QUEEN'S STUDENTS
We have just received a special order of Swiss Silk Neckwear, woven in the University colors.
Collier's Toggery

The Daily British Whig

SPECIAL SALE
—of—
FELT HATS AT $3.50
Collier's Toggery

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MOVE OF ALLIES ALARM GERMANS

As Their Efforts At Trade With Russia Are Blocked.

HUGE RUSSIAN FOOD STOCKS

ARE ON HAND FOR BARTER WITH THE ALLIES

The Russo-Allied Pact Will Be Far-Reaching—The British People Would Oppose War With Soviets.

Berlin, Jan. 21.—Great concern is manifested by the German press at the Supreme Council's decision to allow the resumption of commercial relations with the Russian people, on a basis of reciprocity between Allied and neutral countries and Russia.

The semi-official German Gazette says this implies, a day after world peace has come into force, the continued division of the world into Allied and neutral, and, therefore, also hostile countries.

It would appear Germany is not to be allowed to resume trade with Russia. This occasions anxiety to Germans who regard the resumption of trade relations with Russia as of the the utmost importance.

The Vossische Zeitung says: Exchange of goods on a basis of reciprocity between the Russian people and the Allied and neutral countries will in a practical way simply mean aiding Bolshevism And its troops to the fullest extent, for only Bolshevist troops will benefit, by the goods imported into Russia. A real flood of goods would have to stream into Russia for anything to reach the starving population apart from the Bolshevist troops.

Oppose War With Soviets.

London, Jan. 21.—Lord Northcliffe continues to combat the idea of any relationship with the Soviet Government, and is throwing the whole strength of his newspapers into the fight. Winston Churchill, among the statesmen, is taking a similar line and seems to have the support of the army and the navy. Just what these gentlemen want is not clear. Even the boldest of them hardly would advise a great war against the Soviets. They cannot be blind to the fact that such a policy would be repudiated by the overwhelming mass of British citizens, with organized labor at their head.

Frees Russian Supplies.

London, Jan. 21.—Supplies of food and raw materials have a profound importance to the world's economic welfare, said George H. Roberts, food controller, in addressing the British-Russian Club here last night. He said the cost of living had displayed an ever upward tendency and that the only issue from the situation was the discovery of new sources of supply with which to reestablish competition as the first step in the reduction of prices.

Plans Worked Out.

Paris, Jan. 21.—Elaborate plans for the resumption of commercial relations between the Russian people and Allied nations have been worked out, and it is expected the Bolsheviki will permit the free interchange of manufactured goods and raw materials.

In Russia are great stocks of wheat, cereals, cattle and flax, which, owing to the complete suppression of exportation during the last few years and the record crop of 1919, are now larger than Russia ever disposed of previous to the war.

Ships may enter Black, Baltic and White sea ports loaded with goods needed by Russia and may return with Russian exports."

TO BRING THE DEAD HOME.

Toronto Undertaker Makes an Exaggerative Statement.

Toronto, Jan. 21.—Robert U. Stone, an undertaker of this city, says there is a movement on foot and arrangements have been well advanced by an organization known as the Overseas Mortuary Association, "to bring back the remains of the heroic Canadian dead from England, France and Belgium and bury them in their own country." Mr. Stone says it is a private enterprise, with no Government connection, and is the result of an increasing demand on the part of relatives of the dead soldiers to have their loved ones laid to rest in Canada. E. Teysseyre, an undertaker in Paris, France, official undertaker to the English and American embassies, is associated with him in the work, Mr. Stone says.

According to Mr. Stone, the American Government is bringing all the American dead soldiers to the United States.

GEN. WOODS EXPLAINS.

Did Not Call Navy Floating Death Trap.

Portland, Me., Jan. 21.—"I did not say that our navy was a "floating deathtrap' in my speech at Boston," Major-General Leonard Wood said when informed that he would be asked to appear before the house naval committee to explain his statement quoted to that effect. "What I did say was that ships that were filled with untrained men in battle were floating death traps," continued General Wood.

At Vancouver, B.C., Eric Ross Goulding, B.A. (Oxford), died after collapsing in a restaurant. Before the war he was an editorial writer on an Ontario newspaper.

Justice Morrison, appointed to investigate the position of former liquor dealers in British Columbia, has decided they cannot be compensated.

