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SIXTH YEAR



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pointing another one of them—Lionel H. Clarke, of Toronto, as lieutenant-governor of the province. There seems no limit to the prizes these Kingston boys may win.

A SHAME TO CANADA.

The central fuel committee of the United States has generously offered to share its bituminous coal supply with Canada. It is a neighborly act that will be duly appreciated in this country. But what a shameful thing it is that this great dominion, with all its manifold resources should continue to remain dependent on another country for the fuel that alone enables our industries to continue their operations or, under certain circumstances, prevents our people from freezing to death!

With our unlimited water power, and with immense coal deposits on the Atlantic coast and throughout the western provinces, we could easily supply our own needs if the effort were made. The federal government will be lacking in duty if it does not at once take hold of this problem with a sincere determination to solve it once and for all. It can be done, and it ought to be done. Our national pride alone should stimulate to action. Such a policy would also assist in developing our natural resources, add to the wealth of the nation and give employment all the year round to thousands of our people.

To a large extent, our very existence to-day depends upon the assistance so kindly given by a foreign nation. That assistance may be withdrawn at any time, and we certainly could not blame our American friends, if, should a crisis occur, they decided to help themselves before they helped us. It is high time that we helped ourselves.

A LOSS OF MORAL PRESTIGE.

The New York World rightly declares that the immediate effect of the senate's refusal to ratify the treaty of peace is a marked decline in the moral prestige of the United States throughout the world. That is already apparent. Although a few British Tories may rejoice along with a handful of German and French Socialists of the Left Wing, there is an almost universal feeling that the action of their senate was a betrayal of the ideals of the American people. It cannot be reconciled with what they said during the war or with what they did during the war.

There is the only country in which professional politicians have been permitted to make a party question of the treaty. Everywhere else, except among the elements of extreme radicalism that were intent upon destroying the existing order, there has been a clear recognition of the fact that this issue was too grave, too momentous, to permit division along party lines.

Lloyd-George has perhaps as many bitter enemies in England as President Wilson has in the United States, although his enemies may be less influential, but when the House of Commons came to deal with the treaty of peace it ignored past quarrels and future elections and voted unanimously for the treaty. In spite of all the animosities that Mr. Clemenceau has aroused, the attempt to play politics with the treaty in the Chamber of Deputies failed miserably. Nowhere except in the United States has politics been allowed to interfere with the ratification of peace, and if public opinion throughout the world finds itself bewildered by the conduct of the senate, who can blame it?

The European peoples who are now threatened with starvation, ruin and anarchy as a result of this war, are rightly amazed that the American people should have permitted the question of peace to degenerate into a mere political controversy. They do not understand it and they cannot understand it. But one thing is certain. The prestige that the senate has already destroyed will not easily be restored, and in the end it is the American people who will pay for the senate's stupendous folly.

PUBLIC OPINION

Might Be Remedied.

(Louisville Courier-Journal) One reason why there are so many "Reds" in America is that there aren't as many formal executions as there should be.

Freedom of Speech.

(Savannah News) One Yale man has defined "freedom of speech" to be "the liberty to say what you think without thinking what you want," which is hitting it pretty well up toward the high rating percentage.

Our Bracing Air.

(Quebec Mercury) Shades of Wesley! The new woman wants a room in every church set apart for dancing. And this sentiment was applauded at the Y. W. C. A. convention which just concluded in Hamilton. But perhaps that rarified air of the Hamilton mountain made the ladies feel that they couldn't just keep still.

Education Pays.

(Quebec Herald) It is interesting to note that the "farmer" Cabinet of the government of Ontario is one in which seventy-five per cent of the members have had college training. Out of the eight agriculturists selected to represent the U. F. O., four are graduates

of the O. A. C., a fifth spent three years at the university and a sixth was a school teacher for several years. Their selection is merely proof that an educational training is a great lift on the way to fields of greater usefulness.

A Short List.

