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KINGSTON, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1918

SECOND SECTION

LONDON DIRECTORY

(Published Annually) enables traders throughout the World to communicate direct with English Manufacturers & Dealers...

The London Directory Co., Ltd.

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Purina Baby Chick Feed. Purina Chicken Chowder. Purina Scratch Feed.

More Eggs and Sturdy Chicks. For Sale By

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NEW LAWN MOWERS ARE COSTLY.

Get your old one sharpened, repaired or refitted at moderate cost. Parts supplied for all standard machines.

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SO EASY! LIKE ROLLING OFF LOG

Sore, touchy corns stop hurting, then lift right out with fingers

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority...

STOMACH DISORDERS ARE READILY CORRECTED AND ORGANS RESTORED TO REGULAR AND HEALTHY ACTION BY THE USE OF PARMELEE'S VEGETABLE PILLS

COKE ORDERS ONLY TAKEN The James Sowards Coal Co. Phone 155.

Eat less Bread

Science in War Time

THE other day two leading spirits in the Canadian Manufacturing Association asked these questions: Can a beam of energy on the order of the X-ray be driven two miles horizontally upon the German lines?

The main point of discussion was the improvement of the design of propellers and flying surfaces of aircraft. The fact that no matter how we may improve the engine, the waste of power increases as greater speed is sought in aircraft, is fundamental to any significant advance...

Further losses to which the 108 pounds of thrust are later subjected must not be confused with those incident to operating the propeller itself and producing the thrust. To put the matter of propeller loss another way, if the power supplied to the engine were all utilized or transformed into thrust by the propeller, being 108 pounds in the case stated, an engine of only twenty-six horsepower would be required.

The saving of weight immediately assumes great importance. The 200-horsepower engine weighs upward of 500 pounds. The twenty-six horsepower weighs only sixty-five pounds. Again, as to weight of fuel: the 200-horsepower machine carries a weight of the engine, or 500 pounds, while for the twenty-six horsepower engine only sixty-five pounds of gasoline are needed.

Tea With the Prince. If the London despatch intimating that the Prince of Wales is likely to marry into a ducal family is correct, many a man in the trenches, where the young prince is so popular, will feel an almost personal interest.

Wants a Record. Prince Edward, Island is out for the potato production record of Canada this season. Since March 15 no fewer than 716 carloads, or more than half a million bushels, have been shipped out of the Island Province.

WILLIAM WRIGHT GAINS 20 POUNDS

"I Have Never Seen Anything to Equal Tanlac," Says Toronto Machinist.

"The best proof I can give that Tanlac was the right thing for me is the way it has relieved my trouble and built me up," said William Wright, a well-known machinist for the Canadian Aeroplane Company, living at 46 Symington avenue, Toronto, recently. "I had suffered from stomach trouble for more than a year and had fallen off twenty-five pounds," he continued, "and five bottles of Tanlac has not only relieved me entirely, but I have actually gotten back twenty pounds of my lost weight, besides. Before I took it my appetite was very poor and my stomach was in such a bad fix that I couldn't eat anything without suffering terribly from indigestion. I had to give up eating the things I liked best, as they would hurt me so. I got so I would often skip my meals and what little I did eat I just had to force down. No matter what I ate it would sour and feel like a lump of lead in my stomach and I would belch up sour gas and undigested food for hours after every meal. I was right sick at my stomach at times, always had a bad taste in my mouth and felt tired, sluggish and no account. I would get up in the mornings feeling so bad that I actually hated to go to work. Anyone may know how I was going down by the way I lost in weight. "My wife and I had been reading what others had to say about Tanlac, so I decided to see what there was to it for me. Well, my appetite soon got better and before I finished my third bottle I could see a wonderful improvement in every way. I eat good, hearty meals and thoroughly enjoy them. My digestion is fine, as is shown by the way I have increased in weight. My stomach trouble is a thing of the past with me and I am feeling just as well as if there had never been anything the matter with me. I notice now I always feel rested and ready for my work in the mornings. I don't have that drowsy, half-dead feeling like I did before I took Tanlac. I have never seen anything to equal Tanlac as a medicine and I would certainly advise anyone to give it a trial."

Tanlac is sold in Kingston by A. P. Chown, in Plover by Gilbert Oster, in Battersea by C. S. Clark, in Fernleigh by Ervin Martin, in Ardooch by M. J. Scullion, in Shariot Lake by W. V. Cannon. —Adv.

No Cause for Alarm.