THE G.W.V.A. REMOVES ITS BAN ON POLITICS

Discussion Unrestrained at Branch Meetings in Future.

Ottawa, Jan. 21.—There is to be no restraint in future in the discussion of political questions at branch meetings of the G.W.V.A. throughout Canada. This decision was reached at the meeting yesterday of the Dominion Executive of the G.W.V.A. when the following resolution was adopted:

"Whereas the G.W.V.A. stands first for Canada, and all that is best for Canadians:

"And whereas the Great War Veterans' Association seeks earnestly to discover and to disseminate the truth with reference to national questions;

"And whereas the free and open discussion of subjects of national importance is of advantage to our country at large;

"Therefore be it resolved that we, the members of the Dominion Executive Committee, Great War Veterans' Association of Canada, assembled, do hereby endorse the general request of the members of the Great War Veterans' Association, that that part of the clause 77 of our by-laws which prohibits political discussion be deleted."

HAS NO AMBITIONS REGARDING SIBERIA

Japan Has Decided to Withdraw All Her Forces From There.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Tokio, Jan. 21.—Japan's object in agreeing to co-operate with the United States in supporting the Czeche-Slovak troops in Siberia has been attained and the withdrawal of Japanese troops from that country will follow it was decided at a meeting of the advisory diplomatic council, yesterday, according to newspapers here It was asserted that Japan has no territorial ambitions in Siberia.

POISONED OLIVES.

Only One Survivor in Family of Seven.

New York, Jan. 21.—Death won a double victory in a grim race with an express train and a government mail airplane, when two more members of the Paul Delbene family, poisoned from eating olives, died in Fordham hospital owing to the late arrival of the special serum necessary to save their lives. Hospital physicians, however, made an injection in the arm of Cenechetta Delbene, ten years old, the only surviving member of the family of seven, with serum received from Washington. This morning the physicians said they believed the serum had saved the girl's life. Unless unforeseen complications develop, they believe she will recover.

Another package of serum, which was being rushed eastward from Chicago by mail airplane, failed to arrive, the machine having been disabled and forced to land at Black Oak, Ind.

Health Commissioner Copeland has traced the poisoned olives to an east side store. The olives originally came from California, he said.

SENT POLICE 45 MILES,

And Ray Clark Gets Three Months Giving False Information.

Port Arthur, Jan. 21.—Ray Clark was sentenced to three months in jail for giving false information to the police, causing Provincial Inspector Symons to make a forty-five trip in search of a body which Clark told him was lying near a lumber camp It developed that Clark told the story to "get even" with the boss who discharged him. On the trip Inspector Symons froze his face and one foot.

Hydro Power Reduction.

Galt, Jan. 21.—Public Utilities Commission announced to-day that Galt's load of Hydro power had been reduced by 25 per cent. Manufacturers and other power users have been on a system of rationing, and in order to keep the load down to allotment domestic users are threatened with having the service cut off unless they co-operate and curtail the use of the current.

Consumer Gets Some Benefit.

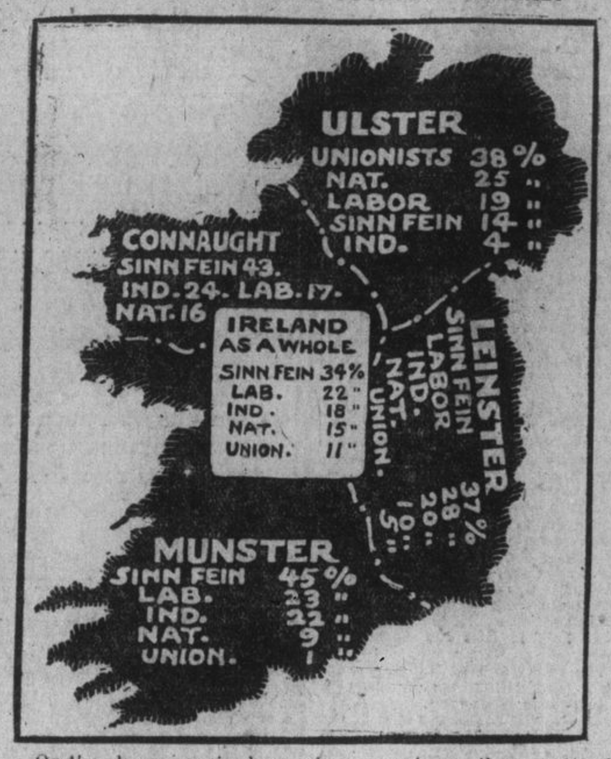
Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 21.—Flour dropped fifty cents a barrel in the local market yesterday. Standard flour in 98-pound cotton sacks sold at $14.25 a barrel. The general market decline in wheat was given as the reason for the drop.