(Brantford Expositor) English advice report that there were 1,220 convictions for profiteering in Great Britain, and that fines aggregating \$35,000, along with prison terms, were imposed. It is now in order to enquire how many prosecutions there were in Canada for profiteering. It would not take long to make up the list.

The Reason Why

What Makes a Cold Glass Crack If We Put Hot Water Into It?

Hot water will not always cause a cold glass to crack, but is very apt to, especially a thick glass. The very thin glasses will not crack. The test tubes used by chemists are made of very thin glass, and will not crack when hot liquids are poured into them.

When a glass cracks after you have poured a hot liquid into it, it does so because, as soon as the hot liquid is put in, the particles of glass which form the inside of the glass become heated and expand. They begin to do this before the particles which form the outside of the glass become heated, and in their efforts to expand the inside particles of glass which form the outside, causing the crack. The same thing happens if you put cold water into a hot glass, excepting in this instance the inside particles of the glass contract before the particles which form the outside of the glass have had time to become cool and do likewise.

From the Book of Wonders, published and copyrighted by the Bureau of Industrial Education, Inc., Washington, D.C.

Canada-East and West

Dominion Happenings of Other Days.

The Rebellion in Upper Canada.

With the coming of the first day of December, 1837, the rebellion in Upper Canada, long threatening, was drawing very near at hand. For two weeks previous William Lyon Mackenzie and other leaders in the trouble had been circulating through the districts near Toronto pointing out quietly that December 7 was the day of fate. On that date they were to

meet in Yonge St., Toronto, and set up the new rule in Toronto.

In spite of repeated warnings the Government of the day was doing apparently very little to combat the propaganda of the revolutionists, but Col. FitzGibbon, the military commander, was fearful of trouble and so he was making what plans he could to be ready when it came. So impressed was he with the sense of impending trouble that of his own accord on December 1st he placed a guard of fifteen men day and night at the City Hall to guard against any attempt to seize the arms stored therein. As he had heard rumors of plans to capture and hold as a hostage the Lieutenant Governor of Upper Canada, Sir Francis Bond Head, he had sentries mounted before Government House, much to the annoyance of the Governor.

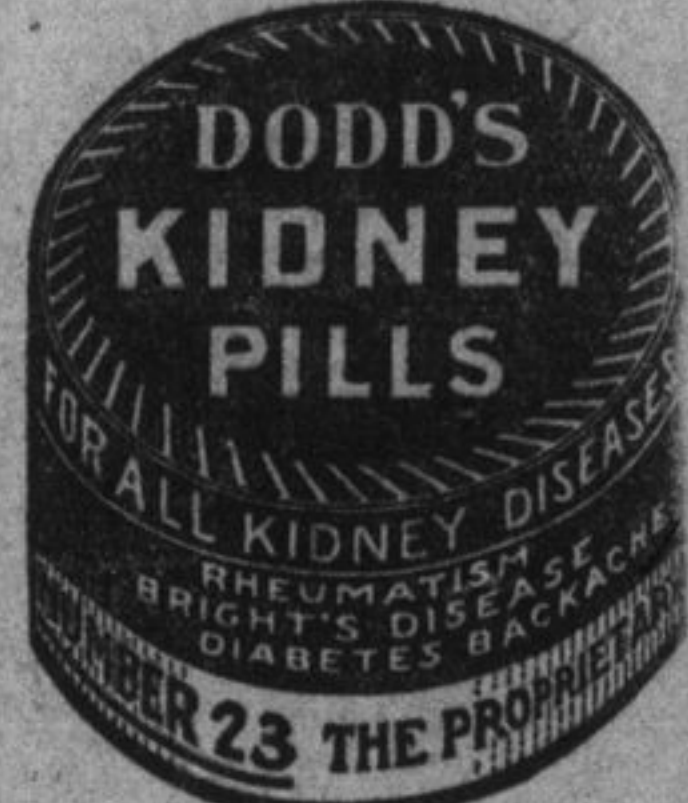
Even the defeat of the rebels in Lower Canada did not cause the military officer to relax any of his vigilance. With the Mayor of the city he prepared a list of men living east and west of Yonge street who could be relied upon in any emergency. These were supplied with rifles which they were warned to have loaded and ready for work at any moment. A bell to be rung from the tower of Upper Canada College would be the call to repel the rebels. When it rang every man living west of Yonge street was to run with his rifle to the Parliament Buildings while all living east of that line were to hasten to the city hall. The Governor assented to the plans although he did not think there was any real danger.

