAN, ARCHDEACON DOBBS, WAS TAKEN UP, AND ADOPTED.

The total amount raised on apportionment for 1919 is \$18,297.32, as against \$17,019.81, the previous year. This amount falls short by less than \$100 of the full sum raised on apportionment, plus that raised for the war emergency fund, and the special fund for the northwest.

The report shows that nineteen parishes or missions paid the full amount asked of them; nineteen others exceeded their apportionments by a total sum of \$1,026, while thirty-six parishes surpassed their own record of the previous year by an aggregate sum of over \$1,500. The estimated requirements for 1920, are as follows:

Diocesan missions, \$6,000; Widows and Orphans Fund, \$2,750; clergy superannuation, \$100; M. S. C. C., \$10,400; total, \$19,250.

The report of the M. S. C. C. committee, presented by Archdeacon Dobbs was also adopted. The diocesan has constituted to the missionary enterprises of the church \$8,390.

The report on diocesan missions was also adopted. It recommended that the missionary grants be made at the present missions receive a bonus of \$50 for the past year. There are eighteen. The grant to Wolfe Island will also be renewed.

New grants were made to missions as follows:

\$200, Amherst Island; \$300, August, Tweed; \$250, Marmora, Pittsburg, Shannonville; \$400, Banockburn, Marysville, Westport; \$470, Loughborough; \$500, Sharbot Lake; \$500, Bancroft, Coe Hill, Maynooth, Parkham, Selby; \$725, North Frontenac, and North Adirongton.

The following special grants were made at the discretion of the Bishop: \$50, Shannonville, Augusta; \$100, Edwardsburgh, Ernestown, Coe Hill \$500, to be dispensed by the Bishop; Oxford Mills (approximately) \$55. Canon Corbett, M.P., moved that the Canon on the Wages and Or-

SYNOD PLEDGES BEST EFFORTS

To Carry the Forward Movement Through With Great Success.

BOTH CLERGY AND LAITY

OF ONTARIO DIOCESE TO DO THEIR VERY BEST.

The Synod Votes \$1,000 for the Expenses of Bishop Bidwell Who is to Attend the Lambeth Conference. There was a most solemn and impressive ceremony at the close of Thursday afternoon's session of the Ontario Synod, which was given over to a conference on the Forward Movement, when Bishop Bidwell, with the members of the clergy and laity present, arose in a body and pledged themselves to do their very best to carry the Forward Movement through with great success.

Stirring addresses featured the meeting of the synod. The session was given over to a conference in which both the clergy and laity took place, and as a result of these addresses the delegates will be able to return home with something that is sure to stimulate the workers of the Anglican church, in this world-wide campaign.

Another important matter taken up by the synod at the afternoon session was that of deciding to have Bishop Bidwell attend the Lambeth Conference in England, which is to be attended by bishops from all over the world. The matter was brought before the synod by Chancellor McDonald, who moved that Bishop Bidwell attend the conference, and that the sum of \$1,000 be provided for the expenses of his lordship in attending this conference. The executive committee will raise the amount mentioned.

Bishop Bidwell said that he had referred to as long length in his charge to the Forward Movement, and as a result would only speak briefly on this occasion. He wished to impress upon the members of the church their great responsibility in this great undertaking, and expressed the hope that the delegates to the synod would be able to return to their home with a message of inspiration, that they would be able to tell the people that they had their back to the wall, and that with God's will the movement would be a triumphant one.

THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON GENERAL MISSIONS, PRESENTED BY THE CHAIRMAN, ARCHDEACON DOBBS, WAS TAKEN UP, AND ADOPTED.

Laymen who spoke on the question were Major Andrew Gray, M.P. (Westport), R. F. Elliott, John Elliott (Bevillie), Francis King and R. J. Carson.

Following the addresses the members took part in a general discussion. Canon Bedford-Jones, organizing secretary for the movement in this diocese explained many points raised by the members, and also gave a stimulating talk on the campaign.

Encouraging reports were received from various members as to the progress already made in charges on behalf of the Forward Movement.

W. B. Carroll, of Gananoque, made an appeal for a revival, to go hand-in-hand with the Forward Movement.

THURSDAY EVENING'S SESSION.

When the Synod resumed its session on Thursday evening, Bishop Bidwell expressed his deep gratification at the action taken, in making the necessary arrangements for his attendance at the Lambeth conference.

The report of the committee on general missions, presented by the chairman, Archdeacon Dobbs, was taken up, and adopted.

The total amount raised on apportionment for 1919 is \$18,297.32, as against \$17,019.81, the previous year. This amount falls short by less than \$100 of the full sum raised on apportionment, plus that raised for the war emergency fund, and the special fund for the northwest.

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HIS LAWFUL OCCUPATION.
His Worship: "You say you are a locksmith. How came you to be in the gaming-house, then?"
The Defendant: "Well, your worship, I was making a bolt for the door."
—Passing Show, London.

IRON, ARTHUR MEIGHEN
Who will speak to the Canadian Club this evening.

(Continued On Page 2)