

A SETTLEMENT IS BEGINNING

Of the Winnipeg Strike, With Arbitration Conference Under Way.

VETERANS AND STRIKERS

PARADED TO PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS IN WINNIPEG.

A Nation-Wide Strike of Members of Telegraphers and Electrical Union Workers Threatened in United States.

(Canadian Press Despatch) Winnipeg, May 31.—With arbitration conference actually under way on the basic industrial dispute of the general strike, the walk-out of metal trades, and hundreds of employees returning to work, a gradual settlement of the civic and industrial tie-up which has been almost complete since May 15th, was beginning to-day, according to Government officials.

Edmonton despatches indicated that the resumption of public service functions is now complete there, although strike headquarters asserted that workers in thirty-two trades were still out. Votes on a general strike, now being taken at Vancouver and Victoria, will be completed and announced within a few days.

Reports from mining districts in Ontario and British Columbia said that the labor situation at Cobalt and Fernie was acute, though not directly related to the Winnipeg strike situation as are the general strikes under way or under discussion at other points.

Though the first outward demonstration of disaffection occurred in Winnipeg yesterday in a parade of veterans and strikers to the Parliament Buildings, no disorders occurred. The veterans promised to return again to assist in the speedy action to legalize collective bargaining, one of the chief points sought by the metal trades in their walk-out, which precipitated the general strike. When the members of the railroad brotherhoods succeeded in beginning the first arbitration conference, efforts to replace striking workers generally slackened except in the police, fire and postal services.

Big Telegraphers' Strike Threatened

(Canadian Press Despatch) Washington, May 31.—According to an announcement here by F. McDonald, chairman of the executive of the board of the Washington District Council, President S. J. Koenekamp, of the International Commercial Telegraphers' Union, has sanctioned the ultimatum sent yesterday to the officials of the American Telephone and Telegraph and other wire companies at Atlanta, Ga., in which a nation-wide strike of the members of the Telegraphers and Electrical Union workers is threatened unless a number of telephone operators recently discharged in Atlanta and vicinity are reinstated by noon Monday.

Railway Men Must Return

(Canadian Press Despatch) Winnipeg, May 31.—At a general conference of officials representing all the railways having headquarters in Winnipeg, it was decided to issue a notice to all employees on strike that unless they report for duty not later than ten o'clock Monday, June 2nd, they will be considered as having left the service and their places will be filled. Railway mail clerks to-day officially called off the sympathetic strike. Labor leaders in Regina have announced that no action will be taken before Tuesday, while resolutions presented to the Moose Jaw labor council were withdrawn.

No More Out in Toronto.

(Canadian Press Despatch) Toronto, May 31.—Efforts of civic and provincial conciliators are being continued to-day to prevent further spread of the sympathetic strike inaugurated yesterday. No additions to the number of unions called out yesterday were reported by the general strike committee at the labor temple to-day, though it was stated that the strike leaders confidently expect that the street railway employees will decide at their mass

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4.—Presidential W.M. Society; Lad Who Stole Horse; Letters to the Editor.
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THE LATEST NEWS BRIEFLY GIVEN

Despatches That Come From Near and Distant Places.

TIDINGS FOR OUR READERS

PRESENTED IN THE BRIEFEST POSSIBLE FORM.

The Whig's Daily Condensation of the News of the World From Telegraphic Service and Newspaper Exchange.

Rev. G. A. McIntosh, Ottawa, was elected secretary of the Montreal Methodist Conference. In the past five months, the Canadian national railways have carried 125,328 returning troops.

Field-Marshal Von Hindenburg expects to go to Switzerland shortly. He intends to take a long rest. The Bolsheviks have driven the Poles from Rovno, after fierce fighting, and occupied the town.

At Rio Janeiro unfavorable weather on Friday prevented complete observation of the total eclipse of the sun. Villa forces have proclaimed Gen. Felipe Angeles provisional president of Mexico, and Villa himself, secretary of war.

During two weeks of strike in Winnipeg, over 30,000 workers have been idle. The loss in wages is estimated at \$1,250,000. An account of the great delay in the settlement of the peace treaty, an extra session of Parliament will probably be set for early autumn.

