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KINGSTON, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1919.

LAST EDITION

TO TAKE OVER LIQUOR BUSINESS

The Ontario Government to Wipe Out the Vendor's Licenses.

ISSUE OF PRESCRIPTIONS

TO BE DONE BY THE GOVERNMENT ITSELF.

There Will be No Vote on the Temperance Act Until the Soldiers All Return. Premier Hearst Announces.

Toronto, Jan. 16.—Private licensed vendors of liquor in Ontario are to be abolished at the coming session of the Legislature. Instead of the seven agencies in operation throughout the province for the sale of liquor, the Government has decided to take over the business itself. It hopes that by so doing the abuses which made the existing system unsatisfactory will be done away with. Under the new plan customers will be ensured of a supply of pure liquor and private gain will be eliminated.

Announcement of this radical change in the administration of the Ontario Temperance Act was made yesterday by Sir William Hearst. At the same time he made it clear that it is not the intention of the Government to take a vote on the Ontario Temperance Act in June of this year, as provided in the act. Instead, the vote will be taken as soon as practicable after the return of the soldiers.

"The Government has reached the conclusion that the methods provided for dispensing liquors that may lawfully be sold for medicinal and other purposes through licensed vendors have not proved satisfactory during the past year," Sir William Hearst said. "A number of cases have contributed to this result. Among these are the prohibition of importation by the Dominion order in Council, the unprecedented demand for liquor for medicinal purposes arising out of the epidemic of influenza that swept over the province this fall, and the action of a few medical men in this province.

"The Government is determined to remedy as far as possible any abuses that may be introduced at the coming session abolishing altogether the sale of liquor by private vendors and providing for the handling of this business direct by the Government. In this way it is hoped to overcome abuses as far as possible in the giving of prescriptions; to prevent unnecessary inconvenience to those legitimately requiring liquor for medicinal purposes; to eliminate all private gain and insure a supply of pure liquor to those who are entitled under the law to purchase it."

Postpone Vote on O.T.A. "On investigation it was found that it would not be possible to secure satisfactorily the votes of the men overseas," the Prime Minister explained in reference to the securing of the opinion of the electorate, "and it was universally admitted that it would be unfair to have a vote on so important a question without the soldiers having a full opportunity of expressing their views upon it. For those reasons the act was brought into force without a vote and provision was made in it whereby a vote would be taken when the soldiers return. It was expected that the time the act was passed that the war would be over and the soldiers back in time to permit of a vote being taken in June, 1919. It is clear now that the soldiers will undoubtedly not all be back by that time and that the taking of the vote will have to be postponed. The Government proposes that as soon as practicable after the soldiers return a vote shall be taken, and the whole electorate of the province be given ample opportunity to say by their ballots whether or not they desire the Ontario Temperance Act to be continued in force. The necessary amendments to the act will be made at the coming session."

There are seven vendors situated in different parts of the province, who will be put out of business under the new system. They are: T. Ambrose Woods, Ltd., and J. G. S. Connell, Toronto; W. Cleland, Hamilton; J. W. Riney, Kingston; L. N. Bate, Ottawa; E. B. Smith, London, and Donald Fraser, Windsor.

Uruguay Takes Precautions. Montevideo, Jan. 16.—The Uruguayan Government has discharged all foreigners from the army as a preventive measure against the Maximalist movement. The police announce that the entire forty-two members of the "centre of culture," which has been directing the Soviet movement have been arrested.

After Repeal of Act. (Canadian Press Despatch) Winnipeg, Jan. 16.—The anti-prohibition forces in Manitoba will invoke the aid of the Direct Legislation Act to obtain the repeal of the Macdonald Act, and allow the free sale of beer and wines.

Arrives at Vladivostok. (Canadian Press Despatch) Ottawa, Jan. 16.—The Militia Department reports the safe arrival in Vladivostok of the troop-ship Proteus with Canadian-Siberian troops aboard. She was recently reported in distress.

