

YEAR 86: NO. 20

KINGSTON, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1919.

LAST EDITION

TWO DEFAULTERS GO TO PRISON

James A. Babcock, Bedford, And Thomas And William Fitzgerald, Hinchinbrook.

THEY FAILED TO REPORT

IN ACCORDANCE WITH MILITARY SERVICE ACT.

Police Magistrate Farrell Made a Scathing Attack on the Three Young Men—One Year in Penitentiary.

At the Police Court on Tuesday morning, Magistrate Farrell sentenced James A. Babcock, of Bedford township, and Thomas and William Fitzgerald, brothers, of Hinchinbrook township, to one year each in the penitentiary, for failing to report under the Military Service Act, and in passing sentence His Worship made a most scathing attack on the young farmers for their conduct. The two young men pleaded guilty to the charge, through their counsel, T. J. Rigney.

"I would think that you would be ashamed to show your face in the society of honorable men," said Magistrate Farrell, after he had announced the sentence.

He further remarked that they had shown no regard for life of civilization, and had slunk away like animals, hiding in the woods.

"It may be," added the magistrate, "that your parents are as much to blame as you for your course of action. I cannot say anything as to the truth of this, but I know of other cases where parents have acted unwisely, and allowed their boys to shirk their responsibility."

"As a result of your conduct, you will be branded for all time to come in the eyes of the public, and in the eyes of your children, if you happen to have any. You will be marked with a brand which you will never be able to erase."

The young men were rounded up by Inspector James Graham, of the Dominion police force, and his staff, and there are several other cases yet to be heard. The case of Walter Wannamaker, who is up on a similar charge, has been remanded for a week.

The father of the two men who were sentenced was present in court when sentence was passed, and visited the boys in their cell before they were removed to the "pen."

AUTO BANDITS IN NEW YORK

Five Armed Men in Cars Held Up Two Surface Cars.

TWO CONDUCTORS ROBBED

WHILE AUTO KEPT PACE BEHIND TROLLEY.

Bandits Forced Motorman to Halt and Then They Drove Away in Their Machine.

(Canadian Press Despatch) New York, Feb. 4.—Operations of automobile bandits in New York took a sensational turn today when five armed men in a green touring car held up two surface cars in Flushing and Elmhurst, suburban districts of Brooklyn. During the first hold-up, two of the bandits pointed their revolvers at the motorman and the other three robbed the conductor.

Later, in the business section of Flushing, several of the bandits boarded a trolley car and compelled the motorman to put on full speed. While the bandits were robbing the conductor, the automobile kept pace behind the car. The bandits then forced the motorman to halt and five men drove off in their machine.

C.P.R. earnings for week ending Jan. 31st, \$4,101,000; increase, \$565,000.

WHIG CONCERNS

- 1—Two Defaulters Sent to Prison; Elections Act to be Changed; British Commons Wait on Premier; To Deal With Kingston's Water Supply.
2—Repairing of Canada's Mail Bags; Incidents of the Day.
3—Big Mission Gathering; Dinner Given at St. Stephen's.
4—Editorials; Walt Mason's Rhymes; Things That Never Happen.
5—The Council Asked For Grants; Poor Relief Society; Needs.
6—Canadian News; Sporting Tidings.
7—Classified Page; Theatre and Other Announcements; Late Ads.
8—W.V.A. Meeting; Theatrical News.
9—Beland in German Prison; To Make Chickens Lay.
10—In the Realm of Women; Public Works to Make Work.
11—News of the District; Training Disabled Soldiers.
12—Sporting News; Stories for Readers; Bringing up Father, Caroon.

BRITISH DOMINIONS AT THE PEACE CONFERENCE



Left to right—General Smuts (South Africa), the Hon. William Ferguson Massey (New Zealand), Sir Robert Borden (Canada), Sir George Foster (Canada), the Maharaja of Bikanir (India), and below W. M. Hughes (Australia), Sir P. Sinha (India), and Louis Botha (South Africa).

