

YEAR 86; NO. 132

KINGSTON, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, JUNE 6, 1919.

LAST EDITION

TO ROUND UP ALL ANARCHISTS

Great Trap Set For Reds Who Seek Overthrow of Government.

HIDING IN NEW YORK

MANY TERRORISTS BELIEVED TO BE IN METROPOLIS.

Officials Hold Conference—Many Allen Agitators Will Likely Be Deported From the United States. New York, June 6.—The eight cities in which bomb outrages were perpetrated Monday night have arranged for an interchange of police officers to facilitate co-operation of all the agencies at work running down the radicals responsible for the explosions. It was announced at police headquarters here to-day.

The statement came at the close of a conference between federal agents and representatives of the municipal police departments of various cities.

It was stated that detachments of the New York bomb squad have been sent to Pittsburgh, Washington, Philadelphia, Boston and other cities in the hope that they can be of assistance in rounding up anarchists and other radicals who are familiar figures in the exclusive "red" society of New York.

Officers connected with the police departments of several of the cities in which there were bomb outrages Monday night will come to New York and give the police here whatever help they can. The belief was expressed that anarchists in several of the cities have fled to New York in an effort to avoid arrest.

Agitators to be Deported. Washington, June 6.—Many of the aliens now being caught in the dragnet thrown out by federal and municipal police as the result of the bomb outrages last Monday night may be deported. It became known to-day that records in the case of all of those arrested who cannot be connected directly with the bomb plot are being turned over to the Department of Labor.

Crerar Resigns From Cabinet

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Ottawa, June 6.—The resignation of Hon. T. A. Crerar as minister of agriculture was announced to-day, and in the Commons Sir Robert Borden read correspondence relating to it. It is understood he took definite issue on the budget. It is expected that during the coming budget debate Mr. Crerar will further outline his position on the tariff.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS STRIKE IN TEN STATES

President of Union Predicts Nation-wide Strike in Few Days.

Washington, June 6.—Employees of the Western Union Telegraph Company in Florida, Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, West Virginia, Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, and New Orleans, La., who are members of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union, have been ordered to go on strike immediately.

President Koenenkamp said the strike order was issued in support of Atlanta telegraph and telephone operators who went out several days ago, and asserted it would unquestionably be followed by a nation-wide strike within a few days.

Allied intervention in Hungary is asked for to put down the communist uprising.



THE OLD AND NEW AUSTRIA. The above map shows the new frontiers of Austria as provided in the peace treaty.

THE STRIKE SITUATION UNCHANGED AT PARIS

Contempt For Persons Who Say Bolshevism Is Behind the Strike.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Paris, June 6.—The strike situation was stationary this morning. Transport workers at meetings held yesterday pledged themselves to remain out until their demands were fully satisfied, and the subway employees passed resolutions expressing contempt for "persons who have been insinuating that Bolshevism is behind the strike."

OFFERS \$50,000 PRIZE FOR PACIFIC FLIGHT

Thomas H. Ince's Offer to Man Who Flies From California to Australia.

Venice, Cal., June 6.—An offer of \$50,000 as prize money for a flier who will attempt a flight from this city to Australia, was made yesterday by Thomas H. Ince, motion picture producer. To the first man to land on Australian soil, \$35,000 will be paid, the announcement said.

No Further Progress Made.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Paris, June 6.—When the Council of Four met this morning Premier Orlando of Italy was absent. This led to the belief that the Adriatic question was again under consideration. It is understood that no further progress has been made by various elements working in the solution of this problem.

Reparation—50 Billion Dollars.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Paris, June 6.—It is believed probable that the allied and associated powers will comply with Germany's demand to state definitely the approximate amount of reparation and that this amount will be in the neighborhood of 250 billion francs (about fifty billion dollars).

Mayor Calls Halt.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Winnipeg, June 6.—In a formal proclamation, published this morning, Mayor Charles F. Gray has completely tied up the Canadian Pacific has begun arrangements to fill the places of the striking stewards with girls on their coastwise steamers. The stand taken by the newspapers at Vancouver in their refusal to permit the censorship of strike news by the Typographical Union was won for the newspapers to-day when the union receded from its action.

STANDING OF CLUBS.

- National League. St. Louis, 1; Cincinnati, 0. American League. Boston, 2; Detroit, 1; Chicago, 5; New York, 1; Washington, 6; St. Louis, 1; Philadelphia, 10; Cleveland, 6. International League. Toronto, 7; Buffalo, 0; Baltimore, 4; Newark, 1; Jersey City, 3; Reading, 2; Binghamton, 10; Rochester, 2.