The militia department states that there are approximately 34,000 troops still to be brought over. This figure includes those now in hospital. Adjutant-General Thacker is ill in London with pneumonia, but is recovering. Col. Almond, director of chaplain services, is also ill, but convalescent.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

A Convict Who Escaped and Wounded a Guard. Leon Leopold Rogers, the youthful North Bay prisoner who made a sensational get-away from the inside of the Portsmouth penitentiary about two months ago, was committed for trial at the June Sessions by County Magistrate Bradshaw on Friday afternoon.

The case was one that created much excitement owing to the circumstances connected with it, particularly the fact that it was in broad daylight and the prisoners had to pass sentries before getting out of reach. He was employed in the kitchen and made a pretext to go to the west gate where he succeeded in getting the guard, J. Berigan, to open it when he struck him a blow on the head and stabbed him with a knife. He was captured by Constable J. G. Ettinger. The charges that Roger will have to face are escape from prison and wounding a guard.

LIUT. JORDAN INJURED.

When G.T.R. Train Was Derailed Near Trenton, Sunday. Lieut. S. Jordan, R.C.H.A., is reported to have been seriously injured on Friday morning when a G. T. R. train was derailed at near Trenton, N.J. A coach loaded with soldiers left the tracks and turned over. A number of the passengers were more or less injured, but Lieut. Jordan was seriously hurt.

At the R.C.H.A. on Saturday morning a report had been received to a telegram inquiring as to the extent of Lieut. Jordan's injuries, and there was considerable apprehension as to his condition. Lieut. Jordan, who resides at 358 Brook street, is in charge of the R.C.H.A. recruiting depot in Toronto, and was bringing some recruits to the city.

MEETING AT BARRIEFIELD.

Held on Friday Night in the Interests of Good Roads. On Friday night a well-attended meeting in the interests of good roads was held in the town hall at Barriefield, when an address was delivered by Anthony Rankin, M.P.P. Prof. Scott was also present, and gave a number of lantern slides illustrating how roads should and should not be built. John A. Wilmut acted as chairman. As in his meeting at Wolfe Island, Mr. Rankin explained the policy of the government in the building of good roads and went into all the details. A great amount of money had in years passed been wasted in the building of roads, but under the new system there would be far better service.

5,000 ARRESTS PER DAY.

Each New York Traffic Cop to "Catch" Five a Day. New York, May 29.—A crusade against traffic violators which will, if the orders of the police department are carried out, result in about 5,000 arrests a day, was started yesterday. Each member of the traffic squad has been ordered to serve five summonses a day. There are, it is estimated, practically 1,000 men in the different traffic squads and they are ordered, not requested, to make the five technical arrests each day.

At the Ontario Medical Association meeting in Toronto, one speaker thought it would be a good thing for the labor men if the medical practitioners went out on strike next week.

R.C.H.A. SWEEP GAPS

In Thick Advancing Hordes of Hun Storm Troops.

RAPID CHANGE IN CONDITIONS

And the Strike in Winnipeg is in Sight of Settlement.

METAL TRADES COUNCIL WILL ACCEPT ENGINEERS' BROTHERHOOD AS MEDIATORS.

The Statement of the Labor Leaders Is That the Strike Will Be Called Off as Soon as the Dispute Shows Signs of Arrangement. (Canadian Press Despatch) Winnipeg, May 31.—A rapid change in conditions has brought the labor dispute within sight of settlement.

Ash Kennedy, one of the leading executives of the Brotherhood of Engineers, announced that the Metal Trades Council has accepted the suggestion that the brotherhood act as mediators. The labor leaders say: "The strike will be called off as soon as the metal workers' dispute shows signs of settlement."

Conditions Re-assuring. Ottawa, May 31.—We have a very reassuring telegram from Senator Robertson to-day that the conditions in Winnipeg is improved, said Sir Robert Borden in the House yesterday in reply to F. S. Cahill, Pontiac. One hundred and ten railway mail clerks who went out have returned to work, and we have a number of returned soldiers applying for work in the post office.

Against Intimidation. Winnipeg, May 31.—An order from the executives of the Canadian Unions of Maintenance of Way employees has been issued and sent to every union in and west of Winnipeg. The order was signed by A. McAndrew, general chairman of the Canadian Pacific Union, and by P. Woods, general chairman of the Woods National Railway Union. The order reads in part: "It has come to our notice that some of our men are being intimidated and are leaving work and are joining the general sympathizers of the strike. This is in direct violation of our agreement. We advise you to remain at your work."