- WHIG CONTENTS. 1-To Take Over Liquor Business; Protest Against Secrecy at Conference; Twelve Hour Air Trip Predicted; Frank R. Anglin Gets Chairmanship. 2-To Resume Road Paving; Incidents of the Day. 3-Board of Education Meeting; Editorials; Public Opinion; What Mason's Rhymes; Things That Never Happen. 4-Dighton Victorious at Hockey; Bombardment of Przemysl; Soviet's Release; Wives Remarry; Bombardment of Przemysl. 5-Classified Page; Theatre and Other Announcements; Late Ads. 6-Theatrical News; Military Matters. 7-Three Years in German Prison; Sunday School Lesson. 8-In Realm of Women; Reply to Laura Moon. 9-News From Countryside; Napance Affairs. 10-Work of Sport; Bringing up Father Carterton.

THE NEW ARMISTICE TERMS GIVEN FOCH

Demand Retribution For Murder and Ill-treatment of Prisoners.

London, Jan. 16.—The new armistice terms to be presented to Germany by Marshal Foch are unofficially stated here to include the following:

First—Retribution upon the Germans for the murder and ill-treatment of allied prisoners.

Second—The machinery and goods stolen by Germany from France and Belgium to be at once given up. It is pointed out that France alone has 500,000 men who will be out of work until this machinery is returned.

Third—German gold amounting to more than £100,000,000, to be moved from Berlin to a safe place, probably Frankfurt, protected from Bolshevism in Germany en route. Certain other property to be surrendered.

Fourth—Germany to give over her shipping, of which she is believed to have 4,000,000 tons, to carry food supplies to countries in Europe in need of them.

Fifth—Any U-boats on the stocks to be handed to the allies for their disposal, or to be destroyed, and no more submarines built.

DESTINY OF RUSSIA IN PEOPLE'S HANDS

An Election Will Soon Occur—Railway in Hand of a Commission.

(Canadian Press Despatch) Omsk, Central Siberia, Jan. 16.—

"The destiny of Russia can be decided only by a national constituent assembly. Whether the future of Russia is a monarchy or the most radical republic does not concern the present government," was the striking utterance of Admiral Kolchak, supreme governor of the Omsk Government, to the Associated Press. Admiral Kolchak, confirming his statement that the people will be given an opportunity to register their desire, signed in the presence of the correspondent a historic document proclaiming an all-Russian national election at the earliest practicable moment. Later he informed the representatives of the Entente Powers that the Russian government desired the trans-Siberian railway to be turned over to an international technical commission. Admiral Kolchak then proceeded to justify the coup by which he gained control at Omsk.

BIG GERMAN SHIPS

May Help Bring United States Forces Home.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Naval demobilization plans are in abeyance and recruiting for the permanent service is being pressed now so that the navy may be prepared to man the big German merchant ships with the Allied War Council is considering allotting to aid in the task of bringing the American army home from France. It has been found that the larger German liners furnish a transport capacity of 70,000 men a month.

COLONEL ROBER LOW

Died of Blood-Poisoning Following An Operation.

Ottawa, Jan. 16.—Colonel Robert Low, who attained fame as the constructor of Camp Borden and the constructor of Halifax, died this morning following an operation for blood-poisoning.

Bank Book Lost in 1879.

Waterbury, N.Y., Jan. 16.—A Jefferson County Savings Bank book, lost since 1879 showing deposits of \$77, has been found and now there is a credit of more than \$222. Because those who are entitled to the money cannot agree as to its division, County Treasurer Burton S. Hayes has been appointed administrator of the estate to which the book belongs.

On Way To Peace Conference.

Victoria, B.C., Jan. 16.—On board the liner Fushimi Maru, which is expected to reach this port Thursday morning, from the far east, is Baron Rempey Kondo, president and managing director of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, who is on his way to Europe as a delegate to the peace conference at Versailles.

To Consult The Press.

Paris, Jan. 16.—The supreme war council today, after considering the matter of relations between the conference and the press, decided to call a meeting to be attended by members of the press and representatives of

FOUR BROTHERS IN SERVICE

From London to Newfoundland by Col. William A. Bishop.