Turks Proclaim Massacre.

Salonika, June 6.—A proclamation inviting the Turks to massacre the Greeks in Thrace has been distributed at Adrianople. The text of the proclamation is published here.

General Herbert, Commanding the Third French Army, has arrived here on a special mission.

He has conferred at length with General Paraskevopoulos, the Greek commander-in-chief.

U.S. IRISHMEN DEMAND ENQUIRY

Into the Irish Question by the Peace Conference.

ASK PRESIDENT WILSON

TO TAKE UP MATTER WITH HIS COLLEAGUES.

If He Refuses Then the Italian Delegation Will Be Invited to Come to Old Ireland's Aid.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Paris, June 6.—Frank P. Walsh, one of the delegates of the Irish Societies in the United States, who visited Ireland recently, has presented a demand to President Wilson that the peace conference investigate the Irish question. His demand is accompanied by a six thousand-word report on observations made by Mr. Walsh and his colleagues, Michael J. Ryan and Edward J. Dunne, during their visit to Ireland.

REACHED HALIFAX.

The SS. Mauretania Has Docked at the Wharf. (Canadian Press Despatch.) Halifax, June 6.—The Cunard liner Mauretania, with 182 officers and 3,057 other ranks, including the 87th Battalion for Montreal, 75th and 102nd Battalions for Toronto and the 54th Battalion for Hamilton, arrived early this morning from Liverpool and docked at pier No. 2 at seven o'clock.

SHORTER WORKING HOURS.

The recent spell of hot weather has made the merchants of Kingston realize that the shorter hours movement is a good one. The latest class of storekeepers to study the interests of their help is composed of the grocers in the outlying districts of the city such as Portmouth, Williamsville and out Montreal street, and those along Barrie street and other parts of the city away from the downtown district. These grocers have announced that, commencing with next Wednesday, they will close at one o'clock every Wednesday afternoon, thus giving their assistants a weekly half-holiday during the hot summer months. The benefit of this will be greatly felt and appreciated by those who work in their stores, for only those who have worked in a store can realize how hard it is to be kept indoors day after day during the hot season.

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NAPANEE REAL ESTATE BOOM.

Gunner Horace Ward Returns From Overseas. (From Our Own Correspondent.) Napanee, June 6.—James Gordon, Toronto, is renewing acquaintances in Napanee for a few weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Manson Stevens and family motored to Toronto on Sunday last and spent a few days. Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Todd and family also went to Toronto to spend the holiday with friends. Napanee is experiencing a real estate boom. The following properties have been sold at good figures: J. W. Robinson purchased H. B. Sherwood's handsome residence on Piety Hill; A. E. Cantow has purchased the W. T. Waller store next to his present stand; W. R. Lot purchased the W. T. Waller residence, West Bridge street; John T. Soby has purchased J. W. Robinson's house on Dundas street.

Mr. and Mrs. Woodruff and son, Leeman, of Toronto, spent the weekend the guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Hunter, John street. Major Miles Miller and Miss Josephine Vrooman arrived home from England on Thursday.

Gunner Horace Ward arrived home on Saturday after three years' service overseas.

TO HASTEN PROROGATION.

An Extra Sitting of Commons Likely by Next Week.

Ottawa, June 6.—It is practically certain that morning and Saturday sittings of the Commons will commence next week with the fixed determination of winding up the session before the end of June. In view of the fact that a full session is almost certain to be held, and that the franchise act will go over until then, it is believed to be possible to bring about prorogation in three weeks.

The autumn session is predicted to convene in October, and last about two months. Ratification of the peace terms, the franchise act and consideration of matters which cannot be finally dealt with this session, including the final report of the special committee enquiring into the cost of living, will constitute the main business of the fall meeting of Parliament.

It will not be necessary to vote supply at this session because the estimates now before the House cover expenditures until March 31st, 1920, and by that time the fourth session since the general election will be under way.

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TARIFF CHANGES ARE ANNOUNCED

The War Tariff on Food and Clothing is Repealed.

HIGHER INCOME TAXES

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS TO BE CHEAPER.

Lower Tariff on Coffee and Tea—Reciprocal Free Trade in Wheat and Potatoes—Business Tax Continued.

Ottawa, June 6.—Concluding his budget speech yesterday afternoon Sir Thomas White announced the proposals of the Government for increasing the revenue and the tariff changes which are to be made.