GLASGOW CONDITIONS ARE MUCH IMPROVED

The Engineering and Shipyard Workers Are Gradually Returning to Work.

(Canadian Press Despatch) London, Feb. 4.—The situation at Glasgow showed further improvement yesterday. Though none of the strikers at Fairfield shipbuilding yards resumed work, fully sixty per cent of the strikers at the Cathcart engineering works and a number at the Linthouse ship yard returned to work yesterday afternoon. Shipwrights at Govan notified the authorities they would resume work this morning if protection for them could be provided. It is understood that the impression prevails among the authorities that a small minority brought about the strike at Glasgow.

PEACE SHOULD BE SPEEDILY PERFECTED

Balfour Engaged Fixing Proposed Territorial Boundaries of the Defeated Nations.

(Canadian Press Despatch) Paris, Feb. 4.—There is a growing feeling here that the treaty of peace should be speedily perfected, now that the principle of a society of nations and many of the details of its construction have been agreed upon. Arthur J. Balfour, British foreign secretary, is engaged upon a proposition to fix the territorial boundaries of the defeated nations at once, and to promptly conclude peace with the enemy as so constituted. The programme would then be to go on with the settlement of the other questions remaining to be solved under the rules of the society of nations.

MUST BE CRUSHED BY ARMS

Only Way to Deal With Bolshevism, Says Omsk Opinion.

Omsk, Feb. 4.—Public opinion in Omsk, where many thousands of refugees who fled before the wave of Bolshevism in European Central Russia are gathered, appears greatly exercised over the proposal of the allied powers for a conference of the various Russian factions, including the Bolsheviks. The general idea among these refugees seems to be that Bolshevism must be crushed by arms, and that no negotiations should be held with representatives of the Bolshevik regime.

CLEARING MINES FROM COAST

Many Months Before All Safely Rounded Up.

London, Feb. 4.—Mine sweeping operations around the British coast are proceeding satisfactorily. It is stated on authority however that several more months must pass before the North Sea will be clear of mines.

Theoretically the life of a mine is about twenty years, but with leakage of water through the rivets it cannot be said to be alive after three or four years.

Some of the mines strown in the North Sea at the beginning of the war were found to be in good order when picked up recently.

NEW FORCE OF 5,000

Canadians Re-enlisting in Permanent Force to Serve Two Years.

London, Feb. 4.—Every Canadian unit is to submit a return of non-commissioned officers and men, members of the permanent force, who wish to re-engage or have still one year and upwards to serve since their last renewal. The Canadian Associated Press correspondent has been notified that the permanent force is being reconstituted and will have a strength not exceeding five thousand men. The terms of new enlistment will be for two years with pay the same as the expeditionary forces.

H. R. SILVER Halifax, N.S. New Director of the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

ELECTIONS ACT TO BE CHANGED

War Times Act Is To Be Replaced by Parliament.

DISFRANCHISE DESERTERS

IS PRACTICALLY CERTAIN, IS THE OTTAWA REPORT.

Steps Already Taken in That Direction by Provincial Legislatures—A Big Debate on New Act Is Certain.

Ottawa, Feb. 4.—The probable scope of the Federal Franchise Act to be introduced by the Government at the approaching session of Parliament is a matter of considerable speculation in parliamentary and political circles. The act will replace the War Times Election Act, but may retain some of the features of the legislation under which the present Parliament was elected, including the disfranchisement of certain citizens of alien enemy birth. In this respect it is understood, however, that the restrictions likely to be imposed will be much less extensive in character than those provided by the War Times Election Act.

LOCKS HIMSELF UP

Hall Turnkey Carries Out Order of Magistrate.

Ottawa, Feb. 4.—It does not pay to rage a lawyer in Magistrate Goyette's court. Hull, Turnkey Laurin had to lock himself in a cell for an hour as a result of his eagerness to locate Mr. Louis Cousineau, who was wanted on the telephone. While Magistrate Goyette was hearing cases of juveniles, the quietness of the room was rudely broken by a loud voice asking "Is Mr. Cousineau here?"

