

HOW TO GET RID OF RHEUMATISM

"Fruit-a-lives" Point the Way to Quick Relief

VERONA, Ont. "I suffered for a number of years with Rheumatism and severe Pains in my Side and Back, caused by strains and heavy lifting. When I had given up hope of ever being well again, a friend recommended 'Fruit-a-lives' to me and after using the first box I felt so much better that I continued to take them; and now I am enjoying the best of health, thanks to your wonderful fruit medicine!"

NEW LAWN MOWERS ARE COSTLY.

Get your old one sharpened, re-adjusted or refitted at moderate cost. Parts supplied for all standard machines.

John M. Patrick 149 Sydney Street, Phone 20563.

THREE FULL LOTS FOR SALE On Nelson Street CHEAP

W. H. Godwin & Son Insurance and Real Estate. 80 Brock St. Phone 424

SORE THROAT IS A COMMON ALIEMENT WHICH UNLESS CHECKED IN TIME MAY LEAD TO A SERIOUS CONDITION. A COUGH OR COLD MAY DEVELOP AND REQUIRE SUBSTANTIAL TREATMENT BEFORE IT IS OVERCOME BUT IF TRIED AT ONCE WITH ECLECTRIC OIL, INCONVENIENCE AND SUFFERING MAY BE AVOIDED. AN OLD AND RELIABLE REMEDY IS FOUND IN DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL

COKE ORDERS ONLY TAKEN The James Sowards Coal Co. Phone 155.

COAL CUSTOMERS Please Notice! Coal Sales will be for Cash Only BOOTH & CO. Phone 133

TO ALL WOMEN WHO ARE ILL This Woman Recommends Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Her Personal Experience.

McLean, Neb. "I want to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all women who suffer from any functional disturbance, as it has done me more good than all the doctor's medicine. Since taking it I have a fine healthy baby girl and have regained health and strength. My husband and I both praise your medicine to all suffering women."—Mrs. JOHN KOFFELMANN, R. No. 1, McLean, Nebraska. This famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has been restoring women of America to health for more than forty years and it will pay any woman who suffers from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues" to give this successful remedy a trial. For special suggestions in regard to your ailment write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its long experience is at your service.

WELL PAID WOMEN BUY NEW CLOTHES

Female Workers Taking Place of Men, Make Good Use of Their Income.

DAINTIER FROCKS IN DEMAND

Dinner Gowns and Evening Wraps Are Added to Many Wardrobes—Conditions Have Lifted the Art of Dress.

New York—A wounded Anzac had come to America to lecture. He bore some honorable scars on his body, which were symbolized by stripes on his arm. A woman touched the stripes and asked what were his worst wounds. He described one, which was a clean hole made by a bullet. In his informal Anzac manner, he asked if she would like to see it. She would. So would everyone else at the luncheon. So he showed her the bullet hole below the collar bone.

"How very disappointing!" she exclaimed. "I expected a great gash." The Anzac buttoned his collar thoughtfully, and turning to the table said: "Now, I ask you, what are we going to do, with women if they begin to expect so much of men in this war?" And what will they do with them? Men have begun to expect so much of themselves, that the situation is the most vitally interesting thing on this planet, next to the war, observes a distinguished fashion writer.

Women are gaining so much more by this war than they ever dreamed, that many are puzzled and some are near-hysterical. Once we were a contented race; then we became an unquiet sex; then we became a restless force; and then we became a militant power. Those with the keenest visions saw ahead of them a long struggle. They outlined the propaganda of self-education for women; they lectured to men and of men concerning what we should have in the way of industry and commercial opportunity. Whenever men said that we were not sufficiently educated to take over the commercial burdens of the world, we retorted that we would never be educated if we did not begin to study.

Women Spend More Money. Of one thing the prophets are sure; that women, making money, will spend more. Not having to ask for it, they will cease to be petulant about it. When a woman knows there are three thousand jobs open to her and that she can command as good a salary as the man sent to war, she is not going to be stargardly about getting new clothes, enjoying herself and refurbishing her house. Human nature never changes, no matter what else changes on this planet, and spending will be a woman's antidote to hard work. If she has been

ive knowledge of what other women want, and do not want. With training, which will give them a cool head, a smooth tongue and the ambition to rise, they will make admirable clerks, floorwalkers, heads of departments, buyers and shopkeepers.

It is toward the apparel business that they are rapidly drifting. That is their desire, and all their preliminary training of the centuries has fitted them for this particular sector of industry. Being in the business, they will spend more money on clothes, and they will influence the expenditures of other women.

This is the situation which all serious-minded women realize and which will probably dominate the country before peace is concluded.

It is useless to tell women that they must not buy clothes. The reformers mean well, but they are planting seed



Black satin, tulle and lace. There is a long tulle, which starts with a pointed bodice built of the satin and swings free over a tight petticoat of black Chantilly lace. There is a shawl of black tulle, which stands well away from the shoulders and reaches to the elbows.

on barren soil. There must be some pleasure in this world, or we would all go mad with the pain and anxiety of it and if you ask three million women to work for their living, you must give them the chance to deck themselves out in a bit of gay pinnace and go out and eat and laugh; otherwise, they will become useless for all service, patriotic or industrial.