Under the Customs Tariff War Revenue Act, 1915, a British preferential tariff rate of five per cent, and an intermediate and general tariff rate of seven and a half per cent, were imposed upon, with certain exceptions, all imported goods.

We propose to wholly repeal this British preferential tariff rate of five per cent. Further we propose to partially repeal the intermediate and general tariff rate of seven and one-half per cent, at present in effect under the Customs Tariff War Revenue Act referred to, by making it no longer applicable to the following classes of articles, namely:

- Foodstuffs, linen and cotton clothing, woollen clothing, boots and shoes, fur caps and fur clothing, hats, caps, hoods and bonnets, gloves and mitts, collars and cuffs, laces, skins, leather, harness and saddlery, agricultural implements, petroleum, oils, mining machinery, and bituminous coal.

The minister proceeded to announce other modifications:

Reduction of five cents per pound on all tariffs, on ground coffee and three cents per pound under the preferential on British grown teas. This is a new preference.

Free importation to Canada of wheat, whole flour and potatoes from countries where no duty is imposed on such articles from Canada.

Alteration in rates on soda ash to one-fifth cent pound, preferential and three tenths cent general tariff.

Specific, instead of ad valorem duties of pig lead, zinc, spelter and white iron, and certain products therefrom.

In regard to agricultural implements Sir Thomas announced a co-operative arrangement, making for a reduction of duty. An arrangement, he said, has been made with the railways whereby the rates on these commodities will be the same as on the American lines.

What Farmers Get.

He continued: "Including the seven and half per cent war duty reduction, to which I have already referred, our proposals if adopted by the House will provide for a total reduction under the general tariff from 27 1/2 per cent to 15 per cent, on cultivators, harrows, horse-rakes, seed drills, manure spreaders and weeders, and complete parts thereof, and from 27 1/2 per cent to 17 per cent on ploughs and complete parts thereof, windmills and complete parts thereof, portable engines and traction engines for farm purposes, horsepower and threshing machines, separators and appliances thereof.

On hay loaders, potato diggers, fodder or feed cutters, grain crushers, fanning mills, hay tedders, farm, road or field rollers, posthole diggers, snails and other agricultural implements the resolutions will provide for a total reduction in the rate from 32 1/2 per cent to 20 per cent, and a similar reduction on farm wagons.

Cement Duties Drop.

In the case of cement, the war customs duty will be repealed and the general tariff rate reduced to 30 per 100 pounds. This is a reduction of two cents from the present general tariff rate.

"The total estimated loss of revenue from the tariff reductions which we have proposed aggregates \$11,000,000.

Owing to the estimated volume of imports in Canada, due to diminished purchasing power, during the current year, and the probable decline in prices as well, we may expect that, including the loss due to the reductions now proposed, we shall sustain a total loss in customs revenue for the present fiscal year of at least \$25,000,000.

The Tariff Changes.

7 1/2 per cent war tariff repealed for food and clothing.

Five per cent war tariff on British imports repealed.

Lower tariff on coffee and tea. Reciprocal free trade in wheat. Reciprocal free trade in potatoes. Cheaper agricultural implements. Cement duty cut 2c per cwt. Reductions mean revenue loss of \$25,000,000.

Higher taxes on all incomes over \$1,000 for bachelors and \$2,000 for married men.

Income tax under \$6,000 4 per cent, over \$6,000 5 per cent, with extra 2 per cent for every extra \$2,000 income.

Business profits tax continued.

To partially offset this loss and close the gap of the deficit of sixteen million dollars between revenue and current expenditure which it would cause, we propose a heavy increase in income taxation.

Four per cent is to be levied on all individual incomes over one thousand dollars, and not exceeding six thousand dollars, in the case of unmarried persons, widows and civilians without dependent children, and upon all incomes exceeding \$2,000 up to \$6,000 of married people and eight per cent normal tax on all incomes exceeding \$6,000.

The surtax will commence from \$5,000 and shall increase by graduation going up at the rate of one per cent as incomes reach \$6,000, \$8,000, \$10,000, \$12,000 and so on up to 65 per centum on an income of \$1,000,000.

The rate is 24 per cent, on \$50,000; 52 per cent, on \$100,000; 60 per cent, on \$200,000.

On an income of \$3,000 of a married man, the present tax is \$20, the new tax \$40; on \$4,000, increased from \$60 to \$80; on \$5,000, from \$100 to \$120; on \$6,000 from \$140 to \$170; on \$8,000 from \$266 to \$370; on \$10,000 from \$398 to \$520.