The situation is unchanged but it is expected that the crisis will take place to-day, when it is expected that the men will be ordered back pending a settlement.

8,000 Out in Toronto.

(Canadian Press Despatch) Toronto, May 31.—About three thousand men obeyed the order to go out yesterday. A vote is to be taken to-night by the large labor bodies to decide whether they will join in the strike.

Conditions Elsewhere. London, May 31.—England is threatened with a country-wide police strike. The Metropolitan police of London voted to stop work next Monday night. Toledo, Ohio, May 31.—The street car service is again resumed after a tie-up of six hours, pending an official report from the War Board.

BOLSHEVIKI SURPRISED.

Majority of the Riga Garrison Made Prisoners. Stockholm, May 30.—A despatch received here dealing with the recent capture of Riga by Letts, says the Bolsheviks were completely surprised. A majority of the garrison were made prisoners and all the shops and houses of the wealthiest persons were pillaged. The town was without traffic when the despatch was sent, and was described as seeming to be absolutely dead.

It is stated in the despatch that famine and misery prevailed, and that the news of the arrival of a food commission on Sunday was received with enthusiasm.

New Rebellion in Ireland.

London, May 31.—An impending new rebellion in Ireland with hints of some imminent drastic action by the government has been the subject of prominent paragraphs and articles in certain of the London newspapers during the last few days. The Daily Mail which printed a conspicuous article on Wednesday predicting that the rebellion would be more serious than the last owing to the encouragement given to the Sinn Fein's republican movement by Messrs. Walsh, Dunn and Ryan, the American delegates, carries to-day a report that Walter Hume Long is to replace James Ian Macpherson as chief secretary.

Enviably War Record.

Belleville, May 31.—Gunner Karl Kiser, who arrived home on Wednesday, has an enviable war record. He is wearing the Military Cross with an added Bar. Also the Croix de Guerre and Mons Medal. He went overseas in 1914 with the 24th Battery from here. He also won promotion on the field in addition to receiving medals for bravery displayed.

Dance for Veterans.

Deseronto, May 31.—A very enjoyable dance was held Wednesday evening under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. in aid of the Great War Veterans' Association. About two hundred and fifty were present, including friends from Kingston, Napanee, Belleville, and Picton.

THE W.C.T.U. OFFICERS ELECTED FOR YEAR

Hastings, Lennox and Addington Counties Convention Concludes.

RUSSIA MUST SAVE HERSELF.

The British There May be Withdrawn.

London, May 31.—Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary of War, speaking in the House of Commons, foreshadowed the possibility of the withdrawal of foreign troops from Russia by the end of summer, owing to the favorable situation. As soon as peace was signed, he said, the Rhine army could be reduced from ten to six divisions, and still more when it was seen that peace was being effectively carried out.

The British policy, said the Secretary, was that Russia must be saved by the Russian people. The five Great Powers had decided to make it a condition of their further support and formal recognition of the anti-Bolshevik governments in Russia that these governments must first show a clear understanding that victory would be immediately followed by the summoning of a constituent assembly on a democratic franchise.

Apparently there is no excitement among the members of his suite over the terms, the only portion of which interests the imperial exile is the clause relating to himself. The former empress appears to be more affected than her husband and is evidently under the impression that the powers will succeed in bringing him before a tribunal, where there have been no extraordinary movements about the castle lately, the only visitor being Dr. Kravag, who came from Berlin in connection with the liquidation of the personal estates of the Hohenzollerns in Berlin.

Bold and Daring Step. Berlin, May 31.—The former Kaiser is said to have under consideration a bold and daring step that would re-establish his tarnished historical shield, and at the same time perhaps solve the problem, a knotty one for both sides, presented by the demand for his surrender contained in the peace treaty. Wilhelm Hohenzollern voluntarily may offer to place himself before a neutral high court for trial upon the charge that he is guilty of having brought about the world war. There is a movement on foot to induce the ex-Kaiser to take the step. The idea originated with a small circle of personal friends who are still loyal to him.

The proposed petition to Parliament to permit the return of the Kaiser has not been produced yet, but it is almost certain it will be unsuccessful. Minister of the Interior Holme said yesterday.

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PHILIP GIBBS DEALS WITH THE IRISH QUESTION.

