

WMAK 96; NO. 144

KINGSTON, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1919.

LAST EDITION

THE GERMANS ASKING FOR FURTHER TIME

To Consider the Peace Terms--National Assembly Fails to Get Majority in Favor of Signing the Treaty.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) London, June 20.--The German National Assembly at Weimar has accepted the peace terms of the Allies an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Paris says.

Some doubt is cast on the correctness of the despatch saying the German assembly will sign the treaty by a despatch from Paris which says Germany has asked for further extension of time for signing.

Discussing The Situation.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Paris, June 20.--The council of three, composed of Premiers Lloyd-George and Clemenceau and President Wilson, met this afternoon and, it is understood, discussed the German situation and the Italian cabinet crisis.

The Italian delegation to the peace conference has been directed from Rome to accept the proposition for the settlement of the Dalmatian controversy made by Premiers Lloyd-George and Clemenceau and President Wilson, according to Reuter's Limited.

All reports concerning changes in the German cabinet are premature, says an official German message sent from Nauen at one o'clock this afternoon.

The message adds that the National Assembly failed to get a majority of its members to favor the signing of the peace terms.

THE ITALIAN CABINET MAY QUIT OFFICE

The Statement of Premier Orlando For Faith Towards Allies Created An Uproar And Caused An Adverse Vote.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Rome, June 20.--"Remain faithful to our duties toward the Allies," was a passage in the address of Premier Orlando which turned the tide against the premier and resulted in an adverse vote which had its sequel in the resignation of the Orlando cabinet.

The premier's words aroused the anger and hostility of the deputies. There was a great tumult and cries of "The Allies have never been faithful to us; why should we be faithful to them?"

Difficulties Arise.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Paris, June 20.--The resignation of Premier Orlando's cabinet, should the King of Italy decide to accept it, would, according to conference circles, result in the indefinite postponement of the settlement of the Adriatic question, as it would involve the appointment of a new set of Italian delegates to the peace conference. This raises an additional question as to who will sign the German treaty for Italy on Monday.

A TORONTO EDITOR LIVENS UP MATTERS

At Cost of Living Enquiry--The Police Were Sent For.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Ottawa, June 20.--Proceedings before the Cost of Living Committee this morning were about as lively as ever seen before any committee of Parliament here. John Robinson, editor of the Toronto Telegram, was the storm centre. He has been summoned before the committee to explain certain editorial comments he had made in his paper, and the soon ran foul of members of the committee. H. G. Hocken, Toronto, declared that many things printed in the telegram were lies and Robinson knew it.

"You have less brains than a donkey," said Robinson to E. W. Nesbitt, Oxford, who demanded that Robinson sit down.

"You have no sense of dignity," replied Mr. Nesbitt.

Finally the chairman interposed without avail, and the committee decided to send for the sergeant at arms. The dignitary arrived and gravely walked up to the committee table, wearing his sword. He stayed only a few minutes, then policemen arrived and watched the proceedings with amused smiles.

The vacant principality of the Congregational College of the United Theological Colleges of Montreal is to be filled by the appointment of Rev. David Lake Ritchie, D.D., principal of the Congregational Theological College, Nottingham, Eng.

D. Sutherland, South Oxford, is spoken of as the new minister of agriculture.

Conference Elects Rev. W. P. Rogers Whitby, June 20.--After a very close contest Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., Napness, was elected president of Bay of Quinte Conference on the second ballot. Rev. Chas. H. Coon, Lindsay, was a very strong rival. Both these men have rendered yeoman service to this conference. The secretarial work fell to the lot of Rev. John R. Butler, Warkworth, on the first ballot, and George C. F. Chapman, B.A., and George C. R. McQuade were appointed assistant secretaries.

Want War Time Acts Rescinded. (Canadian Press Despatch.) Atlantic City, N.J., June 20.--The American Federation of Labor, in convention here, refused to ask for the release of the so-called political and industrial prisoners convicted under the espionage and other war time acts. Instead, the Federation adopted a modified resolution, requesting that these acts be rescinded with the formal coming of peace.

Several million of francs are being expended by the French Government in developing the fishing industry on the island of St. Pierre.

The reported loss of the Donetz Coal Basin by the Bolsheviks is regarded as a heavy blow to the Soviet Government.