The business profits war tax act is extended for another year at the same rates as heretofore.

By way of compensating the railways for their concession in rates on agricultural implements the war tax of 7 1/2 per cent, on bituminous coal is taken off.

The Minister considered a general revision of tariff unsound at this time, but within a year conditions, he thought, would be stabilized to permit of this. A thorough inquiry would precede it, commencing probably this fall.

Sir Thomas announced that in future all corporations shall pay a 10 per cent, on their net income in excess of \$2,000.

The Country's Debt.

Probably the most interesting statement made by Sir Thomas was that the ultimate debt of the Dominion when all expenditures are met will be \$1,950,000,000, or \$220 per head of population and involving an annual interest burden of \$15,000,000. This is exclusive of pensions which will cost the country from thirty-five to forty million dollars per annum. While impressing upon the House the fact that the burden to be borne is heavy, Sir Thomas said Canada was in a much better position than many other countries and there was no reason why we should be discouraged.

The cost of the war up to March 31st, and close of the fiscal year was \$1,327,273,348. For the fiscal year it was \$450,000,000, as compared with \$60,760,475 for the first year of the war. During the war period, \$276,943,577 of its principal cost was paid out of revenue. With pensions and interest disbursements the amount paid out of revenue was \$438,233,248.

The finance minister told the House that demobilization costs for the current fiscal year will be not less than \$300,000,000 and total expenditure \$620,000,000. Revenue on the other hand will not exceed \$250,000,000, or about sufficient to cover ordinary expenditure. There would have to be at least one more loan to cover demobilization and capital expenditure.

For the past fiscal year, Sir Thomas was able to announce that revenue had exceeded ordinary expenditure by seventy million dollars of which forty-eight million dollars had been devoted to war expenditure. In order to successfully cope with the financial situation the Finance Minister said there must be agricultural (Continued on Page 5.)

KINGSTON BOY'S HARROWING TALE

Of Cruelty Perpetrated Aboard the American Barkentine Puaka.

CAPTAIN CLUBBED SEAMAN

UNTIL HE SIGNED DOCUMENT PRESENTED TO HIM.

James Campbell, of Kingston, Witnessed the Document—The Terrible Scene in the Captain's Cabin. New York, June 6.—Tales of cruelty alleged to have been perpetrated on the high seas aboard the American barkentine Puaka, were told in Judge Hoag's court, in the federal building yesterday, by four seamen. Each of the stories in harrowing detail dovetailed into the other. The stories were told from the witness stand in the trial of Capt. Adolph C. Pedersen and his son, Adolph Eric Pedersen, who are charged with the murder of Axel Hanson, a seaman of the Puaka, on Aug. 6th, 1918, while the vessel was at sea.

William Jones, a Welsh miner, who shipped aboard the Puaka at Victoria, B.C., just before the sailing ship left that port for Cape Town, South Africa, declared Capt. Pedersen had struck him across the back with a club so hard that he was rendered unconscious for more than an hour and a half.

Asked by Benjamin Matthews, assistant district attorney, to describe the water-cure alleged to have been used by Capt. Pedersen and his two sons, who were officers of the ship, Jones testified:

"I was chained in the pump-hold with another man for three days and three nights. We were chained to the pump. The gasoline pump, with hose attached, was started and bilge water was pumped on us for half an hour at a time, as long as there was any water in the bilges. The captain and the two mates were present."

Kingstonian Gives Evidence. James Campbell, of Kingston, Ont., another member of the crew, told a harrowing story. He testified that last July he was called into the cabin by the captain to witness a statement that Hanson was compelled to sign. This incident lasted two and a half hours, during which the captain, both mates, the cabin boy and Campbell, were present.

In relating the incident from the witness stand Campbell said: "Hanson was handcuffed. His face was swollen and his eyes almost closed. There was a big gash down his cheek.

"The captain said to me: 'I want you to witness this statement of Hanson's.' He then handed the statement to Hanson and asked him if it was true. Hanson said 'No.' The captain said: 'Confess, you... confess.' Hanson said 'No,' again, and then the captain said to the mates: 'Wake him up.' The second mate got a big slick and hit Hanson over the head. The first mate began dictating, and the second mate took it down in writing. Hanson wouldn't confess fast enough, so they hit him again. At last the statement was finished and Hanson signed it, and I witnessed it.