CORP. WARREN HARTLEY SIGN. BERT HARTLEY



SAPPER WM. R. HARTLEY SIGN. RAY HARTLEY

Sapper William Ross Hartley, Canadian Engineers, left Canada about two years ago. Still serving in France. Sign. Ray Hartley, 96th Battalion, left Canada about two and a half years ago. Wounded about three months ago by shrapnel in the head, and is now in hospital in England. Sign. Bert Hartley, 96th Battalion, left Canada about two and a half years ago. Gassed; returned to Canada. Corp. Warren Hartley, 59th Battalion, enlisted at fifteen years of age, and was on active service at sixteen. Slightly gassed; now in Canada. The above are four brothers and sons of Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Hartley, Batterssea, Ont.

PROTESTS MADE AGAINST SECRECY

Of the Sessions of the Supreme Council of the Allies.

Restriction may apply only to sessions and not to delegates. The serious nations, to exchange views on publicity methods. RECORD BOND SALES. British Government Issues Reach Total of £1,500,000,000. London, Jan. 16.—The Treasury announces that on Jan. 13th the total subscriptions to National War Bonds since their inauguration October 1, 1917, had reached and passed 1,500,000,000 pounds sterling. It says that the attaining of such a figure is a unique achievement.

Carpenter Goes to Prison.

Ottawa, Jan. 16.—Harry Cheesman, carpenter, was this morning sentenced to six months in Burwash prison farm, for having banned socialist literature in his possession. He was convicted a week ago when Watson, the Toronto ex-policeman, was also convicted and given three years imprisonment.

Poland Protects Lithuania

London, Jan. 16.—The Polish government has provisionally taken over the administration of Lithuania to protect the country from the Bolsheviks. Action was taken at the request of the President of the Lithuanian republic.

President-elect is Dead.

Rio Janeiro, Jan. 16.—Dr. Rodrigues Alves, president-elect of Brazil, died today. He had been critically ill for some time.

The United States "Dry" July 1st

Chicago, Jan. 16.—The United States today completed the legislative process of voting itself "dry." When word was flashed over the wires that the thirty-sixth state Nebraska, had ratified the prohibition amendment, prohibition leaders declared that the accomplishment was the greatest piece of moral legislation in the history of the world. The amendment to the federal constitution prohibiting the manufacturing and sale of intoxicating beverages, becomes effective one year after the date of its final ratification. Meanwhile, the nation goes dry on July 1st next, by proclamation as a war measure, unless the president rescinds it before that date.

Demobilize 52,000 Daily.

London, Jan. 16.—The order-in-Council prohibiting the issue in Canada of bonds, debentures and other securities and shares of stock without the consent of the Minister of Finance, has been wholly repealed and issues may now be made without war-time restrictions.

12-HOUR AIR TRIP PREDICTED

From London to Newfoundland by Col. William A. Bishop.

TREMENDOUS DEVELOPMENT

IS FORESEEN IN THE FLYING ACHIEVEMENTS SOON.

British Empire's Premier Aviator Interested in Commercial Aviation—New York to London in Day.

New York, Jan. 16.—"I foresee the formation of an aerial merchant marine, I foresee the time when airships will cross each other's paths by night or by day in that vast expanse between the overhanging sky and the deep green waters of the Atlantic. I foresee a time when the airship industry will not be confined to making planes for the sole purpose of shooting down Huns, but for passengers who wish to expedite their journey to distant parts on the European or American continents. I foresee the time, and soon, too, when it will take not more than twelve hours to reach London from Newfoundland by aeroplane.

"I think the future of flying has great possibilities. American aviators are endowed with incomparable fortitude. They have absolute disregard for danger. The country adapts itself to flying because of its wonderful climate. The distances are long and enhance the probability of a superabundant interest in future flights."

This is the prediction made yesterday by Colonel William A. Bishop, Canadian aviator and R.A.F. pilot, who is officially credited with bringing down 72 German airplanes.

Future of Flying.

Referring to the future of flying, Colonel Bishop was of opinion that the airships would be used on a scale similar to the use of privately owned boats.

"People will certainly come to recognize the superiority of airships for traveling purposes," he said. "I believe that they are not fully aware of the great possibilities of flying by airship."

But in time the industry is bound to become a large one. "What opportunities the airship extends is a matter of making flights of greater distance and in less time than it takes the fastest train. Of course, flying great distances is still in its infancy. That, I suppose, is because all the flying being done now is by military men. It is my further belief that when scientists have been able to ascertain the conditions of winds over the Atlantic it will take no more than twenty-four hours to cross from New York to London or Liverpool, and probably a little longer to reach Paris. It is solely a matter of getting proper reports on weather conditions."