Prospected drought has ruined the strawberry crop around St. Thomas.

FOCH FORMING HIS NEW FRONT

The Concentration Will Be Completed on Saturday.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Paris, June 20.--Marshal Foch is forming one front against the Germans from the Rhine to the Danube. L'Intransigent says it is informed. The Allied commander-in-chief, it is added, will henceforth extend his command over the Czechoslovak, Rumanian and Polish armies.

Army Ready Saturday. Coblenz, June 20.--The concentration of American, British, French and Belgian troops began by order of Marshal Foch, preparatory to advancing further into Germany, will be completed Saturday when several hundred thousand Allied soldiers will stand ready to march toward Berlin if the Germans do not sign the peace terms.

Wilson's Challenge. Brussels, June 20.--President Wilson, in an address before the Belgian Chamber of Deputies here delivered an impassioned defense of the league of nations. He declared that "any nation which declines to adhere to this covenant deliberately turns away from the most telling appeal that has ever been made to its conscience and to its manhood."

The league, he stated, is the child of this great war, "for it is the expression of those permanent resolutions which grew out of the temporary necessities of this great struggle."

A FELLOW MAY GET WHAT BOOZE HE WANTS

When Peace Is Proclaimed--What the Vote of the Senate Means.

Ottawa, June 20.--By the action of the Senate in decreeing that nationwide prohibition shall not continue in effect after peace is declared, once more it will be a simple matter for an Ontario man to get all the "hard stuff" he wants. Doctors' prescriptions will be a drug on the market, for they will no longer be needed.

Hon. Arthur Meighen, Minister of the Interior, who is learned in the law, made this point clear when asked if a man in one "dry" province would be able to import liquor from another "dry" province.

He said: "Yes; as soon as peace is proclaimed we go back to the Doherty Act. A man in a 'dry' province may get all the liquor he needs for his personal use from another 'dry' province, as none of the provincial acts forbid that. Also Canadian distillers and brewers may resume the export of liquor and other beverages to other countries. Liquor may also be imported into Canada from other countries."

Will Stay in Federal Arena. Windsor, June 20.--"There is absolutely nothing in it, and I say so without verbal or mental reservation," stated Hon. George F. Graham, when questioned by the Canadian Press regarding a rumor circulating his name with the leadership of the provincial Liberal party in Ontario.

"Whatever part I am prevailed to take will be in the federal arena," added Mr. Graham. "The Liberals of South Essex have honored me with their federal nomination, and if I appear you will find me bearing the standard of Liberalism in that good old Liberal riding in the next federal general election. This is absolutely final."

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PRINCE OF WALES COMING IN AUGUST

To Attend Opening of Toronto Exhibition and Federal Buildings.

Ottawa, June 20.--His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales is expected to arrive in Canada during the month of August, and will be present at the opening of the Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto, and at the official opening of the new Canadian Parliament buildings. The following staff will accompany him on his Canadian tour:

Chief of staff, the Marquis of Salisbury; chief private secretary, Lieut. Col. E. M. Gries; assistant secretary, Sir Godfrey Thomas, Bart.; equerries, Capt. Lord-Claud Hamilton, and Capt. the Hon. T. W. Legh.

Information, the details of which are kept secret, is in the hands of the police which indicates that this revolutionary movement will be launched with a series of bomb attacks on a large scale, it being planned to kill a number of prominent citizens in each big city with a view to terrifying the population, so that in the resultant confusion, the reds may seize the reins of civil government. A warning to the police of all cities to be on their guard, and to arrest all against whom suspicious lies, has been sent broadcast by the Department of Justice.

In New York, no chances will be given. No official reason has been given for the sudden mobilization orders given to the state guard, but at 7 p.m. last night, two brigades assembled rapidly at the armories and were rushed to strategic points all over the city to test their efficiency and their ability to reach quickly affected areas in the event of serious riots occurring on July 4th.

No Longer Methodist Minister. Winnipeg, June 20.--At the closing session of the Methodist Conference of Manitoba it was decided to notify Rev. William Ivens, pastor of the Labor church, and one of the leaders of the strike movement, that he can no longer preach as a minister of the Methodist church, and is deprived of the standing and functions of a minister conferred at his ordination. The only reason cited was his unwillingness to devote himself to the work as a Methodist minister.