Lloyd George's Farm.

London, Jan. 21.—Premier Lloyd George has bought a small farm of fifteen acres near his home at Criccieth, in Wales. This is the first time he has become a landowner.

DR. HELEN MacMURCHY
Provincial Inspector of the Feeble Minded in Ontario, who will be a member of the Board of Medical Practitioners appointed to examine inmates of industrial homes for females.

RESULT OF MUNICIPAL VOTING IN IRELAND.



On the above map is shown in percentages the result of the voting in Ireland. The Sinn Feiners are not as strong as they had hoped to be.

WON'T SURRENDER FIUME TO ITALY

The Jugo-Slavs Stick to the Line Drawn By President Wilson.

THREAT MADE BY NITTI

TO WITHDRAW HIS OFFER OF COMPROMISE.

And to Demand That France and Great Britain Execute Purely the Treaty of London of 1915

Parsi, Jan. 21.—With the disbanding last night of the Supreme Council without a settlement of the Adriatic question, Signor Nitti, the Italian premier, declared that he stood by his ultimatum that if the Jugo-Slavs did not accept Italy's terms last night he would withdraw his compromise offer, and that "Italy will demand that France and Great Britain execute purely and simply the Treaty of London of April, 1915."

Prior to the breaking up of the council the Jugo-Slavs' reply to Italy's demands had been presented. Signor Nitti declared that the terms were unacceptable. The note said that it constituted "the supreme effort" of Jugo-Slavia to bring about an agreement with Italy. This fact, taken in connection with Premier Nitti's statement, apparently leaves the situation a tense one.

The Jugo-Slav Note.

The Jugo-Slavs in their note accept internationalization under the League of Nations for Fiume and Zara, concede to Italy the Islands of Lussin and Pelagoza, and agree to the demilitarization of the Adriatic Islands with the condition that the Island of Lissa remain Jugo-Slav.

The right of the Italians in Dalmatia to choose Italian nationality without leaving Jugo-Slavia is recognized by the Jugo-Slavs, who also agree that Italian national rights in Dalmatian industries shall be guaranteed by an international convention. They refuse to make any alteration of the line drawn by President Wilson.

The note says the desire of the Albanians for independence will be respected, but, if necessary, the Jugo-Slavs will accept all the proposals.

TOWING DISABLED VESSEL.

Attempt to Transfer Passengers Was Abandoned.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

New York, Jan. 21.—The transport Powhatan, disabled about seven hundred miles from this port, reported by wireless to-day that an attempted transfer of passengers had to be abandoned on account of the heavy seas. The disabled steamer is being towed to Halifax by the freighter Western Comet. The message said the weather conditions were rapidly growing worse.

FORMER M.P.P. DEAD

R. H. McElroy Passes Away After Three Days' Illness.

Ottawa, Jan. 21. — R. H. McElroy, for ten years member of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario for Carleton, and for the past three months registrar of Carleton county, died yesterday morning at his residence, 184 Fentiman ave., Ottawa, after only three days' illness from pneumonia.

His appointment as registrar of deeds for Carleton was one of the last made by the Hearst Government.

R. H. Temple, former president of the Toronto Stock Exchange, died on Tuesday in his seventy-ninth year.

ONLY ONE DAY'S GRAIN RESERVE WAS ON HAND

In Budapest on Jan. 11th—Snowfall May Cause Starvation in Hungary.

Paris, Jan. 21.—Sir William Goode, British Director of Relief, has received despatches from the British Mission at Budapest, saying that on Jan. 11th there was only one day's grain reserve, and that the heavy snowfall would doubtless result in starvation.

The immediate cause of this small reserve, it is declared, was Serbia's refusal to permit the passage of foodstuffs purchased by the Hungarian Government. The British representative termed the situation, "playing with death."

The British Mission representative said that the rich had small supplies, but, if requisitioned, they would add only a couple of days' reserve. The Hungarian Government is conducting armed requisitions of food in four countries; the producers are loath to sell, asserting that the regulated prices are inadequate.