As to his future work, Colonel Bishop announced that he would take an interest in "commercial aviation."

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES

Retail Clothing Open Readjustment Conference.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Conservative members of the National Association of Retail Clothing, who opened a readjustment conference here, declared that there will be no advance in the price of clothing for 1919. It was said that the same price levels of the fall of 1918 might be expected to be maintained.

One prominent manufacturer said there is no demand for new styles in men's clothing and that the numerous styles that have been in use will be continued, with the military cut and belted models predominant.

BETTER BEER AND WINES

Fredericton G.W.V.A. Wants Prohibition Act Repealed. Fredericton, N.B., Jan. 16.—The Fredericton branch of the Great War Veterans' Association has passed a resolution demanding the repeal of the present New Brunswick Prohibition Act, and the passing of a law which will allow the sale of "better beer and light wines."

This action was taken at the Veterans' monthly meeting last night, at which twenty-five new members were admitted, bringing the members of the branch up to more than 250 members.

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Stock Restrictions Lifted.

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THIRTY YOUNG GIRLS DISAPPEAR IN MONTH

Hamilton "Detective Department Succeeded in Tracing Twenty-five of Them.

Hamilton, Jan. 16.—During the past month the detective department has been asked to locate more than thirty young girls reported as having run away from their homes. Of that number about twenty-five had been found, some living under rather questionable conditions, while others had merely left their parental abodes in order to make their own way in the world. Mrs. A. Truelove, 133 Providence street, reported that her sixteen-year-old daughter had been missing from her home since Jan. 6th and nothing whatever had been heard of her from that date. Prior to her disappearance she had been employed at the Dominion Hotel. Shortly afterwards a telephone message from the Salvation Army Rescue Home announced that Pauline Carter, sixteen years of age, had left that place about six o'clock Monday night and had not returned.

ZOO AND CIRCUS AFFECTED BY WAR

Germany's Hold on the Wild Animal Trade Is Broken.

New York, Jan. 16.—Deprived of her sources of supply, Germany's hold on the wild animal trade of the world has been broken by the war, according to a report made yesterday at the annual meeting of the New York Zoological Society by Madison Grant, chairman of the executive committee. Zoos and circuses are now turning to British dealers to fill cages, the occupants of which died during the period when the importation of birds, beasts, and reptiles was prohibited.

The war has not only depopulated the great zoological gardens of Europe, said the report, but it has reduced collections in this country to 60 per cent. The New York Zoological Park has felt the effects of the war since 1914, but until 1918 the "collection had been kept well up to their original standards."

CANADIAN CORPS IN THREE DISTRICTS

General Currie and Military Heads Arranging the Details of Demobilization.

London, Jan. 16.—The First and Second Canadian Divisions formerly at Bonn, are moving to Namur district.

The Fourth is in the Woerwaer, and the Third in the Tournai district. General Currie and the military heads had long conference in London on Monday, arranging details of demobilization, which will generally follow the lines reported in official despatches.

Much work is involved in returning by the Unit System with arrangements previously called. Reuniting wives and families' transportation, the difficulties at present are much the greatest, but the Canadian authorities are doing their best to facilitate matters under the extraordinary conditions everywhere prevailing and with demands from all overseas soldiers for such facilities.

BOUICHE MONOPOLY LOST

British Dealers Control Wild Animal Trade.

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DOING MUCH DAMAGE

Ukrainians Kill 2,000 in Przemysl Bombardment.

Geneva, Jan. 16.—Two thousand persons have been killed at Przemysl, Galicia, by the Ukrainians, according to a despatch to Neue Freie Presse of Vienna, a copy of which has been received here. The Ukrainians have been bombarding Przemysl for several days past by land and by air, and conditions in the town are described as terrible. The gas and electric plants have been destroyed and there is no light in the town. Water and food also are lacking.

A THREAT MADE.

Bolsheviks Send Ultimatum to the Swiss Government.