An unfortunate impression has got abroad, according to Mr. Fred Abraham, Chairman of the Garden Section of the Food Board, that home canning is dangerous on account of botulism, a form of ptomaine poisoning. This has been given currency through some remarks made at the recent medical congress held in Hamilton. "Botulism is not a new disease, nor can it occur if vegetables are thoroughly sterilized," said Mr. Abraham. "If all home-canned fruits and vegetables are cooked poisoning cannot occur. This point has been missed by a good many readers and has caused anxiety in the minds of amateur gardeners who fears are naturally aroused in the absence of knowledge. It is especially unfortunate that any misapprehension should exist at a time when every ounce of food that can be produced will be required. Therefore, strongly urge everyone who can produce garden truck to do so on the widest possible scale. Women and children can especially help in this branch of production."

Woman Wrote the King.

Sent home from the army by the King's personal command, issued through his mother's entreaty, Gilbert Steward is now in Sault Ste. Marie. As Steward was but 16 when he enlisted with the 27th Battalion, and as he had two brothers overseas, the mother persistently tried with the Canadian authorities to secure his release without avail. Undaunted she wrote to King George and waited. Her first letter miscarried and she wrote again. His Majesty heard the appeal and gave orders that the boy be returned. The 27th was then in England. Steward was ready to embark for France when he received the order, but did not know how his discharge came about until he returned home.

He is indeed lost who is lost to shame.

ENO'S FRUIT SALT

The day will end for you as fresh as it begins—if you take Eno's each morning



PRISONERS ARE TORTURED.

More Authentic Cases of German Atrocities.

The London Times gives prominence to further authenticated atrocities, systematic tortures and cold-blooded murders of British prisoners in Germany, in which the sum total of the evidence is incredibly inhuman. There is the instance of the British soldier at Minden who was deliberately shot dead because a dozen Britishers did not want to draw the ration of filthy undrinkable wash served as coffee. At another place a number of seriously wounded and wholly unfit British soldiers were, after vain protests, forced to work 12 hours a day. Soon this did not satisfy the Germans, who ordered the British to commence at four in the morning. The men refused, but after brutal blows, all except two gave in. Sentries, with kicks and blows, drove the two recalcitrants over to the work. One of these British soldiers held up a badly wounded hand to show the sentries he was unfit for work. He was thereupon shot at random, and thrown inside a dirty washhouse. A German officer on a visit of inspection shook hands with the murderer. The body was buried the following day in the presence of a crowd of jeering Germans. At Schneidmuesel the British prisoners, without hats, had to live in holes in the ground, which the prisoners themselves scooped out. One morning at bread parade, a sentry gave an order to one of the Britishers which was not understood. The sentry rushed at the prisoner and struck him, the latter thereupon going to his hole in the ground. German officers then ordered that an example be made of this British prisoner, although he had committed no offence. He was captured and stripped to the waist and tied up to a barrel. Six German officers came up and struck him, the latter thereupon going to his hole in the ground. German officers then ordered that an example be made of this British prisoner, although he had committed no offence. He was captured and stripped to the waist and tied up to a post and left there. Subsequently a German officer came up and struck the prisoner with his sword and spat at him, calling him "English swine." The British prisoner never recovered, a few weeks later dying, and neutral representatives visiting the camp were informed that his death was from typhus. At Langensalza Camp 300 wounded British soldiers arrived in the nighttime and were herded into a large hut without bedding or blankets. By the next morning five had died. The remainder were taken out and left in the sun for three hours, when seven more died. Subsequently through neglect and ill-treatment 50 succumbed. The funerals at this camp for the summer of 1917 to the spring of 1918 were the grossest scandal and the details in the evidence are too revolting for publication.

Modern China.

In a prize essay written for the Chinese Joint Council on Public Health Education, Mr. Yang Tuck-pau, of one of the Shanghai Universities, throws some interesting light on the physical physique of the citizens of the new republic. Naturally endowed with strong constitutions, Mr. Yang says, the Chinese should have a much lower death rate than the records show. Their simple diet, their hygienic dress, and their well-ventilated houses all contribute to a strong and abiding race vitality, and it is unfortunate that these conditions are not supplemented by adequate sanitation systems and a wider knowledge of disease prevention. Mr. Yang goes on to treat of the influences that have kept China in the state of physical development. He points out the dangers suffered from the old Chinese practice of early marriage, foot-binding, opium-smoking, and from superstition, all of which are now either totally or in part remedied. He cites the growing interest in out-of-door sports and the introduction of western methods of education with their latitude for natural development as hopeful signs of interest in the health of Chinese young people.—Family Herald.

A Little War Gazetteer.