Testimony before the Cost of Living Committee at Ottawa Thursday, showed that prices of wool had increased tremendously since the war started, selling this year from 45c to 70c, as compared with 20c to 22c in 1914.

The commons refused to make any cut in the tax on farm implements. The vote was 58 to 40.

Strawberries are selling in Beaufort at 18 cents a box and in London at 20 cents.

The Italian Government resigned Thursday night following an adverse vote against it in the Chamber of Deputies.

All the English-speaking strike leaders who were arrested at Winnipeg have been released on \$2,000 bail. Their cases will be tried in the civil courts.

The German National Assembly will make its final decision Saturday. It is thought possible the assembly may order a plebiscite, which, it is claimed, could be taken in forty-eight hours.

The British dirigible R-34 will not make a start for the United States until after the signing of peace.

The British fleet is now on a war footing, awaiting the decision of Germany on the peace treaty.

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WOULD OVERTHROW U.S. GOVERNMENT

And Set Up a Soviet Republic at Uncle Sam's Capital.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) New York, June 20.--There is every evidence that on July 4th, or about that date, a widespread and determined effort will be made by the radicals of this country to overthrow the United States government and set up a soviet republic. This is no wild statement.

The Department of Justice, the police and the military authorities are fully aware of the Bolshevik preparations, and elaborate precautions are being taken. It will be surprising if July 4th passes without a renewal of bombing outrages, and the authorities have received warning that other forms of fanatical violence will be attempted with a view to the establishment of a reign of terror.

In Washington the Department of Justice made public testimony, showing that A. Mitchell Palmer, the attorney-general, had advised the House appropriations committee in asking for \$20,000,000 with which to fight anarchy and Bolshevism, that information had been received that at no distant day there would be a revolutionary attempt to rise up and destroy the government. The plan extended throughout the entire country, he said.

Letters seized at the Russian soviet bureau, at 110 West Fortieth street, show that at least one regularly organized branch of the Socialist party, and other Social organizations were engaged in a movement to set up a soviet republic in the United States.

Information, the details of which are kept secret, is in the hands of the police which indicates that this revolutionary movement will be launched with a series of bomb attacks on a large scale, it being planned to kill a number of prominent citizens in each big city with a view to terrifying the population, so that in the resultant confusion, the reds may seize the reins of civil government. A warning to the police of all cities to be on their guard, and to arrest all against whom suspicious lies, has been sent broadcast by the Department of Justice.

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COMMENT ON TREATY.

Conviction of Kaiser Worth Dozen Leagues of Nations.

London, June 20.--Commenting on the final peace terms to the Germans, the Daily Telegraph says: "The original terms have stood an unexampled fire of criticism from every imaginable quarter and have survived it fairly well. They will be imposed substantially unchanged. All modifications now conceded have only one purpose, namely, to render the character of justice they display still more unmistakable."

The Times thinks there is a suggestion of some highly dubious concessions made through German importunity. It is not surprised at French doubts concerning the admission of Germany to the League of Nations at an early date.

The Daily News says that in so far as the terms have been modified they have been modified to Germany's advantage, but substantially remain as in original form. Refusal to sign will be a disaster for Germany and a misfortune for the whole world.

The Daily Chronicle's impression is that the Germans will sign but if through internal political dissensions they delay, our armies and fleets will still be ready.

The Daily Mail expresses no final opinion. There seems to be a weakening on the reduction of the German army, but regarding Germany's navy, trial of the Kaiser and other points, the Allies' reply, seems firm.

The Daily Graphic says that the Germans escape full financial responsibility despite all Lloyd George's promises during the last election, but it is satisfactory to bring the Kaiser to trial which, if fairly conducted, will do more to prevent further wars than a dozen Leagues of Nations.

Which Have Taken Place Between the Government, the Civic Officials and the Strike Committee--No Explanation Yet Given. (Canadian Press Despatch.) Winnipeg, June 20.--"The strike will be called off to-morrow, if not to-day."

This was the definite declaration of a man who was closely in touch with the conferences that took place yesterday between the government, civic officials and the strike committee.

No explanation was volunteered as to why he had come to this conclusion.