PRESIDENT OF FRANCE
Paul Deschanel, elected by the National Assembly to the Presidency of France.

LADY ASTOR IS FINED.

Stopped Her Auto in a Prohibited Area.

London, Jan. 21.—Lady Astor, M.P., was fined $10 in the municipal court at Maidenhead for obstructing traffic. Lady Astor did not appear in court. The testimony showed that on Christmas Eve she stopped her automobile in a prohibited zone and failed to produce a license when one was demanded.

League Under-Secretary Resigns.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Raymond B. Fosdick, under secretary-general of the League of Nations and U.S. representative in the league machinery so far, has resigned. Mr. Fosdick's friends say that inasmuch as the league has not been accepted by the United States he did not feel he could continue.

NEWS IN BULLETIN.

Official announcement is made of Ontario bye-election. Premier Drury is to run in Halton, and Mr. Doherty in East Kent. A seat for Mr. Raney is to be opened later.

The Supreme Council has dissolved without settling the Adriatic question.

Great Britain is ready to bar the Reds from sweeping across the Caucasus and will aid small republics by manning a defensive line from Black to Caspian Seas.

The Soviet Government is to be asked to consent to two free ports for the re-opening of trade.

Letters reveal the chaotic state of the Denikine Government organization in Russia.

MARTIAL LAW IN ITALIAN CITIES

Owing to the Railway Strike in North And South.

A FEW TRAINS WERE RUN

BUT WERE HEAVILY GUARDED BY TROOPS.

Theatres and Places of Business Ordered Closed at 8 p.m.—Only Disorders Reported From Genoa.

Paris, Jan. 21.—Martial law has been proclaimed in the principal cities of Italy as the result of the railroad strike, says a despatch to the Petit Parisen.

The correspondent says that while Southern Italy is not so badly affected, Northern and Central Italy are in the grip of a general railway strike. The Government was able to run a few trains over the principal lines yesterday, heavily guarded by troops armed with machine guns.

The streets of the principal cities are now patrolled by cavalry and are under the guns of artillery units. Theatres and places of business are ordered to close at 8 p.m. Relative calm prevailed yesterday. The only disorders were reported from Genoa, where shots were fired at a train.

WERE SHELTERED UNDER UNION JACK

Citizens of the United States Safe Only in British Consulate.

San Antonio, Tex., Jan. 21.—It was under the British flag that Americans in Mexico at the time Vera Cruz was occupied by Americans, were given a refuge, Dr. John Hunter told the senate sub-committee, investigating the Mexican situation. He was in Guadeljara at the time.

The newspapers, Mr. Hunter said, published stories that Mexicans already had captured all the American towns on the border except El Paso and that the Mexican prisoners at Fort Bliss, who killed 500 American soldiers, were marching on that town. The article added the Americans were fleeing northward with the Mexicans in pursuit.

This "news" so excited the Mexicans, the witness said, that they were shouting advice to each other to kill every American in Mexico. The Americans in Guadalajara went to the British consulate while the American consulate was being sacked, later escaping from Guadalajara to the port of Manzanillo.

DEARER PRICE OF BREAD

Public Must Bear it, Says the Board of Commerce.

Ottawa, Jan. 21.—The Board of Commerce monthly report on the production and cost of bread in the Dominion for the month of November shows the average price of flour to have been $10.63 against, $10.72 in October, which is taken to indicate that the trade is using more winter wheat flour at a lower price, to blend with Manitoba spring. This perhaps may account for the lower yield of bread per barrel in October, says the report. October showed 265 and November 263, equivalent to 177 loaves of one and a half pounds each for October, and 176 for November.

The board says fewer reports were received, as compared with the previous month, but the number tabulated and the results from same are fairly representative of conditions existing in November.

Notwithstanding general efforts in the way of expensive advertising to increase bread sales, November showed a decline of four per cent. in consumption.

The returns tabulated showed a slight increase in cost of production of about one tenth of one cent per pound, indicated in cost of ingredients, management and fixed charges.