Joffre—A democratic aphorism that answered the riddle of a world. N. Romanoff—The man who carries his Siberia with him. The Crown Prince—The Marceline of Armageddon. Verdun—The crimson end of a German rainbow. Von Tirpitz—The Homer of the shark. The Marne—The end of von Kluck's joy ride to Paris. The Kaiser—The Rodin of slaughter. Lemberg—A Mecca at which no one arrived. Potsdam—Home barnyard of the royal eagles. The Mediterranean—An aquarium for submarines. England—A deep-sea bulldog. France—The fourth dimension of physical endurance. The United States—The answer to a universal puzzle.—By Benjamin de Casseres, in Judge.

"Junker."

"Junker" pronounced yonk-er—is a term applied to a member of the noble Prussian family. As used commonly to-day, the word indicates a narrow-minded and arrogant member of the aristocracy. It acquired its political significance in 1862, when the aristocratic party, under the leadership of Bismarck, came into power, and designated those who desired to hold intact their exclusive social, military and political privileges.

Blue Chevrons for Women.

Mr. Macpherson stated in the Imperial House of Commons that all women who have served on any of the war fronts, either in hospital or any other unit, have the right to wear blue chevrons, in order that the public may know they have served in overseas forces during this war.

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED OVER 100 YEARS Banking for the Soldiers A Branch of this Bank is now in operation at Valcartier Camp for the convenience of our soldiers. Military Pay Cheques cashed without charge. Money Orders issued on all points in Canada. Savings Accounts opened, and a General Banking Business transacted.



A. J. Macdonell, Manager, Kingston Branch.

Now Is the Time To Purchase That New

Lawn Mower

You Have Long Promised Yourself. We have the best machines in all sizes at the lowest possible prices.

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Devonshire CANADA PROCLAMATION

GEORGE the FIFTH, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come or whom the same may in any wise concern,—GREETING :

A Proclamation of conditional amnesty respecting men belonging to Class I under the Military Service Act, 1917, who have disobeyed our Proclamation of 13th October, 1917, or their orders to report for duty, or are deserters or absent without leave from the Canadian Expeditionary Force.

E. L. NEWCOMBE, Deputy Minister of Justice, Canada. WHEREAS considerable numbers of men belonging to Class I under our Military Service Act, 1917, called out on active service in our Canadian Expeditionary Force for the defence of Canada under Our Proclamation of 13th October, 1917, although they have thus become by law soldiers enlisted in the Military Service of Canada,

AND WE DO HEREBY STRICTLY WARN AND SOLEMNLY IMPRESS UPON ALL SUCH MEN, and as well those who employ, harbour, conceal or assist them in their disobedience, that, if they persist in their failure to report, absence or desertion until the expiry of the last mentioned day, they will be pursued and punished with all the rigour and severity of the law, SUBJECT TO THE JUDGMENT OF OUR COURTS MARTIAL WHICH WILL BE CONVENED TO TRY SUCH CASES or other competent tribunals: and also that those who employ, harbour, conceal or assist such men will be held strictly accountable as offenders and subject to the pains, penalties and forfeitures in that behalf by law provided for their said offence.

Have failed to report for duty as lawfully required of them under the said Military Service Act and the regulations thereunder, including the Order in Council duly passed on April 20 last, Or have deserted, Or absented themselves without leave from our Canadian Expeditionary Force,

Provided however that nothing contained in this Our Proclamation is intended to release the men aforesaid from their obligation to report for duty as soon as possible or to grant them immunity from arrest or detention in the meantime for the purpose of compelling them to perform their military duty; Our intention being merely to forego or remit the penalties heretofore incurred for failure to report, absence without leave or desertion incurred by those men of the description aforesaid who shall be in the proper discharge of their military duties on or before the said twenty-fourth day of August, 1918.

And it is represented that the very serious and unfortunate situation in which these men find themselves is due in many cases to the fact that, notwithstanding the information and warning contained in Our Proclamation aforesaid, they have misunderstood their duty or obligation, or have been misled by the advice of ill-disposed, disloyal or seditious persons.

AND WHEREAS we desire, if possible, to avoid the infliction of the heavy penalties which the law imposes for the offences of which these soldiers have thus been guilty, and to afford them an opportunity within a limited time to report and make their services available in Our Canadian Expeditionary Force as is by law their bounden duty, and as is necessary for the defence of Our Dominion of Canada,

Of all of which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. Witnesses: Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington; Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order; Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada. At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, this FIRST DAY OF AUGUST, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, and in the ninth year of Our Reign. By Command, James Mackay Under-Secretary of State.