BOLSHEVISM'S MASTERS

Of Whole of Eastern Ukraine, It Is Announced.

(Canadian Press Despatch) London, Feb. 4.—Bolshevik forces are now masters of almost the whole of Eastern Ukraine, including the important centres of Kharkov, Poltava, Ekaterinoslav and the Konatz mining region. It is reported that a Soviet Government has been established at Kharkov, the president being M. Rakovsky, one of the signatories to the Brest-Litovsk treaty with Germany.

CHARLES WANTS DIVORCE

Here Hapsburg Would Dispense With Princess Zita.

Zurich, Feb. 4.—The Prague Tagblatt is authority for the statement that former Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary intends to apply for a divorce. Charles was married in 1911 to Princess Zita, of Bourbon and Parma, an Italian. From the union have been born five children, four boys and a girl.

IDEAL RAPIDLY ACCEPTED

Made War Worth Fighting, Declares Mr. Asquith.

London, Feb. 4.—Former Premier Asquith, addressing a great meeting at Albert Hall in support of a League of Nations, said that rarely had so great an ideal passed so rapidly into practice. It fulfills a world-wide need and must have a world-wide organization, he declared.

PETROGRAD SHELLED

Trawlers Reaching Finland Report Serious Disorders.

Stockholm, Feb. 4.—Petrograd has been bombarded by Kronstadt artillery and many people have been killed, according to travellers who are quoted to this effect by the Finnish papers. Serious disorders are prevalent in Petrograd. The great fortress of Kronstadt lies about twenty miles west of Petrograd. Bolshevik forces were reported on Jan. 23rd last in a despatch from Helsinki to be evacuating Petrograd. The Bolshevik War Minister, Trotsky, was said to be transferring his headquarters to Nizhni-Novgorod.

MANUEL INVITED TO RETURN

Paris, Feb. 4.—A despatch received yesterday from Portugal by way of Madrid, says a National Government has been constituted in Portugal, with Playa Concelos as Minister of War. The Bolshevik War Minister, Trotsky, was said to be transferring his headquarters to Nizhni-Novgorod.

PEACE DURING MONTH OF APRIL

London, Feb. 4.—Some of Lloyd's brokers who, up to a week ago, considered the signing of a preliminary peace before June as a "long shot," have within the last few days reversed their opinion, and now consider it almost an "even money" risk that April will see the preliminary conclusion. Everything indicates an earlier conclusion than seemed certain ten days ago.

PARIS MAKES FINE GIFT

Paris, Feb. 4.—A building site, valued at \$100,000, the gift of the city of Paris, was formally accepted for the American University Union today by Henry B. Thompson, Princeton, treasurer of the union. The structure will be used as a home for American students in Paris, as well as to provide French students with information regarding American universities.

PROBLEMS ARE PRESSING

Meanwhile the problems of domestic reconstruction are not marking time, and refuse to wait even until the more urgent business of world reconstruction has been settled in Paris. Many people predicted that there would be labor troubles in the United Kingdom after the war, but very few, if any, foresaw that they would be thrust upon the country so quickly and so sharply.

READY TO BRING ABOUT AGREEMENT

(Canadian Press Despatch) Paris, Feb. 4.—The Russian and Soviet Government will take all measures to bring about an agreement with the Entente, according to a wireless message sent out from Moscow on Sunday. It complains that the Bolshevik authorities had received no formal invitation to Prince's Islands conference, the only word regarding it being a wireless message containing the press news.

BRITISH COMMONS WILL DO LITTLE

While Premier Lloyd George Is At the Peace Conference.

RECONSTRUCTION PROBLEMS

AWAIT THE PREMIER ON HIS RETURN TO LONDON.

It is a One-man Government—Two House Leaders Represent Antithesis of Prime Minister's Programme.