The Canadian Wheat Board issued a new price list for flour, December 29, 1919 showing an advance of $2.25 per barrel of 196 pounds. This increased cost of flour, says the report, will necessitate an increase in cost of bread of about one cent and a quarter per pound and a half loaf, so that where bakers were selling at eleven cents per loaf they would be justified in advancing the price to say 12½ cents per loaf. While this increase is to be regretted from the standpoint of the consumer, the public must bear it, says the board. It is expected that the bakery trade will not take advantage of the situation by an increase not justified in the case.

May Prohibit Private Liquor Storage.

Edmonton, Jan. 21.—Legislation will be sought at the coming session of the Legislature to make the storage of liquor in Alberta, except in Dominion warehouses, illegal. Hon. J. R. Boyle, attorney-general, announced yesterday, and that after careful investigation he has satisfied himself that a law of that kind can be enacted and his purpose at present is to submit a bill accordingly as part of the Government program.

H.R.H. to Visit Ranch Next Fall.

London, Jan. 21.—It is definitely announced that the Prince of Wales will leave for Australia on March 15. He will not go to India this year, but will return from Australia by way of Canada to visit his ranch in Alberta.

HOUSE IN RENFREW GUTTED BY FIRE

The Inmates Were Rescued and Most of the Funiture Was Saved.

Renfrew, Ont. Jan. 21.—What proved to be a serious fire was discovered on Monday in the residence of Charles A. Duff, lumber merchant, Renfrew street. The fire brigade was quickly on the spot, but had difficulty in locating the seat of the fire, which was afterwards thought to have originated behind the fireplace and circulated through the walls and had probably been smouldering all night. Most of the furniture was saved, but badly damaged by smoke and water. The walls and roof remained perfectly intact, but the interior of the house is completely gutted. The house, which is one of the best in Renfrew, worth in the neighborhood of $10,000, was fully covered by insurance. Mr. Duff had been indisposed for a day or two, and was in bed when the fire was discovered. Mrs. Duff and three children escaped unhurt except for the shock. It was a very cold morning, about 30 below, but fortunately there was no wind and the water supply was excellent.

GERMAN GOVERNMENT DECIDED TOO LATE

It Was Ready to Grant the Complete Capitulation of Germany.

(Canadian Press Despatch)

Basle, Jan. 21.—The German Government, headed by Prince Maximilian, of Baden, as chancellor, had decided before the revolutionary overturn of November, 1918, that it would make an offer of surrender to the Entente, according to Landsberg, majority socialist leader and secretary for publicity in the present ministry, as quoted in a Cologne despatch. The settlement was made at a conference of Majority Socialists. Four days before the revolution, he said, Germany had proposed to offer the Entente the complete capitulation of Germany.

"SETTING IRELAND FREE."

A Few Million Yankee Dollars Subscribed for Purpose.

New York, Jan. 21.—"Setting old Ireland free" has been the pastime, in talk, at least, of many people in the United States of generations. Now some ambitious spirits are out to get $10,000,000 for that job, claiming it in support of the mythical "Irish Republic."

Frank P. Walsh, chairman of the Irish bond certificate drive, now declares that the entire amount will be subscribed within the time limit of ten to twelve days. Chairmen of districts announce that $2,500,000 "is in sight," and forget in their optimism that a bird in the hand, etc. But the canvass is on, and that ancient spirit of the "few Fenians on a raft going to take Canada" still exists in the belief that a bunch of dollars from the United States will be sufficient "to set ould Ireland free."

WINNIPEG IS LEARNING.

Of the Important Place the Newspaper Occupies.

Winnipeg, Jan. 21.—The third day of the enforced suspension of the local newspapers as the result of the exhaustion of the newsprint supply and the failure of the Fort Francis mills to continue normal shipments, brought home with renewed emphasis to-day the important position the newspaper occupies in the life of the community The brief bulletin service furnished to citizens on behalf of the newspapers has not served entirely to allay the spread of a wild crop of rumors of world-shaking events

Increased Fivefold in Ten Years.

New York, Jan. 21.—The $2,000,000 trust fund set aside by the late Henry M. Flagler, of the Standard Oil Company, for his wife, Mrs. Ida A. Flagler, has increased to $8,930,799 in ten years, it was learned today, when the committee in charge of the estate filed its annual report in the supreme court here. The fund now includes more than $7,000,000 worth of securities of the Standard Oil Company and its subsidiaries. Mr. Flagley obtained a divorce in 1909 after his wife had been declared mentally incompetent.

May Return in February.