Demand for Evening Clothes. Let me tell you an odd thing about this development of women's work, which has been brought about not only through their service in paying positions, but in war relief work.

It is the growing demand for evening clothes by women who have heretofore never indulged in them. We are only following in the footsteps of human nature as it has asserted itself in France and England during the last eighteen months. Paris has shown an extraordinary interest in this development, and the London thinkers and merchants have found it to be an engrossing by-product of the war.

Evening dress has always been a thing for the luxurious. It has been indulged in by those whose lives were more or less given to leisure. Millions of women have not considered it necessary to change their soubert street clothes into low or half-low, fragile ones for the evening meal or evening gayeties. The street suit, with a few changes, has served during the waking hours. The shirtwaist and sport skirt have filled in the rest of the service needed.

But this condition no longer exists in Europe, and it has changed in America in the twinkling of an eye. Why? Women have more money; they have more opportunities; industry, charity, war relief, hospital service, and committee work have brought women from the depths of social obscurity into hourly contact with those who lead fashions and live leisurely lives.

All of this has lifted the art of dress instead of degrading it. It enlivens life; it brightens the prospect of our sacrifices; it is a light to our endurance.

There were days when a woman used her motor coat for any chance evening gayety. Today she is asking for one of the vast assemblage of evening capes that the shops and dress-makers offer to this new type of buyer.

These new wraps have extraordinary charm. They are figured, whereas they used to be solid. They are lavishly trimmed with fur, regardless of summer weather.

Chiffon, in great Dresden patterns, is used over silver or gold metallic cloth, or a lining of plain satin. Dark colors are chosen, as well as light. The two new blues, "Liberty" and "Blue Devil," are chosen in crepe or chiffon that has an immense plink, scarlet or white and yellow flower on it.

There are other wraps made of Dolby Varden, flowered white chiffon which are lined with lace, with mauve or pink chiffon as an interlining. (Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Buy Victory Bonds also personal Xmas greeting cards. Order now for overseas. The Jackson Press, 172 Wellington street. Famine conditions in Russia are reported in a despatch from Stockholm, written by Arthur Aasmo.

OFFICIAL PROSPECTUS The Proceeds of this Loan will be used for War purposes only, and will be spent wholly in Canada. THE MINISTER OF FINANCE OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA offers for Public Subscription the Victory Loan 1918 \$300,000,000. 5 1/2% Gold Bonds. Bearing interest from November 1st, 1918, and offered in two maturities, the choice of which is optional with the subscriber as follows: 5 year Bonds due November 1st, 1923 15 year Bonds due November 1st, 1933. Principal payable without charge at the Office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General at Ottawa, or at the Office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, St. John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Victoria. Bonds may be registered as to principal or as to principal and interest, at any of the above-mentioned offices. Interest payable, without charge, half-yearly, May 1st and November 1st, at any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank. Principal and interest payable in Gold Denominations: \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000. Issue Price: 100 and Accrued Interest Income Return 5 1/2% per Annum. Free from taxes—including any income tax—imposed in pursuance of legislation enacted by the Parliament of Canada. The proceeds of the Loan will be used for war purposes only, including the purchase of grain, foodstuffs, munitions and other supplies, and will be spent wholly in Canada. Payment to be made as follows: 10% on application; 20% January 6th, 1919; 20% December 6th, 1918; 20% February 6th, 1919; 31.16% March 6th, 1919. The last payment of 31.16% covers 30% balance of principal and 1.16% representing accrued interest at 5 1/2% from November 1st to due dates of the respective instalments. A full half year's interest will be paid on May 1st, 1919, making the cost of the bonds 100 and interest. Subscriptions may be paid in full at the time of application at 100 without interest; or on any instalment due date thereafter together with accrued interest at the rate of 5 1/2% per annum. This Loan is authorized under Act of the Parliament of Canada, and both principal and interest are a charge upon the Consolidated Revenue Fund. The amount of this issue is \$300,000,000, exclusive of the amount (if any) paid for by the surrender of bonds of previous issues. The Minister of Finance, however, reserves the right to allot the whole or any part of the amount subscribed in excess of \$300,000,000. Conversion Privileges Bonds of this issue will, in the event of future issues of like maturity, or longer, made by the Government, during the remaining period of the War, other than issues made abroad, be accepted at 100 and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash for the purpose of subscription to such issues. Payments All cheques, drafts, etc., covering instalments, are to be made payable to the Credit of the Minister of Finance. Failure to pay any instalment when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture, and the allotment to cancellation. Subscriptions must be accounted for by a deposit of 10% of the amount subscribed. Official Canvassers will forward subscriptions or any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank will accept subscriptions and issue receipts. Subscriptions may be paid in full at time of application at 100 without interest; or on any instalment due date thereafter together with accrued interest to time of making payment in full. Under this provision, payment of subscriptions may be made as follows: If paid in full or before Nov. 16th, 1918, par without interest, or 100%; If remaining instalments paid on Dec. 6th, 1918, balance of 90% and interest, (\$90.45 per \$100); If remaining instalments paid on Jan. 6th, 1919, balance of 70% and interest, (\$70.80 per \$100); If remaining instalments paid on Feb. 6th, 1919, balance of 50% and interest, (\$51.04 per \$100); If remaining instalment paid on Mar. 6th, 1919, balance of 30% and interest, (\$31.16 per \$100). Denomination and Registration Bearer bonds, with coupons, will be issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, and \$1,000, and may be registered as to principal. The first coupon attached to these bonds will be due on May 1st, 1919. Fully registered bonds, the interest on which is paid direct to the owner by Government cheque, will be issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000, \$25,000, \$50,000, \$100,000, or any multiple of \$100,000. Payment of Interest A full half year's interest at the rate of 5 1/2% per annum will be paid May 1st, 1919. Form of Bond and Delivery Subscribers must indicate on their application the form of bond and the denominations required, and the securities so indicated will be delivered by the bank upon payment of the subscription in full. Bearer bonds of this issue will be available for delivery at the time of application to subscribers desirous of making payment in full. Bonds registered as to principal only, or fully registered as to principal and interest, will be delivered to subscribers making payment in full, as soon as the required registration can be made. Payment of all instalments must be made at the bank originally named by the subscriber. Non-negotiable receipts will be furnished to all subscribers who desire to pay by instalments. These receipts will be exchangeable at subscriber's bank for bonds on any instalment date when subscription is paid in full. Form of Bonds Interchangeable Subject to the payment of 25 cents for each new bond issued, holders of fully registered bonds without coupons, will have the right to convert into bonds with coupons and holders of bonds with coupons will have the right to convert into fully registered bonds without coupons, at any time, on application to the Minister of Finance or any Assistant Receiver General. Forms of application may be obtained from any Official Canvasser, from any Victory Loan Committee, or member thereof, or from any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank. Subscription Lists will close on or before November 16th, 1918. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA, October 28th, 1918.