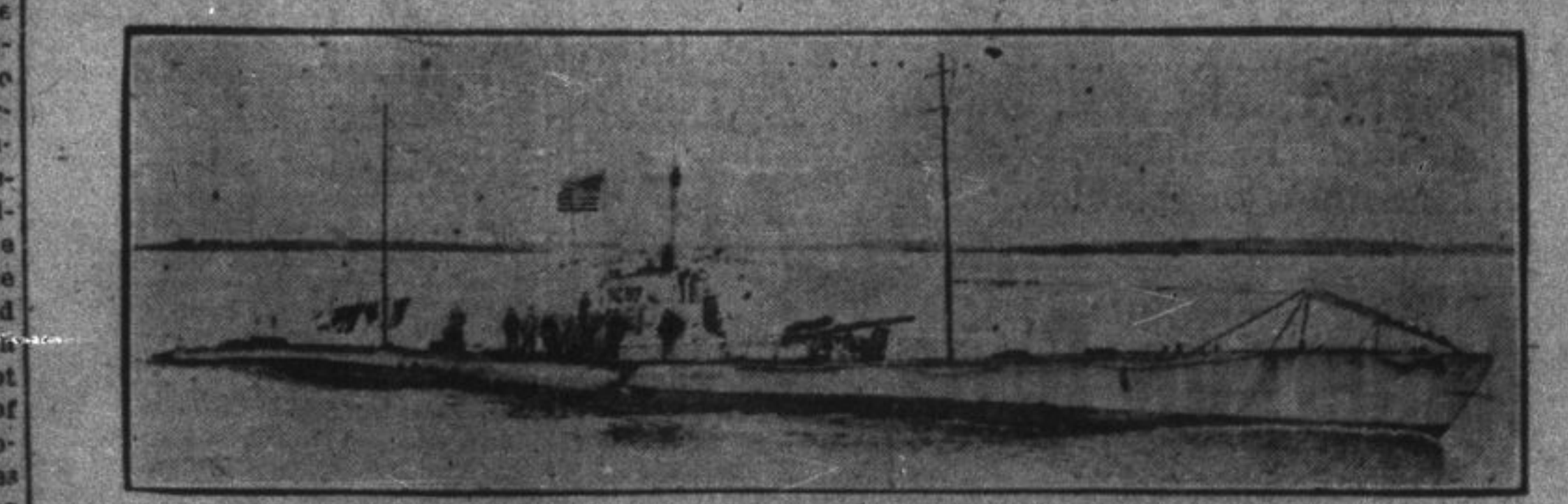
"Did you read it?" asked Mr. Matthews. "No, sir, I never did," replied Campbell.

It is believed that the man Campbell referred to, is the son of Capt. James Campbell, of Kingston, a well-known St. Lawrence and Rideau river master. Young Campbell left home at an early age and settled in the American forces during the Spanish-American and Philippine war. He is an unusually bright young fellow, somewhat of a musician and easily made himself popular with his companions.

Volcano Eruption.

Washington, June 6.—Damage to property in the Kilauea volcano eruption in Java in addition to the great loss of life reported, amounted to about \$14,000,000 the State department was advised to-day.

Growing crops of rice and coffee on 20,000 acres of land were destroyed.



GERMAN SUBMARINE NOW TOURING THE GREAT LAKES. Here is a photograph of the former U-97, the German submarine, given up after the armistice, and now making a tour of the Great Lakes. It made the trip across the Atlantic under its own power, and called at Kingston last Monday.

WHIG CONTENTS
1.—Bound to Round up Anarchists; U.S. Irishmen Demand Enquiry; Tariff Changes Are Announced; A Kingston Boy's Harrowing Tale.
2.—Bishop on Prohibition; Incidents of Day.
3.—Waffle Island News; Brockville Intelligence.
4.—Editorials; Walt Mason's Rhymes; Empire Calendar; Tariff Changes Announced.
5.—Glasgow Events; Telegraphic Tidings; Obituaries.
6.—Announcements, Amusements.
7.—Military News; Theatrical Notices.
8.—A Drop in Cheese; Letter to Editor by N. A. Asselstine; To-day in History.
9.—In the Realm of Women.
10.—Volvet for Girls; Latest Arrivals From Paris.
11.—News From the Countryside.
12.—FORAGE CROPS FOR PLAZA; IT Pays to Advertise.
13.—In the World of Sport.

NEW G.T.R. TRAFFIC MANAGER. H. C. Martin, the new freight manager of the G.T.R., joined the Grand Trunk at Chicago, in 1888 in the local freight office. In 1911 he was appointed general freight agent of the system with headquarters at Montreal. He is one of the most popular of railroad officials.