Following the release on bail of \$2,000 each, R. B. Russell, William Beas, Ald. John Queen, Ald. A. A. Heaps, George Armstrong and E. B. Bray, arrested in the spectacular raid last Tuesday morning, reached Winnipeg from Stoney Mountain penitentiary this morning. So far they have declined to make any statements.

There was little change in the strike situation this morning. It was stated that several more street cars had been put into service. Many employees declared that the back-to-work movement continues steadily.

Mr. Burrell, in reply, stated that all vacancies are reported to the civil service commission and regulations are dealt with as quickly as possible. When more important positions are to be filled, they are advertised for about thirty days in order to allow applicants at distant points to reply. Any delay that occurs is due to the necessity for making full investigation into the merits of applicants.

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NATIONAL NICKEL POLICY NEEDED

Pro-German Influence in Connection With the Nickel Exports.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Ottawa, June 20.--In the House yesterday Mr. MacLean declared that Canada needed a national policy in regard to nickel. The treasury to-day was in need of money, and it appeared to him two companies which should contribute by way of taxes were the International Nickel and the Mond Nickel Companies. If Canada was really in control of nickel and the precious metals contained in it, why did she not assume her control?

He was not going further into the matter at the present time, but he warned the Government that certain facts with regard to the export of nickel during the war would be brought out in England which would show that there was a pro-German influence in connection with these exports. It had never been brought out just who the controllers of the International Nickel Company were, but he would not be at all surprised to find that it was controlled in Germany. He advocated the taking over of nickel mines by the Government.

Sir Thomas White said that a lot of the remarks of the previous speaker had little to do with the item under discussion. As far as the free admission into Canada of nickel was concerned, it was merely a continuance of past practice. Nickel had hitherto borne no duty. The member for York South had made vague statements with regard to nickel exports from Canada during the war. Sir Thomas declared that everything which the Government had done with regard to nickel during the war period had been done with the hearty approval of the British Government. If Canada had not allowed nickel to go out of the country, Great Britain would not have been able to get it.

He did not think that any Canadian nickel had fallen into German hands, but even if this had happened would Canada have been justified in shutting off the supply of nickel to the United States? Such a question might have raised a grave question with that country. Supporting the United States had been repelled by shutting off our supply of anthracite coal. Instead of doing so she had been very generous to us in giving us coal.

With regard to Mr. MacLean's contention that these nickel companies should be taxed, Sir Thomas declared that the Canadian Copper Company, which was the holding company for the International Nickel in Canada, was being taxed. It was impossible to tax the International Nickel Company because it was an American concern. He resented any insinuation that the Government had been remiss in controlling nickel during the war.

Mr. MacLean, speaking again, said he was not making charges, but again intimated that some interesting developments might shortly be expected.

After Sir Thomas White had characterized Mr. MacLean's assertions as a tissue of misstatements, the deputy speaker insisted on the discussion being brought to a close on the ground that Mr. MacLean had wandered from the subject.

G. H. Burnham asked if it is a fact that applications for the open for application to the government service are held open so long that returned soldier applicants get no satisfaction and have to give it up.

Mr. Burrell, in reply, stated that all vacancies are reported to the civil service commission and regulations are dealt with as quickly as possible. When more important positions are to be filled, they are advertised for about thirty days in order to allow applicants at distant points to reply. Any delay that occurs is due to the necessity for making full investigation into the merits of applicants.

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THE PRINCE OF WALES

company him on his Canadian tour: Chief of staff, the Marquis of Salisbury; chief private secretary, Lieut. Col. E. M. Gries; assistant secretary, Sir Godfrey Thomas, Bart.; equerries, Capt. Lord-Claud Hamilton, and Capt. the Hon. T. W. Legh.

MAY BE DEATH KNELL FOR BEER AND WINE

Move to Exempt Them From Prohibition Losses in United States.

Washington, June 20.--Certain defeat for efforts to have Congress exempt beer and wine from operation of the war time prohibition law was seen in an overwhelming vote of 55 to 11 in the Senate against an exemption proposal.

By that margin, the Senate tabled a motion by Senator Phelan, Democrat, to add a rider to the agricultural Appropriation Bill for application of the war time prohibition law to distilled spirits alone. The sentiment of the Senate thus expressed in the first test vote of this Congress was taken generally to sound the death knell for measures designed to permit use of beer and wines under the war time legislation.

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