Mount Royal Tunnel Open Oct. 21st. The New Montreal-Ottawa Short Line! THROUGH TRAINS BETWEEN MONTREAL, OTTAWA AND TORONTO. READ DOWN * 4:15 p.m. 7:30 a.m. Lv. MONTREAL... Ar. OTTAWA... Ar. TORONTO... READ UP * 11:00 p.m. 7:00 p.m. 4:30 p.m. Lv. TORONTO... Ar. OTTAWA... Ar. MONTREAL... Dining Car Service Comfortable Day Coaches

HONOR TO PRESIDENT. church from February, 1820, to June, 1835. Mrs. Robert Coffey died on Friday morning after a brief illness of influenza-pneumonia at Brockville at the early age of twenty-five years. Deceased was born in Cardinal, daughter of the late Ransom Richmond. Put the classified to work and the classified will put you to work. Relieves CATARRH of the BLADDER and all Discharges in 24 HOURS. SANTAL MIDY. D. Couper, 841-3 Princess Street, Phone 76.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM LOCAL BRANCH TIME TABLE IN EFFECT SEPT. 29TH, 1918. Trains will leave and arrive at City Station, Foot of Johnson Street. Going West: Lvs. City Arr. City No. 19 Mail... 12:30 a.m. 12:57 a.m. No. 13 Express... 2:10 a.m. 3:22 a.m. No. 27 Local... 3:45 a.m. 10:17 a.m. No. 1 Intern'l Ld. 1:15 p.m. 1:46 p.m. No. 7 Mail... 3:10 p.m. 3:47 p.m. Going East: Lvs. City Arr. City No. 15 Mail... 4:40 a.m. 5:17 a.m. No. 15 Express... 5:10 a.m. 5:59 a.m. No. 6 Mail... 12:50 p.m. 1:52 p.m. No. 14 Intern'l Ld. 1:15 p.m. 2:16 p.m. No. 28 Local... 6:48 p.m. 7:54 p.m. Nos. 1, 12, 14, 15, 18, 19 run daily. Other trains daily except Sunday. Direct route to Toronto, Peterboro, Hamilton, Buffalo, London, Detroit, Chicago, Bay City, Saginaw, Montreal, Ottawa, Quebec, Portland, St. John, Halifax, Boston and New York. For Pullman accommodations, tickets and all other information, apply to J. F. Stanley, Agent. Agency for all ocean steamship lines. Open day and night.

Feed Your Poultry Purina Baby Chick Feed Purina Chicken Chowder Purina Scratch Feed More Eggs and Cuddly Chicks. For Sale By D. Couper, 841-3 Princess Street, Phone 76.