Greatly Surprised by Extraordinary Hostility to Wilson by Republicans.—Distrust Was Extensive. London, May 31.—When the Stars and Stripes first fluttered along the roads of war in France, said Philip Gibbs, addressing a large gathering at Birbeck College, a new thing had happened. It was the entry of the most democratic power in the world into the affairs of Europe, and a bridge of boats had been built across the Atlantic which had utterly broken the isolation of America.

Touching upon his recent visit to America, Mr. Gibbs dealt with the American point of view with regard to European affairs, which, he said, all Americans were watching with the keenest interest, and some alarm. He was much surprised on reaching America by the extraordinary and passionate hostility towards President Wilson which was displayed by the Republican party. In New York it was so violent that husbands quarreled with wives, sisters with brothers, and friends with friends over the personality and policy of the President.

Republicans' distrust of President Wilson, he said, was based on the fact that under what he called his pacifist policy, he had humiliated America before the world, and he had been pushed into the war against his will by the pressure of public opinion. However, when America came into the war, said Mr. Gibbs, the whole American people abandoned party politics and supported the President as a war president. But when the war was finished with the armistice, Republicans were roused to real fury against him, and they declined to back him in the League of Nations, until they knew exactly how far he had committed them on the other side. President Wilson had the support of the great masses of the people, who he believed he was really the greatest idealist in the world, and the champion of the world's democracies, who believed, too, that his policy of a League of Nations, which had been weakened by England's imperialism and French militarism, was the only policy which would safeguard the world's peace.

Speaking of Anglo-American friendship, Mr. Gibbs said he found from his personal experiences as a lecturer in the United States that all thinking and reading people of the middle class were very enthusiastic about the heroism and sacrifices of England in the war and desired a very much closer friendly relationship with us. On the other hand, he found there were undoubtedly hostile strains. For instance, there was the German population of 1,000,000 people, and there was the Irish-American strain, which was very strong and very dangerous. It was evident from all he knew and heard that "he should never really get the full friendship of America until the Irish question had been settled and until the Irish people had been granted some measure of self-government."

Our Inspector Dead.

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Chartered a White Line Steamer.

(Canadian Press Despatch) Rome, May 31.—It is reported that the largest steamer in the White Star line has been requisitioned by Great Britain for the embarkation of Indian troops in southern Italy where a reported mutiny exists.

Germany Must Sign Says Lloyd-George. (Canadian Press Despatch) London, May 31.—Lloyd George, in an address last night with reference to the peace treaty said, "We say to the Germans you must sign. If you don't do so at Versailles you will at Berlin. We will not give way."

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U.S. Seaplane Tries Again.

(Canadian Press Despatch) London, May 31.—The United States seaplane N.C.-4 left the port of Ferrol, Spain, for Plymouth, England, at 8:40 o'clock this morning and passed the torpedo boat destroyed Hazelewood at station No. 4 in the Bay of Biscay at 9:03 o'clock this morning.

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KAISER MOPES IN HIS CASTLE

Hides Himself Completely From Outer World Since Reading Peace Terms.

EMPEROR IS FRIGHTENED

FEARS POWERS WILL SUCCEED IN TRYING HIM.

It Is Reported That the Kaiser May Offer to Place Himself Before a Neutral High Court.

Amoregen, Holland, May 31.—Since the former German emperor has been acquainted with the peace terms he has become even more intransigent to the outer world. The only possibility of catching a glimpse of his former majesty is when he crosses the draw-bridge twice daily, going to and returning from his log sawing in the garden of the castle, and then he is only within sight for about four seconds.

Replying to a repeated request for a declaration, the former emperor sent the following words: "Tell the Associated Press that my attitude is unchanged." The messenger, General von Estorff, gave the correspondent no hope that anything was likely to be given out for publication. It is virtually impossible to glean anything regarding the former emperor's life or plans, as everybody in the castle is under strict orders to maintain silence.

Apparently there is no excitement among the members of his suite over the terms, the only portion of which interests the imperial exile is the clause relating to himself. The former empress appears to be more affected than her husband and is evidently under the impression that the powers will succeed in bringing him before a tribunal, where there have been no extraordinary movements about the castle lately, the only visitor being Dr. Kravag, who came from Berlin in connection with the liquidation of the personal estates of the Hohenzollerns in Berlin.

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