(Continued to-morrow.)

J. N. Francoeur is said to be the choice for next Speaker of the Quebec Legislative Assembly.

It is up to you to furnish your own certificate of good character and worth.

Retribution may not always be on schedule time, but it gets there eventually.



Rippling Rhymes

WINTER NIGHTS.

Winter has unpleasant features, as all honest men admit; when it comes, half frozen creatures are inclined to throw a fit. When big chunks of snow are whizzing on the bosom of the blast, and the blizzard comes a-buzzing, people sigh and say, "Dod Gast!" But for all the beastly weather there is recompense at night, when we camp around together by the grate fire, glowing bright. Father sits and reads a story, and he chortles as he rocks; mother's feeling hunky-dory, while she darns a pair of socks; and the little sons and daughters play around until they're tired; they have put away the swatters that the summer-time required. There are sounds of joyous laughter, there is happiness galore, though the tempest shakes the rafter and comes pounding at the door. Oh, this is an hour enchanting, for our compensation meant, and old winter's wildest ranting cannot scare us worth a cent. And he thunders in his madness, and we hear him roaring bass, but our hearts are full of gladness, and we chuckle in his face.

—WALT MASON.

Those Feelings of Faintness
Those Dizzy Spells and "All Gone," Sinking Sensations

which come over some people from time to time are warnings that must not go unheeded. They indicate an extremely weakened condition of the heart and a disordered state of the nervous system, and call for prompt relief.

This is no time for delay. One fainting spell may be recovered from — will the next? One dizzy spell may pass off, but the next may be more serious.

Those who are wise will start taking
Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills

at once before their case gets hopeless.

This remedy will act directly on the disordered heart and nerves. They strengthen and invigorate the heart, so that it beats strong and regular, tone up the nervous system, and soon the trouble which is the cause of so much worry and anxiety becomes a thing of the past.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c. a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

HATS BIBBY'S HATS

Style Headquarters

Where The New Things Are Shown First

Suits And Overcoats

FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN

In a display that comprises the latest ideas of the country's foremost makers—a display that demonstrates the style leadership we have maintained since we opened our shop for "Things Men Wear."

Young men who dress carefully and appreciate distinction and dignity in smart style; college men; high school men; business and professional men; here are the styles you seek.

Come Now While the Assortment is at its Height

Table listing various suits and overcoats with prices. Includes items like 'The Admiral', 'The Briton', 'The Grant', etc.



Men's Gloves—the best makes. Men's Scarfs—newest ideas. Men's Hats—latest models. Try Bibbys for Fine Underwear—because it will pay you.

SHOES BIBBY'S SHOES

Advertisement for BUNT'S HARDWARE, featuring HERRING BONE METAL LATH and METALLIC PLASTER BEAD.

Advertisement for DAVID SCOTT Plumber, offering plumbing and gas work.

Advertisement for Xmas Packages and Sachet Powders, featuring various scents like SAFRANOR and D-JERKISS.

Advertisement for DR. CHOWN'S DRUG STORE, located at 185 PRINCESS STREET.

Advertisement for DOMINION FISH CO., featuring Lake Ontario Trout and Whitefish.

Advertisement for Pure Sweet Cider, 50c Per Gallon, by Jas. REDDEN & Co.

Advertisement for DELAWARE LACKAWANNA and WESTERN RAILROADS CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL.

Advertisement for Crawford Coal, located at Foot of Queen St.