London, Feb. 4.—No British Parliament in a century, except the Parliament of Premier Asquith, which had on its shoulders the heavy responsibility of deciding whether or not Great Britain would enter the European war, ever met with more important work to be dealt with than the House of Commons of Premier Lloyd George will find when it holds its first meeting today. All the problems of the new House may be summarized in the one word—Reconstruction. This is peculiarly a one-man and a personal House of Commons, since its ruling power is not a political party, but a coalition group whose members represent widely different schools, and which depends for its guidance upon the personal leadership of the Premier rather than the putting into effect of any party platform. Premier Lloyd George is in Paris, and he must stay there. No one expects him to leave the Peace conference. He has the double burden of directing Great Britain's destinies in being a hand on the domestic policy, and at this time of real crisis no one expects him to leave the Peace Conference.

BALLIN DRANK POISON

Had Been Ordered Away by Revolutionists.

Paris, Feb. 4.—The Albert Ballin, president of the Hamburg-American Steamship Company, committed suicide is expressly stated by the German newspaper Wahrheit, a copy of which has been received here, the news being reproduced in other German newspapers without comment, but also without denial. On Nov. 8th, when the revolution began at Hamburg, the Warheit says, Ballin immediately fled to London. The latter asked for fifteen minutes delay. This was refused, but five minutes' time was granted him. Then Ballin, the newspaper continues, in desperation, drank a strong dose of poison which had been conveniently placed in a drawer of his desk. He died in a hospital ten minutes later, after great suffering.

MRS. NEELANDS DIES

Lindsay Woman Took Active Part in Philanthropic Work.

Lindsay, Feb. 4.—One of Lindsay's oldest families suffered its first bereavement when Katharine Simpson Langton, wife of Dr. Neelands, passed away after a long period of suffering. Mr. Neelands was the daughter of the late Rev. Henry Langton. Before her health failed she took an active part in philanthropic work.

GEORGE MAYRAND, M.L.A.

It was Mr. Mayrand who precipitated matters in the Quebec House, attacking the appointment of Mayor Martin to the Upper House.

hours will be the only solution of the need of work for all.

DEMANDING BETTER WAGE SCHEDULE

Railway Shopmen and Machinists in Canada and U.S. Seek Improvements.

Winnipeg, Feb. 4.—Drastic changes in the wages and working conditions of railway shopmen and machinists in Canada and the United States will be demanded when the annual schedule of wages is presented to the railway war board next spring. The wage scale demands will be: Machinists, 85 cents per hour; helpers, 60 cents per hour. The present scale of wages is: Machinists, 68 cents per hour; helpers, 45 cents per hour. The railway shopmen will also demand that they be given two weeks holiday each year with full pay, and the right of free transportation. One hundred and twenty thousand railwaymen will make these demands along with thousands of other machinists employed in factories and repair shops throughout the country. Employees of every railway concern in Canada and the United States will amalgamate in demanding these changes. The railwaymen will demand also that conditions and wages become universal in all railway shops on the continent. Should the demands of the railway shopmen be met, it would mean that the sum of approximately \$124,500 would be added to the pay list of the railways of Canada and the United States each day.

DR. JAMESON'S BODY TO LIE WITH RHODES'

South African Raider's Last Wish Is to Be Granted.

London, Feb. 4.—The body of Sir Starr Jameson, better known as "Dr. Jim" of Raid fame, is to rest beside that of his leader and friend, Cecil Rhodes, amid the solitudes of the lofty, lonely Matopos, in Matadaleland. The remains will be removed from England for that purpose. Dr. Jim died in England on Nov. 26th of last year, and was buried in Kensal Green in North London. It was always his wish to lie amid the scenes of his adventurous South African life, but as his death occurred during the war, it was not thought wise to carry out this idea at that time. Now that the war is over the British South African Company, which is the Government of Rhodesia, and of which "Dr. Jim" was president, is about to undertake the task of transferring the remains. The lead shell in which "Dr. Jim's" body was encased will be moved from Kensal Green cemetery and shipped to Africa. Thence the remains will be conveyed to Bulawayo and to that famous lonely hill in the 5,000 feet high Matopos, called by "Dr. Jim's" great friend, Cecil Rhodes, "the View of the World."