London, Jan. 21.—Sir Adam and Lady Beck have left Bournemouth, where Sir Adam was in a nursing home under an attack of pneumonia, and will sail for Canada, if the doctor permits, on the eighteenth of February.

W. A. AMOS, U.F.O.
Vice-president, who at a Schomberg, Ont., banquet declared that unless there were soon better economic conditions the farms would be so depopulated that they could not feed the cities.

CANADA EXPECTS MANY U.S. FARMERS

Selling Farm Lands High in U.S. And Buying Cheaply Here.

ONLY FARMERS WANTED

DURING LAST EIGHT MONTHS 91,420 ENTER CANADA.

To Make Their Homes Here—Money Qualifications Increased—Ban on Germans Remains.

Ottawa, Jan. 21.—From Great Britain and the United States a large immigration is expected this year. The Government encourages only farmers, farm workers, and household helpers to come to Canada under present conditions. So far as possible it desires to get farmers with capital, and as a result of that policy the Department of Immigration is obliged to look more to the United States than to Great Britain for recruits for future citizenship. In Great Britain the farmers are prosperous and the classes most anxious to come are those living in the cities and towns.

In the western states, however, many farmers are taking advantage of the high prices being given for land to sell out and to buy cheaper and often better land for a much smaller price in Western Canada. In Iowa farm land brings as high as $500 an acre, and some of it that was a drug on the market some years ago now brings $200 to $250 an acre. One Iowa man recently sold his farm at $400 an acre and bought better land in Canada for $75.

During the first eight months of the current fiscal year 47,585 immigrants came from the British Isles, including 36,513 English, 523 Welsh, 8,412 Scotch and 2,137 Irish. In addition to these 38,724 came from the United States and 5,114 from other countries, or 91,420 in all. This is considered very good.

Money Qualifications Increased.

By an order in council passed on December 24, 1919, it was ordered that hereafter mechanics, artisans, and laborers, except the three classes already mentioned, must each have from the last New Year's Eve sufficient to pay his fare to his destination if coming from the United States and $250 in cash. For immigrants landing at ocean ports the time is extended to Jan. 15. Conditions are thereafter the same. Formerly the immigrant was supposed to have only $25 in cash and enough to pay his fare to his destination between March and October 1. In the winter he had to have $50 and from $12 to $25 for each member of the family.

Now a married man must have, in addition to transportation and the $250 cash, $125 for each member of his family more than eighteen years old, and $50 for each member between five and eighteen years old. This order in council will be effective until March 31, when the policy may be either reconsidered or continued.

The ban still remains on Germans, Austrians, Turks and Bulgarians. Citizens of those states whose independence has been recognized by the peace conference are not included in the ban.

Eight parties of household workers have come from the British Isles. Many skilled workers for whom there happens to be a call in industry are now beginning to arrive. No farmers or farm laborers have yet arrived as a result of the work of the committee of selection sent by the Federal Government to examine into the agricultural qualifications of those veterans and war workers whose passages to Canada the British Government undertakes to pay if they engage in land settlement or household work.

DEATHS AT NAPANEE

The Late Mrs. Maybe and W. T. Gibbard.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Napanee, Jan. 20.—The funeral of the late Mrs. Helen Louise Maybee relict of the late George A. Maybee, took place on Sunday afternoon from her late residence on John street. Deceased was seventy-three years of age. She had been in failing health for the past three months. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. A. J. Wilson and Dr. A. L. Howard, of Avonmore. Deceased leaves two sons, Clayton I. Maybee, and Fred R. Maybee, both of Napanee.

Death claimed another prominent resident of Napanee in the person of W. T. Gibbard. Deceased had been very prominent in both religious and political circles and had been engaged in the furniture business for over half a century. He was known throughout the province and very highly respected, and in his death Napanee loses one of her most philanthropic citizens. Mr. Gibbard was in his seventy-sixth year. The funeral took place on Monday afternoon and was largely attended.

Thorn is Evacuated by Germans.

Berlin, Jan. 21.—The town of Thorn, West Prussia, given to Poland by the treaty of Versailles as part of her territory in the gateway to the Baltic, was evacuated by the Germans, and taken possession of by the Poles.

Bromberg, in the province of Posen, will become Polish on Jan. 22nd. Danzig is to be evacuated by the Germans on February 4th.