Geneva, Jan. 16.—The Bolshevik Government in Petrograd has telegraphed an ultimatum to the Swiss Federal authorities, saying that unless 20 Bolsheviks who were arrested and imprisoned in the fortress of Savatan, in the Canton of Valais, are released before February 1st, thirty Swiss citizens in Petrograd will be shot without trial.

Berlin City is Quiet and the Sparrows Have Called Off the General Strikes.

Fifteen hundred Canadian soldiers reported dead have turned up.

FRANK R. ANGLIN NEW CHAIRMAN

Of the Board of Education Which Held Its Inaugural Meeting.

FIRST SITTING OF LADIES

MRS. NEWLANDS AND MISS MOWAT ARE WELCOMED

The Former Will Preside Over the Playgrounds Committee and the Latter Will Serve On Finance.

Frank R. Anglin is the new chairman of the Board of Education. At the inaugural meeting of the Board for 1919, held on Wednesday night, he was elected to this position by a unanimous vote. Trustee Anglin has been a member of the Board for nine years, and during that time has been a most valued trustee. He has served on all the important committees, has rendered able service, and is well fitted in every way to occupy the position of head of this most important body. It is of interest to note that his father was chairman of the board from 1886 till 1889.

The first meeting of the Board for this year was noteworthy in that for the first time in its history, the Board has lady representatives, Mrs. Alexander Newlands and Miss E. Lillian Mowat having been elected. They were given a warm welcome to the Board. Mrs. Newlands had the honor of being selected to preside over the playgrounds committee, while Miss Mowat will serve on the finance committee.

The chairman of committees were selected as follows:

Management, Trustee J. F. Macdonald; property, Trustee W. H. Godwin; finances, Trustee W. A. Sawyer; playgrounds, Mrs. A. Newlands; commercial, Trustee T. D. Minnes.

At the opening of the meeting, Secretary John Macdonald read the names of the newly-elected trustees, and those present were sworn in by Mayor Newman. Lieut. A. G. Sanford, appointed by the City Council, was not present. It is understood that he cannot qualify for the position, and that the Council will be called upon to make another appointment. The secretary announced that William Cook had been elected as the representative of the Separate School Board. Mr. Cook was not present. Those present at the meeting were:

Chairman Anglin, and Trustees W. Campbell, James Craig, Isaac Cohen, J. B. Cooke, J. G. Elliott, J. M. Farrell, W. H. Godwin, J. R. Henderson, Allen Lemmon, J. E. Macdonald, T. W. Mills, Miss E. G. Mowat, A. W. McLean, Mrs. A. Newlands, W. J. Renton and W. A. Sawyer.

Addressed by Mayor.

The newly elected chairman opened the proceedings with prayer, following the custom of the Board, after which Mayor Newman addressed the members. He congratulated the members in the choice they had made for chairman. He was sure that Mr. Anglin would prove a good chairman, and that the affairs of the Board, under his able guidance, would be conducted with efficiency. His worship also complimented the members on having two lady representatives. "It was the first time in the history of Kingston that the Board had lady representatives, and the citizens would look forward to their work with keen interest. He felt sure the Board would be richer as a result of having the ladies to assist with their wise counsel. The speaker was also sure that the Board would do all that was possible to help in the training of the scholars. He appealed to the members to give a most sympathetic ear to the teachers in their work and their welfare."

Trustee Renton said the Board was pleased to have Mayor Newman present at the meeting. From his remarks, the members could rest assured that they would have the warm support of the Mayor in their work.

Trustee Renton moved a vote of thanks to Mayor Newman. The motion was seconded by Trustee Farrell, and carried.

Chairman Delivers Address

Chairman Anglin returned thanks to the members, for having elected him to preside over the Board. The Board would this year have many problems to deal with, and he was gratified to see so many of the old members of the Board back again for another term. There are seven ex-chairmen on the Board. He was also very much pleased to welcome the lady representatives, as he felt sure they would be able to advance the interests of the Board.

Chairman Anglin also touched on the question of vocational education, which had been left in abeyance, and the scheme to give boys and girls who leave school at an early age part-time classes. He hoped that arrangements would be made for the teaching of music in the schools, in the near future. The school nurse was doing her work, and arrangements had just recently been made for the

(Continued on Page 3.)