TO DEAL WITH WATER SUPPLY

City Council Refers the Matter to the Board of Works.

ONTARIO HEALTH OFFICER

POINTS OUT THE CONTAMINATED CONDITION OF SUPPLY.

Moving the Intake Pipe Further West Would Give Purer Water—It Would Cost Half a Million Dollars to Make the Extension. The City Council is going to look into the local water supply question, in response to a communication from Dr. McCullough, chief officer of health for Ontario, who draws attention to the bacteriological tests made by the provincial laboratories at Queen's University as showing the water supply here to be badly contaminated. There is nothing new in the reports. The local Board of Health and the health officer have for a long time drawn the attention of the civic authorities to the dangerous condition of the city's water supply, and the local health officer's warning that all drinking water should first be boiled still stands. It appears that private citizens, becoming dissatisfied at the lack of action taken by the City Council and the Utilities Commission to remedy the existing conditions, complained to the provincial health authorities. The result was that Dr. P. Moloney, district officer of health, made an examination of the situation and reported as the local officer of health did—that the city's water supply is badly contaminated, that the present chlorination plant is unsatisfactory, and that it is advisable to move the intake pipe west of the city, where a purer source of supply can be secured. The provincial health officer sent on this report to the Council and asked what it intended doing about the matter.

BOARD OF WORKS TO ACT

On motion of Ald. Wright, and after some discussion, the question was referred to the Board of Works, which will hold a special meeting this week and arrange to have a sub-committee discuss the matter with the Utilities Commission next Monday.

There was a debate as to whether the City Council had any responsibility in the matter. Ald. Kent held that the Utilities Commission alone was the responsible body. Aids. Wright, Graham and Corbett held that the City Council had a duty to perform, as the city owned the water plant and the Utilities Commission was merely elected to operate it.

Mayor Newman intimated that when the new chlorination plant was installed, the water would be quite safe for drinking. It would be as good as the water supply at the Royal Military College, whose chlorination plant renders almost pure the drinking supply there.

Ald. Wright pointed out that the Utilities Commission did not seem to care to face the question and it was time something be done to protect the lives of the citizens. It was true that the Utilities Commission was preparing to install a new plant to "dope" the water, but that would not be satisfactory.

Ald. Graham could not see that anything but "doped" water would be supplied to the people and said that the Board of Works would be glad to tackle the question.

At the last meeting of the Utilities Commission it was decided to allow the water pipe extension question to stand over, as it would cost about half a million dollars to get a supply of water from a point beyond Lake Ontario Park. It would cost another half million dollars to divert the sewage and install a septic tank, so that Kingston is up against a million dollar proposition in order to get a better drinking water supply. But it must go.

CANNIBALISM IN ASIA

Flesh of Six Children Roasted For Food in Mosul.

Constantinople, Feb. 4.—The little news that has been received from the Asiatic provinces of Turkey indicate that there is considerable distress among the population owing to the shortage of foodstuffs, high prices and great insecurity and lawlessness prevailing. The winter is fortunately mild thus far, which tends to alleviate somewhat the precarious situation of the people. Four American relief ships bringing large cargoes of flour and clothing are under way.

Reader's correspondent reports a terrible story of cannibalism which occurred eight months ago at Mosul, where six small children were sacrificed and their flesh roasted for food. There would seem to be no doubt as to the truth of the story, which is confirmed by a photograph showing the execution of the man and woman at Mosul who perpetrated this horrible crime. The heads of the unfortunate little victims were found in the house of the two culprits.

F. C. Boulton Dead

Toronto, Feb. 4.—Frederick Campbell Metford Boulton, for many years a member of the Toronto Stock Exchange, died Sunday in his sixty-ninth year. Mr. Boulton was born and educated in Toronto. His father was J. H. Emsley, the commanding officer of the Canadian Siberian force, is a son-in-law.